



April 19, 2022

Peter Stith, Chair City of Portsmouth Planning Department Technical Advisory Committee 1 Junkins Ave, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor Portsmouth, NH 03801

RE: TAC Review for Proposed 3-Lot Subdivision, Tax Map 299, Lot 1

Dear Mr. Stith:

On behalf of our client, Artwill, LLC, TFMoran, Inc. is submitting the following plans and materials for review by the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC). The following materials are included in this submission and have also been uploaded to the City's online Land Use Application portal:

- Letter of Authorization (1 copy);
- Site Plan Application Checklist (1 copy);
- Subdivision Application Checklist (1 copy);
- Abutter's List (1 copy);
- Abutter's Mail Labels (3 set of labels);
- Eversource Will Serve Letter (1 copy);
- Unitil Will Serve Letter (1 copy)
- Drainage Analysis (1 copy);
- Site Development Plans entitled "Site Development Plans, Tax Map 229 Lot 1, Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, New Hampshire", prepared by TFMoran, Inc., dated April 19, 2022 (1 copy at 22"x34")
- Architectural Drawings (1 copy); and
- Fee Schedule (1 copy).

#### **Project Description**

The project includes the subdivision of a single lot into three proposed lots, and the construction of two new single-family dwelling units and an attached accessory dwelling unit. Associated improvements include, but are not limited to, grading, utility installation, construction of stormwater management systems, landscaping, and residential driveways. The existing lot is located at 437 Lafayette Road and is identified on the City of Portsmouth Assessor's Map 229 as Lot 1, and is approximately 65,365 sf (1.50 ac) in size. The site is located in the Single Residence B (SRB) Zone and currently contains one single-family residential building.





#### TAC Review for Proposed 3-Lot Subdivision, Tax Map 229, Lot 1

April 19, 2022

The site is bordered by Lafayette Road to the west, Andrew Jarvis Drive to the north, Artwill Avenue to the south, and Saint Nicholas Greek Orthodox Church to the east. The immediate area surrounding the site consists of mostly residential buildings, and the Portsmouth High School is located at the end of Andrew Jarvis Drive to the east.

Based on our review of the City of Portsmouth's Zoning Ordinance, Site Plan Review Regulations and Subdivision Regulations, it is our understanding that this project requires the following Planning Board approvals:

- Site Plan Review
- Subdivision Review
- Conditional Use Permit for an Attached Accessory Dwelling Unit (AADU)

We appreciate your consideration of these matters and look forward to presenting this project to you in the near future.

We respectfully request that we be placed on the upcoming agenda for the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) meeting on May 3, 2022.

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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Respectfully, TFMoran, Inc.

Justin Macek, EIT Project Manager

JSK/jsm

cc: Joe Caldarola, Smithfield Construction, Inc. (via joe@smithfield.com)





#### Letter of Authorization

I, Joeseph Caldarola of Artwill, LLC, PO Box 370, Portsmouth, NH, hereby authorize TFMoran, Inc., 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102, Portsmouth, NH, to act on my behalf concerning property owned by Artwill, LLC, located at 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH, known as Tax Map 229, Lot 1.

I hereby appoint TFMoran, Inc. as my agent to act on my behalf in the review process, to include any required signatures.

Joseph Coldenole
Client Name

Date





# City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire Site Plan Application Checklist

This site plan application checklist is a tool designed to assist the applicant in the planning process and for preparing the application for Planning Board review. The checklist is required to be completed and uploaded to the Site Plan application in the City's online permitting system. A preapplication conference with a member of the planning department is strongly encouraged as additional project information may be required depending on the size and scope. The applicant is cautioned that this checklist is only a guide and is not intended to be a complete list of all site plan review requirements. Please refer to the Site Plan review regulations for full details.

**Applicant Responsibilities (Section 2.5.2):** Applicable fees are due upon application submittal along with required attachments. The application shall be complete as submitted and provide adequate information for evaluation of the proposed site development. <u>Waiver requests must be submitted in writing with appropriate justification</u>.

Name of Applicant: _	Artwill, LLC	Date Submitted:	4/19/2022			
Application # (in City	's online permitting): _	To Be Provided				
Site Address: 437	Lafayette Road		Map: _	229 L	ot: _	1

	Application Requirements			
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested	
M	Complete <u>application</u> form submitted via the City's web-based permitting program (2.5.2.1 <b>(2.5.2.3A)</b>	Submitted via Viewpoint	N/A	
V	All application documents, plans, supporting documentation and other materials uploaded to the application form in viewpoint in digital Portable Document Format (PDF). One hard copy of all plans and materials shall be submitted to the Planning Department by the published deadline.  (2.5.2.8)	Submitted digitally via Viewpoint, and one hard copy submitted to Planning Dept.	N/A	

	Site Plan Review Application Required Information			
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested	
	Statement that lists and describes "green" building components and systems. (2.5.3.1B)	N/A	N/A	
	Existing and proposed gross floor area and dimensions of all buildings and statement of uses and floor area for each floor.  (2.5.3.1C)	C-03	N/A	
V	Tax map and lot number, and current zoning of all parcels under Site Plan Review. (2.5.3.1D)	S-01 (Existing) C-03 (Proposed)	N/A	

	Site Plan Review Application Required Info	ormation	
A	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
M	Owner's name, address, telephone number, and signature. Name, address, and telephone number of applicant if different from owner. (2.5.3.1E)	C-00	N/A
M	Names and addresses (including Tax Map and Lot number and zoning districts) of all direct abutting property owners (including properties located across abutting streets) and holders of existing conservation, preservation or agricultural preservation restrictions affecting the subject property.  (2.5.3.1F)	S-01	N/A
M	Names, addresses and telephone numbers of all professionals involved in the site plan design.  (2.5.3.1G)	C-00	N/A
V	List of reference plans. (2.5.3.1H)	S-01 & S-03	N/A
V	List of names and contact information of all public or private utilities servicing the site. (2.5.3.1I)	C-01	N/A

	Site Plan Specifications			
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested	
V	Full size plans shall not be larger than 22 inches by 34 inches with match lines as required, unless approved by the Planning Director (2.5.4.1A)	Required on all plan sheets	N/A	
V	Scale: Not less than 1 inch = 60 feet and a graphic bar scale shall be included on all plans.  (2.5.4.1B)	Required on all plan sheets	N/A	
V	GIS data should be referenced to the coordinate system New Hampshire State Plane, NAD83 (1996), with units in feet. (2.5.4.1C)	S-01	N/A	
V	Plans shall be drawn to scale and stamped by a NH licensed civil engineer. (2.5.4.1D)	Required on all plan sheets	N/A	
	Wetlands shall be delineated by a NH certified wetlands scientist and so stamped. <b>(2.5.4.1E)</b>	No wetlands within project vicinity	N/A	
Ø	Title (name of development project), north point, scale, legend. (2.5.4.2A)	All plan sheets	N/A	
Ø	Date plans first submitted, date and explanation of revisions. <b>(2.5.4.2B)</b>	C-00	N/A	
V	Individual plan sheet title that clearly describes the information that is displayed. (2.5.4.2C)	Required on all plan sheets	N/A	
V	Source and date of data displayed on the plan. (2.5.4.2D)	S-01	N/A	

	Site Plan Specifications – Required Exhibits	s and Data	
	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
	<ol> <li>Existing Conditions: (2.5.4.3A)</li> <li>Surveyed plan of site showing existing natural and built features;</li> <li>Existing building footprints and gross floor area;</li> <li>Existing parking areas and number of parking spaces provided;</li> <li>Zoning district boundaries;</li> <li>Existing, required, and proposed dimensional zoning requirements including building and open space coverage, yards and/or setbacks, and dwelling units per acre;</li> <li>Existing impervious and disturbed areas;</li> <li>Limits and type of existing vegetation;</li> <li>Wetland delineation, wetland function and value assessment (including vernal pools);</li> <li>SFHA, 100-year flood elevation line and BFE data, as required.</li> </ol>	S-01 & S-03	
<b></b>	<ul> <li>2. Buildings and Structures: (2.5.4.3B)</li> <li>Plan view: Use, size, dimensions, footings, overhangs, 1st fl. elevation;</li> <li>Elevations: Height, massing, placement, materials, lighting, façade treatments;</li> <li>Total Floor Area;</li> <li>Number of Usable Floors;</li> <li>Gross floor area by floor and use.</li> </ul>	- Plan sheet C-03 -Architectural Drawings	
	<ul> <li>3. Access and Circulation: (2.5.4.3C)</li> <li>Location/width of access ways within site;</li> <li>Location of curbing, right of ways, edge of pavement and sidewalks;</li> <li>Location, type, size and design of traffic signing (pavement markings);</li> <li>Names/layout of existing abutting streets;</li> <li>Driveway curb cuts for abutting prop. and public roads;</li> <li>If subdivision; Names of all roads, right of way lines and easements noted;</li> <li>AASHTO truck turning templates, description of minimum vehicle allowed being a WB-50 (unless otherwise approved by TAC).</li> </ul>	C-03 & C-09	
	<ul> <li>4. Parking and Loading: (2.5.4.3D)</li> <li>Location of off street parking/loading areas, landscaped areas/buffers;</li> <li>Parking Calculations (# required and the # provided).</li> </ul>	C-03	
Ø	<ul> <li>5. Water Infrastructure: (2.5.4.3E)</li> <li>Size, type and location of water mains, shut-offs, hydrants &amp; Engineering data;</li> <li>Location of wells and monitoring wells (include protective radii).</li> </ul>	S-01 & C-05	
M	<ul> <li>Sewer Infrastructure: (2.5.4.3F)</li> <li>Size, type and location of sanitary sewage facilities &amp; Engineering data, including any onsite temporary facilities during construction period.</li> </ul>	S-01 & C-05	

$ \mathbf{V} $	<ul><li>7. Utilities: (2.5.4.3G)</li><li>The size, type and location of all above &amp; below ground utilities;</li></ul>	
	Size type and location of an above & below ground utilities,     Size type and location of generator pads, transformers and other	S-01, C-05, C-11
	fixtures.	
	8. Solid Waste Facilities: (2.5.4.3H)	N/A (Residential Trash Pickup)
	The size, type and location of solid waste facilities.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	9. Storm water Management: (2.5.4.3I)	
	The location, elevation and layout of all storm-water drainage.	
	The location of onsite snow storage areas and/or proposed off-	C 02: Crow stores
	site snow removal provisions.	C-03: Snow storage C-04: Stormwater design
	<ul> <li>Location and containment measures for any salt storage facilities</li> </ul>	C-11: Stormwater design
	Location of proposed temporary and permanent material storage	9
	locations and distance from wetlands, water bodies, and	
	stormwater structures.	
	<ul> <li>Outdoor Lighting: (2.5.4.3J)</li> <li>Type and placement of all lighting (exterior of building, parking lot</li> </ul>	N/A
	and any other areas of the site) and photometric plan.	N/A
	<b>11.</b> Indicate where dark sky friendly lighting measures have	N//0
	been implemented. (10.1)	N/A
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$	12. Landscaping: (2.5.4.3K)	
	<ul> <li>Identify all undisturbed area, existing vegetation and that</li> </ul>	
	which is to be retained;	S-01, C-02, C-06, C-15
	<ul> <li>Location of any irrigation system and water source.</li> </ul>	
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$	13. Contours and Elevation: (2.5.4.3L)	
	Existing/Proposed contours (2 foot minimum) and finished	S-01, C-04
	grade elevations.	
$  \mathbf{V}  $	14. Open Space: (2.5.4.3M)	5.04.5.03.0.03
	<ul> <li>Type, extent and location of all existing/proposed open space.</li> </ul>	S-01, S-03, C-03
$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$	15. All easements, deed restrictions and non-public rights of	S-01 & S-03
	ways. (2.5.4.3N)	3-01 & 3-03
	16. Character/Civic District (All following information shall be	
	included): (2.5.4.3P)	
	Applicable Building Height (10.5A21.20 & 10.5A43.30);  Applicable Social Reminerator (40.5A21.20)	
	Applicable Special Requirements (10.5A21.30);      Prepased building form (type (10.5A43));	N/A
	<ul> <li>Proposed building form/type (10.5A43);</li> <li>Proposed community space (10.5A46).</li> </ul>	
	Froposed community space (10.3A40).	
	17. Special Flood Hazard Areas (2.5.4.3Q)	
-	The proposed development is consistent with the need to	
	minimize flood damage;	
	All public utilities and facilities are located and construction to	N/A
	minimize or eliminate flood damage;	
	<ul> <li>Adequate drainage is provided so as to reduce exposure to flood hazards.</li> </ul>	
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	Other Required Information		
V	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
	Traffic Impact Study or Trip Generation Report, as required. (3.2.1-2)	N/A	
V	Indicate where Low Impact Development Design practices have been incorporated. (7.1)	-C-05 (Drainage Plan) -Drainage Report	
V	Indicate whether the proposed development is located in a wellhead protection or aquifer protection area. Such determination shall be approved by the Director of the Dept. of Public Works. (7.3.1)	Drainage Report Appendix J (NHDES OneStop Map)	
V	Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Plan. (7.4)	-C-05, C-07, C-08, C-10 -Drainage Report	
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$	Inspection and Maintenance Plan (7.6.5)	Drainage Report Appendix L	

	Final Site Plan Approval Required Info	rmation	
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
	All local approvals, permits, easements and licenses required, including but not limited to:	C-00	
	Exhibits, data, reports or studies that may have been required as part of the approval process, including but not limited to:  a. Calculations relating to stormwater runoff;  b. Information on composition and quantity of water demand and wastewater generated;  c. Information on air, water or land pollutants to be discharged, including standards, quantity, treatment and/or controls;  d. Estimates of traffic generation and counts pre- and post-construction;  e. Estimates of noise generation;  f. A Stormwater Management and Erosion Control Plan;  g. Endangered species and archaeological / historical studies;  h. Wetland and water body (coastal and inland) delineations;  i. Environmental impact studies.  (2.5.3.2B)	a. Drainage Report b. NHDES Sewer Connection Application and Water Demand Report to be provided at Planning Board submittal. c. N/A d. N/A e. N/A f. C-04, C-07, C-08; and Drainage Report g. N/A h. N/A i. N/A	
V	A document from each of the required private utility service providers indicating approval of the proposed site plan and indicating an ability to provide all required private utilities to the site.  (2.5.3.2D)	Will Serve Letters (Eversource and Unitil)	

	Final Site Plan Approval Required Info	rmation	
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
Ø	A list of any required state and federal permit applications required for the project and the status of same.  (2.5.3.2E)	C-00	
V	A note shall be provided on the Site Plan stating: "All conditions on this Plan shall remain in effect in perpetuity pursuant to the requirements of the Site Plan Review Regulations."  (2.5.4.2E)	C-03 Note #5	N/A
	For site plans that involve land designated as "Special Flood Hazard Areas" (SFHA) by the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) confirmation that all necessary permits have been received from those governmental agencies from which approval is required by Federal or State law, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1334. (2.5.4.2F)	N/A	
<b>▼</b>	Plan sheets submitted for recording shall include the following notes:  a. "This Site Plan shall be recorded in the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds."  b. "All improvements shown on this Site Plan shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with the Plan by the property owner and all future property owners. No changes shall be made to this Site Plan without the express approval of the Portsmouth Planning Director."  (2.13.3)	C-03 Note #6 Note #7	N/A

Applicant's Signature: Juste Must Date: 4/19/2021



# City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire Subdivision Application Checklist

This subdivision application checklist is a tool designed to assist the applicant in the planning process and for preparing the application for Planning Board review. A pre-application conference with a member of the planning department is strongly encouraged as additional project information may be required depending on the size and scope. The applicant is cautioned that this checklist is only a guide and is not intended to be a complete list of all subdivision review requirements. Please refer to the Subdivision review regulations for full details.

**Applicant Responsibilities (Section III.C):** Applicable fees are due upon application submittal along with required number of copies of the Preliminary or final plat and supporting documents and studies. Please consult with Planning staff for submittal requirements.

Owner: Artwill, LLC	Date Submitted: 4/19/2022
Applicant: Joe Cardarola	
Phone Number: 603-674-5204	E-mail: joe@smithfieldconstruction.com
Site Address 1: 437 Lafayette Road	
Site Address 2:	Map: Lot:

	Application Requirements			
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested	
<b>✓</b>	Completed Application form. (III.C.2-3)	Submitted online & (1) copy to City	N/A	
<b>V</b>	All application documents, plans, supporting documentation and other materials provided in digital Portable Document Format (PDF) on compact disc, DVD or flash drive.  (III.C.4)	Submitted online & (1) copy to City	N/A	

Requirements for Preliminary/Final Plat				
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Required for Preliminary / Final Plat	Waiver Requested
<b>V</b>	Name and address of record owner, any option holders, descriptive name of subdivision, engineer and/or surveyor or name of person who prepared the plat. (Section IV.1/V.1)	C-00	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A

	Requirements for Preliminary/Final Plat					
Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Required for Preliminary / Final Plat	Waiver Requested		
>	Preliminary Plat Names and addresses of all adjoining property owners. (Section IV.2) Final Plat Names and addresses of all abutting property owners, locations of buildings within one hundred (100) feet of the parcel, and any new house numbers within the subdivision. (Section V.2)	S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		
<b>V</b>	North point, date, and bar scale. (Section IV.3/V3)	Required on all Plan Sheets	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		
<b>V</b>	Zoning classification and minimum yard dimensions required. (Section IV.4/V.4)	S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		
>	Preliminary Plat Scale (not to be smaller than one hundred (100) feet = 1 inch) and location map (at a scale of 1" = 1000'). (Section IV.5) Final Plat Scale (not to be smaller than 1"=100'), Location map (at a scale of 1"=1,000') showing the property being subdivided and its relation to the surrounding area within a radius of 2,000 feet. Said location map shall delineate all streets and other major physical features that my either affect or be affected by the proposed development. (Section V.5) Location and approximate dimensions of all existing and proposed property lines including the entire area proposed to be subdivided,	S-01 & S-03 S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat ☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		
	the areas of proposed lots, and any adjacent parcels in the same ownership. (Section IV.6)					
	Dimensions and areas of all lots and any and all property to be dedicated or reserved for schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public purpose. Dimensions shall include radii and length of all arcs and calculated bearing for all straight lines.  (Section V.6/ IV.7)	S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		
<b>✓</b>	Location, names, and present widths of all adjacent streets, with a designation as to whether public or private and approximate location of existing utilities to be used. Curbs and sidewalks shall be shown.  (Section IV.8/V.7)	S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A		

Requirements for Preliminary/Final Plat				
A	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Required for Preliminary / Final Plat	Waiver Requested
<b>\</b>	Location of significant physical features, including bodies of water, watercourses, wetlands, railroads, important vegetation, stone walls and soils types that my influence the design of the subdivision.  (Section IV.9/V.8)	S-01 & S-03	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A
<b>\</b>	Preliminary Plat Proposed locations, widths and other dimensions of all new streets and utilities, including water mains, storm and sanitary sewer mains, catch basins and culverts, street lights, fire hydrants, sewerage pump stations, etc. (Section IV.10) Final Plat Proposed locations and profiles of all proposed streets and utilities, including water mains, storm and sanitary sewer mains, catchbasins and culverts, together with typical cross sections. Profiles shall be drawn to a horizontal scale of 1"=50' and a vertical scale of 1"=5', showing existing centerline grade, existing left and right sideline grades, and proposed centerline grade. (Section V.9)	S-03, C-03, C-05	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A
<b>\</b>	When required by the Board, the plat shall be accompanied by profiles of proposed street grades, including extensions for a reasonable distance beyond the subject land; also grades and sizes of proposed utilities.  (Section IV.10)	S-01 & C-04 (Existing & Proposed contours and grades shown on plans)	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A
	Base flood elevation (BFE) for subdivisions involving greater than five (5) acres or fifty (50) lots.  (Section IV.11)	N/A	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A
	For subdivisions of five (5) lots or more, or at the discretion of the Board otherwise, the preliminary plat shall show contours at intervals no greater than two (2) feet.  Contours shall be shown in dotted lines for existing natural surface and in solid lines for proposed final grade, together with the final grade elevations shown in figures at all lot corners. If existing grades are not to be changed, then the contours in these areas shall be solid lines.  (Section IV.12/ V.12)	S-01 (Subdivision only contains 3 proposed lots)	☑ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A

	Requirements for Preliminary/Final Plat				
Q	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Required for Preliminary / Final Plat	Waiver Requested	
<b>\</b>	Dates and permit numbers of all necessary permits from governmental agencies from which approval is required by Federal or State law.  (Section V.10)	C-00 (Dates and permit numbers pending)	☐ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A	
	For subdivisions involving greater than five (5) acres or fifty (50) lots, the final plat shall show hazard zones and shall include elevation data for flood hazard zones.  (Section V.11)	N/A (Subdivision only contains 3 proposed lots)	☐ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A	
<b>✓</b>	Location of all permanent monuments. (Section V.12)	S-01	☐ Preliminary Plat ☑ Final Plat	N/A	

General Requirements <sup>1</sup>				
M	Required Items for Submittal	quired Items for Submittal Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)		
	1. Basic Requirements: (VI.1)  a. Conformity to Official Plan or Map  b. Hazards  c. Relation to Topography  d. Planned Unit Development	All sheets N/A S-01 NA	N/A	
\\\ \\	2. Lots: (VI.2)  a. Lot Arrangement  b. Lot sizes  c. Commercial and Industrial Lots	S-03 & C-03 S-03 & C-03 N/A	N/A	
	a. Relation to adjoining Street System b. Street Rights-of-Way c. Access d. Parallel Service Roads e. Street Intersection Angles f. Merging Streets g. Street Deflections and Vertical Alignment h. Marginal Access Streets i. Cul-de-Sacs j. Rounding Street Corners k. Street Name Signs l. Street Names m. Block Lengths n. Block Widths o. Grade of Streets p. Grass Strips	a. S-03 & C-03 b. S-03 & C-03 c. S-03 & C-03 d. S-03 & C-03 e. S-03 (To be prov.) f. S-03 & C-03 g. S-03 & C-03 h. N/A i. N/A j. C-03 k. NA l. S-03 & C-03 m. N/A n. N/A o. S-01 & C-04 p. N/A	N/A	
<b>7</b>	4. Curbing: (VI.4)	C-03 & C-04	N/A	
<u> </u>	5. Driveways: (VI.5)	S-03 & C-03	N/A	
	6. Drainage Improvements: (VI.6)	C-04	N/A	
<u> </u>	7. Municipal Water Service: (VI.7)	S-01 & C-05	N/A	
<b>V</b>	8. Municipal Sewer Service: (VI.8)	S-01 & C-05	N/A	
\ \ \	<ul><li>9. Installation of Utilities: (VI.9)</li><li>a. All Districts</li><li>b. Indicator Tape</li></ul>	C-05	N/A	
<b>V</b>	10. On-Site Water Supply: (VI.10)	C-05	N/A	
	11. On-Site Sewage Disposal Systems: (VI.11)	N/A	N/A	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	12. Open Space: (VI.12)  a. Natural Features b. Buffer Strips c. Parks d. Tree Planting	S-03 & C-03 a. S-01 b. C-03 & C-06 c. NA d. C-06	N/A	
	<ul> <li>13. Flood Hazard Areas: (VI.13)</li> <li>a. Permits</li> <li>b. Minimization of Flood Damage</li> <li>c. Elevation and Flood-Proofing Records</li> <li>d. Alteration of Watercourses</li> </ul>	N/A	N/A	
🗸	14. Erosion and Sedimentation Control (VI.14)	C-07 & C-08	N/A	

Ø	Required Items for Submittal	Item Location (e.g. Page/line or Plan Sheet/Note #)	Waiver Requested
\\ \\	15. Easements (VI.15) a. Utilities b. Drainage	a. S-03 b. NA	N/A
V	16. Monuments: (VI.16)	S-01	N/A
Y	17. Benchmarks: (VI.17)	S-01	N/A
	18. House Numbers (VI.18)	S-03 & C-03 (Final unit numbers TBD)	N/A

Design Standards			
	Required Items for Submittal	Indicate compliance and/or	Waiver
		provide explanation as to alternative design	Requested
1.	Streets have been designed according to the design standards required under Section (VII.1).	Yes	N/A
	a. Clearing		
	b. Excavation		
	c. Rough Grade and Preparation of Sub-Grade		
	d. Base Course		
	e. Street Paving		
	f. Side Slopes		
	g. Approval Specifications		
	h. Curbing		
	i. Sidewalks		
	j. Inspection and Methods		
2.	Storm water Sewers and Other Drainage Appurtenances	Yes	
	have been designed according to the design standards		
	required under Section (VII.2).		
	a. Design		
	b. Standards of Construction		
3.	Sanitary Sewers have been designed according to the	Yes	
	design standards required under Section (VII.3).	, 33	
	a. Design		
	b. Lift Stations		
	c. Materials		1
	d. Construction Standards		
4.	Water Mains and Fire Hydrants have been designed	Yes	
	according to the design standards required under		1
	Section (VII.4).		1
	a. Connections to Lots		
	b. Design and Construction		
	c. Materials		
	d. Notification Prior to Construction		

Applicant's/Representative's Signature:	Sutto!	null	<sub>Date:</sub> 4/19/2022
1978 B 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	/		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See City of Portsmouth, NH Subdivision Rules and Regulations for details. Subdivision Application Checklist/January 2018



## **Abutters List**

## Smithfield Construction 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH 03801

April 19, 2022 45407.120

Assessors Map Map Lot		Abutter Name	Mailing Address	
		Abutter Name		
LOCUS 229	1	ARTWILL LLC	PO BOX 370	
223		ARTWILL EEC	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03802	
229	2	ST. NICHOLAS GREEK ORTHODOX	40 ANDREW JARVIS DR	
223		CHURCH	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
229	4	KARONA LLC	36 ARTWILL AVE	
223		INANOVA LEC	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
229	5	KRISTIN M. & CHRISTOPHER M. CHASE	34 ARTWILL AVE	
223	3	RRISTIN IVI. & CHRISTOPHER IVI. CHASE	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
230	0 23A	FRIENDS OF LAFAYETTE HOUSE	PO BOX 4545	
230			PORTSMOUTH, NH 03802	
230	24	CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST	50 E. NORTH TEMPLE ST. FL 22	
250	24	C/O TAX DIVISION	SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84150	
230	25	TERRY A. & ANDREA C. SMITH	7 ANDREW JARVIS DR	
250		TERRY A. & ANDREA C. SWITTI	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
230	1	VINCENT A. & ALICIA B. RICCO	440 LAFAYETTE RD	
230 1		VINCENT A. & ALICIA B. NICCO	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
231	59	CINDI S. BLANCHETTE	95 GREENLEAF AVE	
231 33		CINDI S. DEARCHETTE	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
0. 4.5	40		170 Commerce Way - Suite 102	
Civil Engineers / Surveyor		TFMoran, Inc.	Portsmouth, NH 03801	



March 1, 2022

Joseph Caldarola, Manager Artwill LLC 170 Dennett Street #2

Portsmouth, NH 03801

Dear Mr. Caldarola:

Michael J Busby 603-436-7708 x555-5678

1700 Lafayette Road Portsmouth, NH 03801

michael.busby@eversource.com

I am responding to your request to confirm the availability of electric service for the proposed 437 Lafayette Road Lots 1, 2 and 3, Portsmouth, NH project being constructed for/by Artwill LLC.

The proposed project consists of two new single family building lots, each with one with one residential unit; the proposed development will be constructed along Artwill Street.

The developer will be responsible for the installation of all underground facilities and infrastructure required to service the new building. The service will be as shown on attached marked up Utility Plan 2-22. The proposed building service will be fed from a pole to be determined by Eversource Engineering as depicted on Site Layout Plan 3 lot subdivision. The developer will work with Eversource to obtain all necessary easements and licenses for the proposed overhead and underground facilities listed above.

This letter serves as confirmation that Eversource has sufficient capacity in the area to provide service to this proposed development. The cost of extending service to the aforementioned location and any associated infrastructure improvements necessary to provide service will be borne by the developer unless otherwise agreed upon.

The attached drawing titled "Eversource Utility Plan" dated January 7, 2022, shows transformer locations to service your proposed project.

Eversource approves the locations shown; assuming the final installed locations meet all clearances, physical protection, and access requirements as outlined in Eversource's "Information & Requirements For Electric Supply" (https://www.eversource.com/content/docs/default-source/pdfs/requirements-for-electric-serviceconnections.pdf?sfvrsn=2).

If you require additional information or I can be of further assistance please do not hesitate to contact me at our Portsmouth Office, 603-436-7708 Ext. 555-5678

Respectfully.

NH Eastern Regional Engineering, Eversource

(via e-mail) cc:

> Thomas Boulter, Eastern Region Operations Manager, Eversource Nickolai Kosko, Field Supervisor, Electric Design, Eversource



February 24, 2022

Artwill LLC PO Box 267 Portsmouth NH 03802-0267

RE: Natural Gas Availability to 437 Lafayette Rd Portsmouth NH Project

Dear Mr. Caldarola

Unitil's natural gas division has reviewed the requested site for natural gas service.

Unitil hereby confirms natural gas service will be available to 437 Lafayette Rd Portsmouth NH Project, to serve two single family homes.

Installation is pending an authorized installation agreement with Artwill, LLC and a street opening approval from the City of Portsmouth DPW.

Let me know if you have any questions. You can email me at oliver@unitil.com. My phone number is 603-294-5174.

Sincerely,

Janet Oliver Senior Business Development Representative

## DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

F O R

# Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision

437 Lafayette Road Portsmouth, NH Rockingham County

Tax Map 229, Lot 1

**April 19, 2022** 

Prepared By:





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#### 1.0 - SUMMARY & PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project includes the subdivision of a single lot into three proposed lots, and the construction of two new homes. The existing lot is located at 437 Lafayette Road and is identified on the City of Portsmouth Assessor's Map 229 as Lot 1, and is approximately 65,365 sf (1.50 ac) in size. The site is located in the Single Residence B (SRB) Zone and currently contains one residential building. The site is bordered by Lafayette Road to the west, Andrew Jarvis Drive to the north, Artwill Avenue to the south, and Saint Nocholas Greek Orthodox Church to the east. The immediate area surrounding the site consists of mostly residential buildings, and the Portsmouth High School is located at the end of Andrew Jarvis Drive to the east.

The proposed subdivision includes three lots in total with access being provided through Artwill Avenue. The first lot is located at the intersection of Lafayette Road and Artwill Avenue and is 18,434 sf (0.42 ac) in size. A two-story residential house (1,832 sf footprint) is proposed on the first lot, with a screened porch and backyard patio area. The second lot is located in the middle of the subdivision and is 16,606 sf (0.38 ac) in size. This lot contains the existing one-story residential house (2,143 sf footprint). The existing house footprint is to remain the same in proposed conditions, and a new walkway is being proposed along the west property line. The third lot is located to the east of lot two and is 30,325 sf (0.70 ac) in size. A one-story residential house (4,249 sf footprint) is proposed on the third lot, with an attached accessory dwelling unit (AADU), backyard patio, and deck. The ADDU is located on the east side of the principle dwelling unit and has a gross area of 747 sf. Associated improvements include, but are not limited to, utility installation, stormwater management, grading, residential driveways, and landscaping.

This analysis has been completed to verify the project will not pose adverse stormwater effects on-site and off-site. The post-development stormwater management system has been designed to reduce peak runoff rates, runoff volume, risk of erosion and sedimentation, and to improve stormwater runoff quality. There is no increase in runoff from the post-development conditions compared to the pre-development conditions in any of the analyzed storm events. In addition, Best Management Practices will be employed to assure stormwater quality both during and after construction. The following summarizes the findings from the study.

#### 2.0 - CALCULATION METHODS

The design storms analyzed in this study are the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year 24-hour storm events. The software program, HydroCAD version 10.10-7a<sup>1</sup> was utilized to calculate the peak runoff rates from these storm events. The program estimates the peak rates using the TR-20 method. A Type III storm pattern was used in the model. Rainfall frequencies for the analyzed region were also incorporated into the model. Rainfall frequencies from the higher of the Extreme Precipitation Rates from Cornell University's Northeast Regional Climate Center (see Appendix A) were used to determine the storm-event intensities, see Table 1. The site lies within the Great Bay Region, and the rainfalls were increased to take this into account. Design standards were taken from the New Hampshire Stormwater Manual. December 2008<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> HydroCAD version 10.10-7a, HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC, Chocorua, NH, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three -Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

	24-HOUR RAINFALL RATES			
Storm-Event (year)	Cornell University Rainfall (in)	Factor of Increase For the Great Bay Region	Design Rainfall (in)	
2	3.22	115%	3.70	
10	4.88	115%	5.61	
25	6.19	115%	7.12	
50	7.41	115%	8.52	

Table 1 – 24-Hour Rainfall Rates

Time of Concentration (Tc) is the time it takes for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote point in the watershed (with the longest travel time) to the watershed outlet. This time is determined by calculating the time it takes runoff to travel this route under one of three hydrologic conditions: sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow, or channel flow. Because the Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curve is steep with short Tc's, estimating the actual intensity is subject to error and overestimates actual runoff. Due to this, the Tc's are adjusted to a minimum of 6 minutes.

The proposed stormwater management system has been designed to capture the majority of new impervious area introduced to the site as part of this development, consisting of residential roofs, driveways, patios, and walkways. Within the drainage analysis limits, the amount of impervious area not treated in pre-development conditions (18,435 s.f.) is less than the impervious area not treated in post-development conditions (14,689 s.f.).

#### 3.0 - EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

The soils within the proposed area of disturbance are identified in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey Report (see Appendix H). This report identifies the soils within the disturbed project area entirely as Urban Land-Canton Complex. The soil composition is estimated to consist of approximately 55% urban land, 20% canton and similar soils, and 25% minor components. This soil type is considered to be well drained and NRCS categorizes the soil as hydrologic soil group (HSG) A. Test pits were performed throughout the project site, and the western half of the existing lot displayed significantly higher infiltration rates than the eastern half. To account for these field observations, the western half of the analysis area was modeled as HSG-A soils and the eastern half as HSG-B soils in both pre- and post-development conditions.

Due to existing grade along the north and west borders of the subject lot, very minimal runoff enters the project analysis area from off-site locations. The site currently drains to the southeast corner of the property to a flatter area where runoff ultimately discharges to adjacent properties to the south and east. The NRCS Web Soil Survey Report identifies an area downstream of the analysis limits as Udorthents (smoothed). Limited information is provided with regards to this soil's physical and hydrologic attributes.

#### 4.0 - PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The pre-development condition is characterized by three watersheds. Pre-development subcatchment areas are depicted on the attached plan entitled "Pre-Development Drainage Map," Sheet D-01 (see Appendix K).

Stormwater runoff from the site that does not infiltrate into the ground, drains to the southeast corner of the site to existing point of interest (EPOI-01). Runoff throughout the existing site is generated from grassed and paved areas, as well as the roof of the existing house.

In the pre-development conditions, the total impervious area is 18,434 sf over a total drainage analysis area of 65,306 sf.

#### 5.0 - POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The post-development condition is characterized by seven watersheds. Post-development subcatchment areas are depicted on the attached plan entitled "Post-Development Drainage Map," sheet D-02 (see Appendix K).

In the post-development condition, the total impervious area is 23,198 sf over a total drainage analysis area of 65,306 sf. Impervious area from the project consists of three residential buildings, driveways, patios, decks, walkways, and pavement on Artwill Avenue. Four raingardens are proposed to treat and mitigate the stormwater runoff from the impact of the new impervious area from the proposed development.

The proposed project maintains or reduces peak rates of runoff compared to existing conditions for all storm events, in accordance with City stormwater regulations. For Channel protection, the State Regulations require analysis between the pre-development to post-development 2-year 24-hour storm event volumes that flow into major water bodies. In post-development condition, there is not an increase in in runoff volume during the 2-year 24-hour storm event, and there are no adverse effects on the abutting properties from the proposed stormwater management system. See Table 2 for storm event flow and volume summary.

Appendices B and D summarizes all 24-hour storm events for pre- and post-development drainage calculations using HydroCAD analysis. Appendices C and E provide a full summary of the 10-year, 24-hour storm for the pre- and post-development drainage calculations using HydroCAD analysis.

Analysis Point ID		ear - cfs)		Year – acre/ft)	_	Year v - cfs)	25-\ (Flow	/ear - cfs)	50-Year (Flow - cfs)		
	Pre- Post Dev. Dev.		Pre- Post Dev. Dev.		Pre- Dev.	Post Dev.	Pre- Post Dev. Dev.		Pre- Dev.	Post Dev.	
POI-1	1.9	1.2	0.2	0.1	3.6	3.0	5.3 5.1		7.0	6.5	

**Table 2- Pre and Post Flows** 

#### 6.0 - REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

The project shall meet the stricter of the stormwater standards identified in the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (DES) Env-Wq 1500 Alteration of Terrain Regulations and City stormwater management regulations.

#### 6.1 – ALTERATION OF TERRAIN (AOT) CRITERIA

The following regulatory requirements are provided to show the project conformance to the applicable criteria of the NHDES Env-Wq 1500 Alteration of Terrain Regulations which include and are not limited to the following:

<u>Env-Wq 1507.03(a)</u> Pollutant Discharge Minimization Requirements: Stormwater treatment practices described in Env-Wq 1508.03 through Env-Wq 1508.10 shall be acceptable methods for minimizing pollutant discharges to surface waters.

Stormwater is treated using bioretention systems which are considered a filtration BMP. Specifically, there are a total of four rain gardens throughout the site that provide filtration treatment and have the ability to infiltrate some runoff into the ground. The rain gardens are designed in accordance with the applicable criteria of Env-Wq 1508.06 as follows:

Per 1508.06(e), the volume of the practice shall be large enough to contain the WQV without depending on infiltration. Refer to the corresponding BMP Worksheet in Appendix F for verification.

Per 1508.06(f), the practice completely drains the WQV within 72 hours or less. Refer to the corresponding BMP Worksheet in Appendix F for verification.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.03(c)</u> Pollutant Discharge Minimization Requirements: Stormwater treatment practices shall be designed with infiltration rates in accordance with Env-Wq 1504.14

Per 1508.06(a), the design infiltration rate of underlaying native soil was considered in accordance with Env-Wq 1504.14. The design infiltration rate for each subsurface infiltration basin is the average from each infiltration test in each basin. Refer to the corresponding Infiltration Rate Calculations in Appendix I for verification.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.03(e)</u> Pollutant Discharge Minimization Requirements: Stormwater treatment practices shall be designed for the WQV/WQF, calculated in accordance with Env-Wq 1504.10 and Env-Wq 1504.11.

The regulation is met. Refer to the corresponding BMP Worksheets in Appendix F.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.04(a)</u> Groundwater Recharge Requirements: The proposed development shall reduce to the maximum extent practicable by using groundwater recharge practices as described in Env-Wq 1508.16.

The regulation is met. Refer to the corresponding BMP Worksheet in Appendix F for verification.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.04(c)</u> Groundwater Recharge Requirements: Design Infiltration rates for groundwater recharge practices shall be determined in accordance with Env-Wq 1504.14.

Design infiltration rates were obtained per Ksat testing using a Guelph Permeameter (Amoozemeter) per Env-Wq 1504.14(d). The design infiltration rate for each subsurface

infiltration basin is the average from each infiltration test in each basin. Refer to the corresponding Infiltration Rate Calculations in Appendix I for verification.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.05</u> Channel Protection Requirements: The 2-year 24-hour post development peak rate shall not exceed the pre-development peak flow rate for all flows leaving the site and the conditions of Env-Wq 1507.05(b), Env-Wq 1507.05(b)(2), or Env-Wq 1507.05(b)(3).

The 2-year, 24-hour post-development peak flow rate generated from the proposed disturbance is equal to or less than the 2-year, 24-hour pre-development peak flow rate and the 2 year, 24-hour post-development storm volume, directed to the nearest water body has not increased over the pre-development volume by more than 0.1 acre-feet.

The regulation is met. Refer to Table 2 for peak discharge rate and 2-year stormwater volume comparisons.

<u>Env-Wq 1507.06</u> Control Peak Runoff: The 2-year, 10-year and 50-year 24-hour post development peak rate shall not exceed the pre-development peak flow rate for all flows leaving the site.

The regulation is met. Refer to Table 2 for peak discharge rate comparison.

#### 7.0 - BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Best Management Practices will be developed in accordance with the *New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, Volumes Two and Three, December 2008*<sup>3</sup> to formulate a plan that assures stormwater quality both during and after construction. The intent of the outlined measures is to minimize erosion and sedimentation during construction, stabilize and protect the site from erosion after construction is complete and mitigate any adverse impacts to stormwater quality resulting from development. Best Management Practices for this project include:

- Temporary practices to be implemented during construction.
- Permanent practices to be implemented after construction.

#### 7.1 - TEMPORARY PRACTICES

- 1. Erosion, sediment, and stormwater detention measures must be installed as directed by the engineer.
- 2. All disturbed areas, as well as loam stockpiles, shall be seeded and contained by a silt barrier.
- 3. Silt barriers must be installed prior to any construction commencing. All erosion control devices including silt barriers and storm drain inlet filters shall be inspected

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three - Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

- at least once per week and following any rainfall. All necessary maintenance shall be completed within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 4. Any silt barriers found to be failing must be replaced immediately. Sediment is to be removed from behind the silt fence if found to be one-third the height of the silt barrier or greater.
- 5. Any area of the site, which has been disturbed and where construction activity will not occur for more than twenty-one (21) days, shall be temporarily stabilized by mulching and seeding.
- 6. No construction materials shall be buried on-site.
- 7. After all areas have been stabilized, temporary practices are to be removed, and the area they are removed from must be smoothed and revegetated.
- 8. Areas must be temporarily stabilized within 14 days of disturbance or seeded and mulched within 3 days of final stabilization.
- 9. After November 15<sup>th</sup>, incomplete driveways or parking areas must be protected with a minimum of 3" of crushed gravel, meeting the standards of NHDOT item 304.3.
- 10. An area shall be considered stable if one of the following has occurred:
  - a) Base course gravels are installed in areas to be paved.
  - b) A minimum of 85% vegetated growth has been established.
  - c) A minimum of 3" of non-erosive material such as stone or rip rap has been installed.
  - d) Erosion control blankets have been properly installed.

#### 7.2 - PERMANENT PRACTICES

The objectives for developing permanent Best Management Practices for this site include the following:

- 1. Maintain existing runoff flow characteristics.
  - a) Drainage is structured to minimize any offsite increase in runoff.
- 2. Treatment BMP's are established to ensure the water quality.
- 3. Maintenance schedules are set to safeguard the long term working of the stormwater BMP's.

A Stormwater Management Operations & Maintenance Manual is provided to ensure the proper functioning of the system over time.

#### 7.3 - BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE EFFICIENCIES

Appendix E of Volume 2 of the New Hampshire Stormwater <sup>4</sup> lists the pollutant removal efficiencies of various BMP's. All proposed BMP's meet all state and City requirements for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three - Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

total suspended solids (TSS) and pollutant removal, Total Nitrogen (TN), and Total Phosphorous (TP).

Bioretention Systems (rain gardens) have a 90% TSS removal efficiency, 65% TN removal efficiency, and 65% TP efficiency.

Proposed Rain Gardens #1-4 receive runoff from yards, residential roofs, and potions of residential driveways. Due to the nature of the areas contributing runoff to the rain gardens, no pretreatment is required.

#### 7.3.1 - LID PRACTICES

Bioretention Areas, including rain gardens, are considered to be a Low Impact Design (LID) filtering practice. The goal of LID systems is to mimic a site's precondition hydrology by infiltrating, filtering, storming, evaporating and detaining stormwater but use of natural landscape features. These treatments filter and detain the stormwater. They use natural processes, such as soil filtration, evapotranspiration (from the vegetation in the system) and anaerobic and aerobic treatment of stormwater. They detain the stormwater and release it to mimic the predevelopment storm flows.

The inclusion of rain gardens in the proposed site design allows for stormwater to infiltrate back into the ground. During heavier storm events, a perforated subdrain located below each rain garden's filtration layer has the ability to convey treated flows to other areas on-site to prevent extended ponding periods. Each rain garden is equipped with an outlet control structure that regulates discharge rates during these heavier storms through the implementation of orifices and overflow grates.

#### 8.0 - CONCLUSION

The proposed stormwater management system will treat, infiltrate, and mitigate the runoff generated from the proposed development and provide protection of groundwater and surface waters as required through the Alteration of Terrain Bureau and City stormwater management regulations. Furthermore, the stormwater management for this project has been designed to pose no adverse effects on the surrounding properties.

Respectfully, **TFMoran, Inc.** 

Justin Macek, EIT Project Manager

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oposed 3 Lot Subdivisio	n, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH	April 19, 20
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Project # 45407.120 Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH	April 19, 2022

## **APPENDIX A – EXTREME PRECIPITATION RATES**

April 19, 2022

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### **Extreme Precipitation Tables**

#### **Northeast Regional Climate Center**

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing Yes

State New Hampshire

Location

**Longitude** 70.769 degrees West **Latitude** 43.058 degrees North

**Elevation** 0 feet

**Date/Time** Fri, 07 Jan 2022 14:42:09 -0500

#### **Extreme Precipitation Estimates**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.82	1.04	1yr	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.56	2.03	2.66	2.93	1yr	2.36	2.82	3.23	3.95	4.56	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.50	0.62	0.81	1.02	1.30	2yr	0.88	1.18	1.52	1.94	2.49	3.22	3.58	2yr	2.85	3.44	3.94	4.69	5.34	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.73	0.98	1.25	1.61	5yr	1.08	1.47	1.89	2.43	3.14	4.08	4.59	5yr	3.61	4.41	5.05	5.95	6.72	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.65	0.82	1.12	1.45	1.89	10yr	1.25	1.73	2.23	2.90	3.76	4.88	5.54	10yr	4.32	5.33	6.10	7.12	8.00	10yr
25yr	0.48	0.76	0.97	1.34	1.77	2.34	25yr	1.53	2.14	2.78	3.63	4.75	6.19	7.12	25yr	5.47	6.84	7.82	9.05	10.08	25yr
50yr	0.54	0.86	1.10	1.54	2.07	2.76	50yr	1.79	2.53	3.29	4.33	5.67	7.41	8.60	50yr	6.56	8.27	9.45	10.84	12.01	50yr
100yr	0.60	0.97	1.25	1.77	2.42	3.26	100yr	2.09	2.98	3.91	5.16	6.78	8.88	10.40	100yr	7.85	10.00	11.42	13.00	14.31	100yr
200yr	0.67	1.10	1.43	2.05	2.83	3.84	200yr	2.44	3.52	4.62	6.14	8.10	10.64	12.58	200yr	9.41	12.10	13.80	15.59	17.07	200yr
500yr	0.80	1.31	1.71	2.49	3.48	4.77	500yr	3.00	4.38	5.77	7.72	10.24	13.52	16.18	500yr	11.96	15.56	17.73	19.84	21.56	500yr

#### **Lower Confidence Limits**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1yr	0.63	0.86	0.92	1.33	1.68	2.24	2.51	1yr	1.98	2.42	2.87	3.18	3.90	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.19	2yr	0.86	1.16	1.37	1.82	2.34	3.06	3.46	2yr	2.71	3.33	3.83	4.56	5.09	2yr
5yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.40	5yr	1.01	1.37	1.61	2.12	2.73	3.80	4.21	5yr	3.36	4.05	4.73	5.55	6.26	5yr
10yr	0.39	0.59	0.74	1.03	1.33	1.60	10yr	1.15	1.57	1.81	2.39	3.06	4.39	4.88	10yr	3.88	4.70	5.47	6.44	7.22	10yr
25yr	0.44	0.67	0.83	1.19	1.56	1.90	25yr	1.35	1.86	2.10	2.76	3.54	4.73	5.93	25yr	4.19	5.70	6.69	7.84	8.72	25yr
50yr	0.48	0.73	0.91	1.31	1.77	2.17	50yr	1.53	2.12	2.35	3.07	3.93	5.35	6.85	50yr	4.73	6.58	7.78	9.10	10.07	50yr
100yr	0.54	0.81	1.02	1.47	2.02	2.47	100yr	1.74	2.42	2.63	3.41	4.35	6.01	7.91	100yr	5.32	7.61	9.06	10.58	11.63	100yr
200yr	0.59	0.89	1.13	1.64	2.29	2.82	200yr	1.97	2.75	2.94	3.78	4.79	6.74	9.14	200yr	5.97	8.79	10.54	12.32	13.45	200yr
500yr	0.69	1.02	1.32	1.92	2.72	3.37	500yr	2.35	3.29	3.41	4.31	5.46	7.85	11.06	500yr	6.94	10.63	12.87	15.10	16.29	500yr

#### **Upper Confidence Limits**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.29	0.44	0.54	0.72	0.89	1.08	1yr	0.77	1.06	1.26	1.74	2.20	2.99	3.16	1yr	2.65	3.04	3.59	4.38	5.06	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.52	0.64	0.86	1.07	1.27	2yr	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.96	2.51	3.43	3.71	2yr	3.04	3.56	4.09	4.84	5.64	2yr
5yr	0.40	0.62	0.77	1.05	1.34	1.62	5yr	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.53	3.25	4.35	4.96	5yr	3.85	4.77	5.39	6.38	7.16	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.25	1.61	1.98	10yr	1.39	1.93	2.28	3.10	3.95	5.35	6.20	10yr	4.73	5.96	6.81	7.84	8.75	10yr
25yr	0.58	0.88	1.09	1.56	2.05	2.57	25yr	1.77	2.51	2.95	4.07	5.14	7.80	8.33	25yr	6.90	8.01	9.13	10.34	11.41	25yr
50yr	0.67	1.02	1.27	1.83	2.46	3.13	50yr	2.12	3.06	3.59	5.00	6.31	9.76	10.44	50yr	8.64	10.04	11.41	12.72	13.96	50yr
100yr	0.79	1.19	1.49	2.16	2.96	3.81	100yr	2.55	3.72	4.37	6.15	7.75	12.21	13.07	100yr	10.81	12.57	14.25	15.68	17.08	100yr
200yr	0.92	1.39	1.76	2.55	3.55	4.65	200yr	3.07	4.55	5.33	7.57	9.51	15.32	16.39	200yr	13.56	15.76	17.82	19.33	20.90	200yr
500yr	1.15	1.70	2.19	3.19	4.53	6.04	500yr	3.91	5.90	6.92	10.01	12.52	20.70	22.10	500yr	18.32	21.25	23.96	25.47	27.32	500yr



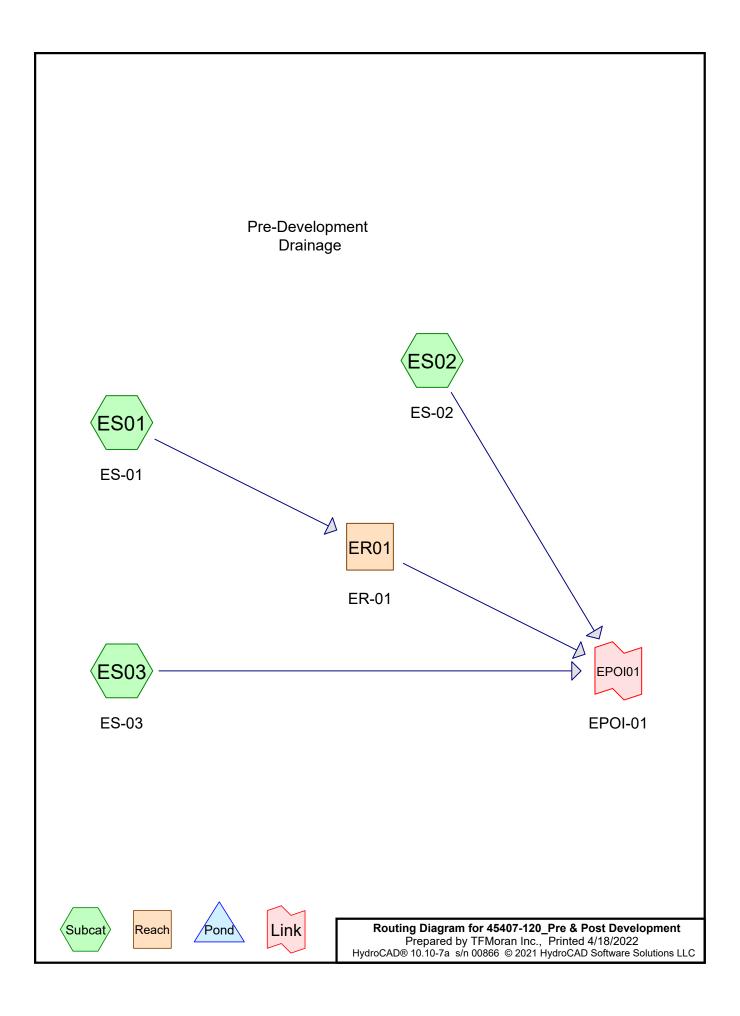
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## APPENDIX B - PRE-DEVELOPMENT CALCULATIONS

April 19, 2022

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April 19, 2022

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## **Area Listing (selected nodes)**

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.03	68	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG A (ES01)
0.04	79	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG B (ES02)
0.30	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (ES01, ES03)
0.63	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (ES02, ES03)
0.12	98	Paved parking, HSG A (ES01)
0.17	98	Paved parking, HSG B (ES02, ES03)
0.08	98	Roofs, HSG A (ES01, ES03)
0.06	98	Roofs, HSG B (ES02)
0.08	60	Woods, Fair, HSG B (ES02, ES03)
1.50	68	TOTAL AREA

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## Soil Listing (selected nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0.53	HSG A	ES01, ES03
0.97	HSG B	ES02, ES03
0.00	HSG C	
0.00	HSG D	
0.00	Other	
1.50		<b>TOTAL AREA</b>

Pre-Development Drainage
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.70"

#### 45407-120\_Pre & Post Development

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentES01: ES-01 Runoff Area=19,795 sf 29.23% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.10"

Flow Length=165' Tc=6.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.0 af

SubcatchmentES02: ES-02 Runoff Area=38,970 sf 17.93% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.20"

Flow Length=286' Tc=7.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.0 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentES03: ES-03 Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.05"

Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.0 af

Reach ER01: ER-01 Avg. Flow Depth=0.06' Max Vel=1.36 fps Inflow=0.5 cfs 0.0 af

n=0.023 L=250.0' S=0.0220 '/' Capacity=23.0 cfs Outflow=0.5 cfs 0.0 af

Link EPOI01: EPOI-01 Inflow=1.9 cfs 0.2 af

Primary=1.9 cfs 0.2 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.50 ac Runoff Volume = 0.2 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.36" 71.77% Pervious = 1.08 ac 28.23% Impervious = 0.42 ac

Pre-Development Drainage
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

## 45407-120\_Pre & Post Development

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentES01: ES-01 Runoff Area=19,795 sf 29.23% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.95"

Flow Length=165' Tc=6.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.8 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentES02: ES-02 Runoff Area=38,970 sf 17.93% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.45"

Flow Length=286' Tc=7.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.2 cfs 0.2 af

SubcatchmentES03: ES-03 Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.81"

Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.7 cfs 0.1 af

Reach ER01: ER-01 Avg. Flow Depth=0.08' Max Vel=1.61 fps Inflow=0.8 cfs 0.1 af

n=0.023 L=250.0' S=0.0220 '/' Capacity=23.0 cfs Outflow=0.7 cfs 0.1 af

Link EPOI01: EPOI-01 Inflow=3.6 cfs 0.3 af

Primary=3.6 cfs 0.3 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.50 ac Runoff Volume = 0.3 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.54" 71.77% Pervious = 1.08 ac 28.23% Impervious = 0.42 ac

Pre-Development Drainage

#### 45407-120\_Pre & Post Development

Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=7.12"

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentES01: ES-01 Runoff Area=19,795 sf 29.23% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.77"

Flow Length=165' Tc=6.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.1 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentES02: ES-02 Runoff Area=38,970 sf 17.93% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.58"

Flow Length=286' Tc=7.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.3 cfs 0.3 af

SubcatchmentES03: ES-03 Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.22"

Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.9 cfs 0.1 af

Reach ER01: ER-01 Avg. Flow Depth=0.10' Max Vel=1.83 fps Inflow=1.1 cfs 0.1 af

n=0.023 L=250.0' S=0.0220 '/' Capacity=23.0 cfs Outflow=1.1 cfs 0.1 af

Link EPOI01: EPOI-01 Inflow=5.3 cfs 0.4 af

Primary=5.3 cfs 0.4 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.50 ac Runoff Volume = 0.5 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.60" 71.77% Pervious = 1.08 ac 28.23% Impervious = 0.42 ac

Pre-Development Drainage

#### 45407-120 Pre & Post Development

Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=8.52" Prepared by TFMoran Inc. Printed 4/18/2022

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentES01: ES-01 Runoff Area=19,795 sf 29.23% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.63"

Flow Length=165' Tc=6.5 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.6 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentES02: ES-02 Runoff Area=38,970 sf 17.93% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.71"

Flow Length=286' Tc=7.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=4.4 cfs 0.4 af

Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.55" SubcatchmentES03: ES-03

Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.1 cfs 0.1 af

Avg. Flow Depth=0.12' Max Vel=2.03 fps Inflow=1.6 cfs 0.1 af Reach ER01: ER-01

n=0.023 L=250.0' S=0.0220 '/' Capacity=23.0 cfs Outflow=1.5 cfs 0.1 af

Link EPOI01: EPOI-01 Inflow=7.0 cfs 0.6 af

Primary=7.0 cfs 0.6 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.50 ac Runoff Volume = 0.6 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.67" 71.77% Pervious = 1.08 ac 28.23% Impervious = 0.42 ac

# APPENDIX C - PRE-DEVELOPMENT CALCULATIONS (10-YEAR STORM EVENT)

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### **Summary for Subcatchment ES01: ES-01**

Runoff = 0.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af, Depth> 1.95"

Routed to Reach ER01: ER-01

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	<b>Description</b>						
	12,608	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	1,400	68 <	50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG A				
	664	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βA					
	5,123	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	1				
	19,795	٧	Veighted A	verage					
	14,008	7	0.77% Pei	vious Area					
	5,787	2	29.23% Impervious Area						
_					<b>-</b>				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.1	100	0.0550	0.27		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"				
0.4	65	0.0230	3.08		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grass Yard				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
6.5	165	Total							

#### **Summary for Subcatchment ES02: ES-02**

Runoff = 2.2 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.2 af, Depth> 2.45"

Routed to Link EPOI01 : EPOI-01

Area (sf)	CN	Description
26,796	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,553	79	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG B
3,632	60	Woods, Fair, HSG B
2,444	98	Roofs, HSG B
4,545	98	Paved parking, HSG B
38,970		Weighted Average
31,981		82.07% Pervious Area
6,989		17.93% Impervious Area

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	5.4	100	0.0750	0.31		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard (East) Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"
	1.7	141	0.0375	1.36		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grass Yard (East)
	0.5	45	0.0750	1.37		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Brush
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	7.6	286	Total			

#### **Summary for Subcatchment ES03: ES-03**

Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.1 af, Depth> 4.81"

Routed to Link EPOI01: EPOI-01

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description					
	525	61 >	1 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B					
	0	79 <	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG B			
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSC	βB				
	2,744	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3			
	337	39 >	•75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	2,915	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S A				
	20	60 V	Voods, Fai	r, HSG B				
	6,541	\	Veighted A	verage				
	882	1	3.48% Pe	rvious Area	1			
	5,659	3	86.52% Impervious Area					
_				_				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
0.8	100	0.0425	2.00		Sheet Flow, Paved Road			
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.70"			
1.0	190	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Road			
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps			
1.8	100	0.0170	0.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grass Shoulder			
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
2.4					Direct Entry, Min Tc			
6.0	390	Total						

# Summary for Reach ER01: ER-01

The Manning's Number used is an average of rough pavement and short grassed area. The reach channel is off the shoulder of the road in grassed area, however as the channel water elevation rises, pavement is introduced to the channel side slopes.

Pre-Development Drainage 10-Year Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61" Printed 4/18/2022

#### 45407-120\_Pre & Post Development

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Inflow Area = 0.45 ac, 29.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.95" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af

Outflow = 0.7 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 1.7 min

Routed to Link EPOI01: EPOI-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 1.61 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.6 min Avg. Velocity = 0.47 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 8.9 min

Peak Storage= 115.1 cf @ 12.12 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.08', Surface Width= 6.59' Bank-Full Depth= 0.50' Flow Area= 5.0 sf, Capacity= 23.0 cfs

5.00' x 0.50' deep channel, n= 0.023 Rough Pavement + Short Grass

Side Slope Z-value= 10.0 '/' Top Width= 15.00'

Length= 250.0' Slope= 0.0220 '/'

Inlet Invert= 31.00', Outlet Invert= 25.50'



### **Summary for Link EPOI01: EPOI-01**

Inflow Area = 1.50 ac, 28.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.53" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 3.6 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.3 af

Primary = 3.6 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.3 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

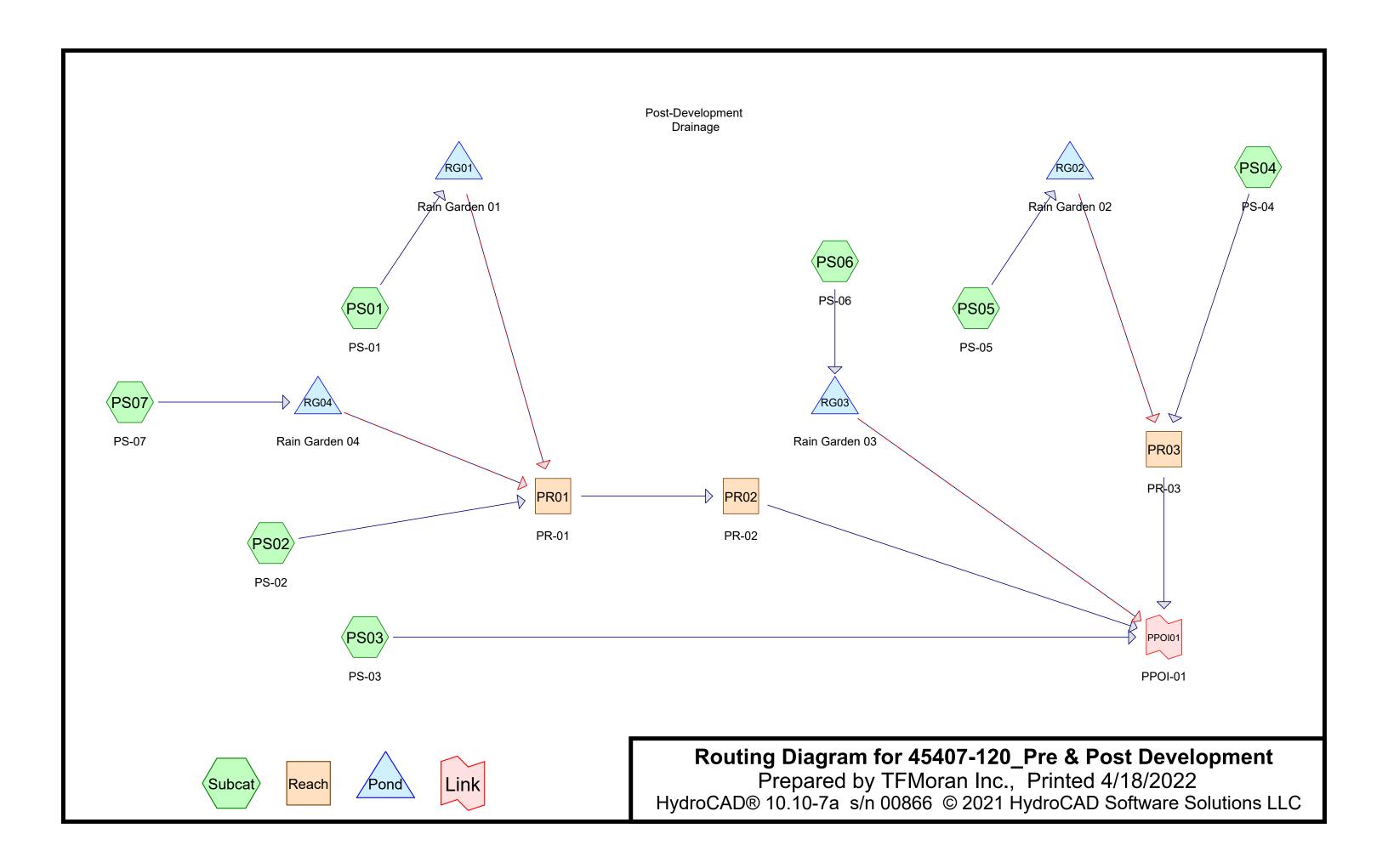
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# APPENDIX D - POST-DEVELOPMENT CALCULATIONS

April 19, 2022

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Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022

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## **Area Listing (selected nodes)**

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.04	68	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG A (PS01, PS02, PS07)
0.04	79	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG B (PS04, PS05, PS06)
0.30	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (PS01, PS02, PS03, PS07)
0.54	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (PS03, PS04, PS05, PS06)
0.06	98	Paved parking, HSG A (PS01, PS02, PS07)
0.20	98	Paved parking, HSG B (PS03, PS04, PS05, PS06)
0.13	98	Roofs, HSG A (PS01, PS02, PS03, PS07)
0.14	98	Roofs, HSG B (PS04, PS05, PS06)
0.04	60	Woods, Fair, HSG B (PS03, PS04)
1.50	70	TOTAL AREA

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## Soil Listing (selected nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0.53	HSG A	PS01, PS02, PS03, PS07
0.97	HSG B	PS03, PS04, PS05, PS06
0.00	HSG C	
0.00	HSG D	
0.00	Other	
1.50		TOTAL AREA

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPS01: PS-01	Runoff Area=11,255 sf 16.98% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.72" Flow Length=71' Slope=0.0280 '/' Tc=6.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.0 af
SubcatchmentPS02: PS-02	Runoff Area=6,297 sf 34.43% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.29" Flow Length=149' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.0 af
SubcatchmentPS03: PS-03	Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.05" Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.0 af
SubcatchmentPS04: PS-04	Runoff Area=17,880 sf 38.38% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.74" Flow Length=245' Tc=8.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.7 cfs 0.1 af
SubcatchmentPS05: PS-05	Runoff Area=15,305 sf 22.05% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.38" Flow Length=70' Tc=6.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.0 af
SubcatchmentPS06: PS-06	Runoff Area=5,793 sf 35.75% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.72" Flow Length=72' Slope=0.0694 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.0 af
SubcatchmentPS07: PS-07	Runoff Area=2,235 sf 51.59% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.85" Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.0 af
Reach PR01: PR-01	Avg. Flow Depth=0.04' Max Vel=0.99 fps Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af n=0.022 L=25.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=14.6 cfs Outflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af
Reach PR02: PR-02	Avg. Flow Depth=0.03' Max Vel=1.04 fps Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af n=0.022 L=210.0' S=0.0262 '/' Capacity=16.7 cfs Outflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af
Reach PR03: PR-03	Avg. Flow Depth=0.05' Max Vel=0.73 fps Inflow=0.7 cfs 0.1 af n=0.030 L=60.0' S=0.0117 '/' Capacity=21.9 cfs Outflow=0.6 cfs 0.1 af
Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01 Discarded=0.0 cfs	Peak Elev=33.09' Storage=153.1 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02 Peak Elev=32.87' Storage=876.7 cf Inflow=0.5 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03 Peak Elev=29.94' Storage=363.6 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04 Peak Elev=31.94' Storage=111.3 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Link PPOI01: PPOI-01 Inflow=1.2 cfs 0.1 af
Primary=1.2 cfs 0.1 af

Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61" Prepared by TFMoran Inc. Printed 4/18/2022

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPS01: PS-01		Runoff A	Area=11,255 sf	16.98%	Impervious	Runoff Depth>1.42"
		= 0.	0 0000 I/I T		011110	

Flow Length=71' Slope=0.0280 '/' Tc=6.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.3 cfs 0.0 af

SubcatchmentPS02: PS-02 Runoff Area=6,297 sf 34.43% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.23"

Flow Length=149' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.3 cfs 0.0 af

Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.81" SubcatchmentPS03: PS-03

Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.7 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS04: PS-04 Runoff Area=17,880 sf 38.38% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.14"

Flow Length=245' Tc=8.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.2 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS05: PS-05 Runoff Area=15,305 sf 22.05% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.69"

Flow Length=70' Tc=6.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.0 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS06: PS-06 Runoff Area=5,793 sf 35.75% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.13"

Flow Length=72' Slope=0.0694 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

SubcatchmentPS07: PS-07 Runoff Area=2,235 sf 51.59% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.04"

Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.0 af

Reach PR01: PR-01 Avg. Flow Depth=0.05' Max Vel=1.17 fps Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af

n=0.022 L=25.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=14.6 cfs Outflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af

Avg. Flow Depth=0.04' Max Vel=1.24 fps Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Reach PR02: PR-02

n=0.022 L=210.0' S=0.0262 '/' Capacity=16.7 cfs Outflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af

Avg. Flow Depth=0.10' Max Vel=1.07 fps Inflow=1.9 cfs 0.2 af Reach PR03: PR-03

n=0.030 L=60.0' S=0.0117'/' Capacity=21.9 cfs Outflow=1.9 cfs 0.2 af

Peak Elev=33.85' Storage=383.3 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02 Peak Elev=33.00' Storage=1,023.1 cf Inflow=1.0 cfs 0.1 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.6 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.2 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.8 cfs 0.1 af

Peak Elev=29.98' Storage=378.3 cf Inflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.2 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.2 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04 Peak Elev=33.66' Storage=217.1 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.0 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Link PPOI01: PPOI-01 Inflow=3.0 cfs 0.3 af

Primary=3.0 cfs 0.3 af

Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=7.12"

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPS01: PS-01	Rund	off Area=11,255 sf	16.98% I	mpervious	Runoff Depth>2.15"	
	Flow Length=71' Slo	ope=0.0280 '/' Tc:	=6.1 min	CN=WQ	Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.0 af	

SubcatchmentPS02: PS-02	Runoff Area=6,297	7 sf 34.43%	Impervious	Runoff Depth>3.12"
	Flow Length=149'	Tc=6.0 min	CN=WQ	Runoff=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

SubcatchmentPS03: PS-03	Runoff Area=6,541	sf 86.52%	Impervious	Runoff Depth>6.22"
	Flow Length=390'	Tc=6.0 min	CN=WQ	Runoff=0.9 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS04: PS-04	Runoff Area=17,880	sf 38.38%	Impervious	Runoff Depth>4.36"
	Flow Length=245'	Tc=8.1 min	CN=WQ	Runoff=1.8 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS05: PS-05

Runoff Area=15,305 sf 22.05% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.86"
Flow Length=70' Tc=6.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.5 cfs 0.1 af

SubcatchmentPS06: PS-06 Runoff Area=5,793 sf 35.75% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.35"

Flow Length=72' Slope=0.0694 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.0 af

SubcatchmentPS07: PS-07 Runoff Area=2,235 sf 51.59% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.08"

Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.0 af

Reach PR01: PR-01 Avg. Flow Depth=0.06' Max Vel=1.32 fps Inflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

n=0.022 L=25.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=14.6 cfs Outflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

Reach PR02: PR-02 Avg. Flow Depth=0.05' Max Vel=1.40 fps Inflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

n=0.022 L=210.0' S=0.0262'/' Capacity=16.7 cfs Outflow=0.4 cfs 0.0 af

Reach PR03: PR-03 Avg. Flow Depth=0.14' Max Vel=1.30 fps Inflow=3.3 cfs 0.2 af

n=0.030 L=60.0' S=0.0117 '/' Capacity=21.9 cfs Outflow=3.2 cfs 0.2 af

Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01 Peak Elev=35.61' Storage=748.8 cf Inflow=0.5 cfs 0.0 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02 Peak Elev=33.04' Storage=1,028.1 cf Inflow=1.5 cfs 0.1 af

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \mbox{Discarded=0.0 cfs } 0.0 \mbox{ af } \mbox{ Primary=0.9 cfs } 0.1 \mbox{ af } \mbox{ Secondary=0.7 cfs } 0.0 \mbox{ af } \mbox{ Outflow=1.5 cfs } 0.1 \mbox{ outflow=1.5 cfs } 0.1 \mbox{ af } \mbox{ outflow=1.5 cfs } 0.1 \mbox{ o$ 

Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03 Peak Elev=29.99' Storage=383.3 cf Inflow=0.6 cfs 0.0 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.6 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04 Peak Elev=33.87' Storage=280.8 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.0 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.0 af

Link PPOI01: PPOI-01 Inflow=5.1 cfs 0.4 af

Primary=5.1 cfs 0.4 af

Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=8.52"

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Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Runoff Area=11,255 sf 16.98% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.93" SubcatchmentPS01: PS-01 Flow Length=71' Slope=0.0280 '/' Tc=6.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.7 cfs 0.1 af SubcatchmentPS02: PS-02 Runoff Area=6,297 sf 34.43% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.02" Flow Length=149' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.0 af Runoff Area=6,541 sf 86.52% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.55" SubcatchmentPS03: PS-03 Flow Length=390' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.1 cfs 0.1 af SubcatchmentPS04: PS-04 Runoff Area=17,880 sf 38.38% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.55" Flow Length=245' Tc=8.1 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.3 cfs 0.2 af SubcatchmentPS05: PS-05 Runoff Area=15,305 sf 22.05% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.02" Flow Length=70' Tc=6.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.9 cfs 0.1 af Runoff Area=5,793 sf 35.75% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.54" SubcatchmentPS06: PS-06 Flow Length=72' Slope=0.0694 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.8 cfs 0.1 af SubcatchmentPS07: PS-07 Runoff Area=2,235 sf 51.59% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.11" Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Avg. Flow Depth=0.07' Max Vel=1.47 fps Inflow=0.6 cfs 0.1 af Reach PR01: PR-01 n=0.022 L=25.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=14.6 cfs Outflow=0.6 cfs 0.1 af Avg. Flow Depth=0.06' Max Vel=1.56 fps Inflow=0.6 cfs 0.1 af Reach PR02: PR-02 n=0.022 L=210.0' S=0.0262'/' Capacity=16.7 cfs Outflow=0.5 cfs 0.1 af Avg. Flow Depth=0.16' Max Vel=1.41 fps Inflow=4.0 cfs 0.3 af Reach PR03: PR-03 n=0.030 L=60.0' S=0.0117'/' Capacity=21.9 cfs Outflow=4.1 cfs 0.3 af Peak Elev=35.87' Storage=1,103.8 cf Inflow=0.7 cfs 0.1 af Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01 Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.1 af Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02 Peak Elev=33.06' Storage=1,028.1 cf Inflow=1.9 cfs 0.1 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=1.0 cfs 0.1 af Secondary=0.8 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=1.8 cfs 0.1 af

Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.5 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.8 cfs 0.1 af

Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04 Peak Elev=33.90' Storage=291.8 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.0 af

Link PPOI01: PPOI-01 Inflow=6.5 cfs 0.5 af Primary=6.5 cfs 0.5 af

Peak Elev=29.99' Storage=387.6 cf Inflow=0.8 cfs 0.1 af

# APPENDIX E - POST-DEVELOPMENT CALCULATIONS (10-YEAR STORM EVENT)

April 19, 2022

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### **Summary for Subcatchment PS01: PS-01**

Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.0 af, Depth> 1.42"

Routed to Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	8,038	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A		
	1,306	68	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG A		
	1,624	98	Roofs, HSC	βA			
	287	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
	11,255	,	Weighted A	verage			
	9,344		83.02% Pervious Area				
	1,911		16.98% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	•	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.1	71	0.0280	0.20		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"		

## **Summary for Subcatchment PS02: PS-02**

Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af, Depth> 2.23"

Routed to Reach PR01: PR-01

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,621	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
508	68	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG A
0	36	Woods, Fair, HSG A
157	98	Roofs, HSG A
2,011	98	Paved parking, HSG A
6,297		Weighted Average
4,129		65.57% Pervious Area
2,168		34.43% Impervious Area

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	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
 (min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.9	65	0.0400	0.22		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"
0.4	35	0.0250	1.31		Sheet Flow, Driveway/Road
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.70"
0.1	27	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Road
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.1	22	0.0250	2.87	5.75	Channel Flow, Swale
					Area= 2.0 sf Perim= 9.0' r= 0.22'
					n= 0.030 Short grass
 0.5					Direct Entry, Min Tc
 6.0	149	Total			

## **Summary for Subcatchment PS03: PS-03**

Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.1 af, Depth> 4.81"

Routed to Link PPOI01: PPOI-01

Aı	rea (sf)	CN [	Description						
	525	61 >	S1 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B						
	0	79 <	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG B				
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βB					
	2,744	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3				
	337	39 >	•75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	2,915	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βA					
	20	60 \	Voods, Fai	r, HSG B					
	6,541	1	Veighted A	verage					
	882	•	13.48% Pei	vious Area					
	5,659	8	36.52% Imp	pervious Ar	ea				
_		-			<b>—</b>				
Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
8.0	100	0.0425	2.00		Sheet Flow, Paved Road				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.70"				
1.0	190	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Road				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
1.8	100	0.0170	0.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grass Shoulder				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
2.4					Direct Entry, Min Tc				
6.0	390	Total							

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### **Summary for Subcatchment PS04: PS-04**

Runoff = 1.2 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af, Depth> 3.14"

Routed to Reach PR03 : PR-03

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	9,038	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
	154		<50% Gras		
	1,352		Roofs, HSG		,
	5,502		Paved park		}
	1,826		Woods, Fai		
	8		Paved park	•	}
	17,880		Weighted A		
	11,018		61.62% Per	vious Area	
	6,862		38.38% Imp	ervious Ar	ea
_		-			
Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.3	100	0.0500	0.26		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"
0.9	80	0.0450	1.48		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Side Yard (East Property Line
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.4	30	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woods Side Yard
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.5	35	0.0140	1.20	4.57	•
					Area= 3.8 sf Perim= 19.0' r= 0.20'
					n= 0.050 Scattered brush, heavy weeds
8.1	245	Total			

#### **Summary for Subcatchment PS05: PS-05**

Runoff = 1.0 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af, Depth> 2.69" Routed to Pond RG02 : Rain Garden 02

Area (sf)	CN	Description			
10,534	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B			
1,397	79	<50% Grass cover, Poor, HSG B			
3,141	98	Roofs, HSG B			
233	98	Paved parking, HSG B			
0	60	Woods, Fair, HSG B			
15,305		Weighted Average			
11,931		77.95% Pervious Area			
3,374					

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	Tc	9		,	. ,	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	3.3	20	0.0250	0.10		Sheet Flow, Landscape
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.70"
	2.9	50	0.0900	0.29		Sheet Flow, Back Yard
_						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"
	6.2	70	Total			

#### **Summary for Subcatchment PS06: PS-06**

Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.0 af, Depth> 3.13"

Routed to Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

	Ar	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
		3,415	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B			
		307	79 •	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG B			
		1,803	98 I	Roofs, HSC	βB				
		268	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3			
		0	60 \	Noods, Fai	ir, HSG B				
		5,793	'	Neighted A	verage				
		3,722	(	64.25% Pervious Area					
		2,071	;	35.75% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(m	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
4	4.3	72	0.0694	0.28		Sheet Flow, Grass Yard			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.70"			
	1.7					Direct Entry, Min Tc			
(	6.0	72	Total						

## **Summary for Subcatchment PS07: PS-07**

Explanation for "Tc to Account for Porous Pavers"

Per HydroCAD.net - When modeling porous pavement, a Tc value of 790 minutes has produced good predictions for final discharge from porous pavement with a 41" base (this approach has been studied by UNH Stormwater Center). It is believed that a proportional Tc can be used for smaller base thicknesses, as long as the layers remain proportional and in accordance with the UNH Specifications.

Since the proposed porous paver thickness is 20" (4" paver, 2" bedding course, 6" base course, 8" sub-base course), a proportional Tc value of 385 min would be consistent with the aformentioned information from HydroCAD.net. As a result, a direct value of 380.5 minutes is being entered to create a total Tc value of 385 minutes for the subcatchment.

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond RG04 : Rain Garden 04 0.0 af, Depth> 3.04"

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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	962	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	120	68	<50% Gras	s cover, Po	oor, HSG A			
	898	98	Roofs, HSC	βA				
	255	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A			
	2,235	,	Weighted Average					
	1,082	4	48.41% Pervious Area					
	1,153		51.59% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry, Min Tc			

#### **Summary for Reach PR01: PR-01**

Inflow Area = 0.45 ac, 26.44% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.71" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af

Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min

Routed to Reach PR02: PR-02

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 1.17 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.4 min Avg. Velocity = 0.32 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 1.3 min

Peak Storage= 6.4 cf @ 12.09 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.05', Surface Width= 5.93' Bank-Full Depth= 0.40' Flow Area= 3.6 sf, Capacity= 14.6 cfs

5.00' x 0.40' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight

Side Slope Z-value= 10.0 '/' Top Width= 13.00'

Length= 25.0' Slope= 0.0200 '/'

Inlet Invert= 31.50', Outlet Invert= 31.00'



**Summary for Reach PR02: PR-02** 

[61] Hint: Exceeded Reach PR01 outlet invert by 0.04' @ 12.10 hrs

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Inflow Area = 0.45 ac, 26.44% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.71" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af

Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 1.7 min

Routed to Link PPOI01: PPOI-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 1.24 fps, Min. Travel Time= 2.8 min Avg. Velocity = 0.36 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 9.8 min

Peak Storage= 47.3 cf @ 12.12 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.04', Surface Width= 5.83' Bank-Full Depth= 0.40' Flow Area= 3.6 sf, Capacity= 16.7 cfs

5.00' x 0.40' deep channel, n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight

Side Slope Z-value= 10.0 '/' Top Width= 13.00'

Length= 210.0' Slope= 0.0262 '/'

Inlet Invert= 31.00', Outlet Invert= 25.50'



## Summary for Reach PR03: PR-03

Inflow Area = 0.76 ac, 30.85% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.48" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.2 af

Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.2 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 0.8 min

Routed to Link PPOI01: PPOI-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 1.07 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.9 min

Avg. Velocity = 0.27 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 3.7 min

Peak Storage= 103.5 cf @ 12.17 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.10', Surface Width= 19.05' Bank-Full Depth= 0.40' Flow Area= 9.2 sf, Capacity= 21.9 cfs

15.00' x 0.40' deep channel, n= 0.030 Short grass

Side Slope Z-value= 20.0 '/' Top Width= 31.00'

Length= 60.0' Slope= 0.0117 '/'

Inlet Invert= 26.00', Outlet Invert= 25.30'

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#### **Summary for Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01**

0.26 ac, 16.98% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.42" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af 0.0 af, Atten= 88%, Lag= 0.0 min 0.0 cfs @ 11.75 hrs, Volume= Outflow 0.0 af Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 11.75 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af Routed to Reach PR01: PR-01 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af Secondary = Routed to Reach PR01: PR-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 33.85' @ 13.06 hrs Surf.Area= 753 sf Storage= 383.3 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 75.7 min calculated for 0.0 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 75.4 min (879.1 - 803.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail	.Storage	Storage Description					
#1	35.50'		720.0 cf	Pond Area (Irregula	ar)Listed below (Red	calc) -Impervious			
#2	34.00'		225.9 cf	Filter Media (Irregu		ecalc) -Impervious			
				1,129.5 cf Overall x					
#3	32.58'		427.7 cf	Gravel & Pea Grave		below (Recalc)			
				1,069.3 cf Overall x					
		1	,373.6 cf	Total Available Stora	age				
Elevation	n Sur	f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
35.5		753	309.0	0.0	0.0	753			
36.0		2,262	329.0	720.0	720.0	1,781			
		_,	0_0.0		0.0	.,. • .			
Elevation	n Sur	f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
34.0	00	753	309.0	0.0	0.0	753			
35.5	50	753	309.0	1,129.5	1,129.5	1,217			
	_		_						
Elevation		f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>			
32.5		753	309.0	0.0	0.0	753			
34.0	00	753	309.0	1,069.3	1,069.3	1,192			
Device	Routing	Inve	rt Outlet	Devices					
#1	Primary	32.8							
#1	Filliary	32.0		<b>8.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 55.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500					
				Outlet Invert= 32.83' /					
				)13 Corrugated PE, si					
#2 Discarded 3		32.5		in/hr Exfiltration ove					
#3	Secondary	35.9		long x 3.0' breadth E					
	,			(feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60					
2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50									
Coef. (English) 2.44 2.58 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.68									

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2.72 2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07 3.32

#4 Device 1 35.85' **12.0" Horiz. Grate** C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads #5 Device 1 35.75' **1.0" Vert. Orifice** C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 11.75 hrs HW=32.62' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=32.58' TW=31.50' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs) 4=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs) 5=Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

\/aluma

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=32.58' TW=31.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

#### Summary for Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02

0.35 ac, 22.05% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.69" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 1.0 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.1 af 0.1 af, Atten= 20%, Lag= 4.7 min Outflow 0.8 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.85 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af 0.6 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.0 af Routed to Reach PR03: PR-03 0.2 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= Secondary = 0.0 af Routed to Reach PR03: PR-03

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 33.00' @ 12.17 hrs Surf.Area= 637 sf Storage= 1,023.1 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 140.5 min calculated for 0.1 af (75% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 48.4 min (855.3 - 806.9)

volume	invert A	vali.Storage	Storage Description					
#1	32.50'	475.2 cf Pond Area (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious						
#2	31.00'	191.1 cf	Filter Media (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious					
<b></b>	00.501	0040 6	955.5 cf Overall x 20.0% Voids					
#3	29.58'	361.8 cf	Gravel & Pea Gravel (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)					
			904.5 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids					
		1,028.1 cf	Total Available Stora	age				
Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
32.50	637	202.0	0.0	0.0	637			
33.00	1,303	324.0	475.2	475.2	5,745			
	•				·			
Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area			
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)			
31.00	637	202.0	0.0	0.0	637			
32.50	637	202.0	955.5	955.5	940			

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Elevation (fee		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft <u>)</u>			
29.5	58	637	202.0	0.0	0.0	637			
31.0	00	637	202.0	904.5	904.5	924			
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outle	et Devices					
#1	Primary	29.33	' 8.0 <b>''</b>	Round Culvert					
	-		L= 1	12.0' CMP, square ed	ge headwall, Ke= 0.	.500			
	Inlet / Outlet Invert= 29.33' / 26.00' S= 0.0297 '/' Cc= 0.900					'/' Cc= 0.900			
			n=0	.013 Corrugated PE, s	mooth interior, Flow	/ Area= 0.35 sf			
#2	Discarded	29.58	0.35	0.350 in/hr Exfiltration over Horizontal area Phase-In= 0.01'					
#3	Device 1	32.85	' 12.0'	<b>12.0" Horiz. Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads					
#4	Device 1	32.75	' 1.0"	<b>1.0" Vert. Orifice</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads					
#5	Secondary	y 32.95	10.0' long x 3.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir						
	•		Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60	0 0.80 1.00 1.20 1	.40 1.60 1.80 2.00			
				3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50					
			Coef	. (English) 2.44 2.58	2.68 2.67 2.65 2.6	4 2.64 2.68 2.68			
			2.72	2.81 2.92 2.97 3.07	3.32				

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.85 hrs HW=29.62' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.5 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=32.99' TW=26.10' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.5 cfs of 2.6 cfs potential flow)

3=Grate (Weir Controls 0.5 cfs @ 1.22 fps)

-4=Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.0 cfs @ 2.14 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=32.99' TW=26.10' (Dynamic Tailwater) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.2 cfs @ 0.48 fps)

# Summary for Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03

Inflow Area	=	0.13 ac,	35.75% Imp	ervious,	Inflow	Depth >	3.13"	for	10-Year event
Inflow	=	0.4 cfs @	12.09 hrs,	Volume	=	0.0 af			
Outflow	=	0.4 cfs @	12.10 hrs,	Volume	=	0.0 af,	Atten=	: 0%,	Lag= 0.5 min
Discarded	=	0.0 cfs @	2.95 hrs,	Volume	=	0.0 af			
Primary	=	0.2 cfs @	12.10 hrs,	Volume	=	0.0 af			
Routed	to Link l	PPOI01 : F	PPOI-01						
Secondary	=	0.2 cfs @	12.10 hrs,	Volume	=	0.0 af			
Douted:	ta Link I								

Routed to Link PPOI01 : PPOI-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 29.98' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 240 sf Storage= 378.3 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 144.4 min calculated for 0.0 af (77% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 57.5 min (846.3 - 788.8)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.	Storage	Storage Description				
#1	29.50'	1	82.2 cf	Pond Area (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious				
#2	28.00'		72.0 cf	Filter Media (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious				
				360.0 cf Overall x 20	-			
#3	26.58'	1	136.3 cf	Gravel & Pea Grave		elow (Recalc)		
				340.8 cf Overall x 40	0.0% Voids			
		3	390.5 cf	Total Available Stora	ge			
Elevation	on Sur	f.Area I	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)		
29.5	50	240	125.0	0.0	0.0	240		
30.0		505	140.0	182.2	182.2	563		
Elevation	on Sur	f.Area l	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft <u>)</u>		
28.0	00	240	125.0	0.0	0.0	240		
29.5	50	240	125.0	360.0	360.0	428		
Elevation	on Sur	f.Area l	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(fee		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)		
26.5		240	125.0	0.0	0.0	240		
28.0		240	125.0	340.8	340.8	418		
		-				-		
Device	Routing	Invert		Devices				
#1	Primary	28.00'		Round Culvert				
	L= 13.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500							
				Outlet Invert= 28.00' /				
	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.20 sf							
#2	Discarded 26.58' <b>0.150</b> in/hr Exfiltration over Horizontal area Phase-In= 0.01'							
#3	Device 1							
#4 #5	Device 1	29.83'	_					
#5	Secondary	29.95'		long x 2.0' breadth B				
	Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50							
	Coef. (English) 2.54 2.61 2.60 2.66 2.70 2.77 2.89 2.88							
				(Eligiisii) 2.34 2.01 2 3.07 3.20 3.32	2.01 2.00 2.00 2.1	0 2.11 2.03 2.00		
			2.00	0.01 0.20 0.02				

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 2.95 hrs HW=26.61' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=29.98' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.2 cfs of 1.2 cfs potential flow)

-3=Grate (Weir Controls 0.2 cfs @ 0.90 fps)

**-4=Orifice** (Orifice Controls 0.0 cfs @ 1.55 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=29.98' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.2 cfs @ 0.40 fps)

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#### Summary for Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04

0.05 ac, 51.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.04" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = 0.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= Inflow 0.0 af 0.0 cfs @ 11.35 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af, Atten= 93%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow 0.0 cfs @ 11.35 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.0 af Primary 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af Routed to Reach PR01 : PR-01 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.0 af Secondary = Routed to Reach PR01: PR-01

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 33.66' @ 13.75 hrs Surf.Area= 205 sf Storage= 217.1 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 167.2 min calculated for 0.0 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 167.0 min (927.8 - 760.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail	.Storage	Storage Description		
#1	33.50'		156.7 cf	Pond Area (Irregula	ar)Listed below (Red	calc) -Impervious
#2	32.00'		61.5 cf			ecalc) -Impervious
				307.5 cf Overall x 2		
#3	30.58'		116.4 cf	Gravel & Pea Grave		pelow (Recalc)
				291.1 cf Overall x 4		
			334.6 cf	Total Available Stora	age	
Elevatio	n Surf.	Aroa	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee		sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
33.5		205	108.0	0.0	0.0	205
34.0	-	436	121.0	156.7	156.7	449
34.0	O	430	121.0	130.7	130.1	443
Elevatio	n Surf.	Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee	t) (s	sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
32.0	0	205	108.0	0.0	0.0	205
33.5	0	205	108.0	307.5	307.5	367
Elevatio			Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee		sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)
30.5		205	108.0	0.0	0.0	205
32.0	0	205	108.0	291.1	291.1	358
Davisa	Davitina	lavia	-t O. H-4	t Davissa		
<u>Device</u>	Routing	Inve		Devices		
#1	Primary	31.50		Round Culvert	s boodwall - Ko= 0 E	200
				.0' CPP, square edge Outlet Invert= 31.50' /		
				)13 Corrugated PE, si		
#2	Discarded	30.58		in/hr Exfiltration ove		
#3	Secondary	33.9		long x 2.0' breadth E		
"0	Cocondary	00.00		(feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60		
				3.00 3.50		2
			Coef.	(English) 2.54 2.61	2.61 2.60 2.66 2.7	0 2.77 2.89 2.88

Post-Development Drainage 10-Year Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=5.61" Printed 4/18/2022

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2.85 3.07 3.20 3.32

#4 Device 1 33.85' **12.0" Horiz. Grate** C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads #5 Device 1 33.75' **1.0" Vert. Orifice** C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 11.35 hrs HW=30.62' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=30.58' TW=31.50' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs) -4=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs) -5=Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=30.58' TW=31.50' (Dynamic Tailwater) 3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

#### **Summary for Link PPOI01: PPOI-01**

Inflow Area = 1.50 ac, 35.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.16" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 3.0 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.3 af

Primary = 3.0 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.3 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

## APPENDIX F - BMP WORKSHEETS



# FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

#### Type/Node Name: Rain Garden 01 (RG-01)

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

0.26   ac			Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.04   ac   A <sub>1</sub> = Impervious area draining to the practice   1 = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form   1 = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form   2020   unitless   30.05   ac-in   WQV= 1" x Rv x A   3.560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")   48   cf   25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)   25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)   43   cf   75% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)   Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)   cf   V <sub>STO</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment   ≥ 25%WQV   Calculate time to drain if system IS NOT underdrained:   753   sf   A <sub>5A</sub> = Surface area of the practice   2.15   iph   Ksat <sub>DCSSGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate   If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?   Yes/NO   Use the calculations below)   1.4   hours   T <sub>DRAIN</sub> = Drain time = V / (A <sub>5A</sub> *   I <sub>DESGN</sub> )   ≤ 72-hrs   Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:   ft   E <sub>WCV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)   cfs   Q <sub>MQV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WCV</sub> (Attach stage-discharge table)   cfs   Q <sub>MQV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WCV</sub> (Attach stage-discharge table)	0.26	ac	·	` '
1.17   decimal   1 = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form		_		
Note	0.17	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
191		_		
143	0.05	ac-in	·	
Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)  cf V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment  cf V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment  ≥ 25%WQV  Calculate time to drain if system IS NOT underdrained:  753 sf A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice  155 jph Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?  Yes/No (Use the calculations below)  1.4 hours T <sub>DRAIN</sub> = Drain time = V / (A <sub>SA</sub> * 1 <sub>DESIGN</sub> ) ≤ 72-hrs  Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:  ft E <sub>WGV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)  cfs Q <sub>WGV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WGV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)  cfs Q <sub>WGV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WGV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)  - hours T <sub>DRAIN</sub> = Drain time = 2WQV/Q <sub>WGV</sub> ≤ 72-hrs  34.00 feet E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material feet E <sub>UD</sub> = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable  30.40 feet E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  26.64 feet E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  7.36 feet D <sub>FC to UD</sub> = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course ≥ 1'  7.36 feet D <sub>FC to UD</sub> = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course ≥ 1'  35.87 ft Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  16 surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:  YES ac Drainage Area check. < 10 ac  275%WQV  Sheet Drainage Area check.	191	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)         cf       V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment       ≥ 25%WQV         Calculate time to drain if system IS NOT underdrained:       753 sf       A <sub>S.A</sub> = Surface area of the practice         2.15 iph       Ksat Design in infiltration rate¹       If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?         Yes/No       (Use the calculations below)       1.4 hours       T DRAIN = Drain time = V / (A <sub>S.A</sub> * I <sub>DESIGN</sub> )       ≤ 72-hrs         Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:       ft       E <sub>WGV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)       5       72-hrs         cfs       Q <sub>WGV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WGV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)       5       72-hrs       72-hrs         A 34.00 feet       E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material²       6       6       6       6       72-hrs       72-hrs         3 34.00 feet       E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the dilter course material²       6       72-hrs       72-hrs         3 34.00 feet       E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         2 6.64 feet       E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         3 3.60 feet       D <sub>FC</sub> t	48	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
Cf       V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment       ≥ 25%WQV         Calculate time to drain if system IS NOT underdrained:       753 sf       A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice         2.15 iph       Ksat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate¹       If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	143	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
Calculate time to drain if system IS NOT underdrained:  753 sf  A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice  2.15 iph  KSat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate¹  If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?  Yes/No  (Use the calculations below)  1.4 hours  T <sub>DRAIN</sub> = Drain time = V / (A <sub>SA</sub> * I <sub>DESIGN</sub> )  ≤ 72-hrs  Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:  ft  E <sub>WQV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)  cfs  Q <sub>WQV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WQV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)  - hours  T <sub>DRAIN</sub> = Drain time = 2WQV/Q <sub>WQV</sub> ≤ 72-hrs  34.00 feet  E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material²  feet  E <sub>UD</sub> = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable  30.40 feet  E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  26.64 feet  E <sub>ROCK</sub> = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  34.00 feet  D <sub>FC to UD</sub> = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course  ≥ 1'  3.60 feet  D <sub>FC to SHWT</sub> = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course  ≥ 1'  3.60 feet  P <sub>FC to SHWT</sub> = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course  ≥ 1'  35.87 ft  Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  Elevation of the top of the practice  YES  So peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice  Fyes  If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:  YES ac  Drainage Area check.  cf V = Volume of storage³ (attach a stage-storage table)  inches  D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness  Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.			_Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
T53   sf		cf	V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>&gt;</u> 25%WQV
2.15   iph   Ksat   CENSIGN   Design infiltration rate   If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided? (Use the calculations below)   1.4   hours   Toron   Design   Desi	Calculate ti	me to drain	n if system IS NOT underdrained:	
If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?   Yes/No	753	sf	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice	
If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?   Yes/No	2.15	- iph	Ksat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate <sup>1</sup>	
1.4 hours       T DRAIN = Drain time = V / (A <sub>SA</sub> * I <sub>DESIGN</sub> )       ≤ 72-hrs         Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:       ft       E <sub>WQV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)         cfs       Q <sub>WQV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WQV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)       ≤ 72-hrs         hours       T DRAIN = Drain time = 2WQV/Q <sub>WQV</sub> ≤ 72-hrs         34.00       feet       E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material 2         feet       E <sub>UD</sub> = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable         30.40       feet       E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         34.00       feet       D <sub>FC to UD</sub> = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1¹         34.00       feet       D <sub>FC to WD</sub> = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1¹         34.00       feet       D <sub>FC to ROCK</sub> = Depth to BHWT from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1¹         35.87       ft       Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)         36.00       ft       Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         YES       50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         YES       ac       Drainage Area check.       < 10 ac		<b>-</b> `	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:  ft $E_{WQV}$ = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)  cfs $Q_{WQV}$ = Discharge at the $E_{WQV}$ (attach stage-discharge table)  - hours $T_{DRAIN}$ = Drain time = $2WQV/Q_{WQV}$ $\leq 72$ -hrs  34.00 feet $E_{FC}$ = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material $^2$ feet $E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  26.64 feet $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  34.00 feet $D_{FC to UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $21$ 7.36 feet $D_{FC to ROCK}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $21$ 35.87 ft Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  36.00 ft Elevation of the top of the practice  YES 50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice  YES 50 peak elevation ≤ Broading and filter is proposed:  YES ac Drainage Area check. < 10 ac  cf V = Volume of storage (attach a stage-storage table) $D_{FC}$ = Filter course thickness  Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.		Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
Calculate time to drain if system IS underdrained:  ft	1.4	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	<u>&lt;</u> 72-hrs
cfs $Q_{MQV}$ = Discharge at the $E_{WQV}$ (attach stage-discharge table)  - hours $T_{DRAIN}$ = Drain time = $2WQV/Q_{WQV}$ ≤ 72-hrs  34.00 feet $E_{FC}$ = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material $^2$ feet $E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable  30.40 feet $E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  26.64 feet $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)  34.00 feet $D_{FC to UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course ≥ $1^1$ 7.36 feet $D_{FC to ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course ≥ $1^1$ 3.60 feet $D_{FC to SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course ≥ $1^1$ 35.87 ft Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  36.00 ft Elevation of the top of the practice  YES 50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice ← yes  If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:  YES ac Drainage Area check. < 10 ac  cf V = Volume of storage $^3$ (attach a stage-storage table) ≥ 75%WQV  inches $D_{FC}$ = Filter course thickness within GPA  Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	Calculate ti	me to drain		
- hours       T DRAIN = Drain time = $2WQV/Q_{WQV}$ ≤ 72-hrs         34.00       feet $E_{FC}$ = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material feet $E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable         30.40       feet $E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         26.64       feet $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         34.00       feet $D_{FC to UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         7.36       feet $D_{FC to ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         3.60       feet $D_{FC to SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         35.87       ft       Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)         36.00       ft       Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         YES       50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:       < 10 ac		ft	E <sub>WQV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		cfs	$Q_{WQV}$ = Discharge at the $E_{WQV}$ (attach stage-discharge table)	
feet $E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable         30.40       feet $E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         26.64       feet $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test pit)         34.00       feet $D_{FC to UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         7.36       feet $D_{FC to ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         3.60       feet $D_{FC to SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course       ≥ 1'         35.87       ft       Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)         36.00       ft       Elevation of the top of the practice         YES       50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:       < 10 ac	-	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	<u>&lt;</u> 72-hrs
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	34.00	feet	E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material <sup>2</sup>	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		feet	E <sub>UD</sub> = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30.40	feet	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
7.36 feet $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}} = Depth \text{ to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course}$ $\geq 1'$ 3.60 feet $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}} = Depth \text{ to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course}$ $\geq 1'$ 35.87 ft Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  36.00 ft Elevation of the top of the practice  YES 50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice $\leftarrow$ yes  If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:  YES ac Drainage Area check. $<$ 10 ac  of V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table) $\geq$ 75%WQV  inches $D_{FC} = Filter course \text{ thickness}$ within GPA  Sheet Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	26.64	feet	E <sub>ROCK</sub> = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
3.60 feet $D_{FC to SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course ≥ 1'  35.87 ft Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)  36.00 ft Elevation of the top of the practice  YES 50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice ← yes  If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:  YES ac Drainage Area check. < 10 ac  cf V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table) ≥ 75%WQV  inches $D_{FC}$ = Filter course thickness within GPA  Sheet Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	34.00	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
35.87       ft       Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)         36.00       ft       Elevation of the top of the practice         YES       50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:       < 10 ac	7.36	feet	D <sub>FC to ROCK</sub> = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
35.87       ft       Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)         36.00       ft       Elevation of the top of the practice         YES       50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice       ← yes         If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:       < 10 ac	3.60	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
36.00 ftElevation of the top of the practiceYES50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice← yesIf a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed: $<$ 10 acYESacDrainage Area check. $<$ 10 accf $V = Volume of storage^3$ (attach a stage-storage table) $>$ 75%WQVinches $D_{FC} = Filter course thickness$ 18", or 24" if within GPASheetNote what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	35.87	ft		
If a surface sand filter or underground sand filter is proposed:         YES       ac       Drainage Area check.       < 10 ac         cf       V = Volume of storage³ (attach a stage-storage table)       ≥ 75%WQV         inches       D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness       18", or 24" if within GPA         Sheet       Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	36.00	ft	Elevation of the top of the practice	
YES       ac       Drainage Area check.       < 10 ac         cf       V = Volume of storage³ (attach a stage-storage table)       ≥ 75%WQV         inches       D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness       18", or 24" if within GPA         Sheet       Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	YES		50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
cf $V = Volume of storage^3$ (attach a stage-storage table) $\geq 75\%WQV$ inches $D_{FC} = Filter course thickness$ Sheet Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	If a surface	sand filter	or underground sand filter is proposed:	
inches D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness  Sheet Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.				
Sheet Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification. within GPA		ac	-	< 10 ac
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	<u>&gt;</u> 75%WQV
Yes/No Access grate provided? ← yes		_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	≥ 75%WQV 18", or 24" if
	YES	cf inches	$V = Volume of storage3 (attach a stage-storage table)$ $D_{FC} = Filter course thickness$	≥ 75%WQV 18", or 24" if

If a biorete	If a bioretention area is proposed:					
YES	ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes			
501	cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> WQV			
18.0	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA			
Sheet	C-11	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification				
4.0	_:1	Pond side slopes	<u>&gt; 3</u> :1			
Sheet	C-06	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover				
If porous p	avement is	proposed:				
		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)				
	acres	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the pervious pavement				
	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1			
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA			
Sheet	-	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)			

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat<sub>design</sub> includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes:	The rain garden is equipped with an underdrain to promote pond drainage during heavier
storm events. The pe	ond drains via infiltration alone in less than 72 hours.

Last Revised: January 2019

Prepared by TFMoran Inc.

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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01

Fle	evation	Horizontal	Storage
Lie	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
	32.58	753	0.0
	32.63	753	15.1
	32.68	753	30.1
	32.73	753	45.2
	32.78	753	60.2
	32.83	753	75.3
	32.88	753	90.4
	32.93	753	105.4
	32.98	753	120.5
	33.03	753	135.5
	33.08 33.13	753	150.6
	33.18	753 753	165.7 180.7
	33.23	753 753	195.8
	33.28	753 753	210.8
	33.33	753	225.9
	33.38	753	241.0
	33.43	753	256.0
	33.48	753	271.1
	33.53	753	286.1
	33.58	753	301.2
	33.63	753	316.3
	33.68	753	331.3
	33.73	753	346.4
	33.78	753	361.4
	33.83	753	376.5
	33.88	753 750	391.6
Bottom	33.93 33.98	753 753	406.6
Filter Elev		753 753	421.7 432.2
Filler Elev	34.08	753	439.8
	34.13	753	447.3
	34.18	753	454.8
	34.23	753	462.3
	34.28	753	469.9
	34.33	753	477.4
	34.38	753	484.9
	34.43	753	492.5
	34.48	753	500.0
	34.53	753	507.5
	34.58	753	515.1
	34.63	753 750	522.6
	34.68	753	530.1
	34.73	753	537.6
	34.78 34.83	753 753	545.2 552.7
	34.88	753 753	560.2
	34.93	753 753	567.8
	34.98	753	575.3
	35.03	753	582.8
	35.08	753	590.4
	35.13	753	597.9

Elevation (feet)	Horizontal (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	
35.18	753	605.4	
35.23	753	612.9	
35.28	753	620.5	
35.33	753	628.0	
35.38	753	635.5	
35.43	753	643.1	
35.48	753	650.6	
35.53	753	677.2	
35.58	753	721.2	
35.63	753	771.3	
35.68	753	828.1	
35.73	753	891.8	1" Orifice
35.78	753	962.9	Elevation
35.83	753	1,041.7	Licvation
35.88	753	1,128.8	
35.93	753	1,224.5	
35.98	753	1,329.1	

Volume of Storage 927 cf - 426 cf = 501 cf (See BMP Worksheet)



# FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

#### Type/Node Name: Rain Garden 02 (RG-02)

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

		Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.35	<b>-</b> ас	A = Area draining to the practice	` '
0.08	_	A <sub>I</sub> = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.22	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.09	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
315	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
79	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
236	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
		_Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>&gt;</u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drain	n if system IS NOT underdrained:	
637	sf	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice	
0.35	- iph	Ksat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate <sup>1</sup>	
	- ·	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
17.0	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	≤ 72-hrs
Calculate ti	me to drain	n if system IS underdrained:	
	ft	E <sub>WQV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
	- cfs	Q <sub>WQV</sub> = Discharge at the E <sub>WQV</sub> (attach stage-discharge table)	
-	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	<u>&lt;</u> 72-hrs
31.00	feet	E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material <sup>2</sup>	
	feet	$E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
30.00	feet	E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
28.03	feet	E <sub>ROCK</sub> = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
31.00	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
2.97	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
1.00	feet	D <sub>FC to SHWT</sub> = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
33.06	ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
33.00	ft	Elevation of the top of the practice	
NO		50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
If a surface	sand filter	or underground sand filter is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area check.	< 10 ac
	_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> 75%WQV
-			18", or 24" if
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	within GPA
Sheet	_	$D_{FC}$ = Filter course thickness  Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	•
Sheet	_		•

If a biorete	ention area	is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes
494	_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> WQV
18.0	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet	C-11	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification	
4.0	<u>:1</u>	Pond side slopes	<u>&gt; 3</u> :1
Sheet	C-06	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover	
If porous p	avement is	proposed:	
		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)	
	acres	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the pervious pavement	
	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA
Sheet	t	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat <sub>design</sub> includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes:	The rain garden is equipped with an underdrain to promote pond drainage during heavier
storm events. The pon	d drains via infiltration alone in less than 72 hours.

Last Revised: January 2019

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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02

		Otag	go-Arca-Otorag	c ioi i oila
	Elevation	Horizontal	Storage	Elevation
	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(feet)
	29.58	637	0.0	32.18
	29.63	637	12.7	32.23
	29.68	637	25.5	32.28
	29.73	637	38.2	32.33
	29.78	637	51.0	32.38
	29.83	637	63.7	32.43
	29.88	637	76.4	32.48
	29.93	637	89.2	32.53
	29.98	637	101.9	32.58
	30.03	637	114.7	32.63
	30.08	637	127.4	32.68
	30.13	637 637	140.1 152.9	32.73 32.78
	30.18 30.23	637	165.6	32.76 32.83
	30.23	637	178.4	32.88
	30.28	637	191.1	32.93
	30.38	637	203.8	32.98
	30.43	637	216.6	33.03
	30.48	637	229.3	33.08
	30.53	637	242.1	33.13
	30.58	637	254.8	33.13
	30.63	637	267.5	
	30.68	637	280.3	
	30.73	637	293.0	
	30.78	637	305.8	Volum
	30.83	637	318.5	
	30.88	637	331.2	855 ct
	30.93	637	344.0	(See I
<b>Bottom</b>	30.98	637	356.7	
Filter El		637	365.6	
	31.08	637	372.0	
	31.13	637	378.4	
	31.18	637	384.7	
	31.23	637	391.1	
	31.28	637	397.5	
	31.33	637	403.9	
	31.38	637	410.2	
	31.43	637	416.6	
	31.48	637	423.0	
	31.53	637	429.3	
	31.58	637	435.7	
	31.63	637	442.1	
	31.68	637	448.4	
	31.73	637	454.8	
	31.78	637	461.2	
	31.83	637	467.6	
	31.88	637	473.9	
	31.93	637	480.3	
	31.98	637	486.7	
	32.03	637	493.0	
	32.08	637 637	499.4	

32.13

637

505.8

Horizontal Storage (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 637 512.1 637 518.5 637 524.9 637 531.3 637 537.6 637 544.0 637 550.4 637 572.5 637 607.5 637 645.3 637 686.3 637 730.3 637 777.7 1" Orifice 637 828.5 637 882.7 Elevation 637 940.7 637 1,002.3 1,028.1 637 1,028.1 637 637 1,028.1

Volume of Storage 855 cf - 361 cf = 494 cf (See BMP Worksheet)



# FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

Type/Node Name: Rain Garden 03 (RG-03)

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

		Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.13	- ac	A = Area draining to the practice	,
0.05	ac	A <sub>I</sub> = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.36	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.05	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
177	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
44	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
133	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
		_Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>&gt;</u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drain	n if system IS NOT underdrained:	
240	sf	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice	
0.15	- iph	Ksat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate <sup>1</sup>	
	- ·	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
59.0	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	< 72-hrs
		n if system IS underdrained:	
	ft	$E_{WQV}$ = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
	- cfs	$Q_{WQV}$ = Discharge at the $E_{WQV}$ (attach stage-discharge table)	
-	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	<u>&lt;</u> 72-hrs
28.00	feet	E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material <sup>2</sup>	
	feet	$E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
26.75	feet	E <sub>SHWT</sub> = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
23.08	feet	$E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
28.00	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
4.92	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
1.25	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
29.99	ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
30.00	ft	Elevation of the top of the practice	
YES		50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
If a surface	sand filter	or underground sand filter is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area check.	< 10 ac
	_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> 75%WQV
		D Eilter course thickness	18", or 24" if
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	within GPA
Sheet	_	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	within GPA
Sheet	_		within GPA ← yes

If a biorete	ention area	is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes
178	_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> WQV
18.0	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet	C-11	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification	
4.0	:1	Pond side slopes	<u>&gt; 3</u> :1
Sheet	C-06	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover	
If porous p	avement is	proposed:	
		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)	
	acres	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the pervious pavement	
	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA
Sheet	t	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat <sub>design</sub> includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

designer's Notes: Ine rain garden is equipped with an underdrain to promote pond drainage during neavier	
storm events. The pond drains via infiltration alone in less than 72 hours.	
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NHDES Alteration of Terrain

Last Revised: January 2019

Prepared by TFMoran Inc.

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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03

			٥.
Ele	evation	Horizontal	Storage
-	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
	26.58 26.63	<b>240</b> 240	0.0 4.8
	26.68	240	4.6 9.6
	26.73	240	14.4
	26.78	240	19.2
	26.83	240	24.0
	26.88	240	28.8
	26.93	240	33.6
	26.98	240	38.4
	27.03	240	43.2
	27.08	240	48.0
	27.13	240	52.8
	27.18	240	57.6
	27.23	240	62.4
	27.28	240	67.2
	27.33	240	72.0
	27.38	240	76.8
	27.43	240	81.6
	27.48	240	86.4
	27.53	240	91.2
	27.58	240	96.0
	27.63	240	100.8
	27.68	240	105.6
	27.73	240	110.4
	27.78	240	115.2
	27.83	240	120.0
	27.88	240	124.8
	27.93	240	129.6
Bottom	27.98	240	134.4
Filter Elev	28.03	240	137.8
	28.08	240	140.2
	28.13	240	142.6
	28.18	240	145.0
	28.23	240	147.4
	28.28	240	149.8
	28.33	240	152.2
	28.38	240	154.6
	28.43	240	157.0
	28.48	240	159.4
	28.53	240	161.8
	28.58	240	164.2
	28.63	240	166.6
	28.68	240	169.0
	28.73	240	171.4
	28.78	240	173.8
	28.83	240	176.2
	28.88	240	178.6
	28.93	240	181.0
	28.98	240	183.4
	29.03	240	185.8
	29.08	240	188.2
	29.13	240	190.6

Elevation	Horizontal	Storage
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
29.18	240	193.0
29.23	240	195.4
29.28	240	197.8
29.33	240	200.2
29.38	240	202.6
29.43	240	205.0
29.48	240	207.4
29.53	240	215.7
29.58	240	228.9
29.63	240	243.3
29.68	240	258.9
29.73	240	275.8
29.78	240	293.9
29.83	240	313.4
29.88	240	334.3
29.93	240	356.7
29.98	240	380.5
30.03	240	390.5

1" Orifice Elevation

Volume of Storage 313 cf - 135 cf = 178 cf(See BMP Worksheet)



# FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

#### Type/Node Name: Rain Garden 04 (RG-04)

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

1	_	Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.05	ac	A = Area draining to the practice	
0.03	ac	A <sub>I</sub> = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.51	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
0.51	unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = $0.05 + (0.9 \times I)$	
0.03	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
94	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
24	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
71	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
		Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V <sub>SED</sub> = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>&gt;</u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS NOT underdrained:	
205	sf	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the practice	
1.20	iph	Ksat <sub>DESIGN</sub> = Design infiltration rate <sup>1</sup>	
	-	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
4.6	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	< 72-hrs
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS underdrained:	
	ft	E <sub>WQV</sub> = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
	cfs	$Q_{WQV}$ = Discharge at the $E_{WQV}$ (attach stage-discharge table)	
-	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	≤ 72-hrs
32.00	feet	E <sub>FC</sub> = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material <sup>2</sup>	
	feet	E <sub>UD</sub> = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
30.15	_	$E_{UD}$ = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable $E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
30.15 27.97	feet	==	
	feet feet	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	
27.97	feet feet feet	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
27.97 32.00	feet feet feet feet	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC  ext{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85	feet feet feet feet feet	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03	feet feet feet feet feet ft	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to } UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to } ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90	feet feet feet feet feet ft	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to } UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to } ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to } SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90 34.00 YES	feet feet feet feet ft ft	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90 34.00 YES	feet feet feet feet ft ft	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90 34.00 YES	feet feet feet feet ft tt sand filter	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed:	pit)  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  -> 1'
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90 34.00 YES	feet feet feet feet ft ft sand filter	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to } UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to } ROCK}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to } SHWT}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check.	pit)  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  ← yes  < 10 ac
27.97 32.00 4.03 1.85 33.90 34.00 YES	feet feet feet feet ft ft  sand filter ac cf inches	$E_{SHWT}$ = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p $E_{ROCK}$ = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation $\leq$ Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check. $V = Volume \text{ of storage}^3$ (attach a stage-storage table)	pit)  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  ≥ 1'  ← yes  < 10 ac  ≥ 75%WQV  18", or 24" if

If a biorete	ntion area	is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes
129	_cf	V = Volume of storage <sup>3</sup> (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>&gt;</u> WQV
18.0	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet	C-11	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification	
4.0	<u>:</u> 1	Pond side slopes	<u>&gt; 3</u> :1
Sheet	C-06	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover	
If porous p	avement is	proposed:	
		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)	
	acres	A <sub>SA</sub> = Surface area of the pervious pavement	
	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1
	inches	D <sub>FC</sub> = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA
Sheet	<del>-</del> ;	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat<sub>design</sub> includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes:	The rain garden is equipped with an underdrain to promote pond drainage during heavier
storm events. The pe	ond drains via infiltration alone in less than 72 hours.

Last Revised: January 2019

Prepared by TFMoran Inc.

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#### Stage-Area-Storage for Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04

E	Elevation	Horizontal	Storage
_	(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)
	30.58	205	0.0
	30.63	205	4.1
	30.68	205	8.2
	30.73	205	12.3
	30.78	205	16.4
	30.83	205	20.5
	30.88	205	24.6
	30.93	205	28.7
	30.98	205	32.8
	31.03	205	36.9
	31.08	205	41.0
	31.13	205	45.1
	31.18	205	49.2
	31.23	205	53.3
	31.28	205	57.4
	31.33	205	61.5
	31.38	205	65.6
	31.43	205	69.7
	31.48	205	73.8
	31.53	205	77.9
	31.58	205	82.0
	31.63	205	86.1
	31.68	205	90.2
	31.73	205	94.3
	31.78	205	98.4
	31.83	205	102.5
	31.88	205	106.6
	31.93	205	110.7
Bottom	31.98	205	114.8
Filter Elev	32.03	205	117.7
	32.08	205	119.7
	32.13	205	121.8
	32.18	205	123.8
	32.23	205	125.9
	32.28	205	127.9
	32.33	205	130.0
	32.38	205	132.0
	32.43	205	134.1
	32.48	205	136.1
	32.53	205	138.2
	32.58	205	140.2
	32.63	205	142.3
	32.68	205	144.3
	32.73	205	146.4
	32.78	205	148.4
	32.83	205	150.5
	32.88	205	152.5
	32.93	205	154.6
	32.98	205	156.6
	33.03	205	158.7
	33.08	205	160.7
	33.13	205	162.8
			l

Elevation	Horizontal	Storage	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
33.18	205	164.8	
33.23	205	166.9	
33.28	205	168.9	
33.33	205	171.0	
33.38	205	173.0	
33.43	205	175.1	
33.48	205	177.1	
33.53	205	184.3	
33.58	205	195.6	
33.63	205	207.9	
33.68	205	221.3	
33.73	205	235.7	1" Orifice
33.78	205	251.3	Elevation
33.83	205	268.1	Liovation
33.88	205	286.1	
33.93	205	305.4	
33.98	205	326.0	

Volume of Storage 244 cf - 115 cf = 129 cf (See BMP Worksheet)

## **APPENDIX G - RIPRAP CALCULATIONS**

#### RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION

Location: FES-01

Design Flow = Q = 0.01 cfs
Tailwater = Tw = 0.446667 feet
Pipe Dia.= Do = 0.67 feet

TW>=1/2Do -> La = Length = 3.0Q/Do $^(3/2)$  + 7Do = **0.0** 

feet Implementing a 2ft x 2ft pad

 $W_1$  = Width = 3Do+(0.4)(La)= **2.0** feet (or Width of Channel)

 $W_2$  = Width = 3Do= **2.0** feet

D = Depth = (1.5)(d50)= 9 inches (or Min. 9")

 $d_{50} = (0.02/\text{Tw})(Q/\text{Do})^{\Lambda^{(4/3)}} = 6.00$  inches (or Min. 6")

#### **Rock Riprap Gradation**

% by weight passing given the D <sub>50</sub> Size	Size of stone	(inche	<u>s)</u>
100	9.00	_	12.00
85	7.80	-	10.80
50 (Cas Last Barra of Calculations	6.00	-	9.00
(See Last Page of Calculations for 25-Year Flows)	1.80	-	3.00

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#### RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION

Location: FES-02

Design Flow =  $Q = \frac{0.87}{\text{cfs}}$  cfs Tailwater =  $Tw = \frac{0.446667}{\text{feet}}$  feet Pipe Dia.=  $Do = \frac{0.67}{\text{feet}}$ 

TW>=1/2Do -> La = Length = 3.0Q/Do $^(3/2)$  + 7Do = 3.0 feet

$$W_1 = Width = 3Do+(0.4)(La)=$$
 3.0 feet (or Width of Channel)

 $W_2$  = Width = 3Do= **2.0** feet

D = Depth = 
$$(1.5)(d50)$$
= 9 inches (or Min. 9")

$$d_{50} = (0.02/\text{Tw})(Q/\text{Do})^{\Lambda^{(4/3)}} = 6.00$$
 inches (or Min. 6")

#### **Rock Riprap Gradation**

% by weight passing given the D <sub>50</sub> Size		Size of stone	(inche	<u>s)</u>
100		9.00	-	12.00
85		7.80	-	10.80
50	(Cool out Daws of Coloulations	6.00	-	9.00
15	(See Last Page of Calculations for 25-Year Flows)	1.80	-	3.00
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#### RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION

Location: FES-03

Design Flow = Q = 0.27 cfs Tailwater = Tw = 0.333333 feet Pipe Dia.= Do = 0.5 feet

TW>=1/2Do -> La = Length = 3.0Q/Do $^(3/2)$  + 7Do = **1.0** 

Implementing a 2ft x 2ft pad

 $W_1$  = Width = 3Do+(0.4)(La)= **2.0** feet (or Width of Channel)

 $W_2$  = Width = 3Do= **1.5** feet

D = Depth = (1.5)(d50)= 9 inches (or Min. 9")

 $d_{50} = (0.02/\text{Tw})(Q/\text{Do})^{\Lambda^{(4/3)}} = 6.00$  inches (or Min. 6")

#### **Rock Riprap Gradation**

% by weight passing given the D <sub>50</sub> Size	Size of stone	(inche	<u>s)</u>
100	9.00	_	12.00
85	7.80	-	10.80
50	6.00	-	9.00
(See Last Page of Calculations for 25-Year Flows)	1.80	-	3.00

#### RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION

Location: FES-04

Design Flow = Q = 0.03 cfs Tailwater = Tw = 0.333333 feet Pipe Dia.= Do = 0.5 feet

TW>=1/2Do -> La = Length = 3.0Q/Do $^(3/2)$  + 7Do =

feet

**Implementing** a 2ft x 2ft pad

$$W_1$$
 = Width = 3Do+(0.4)(La)= **1.5** feet (or Width of Channel)

0.0

 $W_2$  = Width = 3Do= **1.5** feet

D = Depth = 
$$(1.5)(d50)$$
= 9 inches (or Min. 9")

$$d_{50} = (0.02/\text{Tw})(Q/\text{Do})^{\Lambda^{(4/3)}} = 6.00$$
 inches (or Min. 6")

#### **Rock Riprap Gradation**

% by weight passing given the D <sub>50</sub> Size		Size of stone	(inche	<u>s)</u>
100		9.00	-	12.00
85		7.80	-	10.80
50	(Cool and Down of Coloulations	6.00	-	9.00
15	(See Last Page of Calculations for 25-Year Flows)	1.80	-	3.00

Riprap Calcs - 25-Year

#### 45407-120\_Pre & Post Development

Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=7.12"

Prepared by TFMoran Inc.

Printed 4/18/2022

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Page 1

Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 481 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Pond RG01: Rain Garden 01 Peak Elev=35.61' Storage=748.8 cf Inflow=0.49 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.04 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.04 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG02: Rain Garden 02 Peak Elev=33.04' Storage=1,028.1 cf Inflow=1.45 cfs 0.1 af Discarded=0.01 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.87 cfs 0.1 af Secondary=0.67 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=1.54 cfs 0.1 af

Pond RG03: Rain Garden 03 Peak Elev=29.99' Storage=383.3 cf Inflow=0.61 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.00 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.27 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.34 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.61 cfs 0.0 af

Pond RG04: Rain Garden 04 Peak Elev=33.87' Storage=280.8 cf Inflow=0.20 cfs 0.0 af Discarded=0.01 cfs 0.0 af Primary=0.03 cfs 0.0 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.0 af Outflow=0.04 cfs 0.0 af

## **APPENDIX H - NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY**



Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for Rockingham County, New Hampshire

437 Lafayette Road



### **Preface**

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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## **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

## Custom Soil Resource Report

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



#### MAP LEGEND

#### Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

#### Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

#### **Special Point Features**

(o)

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

**Closed Depression** 

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Sodic Spot

Slide or Slip

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

#### Water Features

Streams and Canals

#### Transportation

---

Rails

Interstate Highways

**US Routes** 

Major Roads

00

Local Roads

#### Background

Aerial Photography

#### MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Rockingham County, New Hampshire Survey Area Data: Version 24, Aug 31, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Jun 14. 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

# Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
299	Udorthents, smoothed	2.6	12.8%
799	Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	17.9	87.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		20.5	100.0%

# **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

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onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

### **Rockingham County, New Hampshire**

#### 299—Udorthents, smoothed

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 9cmt

Elevation: 0 to 840 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 44 to 49 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 165 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Udorthents and similar soils: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Udorthents**

#### **Properties and qualities**

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

#### 799—Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 9cq0 Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 160 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Urban land: 55 percent

Canton and similar soils: 20 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Canton**

#### Setting

Parent material: Till

#### Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 5 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam H2 - 5 to 21 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H3 - 21 to 60 inches: loamy sand

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00

in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### **Udorthents**

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Squamscott and scitico

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Marine terraces Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Walpole

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

#### Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Scituate and newfields

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Boxford and eldridge**

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

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# APPENDIX I - TEST PIT LOGS & INFILTRATION CALCULATIONS

April 19, 2022

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# **Test Pit Report**

For

# Smith Field Construction 437 Lafayette Road,

Portsmouth, NH

**Prepared For** 

**437 Lafayette Road Subdivision** 

45407.120

PREPARED BY

TFMoran, Inc.

48 Constitution Drive

Bedford, NH 03110

January 25<sup>th</sup> & February 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022

# Test Pit 1 January 25th, 2022

0-13" 10YR 5/3 Brown, Loam, Massive, Friable, Anthropogenic Fill (Asphalt,

Brick)

13-20" AB 10YR 7/6 Yellow, Loam, Blocky, Friable, Gravely <5% Rock (Iron

Stone)

20-55" B1 Gley 1 7N Gray, Sandy Loam, massive, pliable

55- 65" B2 10YR 5/1 Gray, Coarse Sand, Friable, Massive, > 15% Angular Rock

Fragment (Iron Stone)

REDOX @ 20" 10YR 7/8 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Walpole

EST Wet: 20" Below Grade

OBS WT: 39" Below Grade (Apparent  $\rightarrow$ )

Ledge: > 65" Below Grade

# Test Pit 2 January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2022

0-15" A 10YR 4/3 Brown, Loam, Massive

15-17" 10YR 7/6 Yellow, Sandy Loam, friable, granular

17-27" Gley 1 7/N light gray, Sandy Loam, friable, granular

27-52" 10YR 6/6 Brownish Yellow, Loam, friable, massive

52-77" 10YR 5/1 Gray, Course Sand, Friable, Gravely, granular

REDOX @ 26" 10YR 7/8 Common Distinct

Soil Series: Walpole

EST Wet: 26" Below Grade

OBS WT: 51" Below Grade (Apparent 个)

Ledge: 77" Below Grade

# Test Pit 3 January 25th, 2022

0-16" 10YR 4/3 Brown, Loam, aggregated, friable

16-27" 10YR 6/6 Brownish Yellow, Loam, aggregated, friable, Gravely >5%

27-52" 10YR 7/2 Light Gray, Loamy Sand, aggregated, Friable Gravely >15%

52-84" 10YR 8/1 White, Sandy Clay Loam, Platey, indurate

REDOX @: 41" 10YR 7/8 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Canton - Chatfield Complex

EST Wet: 41" Below Grade

OBS WT: 84" Below Grade (Apparent ↘)

Ledge: 84" Below Grade

## Test Pit 4 January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2022

0-18" 10YR 5/4 Yellowish Brown, Loam, Friable, Aggregate

18-27" 10YR 6/6 Brownish Yellow, Sandy Loam, Gravely >5%, Friable, Aggregate

27-37" 10YR 6/2 Light Brownish Grey, Loamy Sand, > 15% Angular Rock Fragment (Iron Stone)

37-65" 10YR 7/8 Yellow, Decaying Bedrock, Angular Cobble, Iron Stone

REDOX @: 5R 3/8 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Chatfield

EST Wet: 37" Below Grade

OBS WT: 56" Below Grade (Apparent 个)

Ledge: 65" Below Grade

# Test Pit 5 January 25th, 2022

0-10" 10YR 4/3 Brown, Loamy Sand, aggregate, friable, gravely >5%

10-31" 10YR 5/4 Yellowish Brown, Course Sand, Granular, Friable, gravely

>15%

31-57" Gley 1 5/N Gray, Clay, Decayed Bedrock, Boulders >5%, Massive

REDOX @: 31" 5R 3/8 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Chatfield – Maybid Complex

EST Wet: 31" Below Grade

OBS WT: > 57"

Ledge: 57" Below Grade

# Test Pit 6 January 25th, 2022

0-12" 10YR 4/3 Brown, Sandy Loam, Aggregate, Friable

12-16" 10YR 7/2 Light Gray, Sand, granular, friable, gravely >5%

16-28" 10YR 7/1 Light Gray, Fine Sand, Granular, Friable

28-42" 10YR 7/3 Very Pale Brown, Sandy Loam, Aggregate, friable, heterogeneous

42-47" Gley 1 5/5G-1 Greenish Gray, Sandy Clay Loam, Platey, Indurate

47-96" Gley 2 8/5BG Light Greenish Gray, Clay, Massive, Indurate, homogeneous

REDOX @42" 5R 3/8 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Canton Complex (Anthropogenic)

EST Wet: 42" Below Grade

OBS WT: 79" Below Grade (Apparent →)

Ledge: > 96"

# Test Pit 7 January 25th, 2022

0-18"	10YR 4/2 Dark Grayish Brown, Sandy Loam, Friable, blocky
18-42"	10YR 7/4 Very pale Brown, Fine Sand, granular, friable
42-54"	10YR 6/6 Brownish Yellow, Course Sand, granular, friable
54-65"	10YR 5/8 Yellowish Brown, Sandy Loam, heterogeneous, friable
65-72"	Gley 2 4/10B Dark Blueish Gray, Sandy Clay Loam, Platey, Indurate
72-102"	Gley 2 7/10B Light Blueish Gray, Clay, Massive, Indurate
REDOX @ 5	7" 5R 3/8 Common Distinct >15%

## Soil Series: Canton Complex (Anthropogenic)

EST Wet: 57" Below Grade

OBS WT: 93" Below Grade (Apparent 个)

Ledge: >102"

# Test Pit 8 January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2022

0-14" 10YR 4/2 Dark Grayish Brown, Loamy Sand, friable, blocky

14-42" 10YR 7/4 Very pale Brown, Fine Sand, aggregate, friable, > 15% Cobble River Stone

42-50" Gley 1 5/5G\_/1 Greenish Gray, Sandy Clay Loam, Aquatard present (Iron Stone), Massive, Indurate

50-55" 10YR 6/4 Light Yellowish Brown, Sandy Clay Loam, Inclusion, heterogeneous, Massive, Indurate

55-103" Gley 2 8/5BG Light Greenish Gray, Clay, Indurate, massive

REDOX @ 42 5R 3/8 Common Distinct >15% (Aquatard (Potentially Anthropogenic))

Soil Series: Canton Complex (Anthropogenic)

EST Wet: 42" Below Grade

# Test Pit 8 January 25th, 2022 (Cont'd)

OBS WT: 101" Below Grade (Apparent 个)

Ledge: > 103"

# Test Pit 9 January 25th, 2022

0-9" 10YR 4/3 Brown, Loam, blocky, friable, gravely >5%

9-23" 10YR 5/6 Yellowish Brown, Loamy Sand, granular, , > 15% Angular Rock Fragment (Iron Stone)

23-54" 10YR 7/2 light Grey, Sandy Loam, Indurate, massive, heterogeneous, > 15% Angular Rock Fragment (Iron Stone)

REDOX @ 5R 4/6 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Walpole

EST Wet: 30" Below Grade

OBS WT: > 54"

Ledge: 54" Below Grade

# Test Pit 10 February 1st, 2022

0-12" 10YR 4/4 Dark Yellowish Brown, Loamy Sand, Blocky, Friable, Cobble >15%, Homogeneous Soil

12-23" 10YR 6/3 Pale Brown, Sandy Loam, aggregate, friable, Cobble >15%, Homogeneous soil

23-36" 10YR 6/2 Light Brownish Grey, Course Sand, granular, Heterogeneous, Cobble >15%, Very Course particles <5%

36-66" 10YR 5/4 Yellowish Brown, Loamy Sand, massive, Indurate > 25% Angular Rock Fragment (Iron Stone)

# Test Pit 10 February 1st, 2022 (Cont'd)

66-76" 10YR 5/4 Yellowish Brown, Sandy Loam, massive, Indurate, decaying ledge, > 55% Angular Rock Fragment (Iron Stone)

REDOX @ 52 – 58 10YR 5/6 Common Distinct >15%

Soil Series: Canton – Walpole Complex

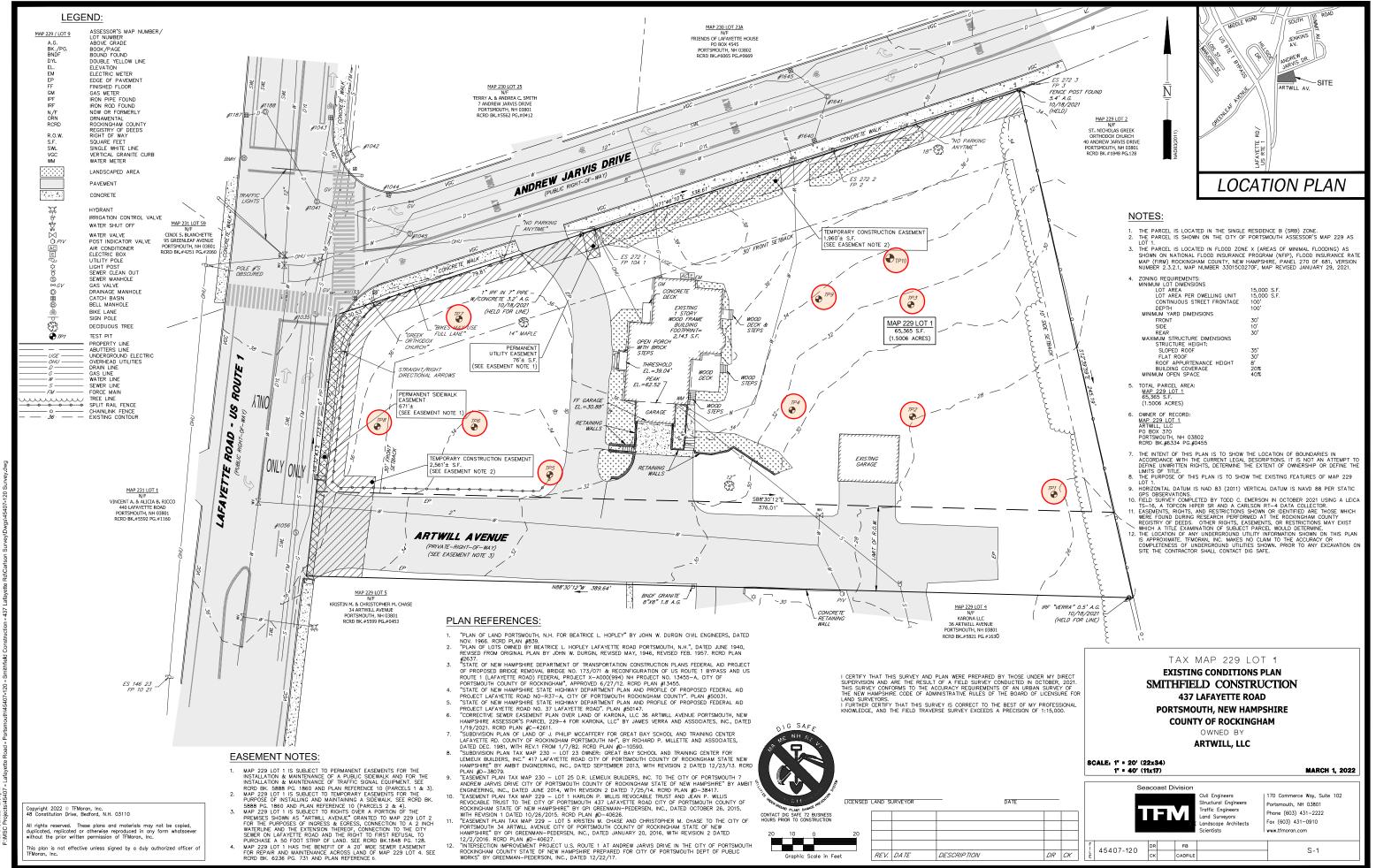
EST Wet: 52" Below Grade

OBS WT: >76"

Ledge: 76" Below Grade

April 19, 2022

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Mar 01, 2022 - 2:30pm



Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022

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#### SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC. DATE: 1/25/2022 10YR 5/3 BROWN, LOAM, MASSIVE, FRIABLE, ANTHROPOGENIC FILL (ASPHALT, BRICK) 13-20" AB 10YR 7/6 YELLOW, LOAM, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, GRAVELY <5% ROCK (IRON STONE) 20-55" B1 GLEY 1 7N GRAY, SANDY LOAM, MASSIVE, PLIABLE 55- 65" B2 10YR 5/1 GRAY, COARSE SAND, FRIABLE, MASSIVE, > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE) REDOX @ 20" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE EST WET: 20" BELOW GRADE OBS WT: 39" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT →) LEDGE: > 65" BELOW GRADE Test Pit #2: 0-15"A 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, MASSIVE 15-17" 10YR 7/6 YELLOW, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE, GRANULAR 17-27" GLEY 1 7/N LIGHT GRAY, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE, GRANULAR 27-52" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, LOAM, FRIABLE, MASSIVE 52-77" 10YR 5/1 GRAY, COURSE SAND, FRIABLE, GRAVELY, GRANULAR REDOX @ 26" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE EST WET: 26" BELOW GRADE OBS\_WT: 51" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 1) LEDGE: 77" BELOW GRADE 0-16" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, AGGREGATED, FRIABLE 16-27" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, LOAM, AGGREGATED, FRIABLE, GRAVELY >5% 27-52" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GRAY, LOAMY SAND, AGGREGATED, FRIABLE 52-84" 10YR 8/1 WHITE, SANDY CLAY LOAM, PLATEY, INDURATE REDOX @: 41" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% SOIL SERIES: CANTON - CHATFIELD COMPLEX EST WET: 41" BELOW GRADE OBS WT: 84" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT ) LEDGE: 84" BELOW GRADE Test Pit #4: 0-18" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAM, FRIABLE, AGGREGATE 18-27" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, SANDY LOAM, GRAVELY >5%, FRIABLE, AGGREGATE 27-37" 10YR 6/2 LIGHT BROWNISH GREY, LOAMY SAND, > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE) 37-65" 10YR 7/8 YELLOW, DECAYING BEDROCK, ANGULAR COBBLE, IRON STONE REDOX @: 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% SOIL SERIES: CHATFIELD EST WET: 37" BELOW GRADE OBS WT: 56" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT ↑) 0-10" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAMY SAND, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE, GRAVELY >5% 10-31" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE, GRAVELY >15% 31-57" GLEY 1 5/N GRAY, CLAY, DECAYED BEDROCK, BOULDERS >5%, REDOX @: 31" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% SOIL SERIES: CHATFIELD - MAYBID COMPLEX FST WET: 31" BELOW GRADE OBS WT: > 57" LEDGE: 57" BELOW GRADE

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SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC.
DATE: 1/25/2022
Test Pit #6:
0-12" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE
12-16" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GRAY, SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE,
 16-28" 10YR 7/1 LIGHT GRAY, FINE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE
28-42" 10YR 7/3 VERY PALE BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE, HETEROGENEOUS
42-47" GLEY 1 5/5G-1 GREENISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM, PLATEY, INDURATE
47-96" GLEY 2 8/5BG LIGHT GREENISH GRAY, CLAY, MASSIVE, INDURATE, HOMOGENEOUS
REDOX @42" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
         SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 42" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 79" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT →)
LEDGE: > 96"
Test Pit #7:
0-18" 10YR 4/2 DARK GRAYISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE, BLOCKY
 18-42" 10YR 7/4 VERY PALE BROWN, FINE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE
42-54" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE
54-65" 10YR 5/8 YELLOWISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, HETEROGENEOUS, FRIABLE
65-72" GLEY 2 4/10B DARK BLUEISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM, PLATEY, INDURATE
72-102" GLEY 2 7/10B LIGHT BLUEISH GRAY, CLAY, MASSIVE, INDURATE
          REDOX @ 57" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
         SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 57" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 93" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 1)
LEDGE: >102"
0-14" 10YR 4/2 DARK GRAYISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, FRIABLE,
14-42" 10YR 7/4 VERY PALE BROWN, FINE SAND, AGGREGATE,
         FRIABLE. > 15% COBBLE RIVER STONE
42-50" GLEY 1 5/5G /1 GREENISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM.
          AQUATARD PRESENT (IRON STONE), MASSIVE, INDURATE
50-55" 10YR 6/4 LIGHT YELLOWSH BROWN, SANDY CLAY LOAM, INCLUSION, HETEROGENEOUS, MASSIVE, INDURATE
55-103" GLEY 2 8/5BG LIGHT GREENISH GRAY, CLAY, INDURATE,
REDOX @ 42 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% (AQUATARD
          (POTENTIALLY ANTHROPOGENIC))
         SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 42" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 101" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT ↑)
LEDGE: > 103"
 0-9"10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, GRAVELY >5%
9-23" 10YR 5/6 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, GRANULAR, , > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)
23-54" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GREY, SANDY LOAM, INDURATE, MASSIVE, HETEROGENEOUS, > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON
         STONE)
REDOX @ 5R 4/6 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
              SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE
EST WET: 30" BELOW GRADE
OBS_WT: > 54"
LEDGE: 54" BELOW GRADE
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TEST PIT LOG
SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH
LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC.
DATE: 2/1/2022
Test Pit #10:
0-12" 10YR 4/4 DARK YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, COBBLE >15%, HOMOGENEOUS SOIL
12-23" 10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE,
           COBBLE >15% HOMOGENEOUS SOIL
23-36" 10YR 6/2 LIGHT BROWNISH GREY, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR, HETEROGENEOUS, COBBLE >15%, VERY COURSE PARTICLES <5%
36-66" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, MASSIVE,
          INDURATE > 25% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)
66-76" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, MASSIVE, INDURATE, DECAYING LEDGE, > 55% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT
          (IRON STONE)
REDOX @ 52 - 58 10YR 5/6 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
         SOIL SERIES: CANTON - WALPOLE COMPLEX
OBS WT: >76"
LEDGE: 76" BELOW GRADE
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TAX MAP 229 LOT 1 TEST PITS LOGS SMITHFIELD CONSTRUCTION

**437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM

OWNED BY ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE: N.T.S.

**MARCH 1. 2022** 





Civil Engineers I 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Structural Engineer Traffic Engineers Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone (603) 431-2222 Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Fax (603) 431-0910

www.tfmoran.com

S-2



Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022

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Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-3 - Back Yard of Lot 3 - Hole #1

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 45.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 104.1 cm 41 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Time Coefficient Elapsed # On Reading # Reading Factor Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr in/hr 26.5 1 0 1.8072 0.711 0.000753 0.0006 1.808 0.712 0.526 2 0.5 20 0.000753 25.5 1.0 0.008 1 20 2400 59.1 1.337 20 0.000753 24.9 0.6 0.008 20 1440 1.08432 0.427 0.000753 0.0006 1.085 0.427 0.802 0.316 3 1 59.1 1 4 1.5 20 0.000753 24.2 0.7 0.008 1 20 1680 1.26504 0.498 59.1 0.000753 0.0006 1.266 0.498 0.936 0.368 5 2 20 0.000753 23.5 0.7 0.008 20 1680 1.26504 0.498 59.1 0.000753 0.0006 1.266 0.498 0.936 0.368 1 20 0.000753 22.8 0.7 0.008 20 1680 1.26504 0.498 59.1 0.000753 0.0006 1.266 0.498 0.936 0.368 6 2.5 1 7 3 20 0.000753 22.2 0.6 0.008 1 20 1440 1.08432 0.427 59.1 0.000753 0.0006 1.085 0.427 0.802 0.316 8 3.5 20 0.000753 21.7 0.5 0.008 20 1200 0.9036 0.356 59.1 0.000753 0.0006 0.904 0.356 0.668 0.263 Average Ksat based on readings 2-7 0.470 0.470 0.347

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-3 - Back Yard of Lot 3 - Hole #2

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 52.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 104.1 cm 41 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Time Coefficient Elapsed # On Reading # Reading Factor Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr in/hr in/hr 27 1 0 4.05888 1.5980 0.0007 1.5974 1.100 2 0.5 16 0.001057 25.4 1.6 0.008 1 20 3840 52.1 0.001057 4.058 2.794 3 16 0.001057 24.5 0.9 20 2160 2.28312 0.8989 0.001057 0.0007 2.282 0.899 1.571 0.619 1 0.008 1 52.1 16 52.1 4 1.5 0.001057 23.4 1.1 0.008 1 20 2640 2.79048 1.0986 0.001057 0.0007 2.790 1.0982 1.921 0.756 5 2 16 0.001057 22.5 0.9 0.008 20 2160 2.28312 0.8989 52.1 0.001057 0.0007 2.282 0.899 1.571 0.619 1 16 21.6 0.9 0.008 20 2.28312 0.8989 52.1 0.001057 0.0007 2.282 0.899 1.571 0.619 6 2.5 0.001057 1 2160 7 3 16 0.001057 20.7 0.9 0.008 1 20 2160 2.28312 0.8989 52.1 0.001057 0.0007 2.282 0.899 1.571 0.619 8 3.5 16 0.001057 19.9 8.0 0.008 20 1920 2.02944 0.7990 52.1 0.001057 0.0007 2.029 0.799 1.397 0.550 Average Ksat based on readings 2,4-8 0.8789 0.879 0.605

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: <u>TP-3 - Back Yard of Lot 3 - Hole #3</u>

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Approximate Glover

Depth of Auger Hole = 46.0 cm |mpervious Layer or ESHWT = 104.1 cm

										, ibbi oviiii	ate diover				Jiovei Joiat			
										Solu	ition				if s>	2H	if s<	:2H
Reading	Time Interval	н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow		Hydraulic ivity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	42.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	0.5	19	0.000815	40.8	1.2	0.008	1	20	2880	2.3472	0.924	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	2.347	0.924	1.694	0.667
3	1	19	0.000815	39.9	0.9	0.008	1	20	2160	1.7604	0.693	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.760	0.693	1.271	0.500
4	1.5	19	0.000815	39.0	0.9	0.008	1	20	2160	1.7604	0.693	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.760	0.693	1.271	0.500
5	2	19	0.000815	38.0	1.0	0.008	1	20	2400	1.956	0.770	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.956	0.770	1.412	0.556
6	2.5	19	0.000815	37.2	0.8	0.008	1	20	1920	1.5648	0.616	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.565	0.616	1.129	0.445
7	3	19	0.000815	36.4	0.8	0.008	1	20	1920	1.5648	0.616	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.565	0.616	1.129	0.445
8	3.5	19	0.000815	35.6	0.8	0.008	1	20	1920	1.5648	0.616	58.1	0.000815	0.0006	1.565	0.616	1.129	0.445
											0.724					0.724		0.522

\* NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Hole #1 0.5
Hole #2 0.9
Hole #3 0.7
Average 0.7

**41** in

**Glover Solution** 

(From Ground Surface

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-4 Between Lots 2 and 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 46.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 94.0 cm 37 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover Solution

										Solu	tion				if s>	2H	if s<	<2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti	Hydraulic vity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	33.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	14	0.001288	32.4	0.6	0.017	1	20	720	0.92736	0.3651	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	0.928	0.365	0.613	0.241
3	2	14	0.001288	31.8	0.6	0.017	1	20	720	0.92736	0.3651	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	0.928	0.365	0.613	0.241
4	3	14	0.001288	31.3	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.7728	0.3043	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	0.773	0.304	0.511	0.201
5	4	14	0.001288	30.8	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.7728	0.3043	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	0.773	0.304	0.511	0.201
6	5	14	0.001288	30.4	0.4	0.017	1	20	480	0.61824	0.2434	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	0.618	0.243	0.409	0.161
7	6	14	0.001288	22.2	8.2	0.017	1	20	9840	12.67392	4.9897	48.0	0.001288	0.0009	12.677	4.991	8.381	3.300
														•				
	Average Ksat based on readings 1-6										0.3164					0.316		0.724
		·								·		•	·	•		·		

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-4 Between Lots 2 and 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 38.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 94.0 cm 37 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Time Coefficient # On Reading # Reading Factor Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr 27.2 1 0 2 0.7 0.033 20 0.48846 0.1923 0.001163 0.0007 0.489 0.192 0.305 0.120 2 15 0.001163 26.5 1 420 56.0 3 4 15 0.001163 0.5 0.033 20 300 0.3489 0.1374 56.0 0.001163 0.0007 0.349 0.137 0.218 0.086 26 1 6 15 1 0.044 4 0.001163 25.9 0.1 0.033 20 60 0.06978 0.0275 56.0 0.001163 0.0007 0.070 0.027 0.017 15 5 8 0.001163 25.4 0.5 0.033 1 20 300 0.3489 0.1374 56.0 0.001163 0.0007 0.349 0.137 0.218 0.086 Average Ksat based on readings 1-3 0.1648 0.103 0.165

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-4 Between Lots 2 and 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole =  $19.6 \text{ cm}^2$ Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Approximate Glover

Depth of Auger Hole = 43.0 cm Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 94.0 cm

										, ippi oxiiii	ate diover				Jiovei Joiut			
										Solu	tion				if s>	2H	if s<	:2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti	Hydraulic vity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conducti	•
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm <sup>3</sup> /hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	1	-	37.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	15	0.001163	36.0	1.0	0.017	1	20	1200	1.3956	0.549	51.0	0.001163	0.0008	1.396	0.550	0.931	0.367
3	2	15	0.001163	35.5	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.6978	0.275	51.0	0.001163	0.0008	0.698	0.275	0.466	0.183
4	3	15	0.001163	35.0	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.6978	0.275	51.0	0.001163	0.0008	0.698	0.275	0.466	0.183
5	4	15	0.001163	34.5	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.6978	0.275	51.0	0.001163	0.0008	0.698	0.275	0.466	0.183
6	5	15	0.001163	34.0	0.5	0.017	1	20	600	0.6978	0.275	51.0	0.001163	0.0008	0.698	0.275	0.466	0.183
	Average Ksat based on readings 3-6										0.275					0.275		0.183
							•										•	

\* NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Hole #1 0.3
Hole #2 0.2
Hole #3 0.3
Average 0.3

37 in

Glover Solution

(From Ground Surface

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP 5 - SE Corner of Lot 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =

Depth of Auger Hole = 32.0 cm

78.7 cm

31 in

(From Ground Surface

Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Coefficient Elapsed # On Reading # Reading Factor Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr in/hr in/hr 1 0 46.8 2 2.3 13.24512 5.2146 0.001827 0.0010 13.238 5.212 2.901 2 11 0.00182817 44.5 0.033 2 105 7245 46.7 7.368 3 3 11 0.00182817 43.8 0.7 0.017 105 4410 8.062249 3.1741 46.7 0.001827 0.0010 8.058 3.173 4.485 1.766 2 4 4 11 0.00182817 43.3 0.5 0.017 2 105 3150 5.75875 2.2672 46.7 0.001827 0.0010 5.756 2.266 3.203 1.261 5 5 11 0.00182817 42.8 0.5 0.017 2 105 3150 5.75875 2.2672 46.7 0.001827 0.0010 5.756 2.266 3.203 1.261 0.00182817 0.017 6.910499 2.7207 0.001827 0.0010 2.719 3.844 6 6 11 42.2 0.6 2 105 3780 46.7 6.907 1.513 Average Ksat based on readings 3-6 2.6073 2.606 1.450

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

Project No: 45407.12

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH

Date: 1/25/2022

Location: TP 5 - SE Corner of Lot 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Denth of Auger Hole = 37.0 cm

										Dept	n of Auger	Hole =	37.0	cm				
									Depth to	Impervious	Layer or Es	SHWT =	78.7	cm	31	in	(From Grou	und Surface
										Approxim	ate Glover			(	Slover Solut	tion		
_										Solu	tion				if s>	-2H	if s<	2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti	Hydraulic vity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	32.7	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	16	0.001057	31.8	0.9	0.017	2	105	5670	5.99319	2.360	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	5.991	2.359	4.778	1.881
3	2	16	0.001057	31.1	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	4.66137	1.835	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	4.660	1.835	3.716	1.463
4	3	16	0.001057	30.2	0.9	0.017	2	105	5670	5.99319	2.360	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	5.991	2.359	4.778	1.881
5	4	16	0.001057	29.4	0.8	0.017	2	105	5040	5.32728	2.097	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	5.325	2.097	4.247	1.672
6	5	16	0.001057	28.7	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	4.66137	1.835	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	4.660	1.835	3.716	1.463
7	6	16	0.001057	28	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	4.66137	1.835	41.7	0.001057	0.0008	4.660	1.835	3.716	1.463
														·				
			Avera	age Ksat bas	sed on read	ings					2.054					2.053		1.637
																		•

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

- Н Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s) Α1
- Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s) В1
- Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Hole #2 2.4 Average

Hole #1 2.6 2.1

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-7 Back of Lot 1

For 5 cm Auger

Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 28.0 cm

A of Auger Hole =  $19.6 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Approximate Glover

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 236.2 cm 93 in (From Ground Surface

**Glover Solution** 

1										Solu	tion				if s>	·2H	if s<	2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti	Hydraulic vity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	26.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	12	0.0016137	24.8	1.2	0.017	2	105	7560	12.19959	4.8030	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	12.193	4.801	2.086	0.821
3	2	12	0.0016137	24.1	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	7.11643	2.8017	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	7.113	2.800	1.217	0.479
4	3	12	0.0016137	23.3	0.8	0.017	2	105	5040	8.133062	3.2020	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	8.129	3.200	1.391	0.547
5	4	12	0.0016137	22.5	0.8	0.017	2	105	5040	8.133062	3.2020	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	8.129	3.200	1.391	0.547
6	5	12	0.0016137	21.8	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	7.11643	2.8017	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	7.113	2.800	1.217	0.479
7	6	12	0.0016137	20.9	0.9	0.017	2	105	5670	9.149695	3.6022	208.2	0.001613	0.0003	9.145	3.600	1.564	0.616
	Average Ksat based on readings 3-7										3.1219					3.120		0.534

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-7 Back of Lot 1

For 5 cm Auger A of Auger Hole =  $19.6 \text{ cm}^2$ Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 36.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 236.2 cm 93 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover Glover Solution

										Solu	tion				if s>	•2H	if s<	:2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti		s*	A1	B1	Saturated Conducti		Saturated Conductiv	*
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	15.5	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	8	0.00284801	14.5	1.0	0.017	2	105	6300	17.94247	7.0640	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	17.933	7.060	2.061	0.811
3	2	8	0.00284801	13.7	0.8	0.017	2	105	5040	14.35398	5.6512	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	14.347	5.648	1.649	0.649
4	3	8	0.00284801	12.8	0.9	0.017	2	105	5670	16.14822	6.3576	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	16.140	6.354	1.855	0.730
5	4	8	0.00284801	12.2	0.6	0.017	2	105	3780	10.76548	4.2384	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	10.760	4.236	1.236	0.487
6	5	8	0.00284801	11.5	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	12.55973	4.9448	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	12.553	4.942	1.443	0.568
7	6	8	0.00284801	10.8	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	12.55973	4.9448	200.2	0.002847	0.0003	12.553	4.942	1.443	0.568
					•													•
					•													•
	Average Ksat based on readings 3-7										5.2273					5.225		0.600
					•													•

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-7 Back of Lot 1

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup>
Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 34

Depth of Auger Hole = 34 cm
Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 236.2 cm 93 in (From Ground Surface
Approximate Glover Glover Solution

										Solu	tion				if s>	2H	if s<	2H
Reading #	Time Interval	н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti		S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	•
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm <sup>3</sup> /hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	38.5	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	8.5	0.00262191	37.9	0.6	0.017	2	105	3780	9.910837	3.902	202.2	0.002621	0.0003	9.906	3.900	1.209	0.476
3	2	8.5	0.00262191	37.1	0.8	0.017	2	105	5040	13.21445	5.203	202.2	0.002621	0.0003	13.208	5.200	1.612	0.635
4	3	8.5	0.00262191	36.4	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	11.56264	4.552	202.2	0.002621	0.0003	11.557	4.550	1.410	0.555
5	4	8.5	0.00262191	35.7	0.7	0.017	2	105	4410	11.56264	4.552	202.2	0.002621	0.0003	11.557	4.550	1.410	0.555
6	6	8.5	0.00262191	34.5	1.2	0.033	2	105	3780	9.910837	3.902	202.2	0.002621	0.0003	9.906	3.900	1.209	0.476
	Average Ksat based on readings 3-6										4.552					4.550		0.555

\* NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Hole #1 3.1
Hole #2 5.2
Hole #3 4.6
Average 4.3

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-10 Back of Lot 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth of Auger Hole = 34.0 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 159.0 cm 63 in (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover Solution

1										Solu	tion				if s>	∙2H	if s<	:2H
Reading #	Time Interval	н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Conducti	Hydraulic vity (K <sub>sat</sub> )	S	A1	B1	Saturated Conductiv		Saturated Conductiv	*
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm <sup>3</sup>	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	-	-	34.5	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	1	20	0.00075386	33.3	1.2	0.017	1	20	1440	1.085555	0.4274	125.0	0.000753	0.0003	1.085	0.427	0.461	0.182
3	2	20	0.00075386	31.5	1.8	0.017	1	20	2160	1.628332	0.6411	125.0	0.000753	0.0003	1.628	0.641	0.692	0.272
4	3	20	0.00075386	30.0	1.5	0.017	1	20	1800	1.356944	0.5342	125.0	0.000753	0.0003	1.356	0.534	0.576	0.227
5	4	20	0.00075386	28.5	1.5	0.017	1	20	1800	1.356944	0.5342	125.0	0.000753	0.0003	1.356	0.534	0.576	0.227
5	5	20	0.00075386	27.0	1.5	0.017	1	20	1800	1.356944	0.5342	125.0	0.000753	0.0003	1.356	0.534	0.576	0.227
												•						
	Average Ksat based on readings 3-7										0.5609					0.561		0.238

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project No: 45407.12 Date: 1/25/2022

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-10 Back of Lot 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup> Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =

Depth of Auger Hole = 46.0 cm

159.0 cm

63

(From Ground Surface

Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Time Coefficient Elapsed # On Reading # Reading Factor Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr in/hr in/hr 1 0 42 4.934274 1.9426 1.942 2 0.5 26 0.00050145 37.9 4.1 0.008 1 20 9840 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 4.932 2.783 1.096 26 0.00050145 34.4 20 4.212185 1.6583 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 4.210 1.657 2.376 0.935 3 1 3.5 0.008 8400 1 4 1.5 26 0.00050145 31.8 2.6 0.008 1 20 6240 3.129052 1.2319 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 3.127 1.231 1.765 0.695 5 2 26 0.00050145 2.0 0.008 20 4800 2.406963 0.9476 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 2.406 0.947 1.358 0.535 29.8 1 1.92557 0.7581 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 1.925 1.086 0.428 6 2.5 26 0.00050145 28.2 1.6 0.008 20 3840 0.758 1 7 3 26 0.00050145 26.6 1.6 0.008 1 20 3840 1.92557 0.7581 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 1.925 0.758 1.086 0.428 8 3.5 26 0.00050145 25.4 1.2 0.008 1 20 2880 1.444178 0.5686 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 1.443 0.568 0.815 0.321 9 4 26 0.00050145 24.2 1.2 0.008 1 20 2880 1.444178 0.5686 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 1.443 0.568 0.815 0.321 4.5 26 0.00050145 23 0.008 1 20 2880 1.444178 0.5686 113.0 0.000501 0.0003 1.443 0.568 0.815 10 1.2 0.321 Average Ksat based on readings 3-7 0.6444 0.644 0.363

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

Project No: 45407.12 Date: 1/25/2022

Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH Location: TP-10 Back of Lot 3

For 5 cm Auger

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm<sup>2</sup>
Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm
Depth of Auger Hole = 32

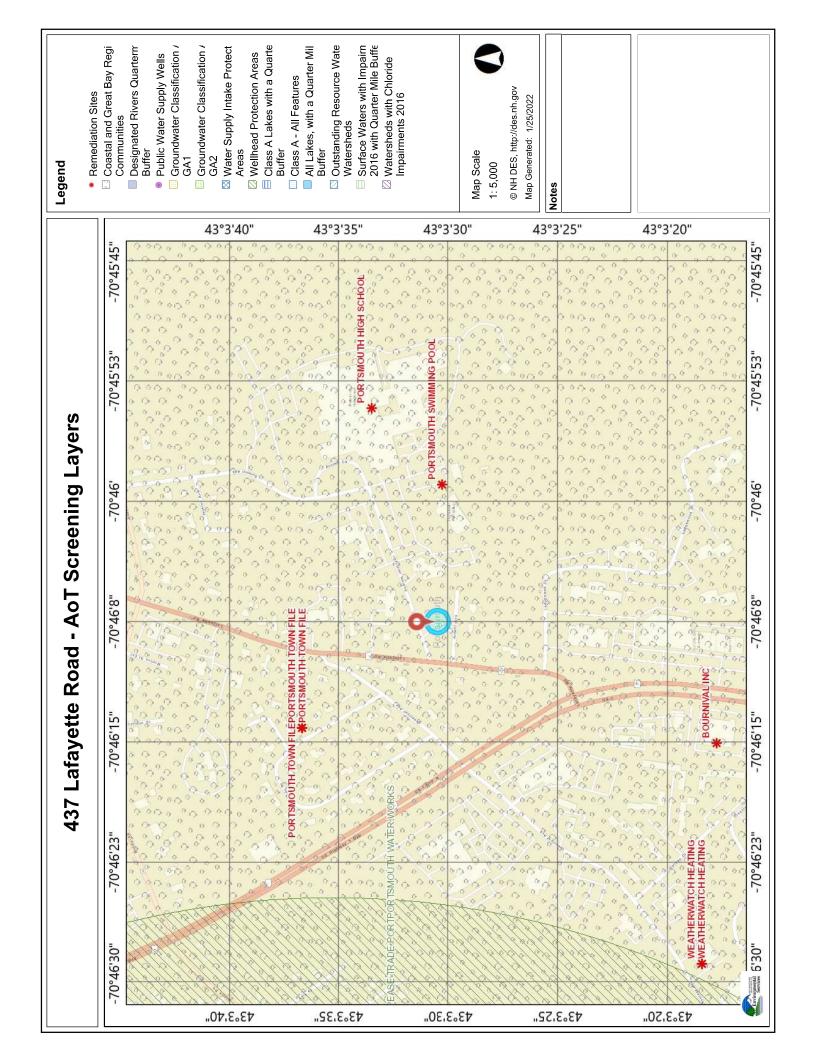
Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 159.0 cm (From Ground Surface Approximate Glover **Glover Solution** Solution if s>2H if s<2H Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Time Coefficient **Elapsed** # On Reading # Reading Outflow Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Conductivity (K<sub>sat</sub>) Interval Time (Area) cm<sup>3</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>/hr cm/hr cm/hr I/cm in/hr 1 0 35.0 1.947 0.600 2 0.5 14 0.001288 33.4 1.6 0.008 1 20 3840 4.94592 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 4.947 1.948 1.524 14 0.001288 32.6 0.8 20 1920 2.47296 0.974 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 2.474 0.974 0.762 0.300 3 1 0.008 1 4 1.5 14 0.001288 31.8 0.8 0.008 1 20 1920 2.47296 0.974 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 2.474 0.974 0.762 0.300 5 2 14 0.001288 31.1 0.7 0.008 20 1680 2.16384 0.852 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 2.164 0.852 0.667 0.263 1 14 30.4 0.7 0.008 2.16384 0.852 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 0.852 0.667 0.263 6 2.5 0.001288 20 1680 2.164 1 7 3 14 0.001288 29.6 0.8 0.008 1 20 1920 2.47296 0.974 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 2.474 0.974 0.762 0.300 8 3.5 14 0.001288 28.9 0.7 0.008 20 1680 2.16384 0.852 127.0 0.001288 0.0004 2.164 0.852 0.667 0.263 Average Ksat based on readings 3-6 0.913 0.913 0.281

- \* NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read
- H Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
- A Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
- d Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
- A1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- B1 Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- s Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Hole #1 0.6
Hole #2 0.6
Hole #3 0.9
Average 0.7

Project # 45407.120 Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH	April 19, 2022
APPENDIX J - NHDES ONE STOP DATAM	<u>IAPPER</u>

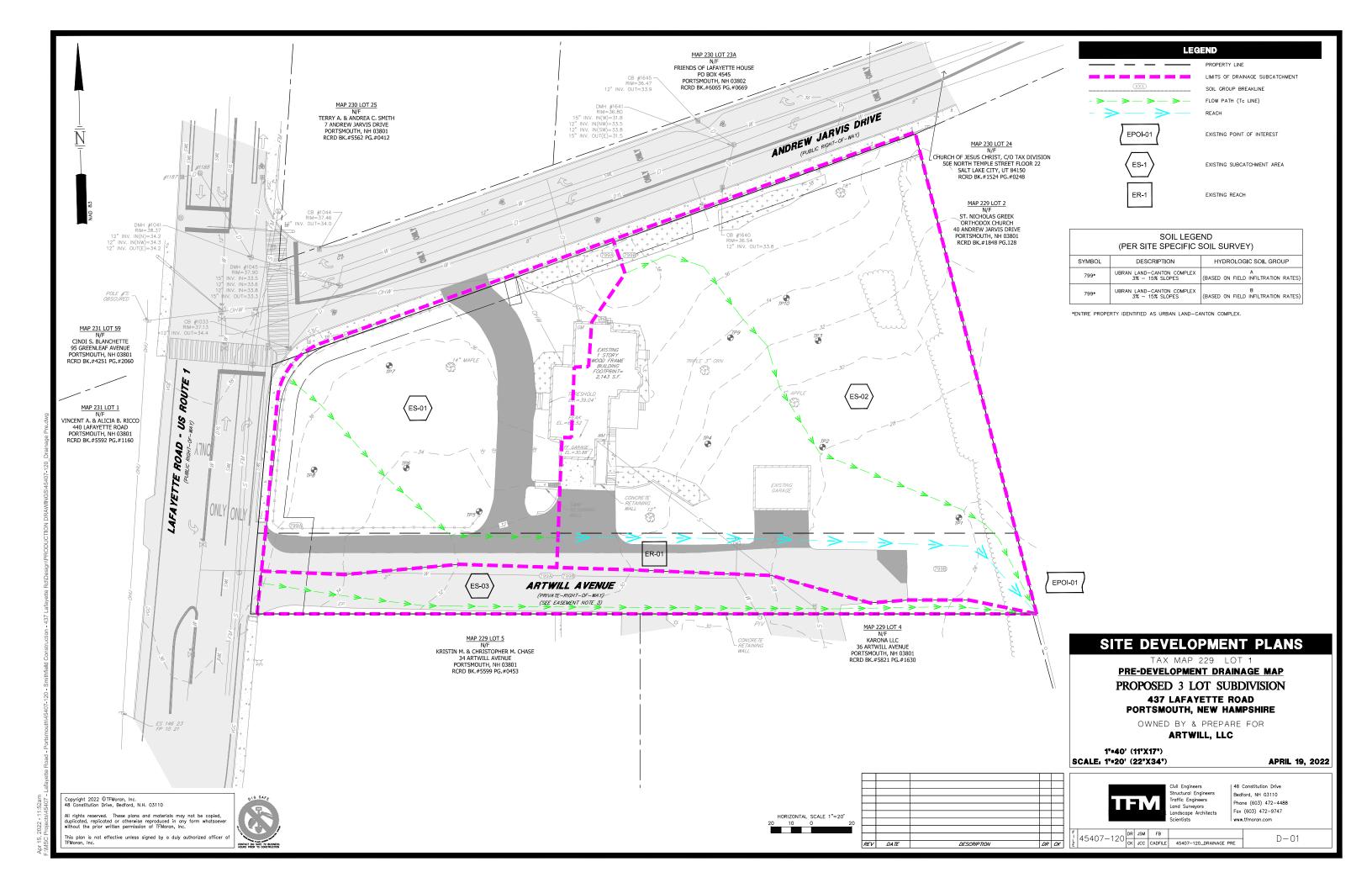
April 19, 2022

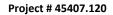


April 19, 2022

# APPENDIX K - PRE AND POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLANS

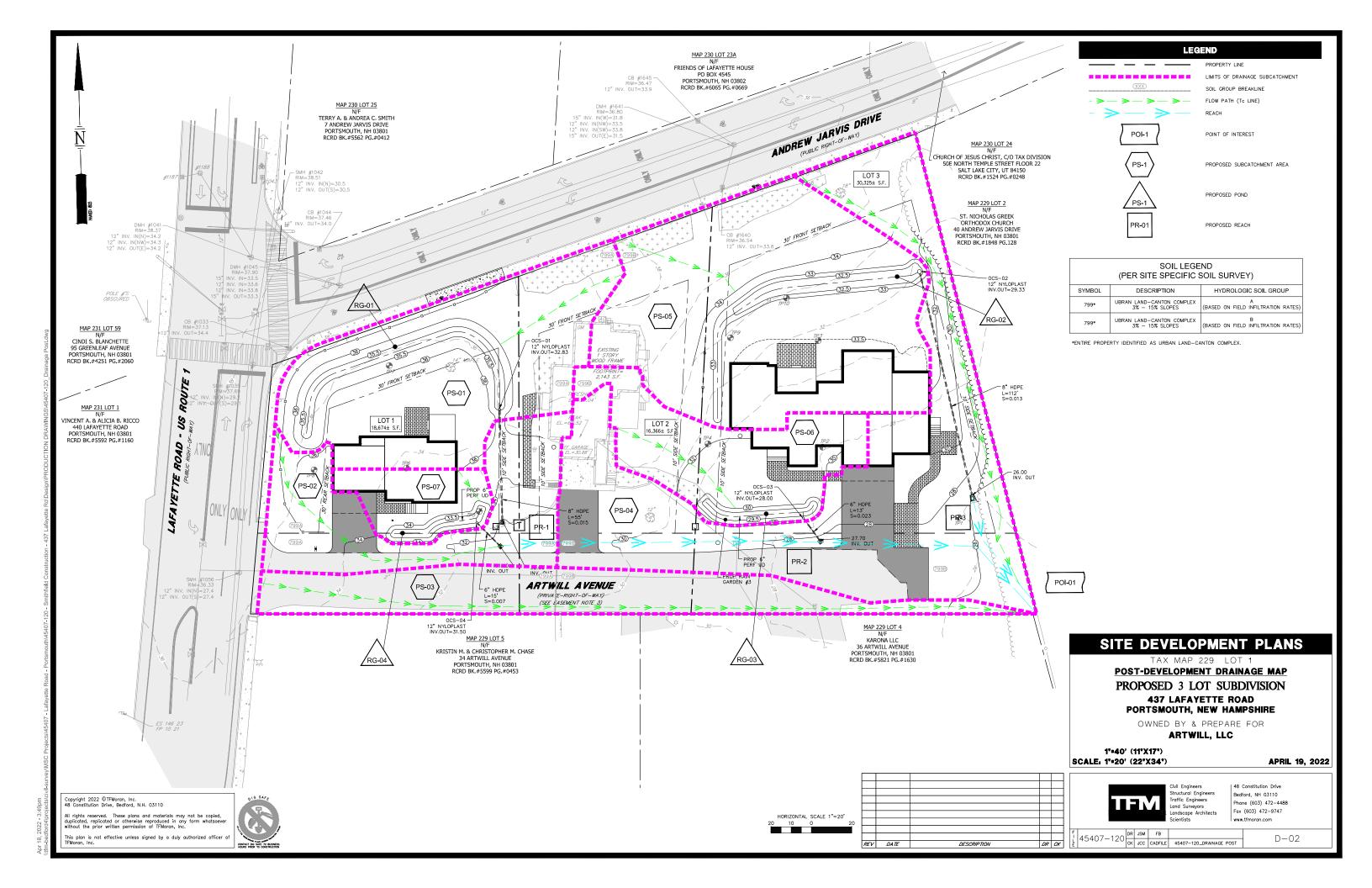
April 19, 2022

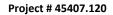




Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022





Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022

# APPENDIX L - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

April 19, 2022

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OPERATION & MAINENANCE MANUAL

F O R

# Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision

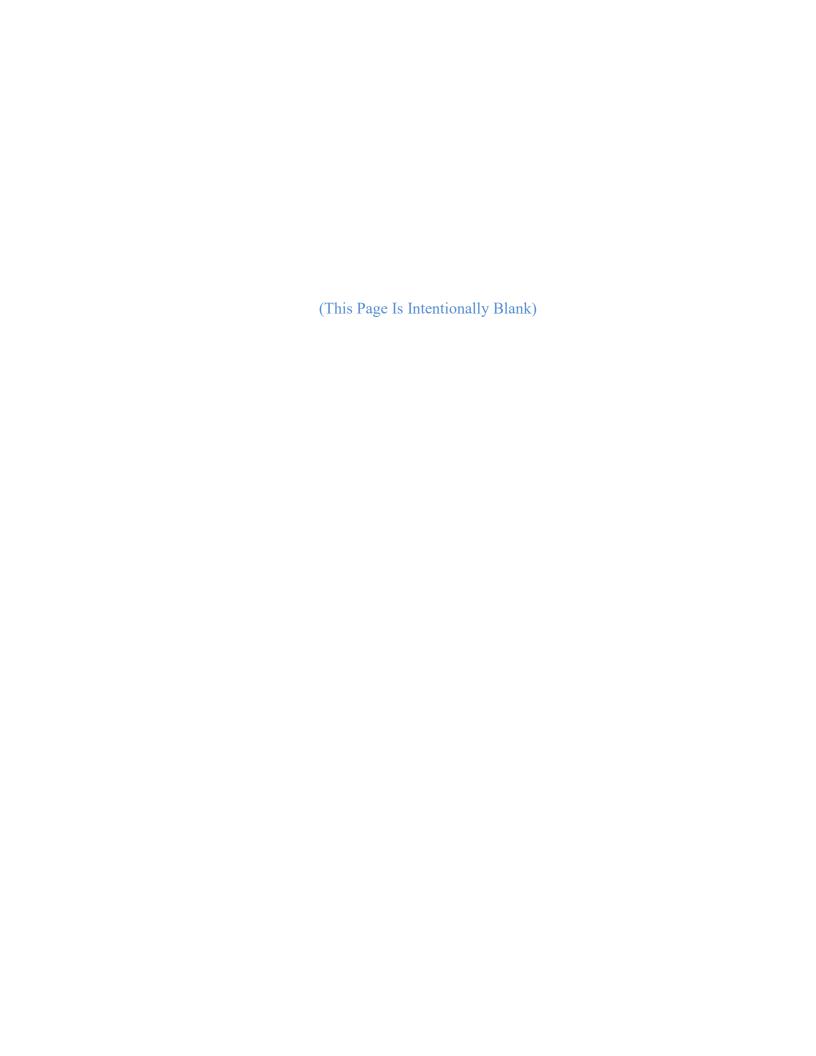
437 Lafayette Road Portsmouth, New Hampshire Rockingham County

Tax Map 229, Lot 1

**April 19, 2022** 

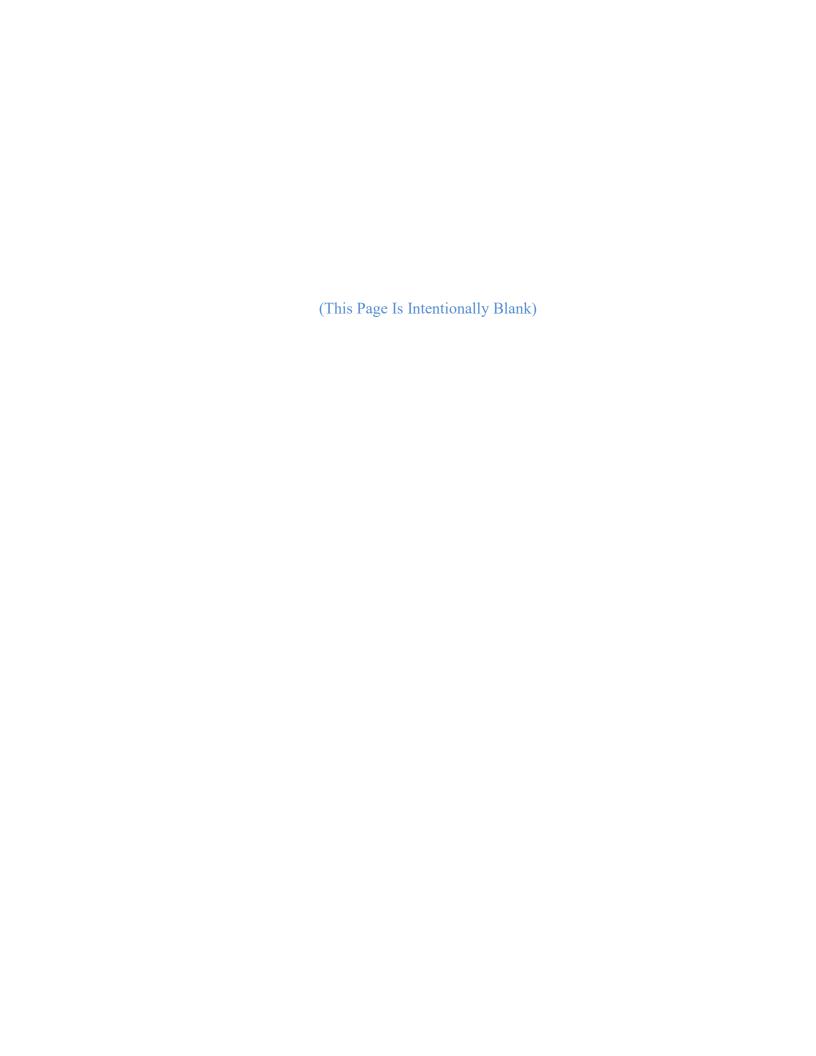
Prepared By:





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### Maintenance of Property

TFMoran, Inc., has prepared the following Stormwater Management System Operation & Maintenance Plan for Artwill, LLC at 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, New Hampshire. The intent of this plan is to provide the owner (Artwill, LLC), and future property managers/owners of the site with a list of procedures that document the inspection and maintenance requirements of the Stormwater Management System for this development. This includes all temporary and permanent stormwater and erosion control measures during construction.

#### <u>Plans</u>

Refer to the Site Development Plans prepared by TFMoran, Inc. for Tax Map 229 Lot 1, Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, dated April 19, 2022. See Appendix A in this manual for the "Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan" identifying locations of stormwater practices described hereon.

### Owner Responsibility

The current owners, and their successors of the property, are required to submit a copy of the Operations and Maintenance Report completed on a yearly basis to the City of Portsmouth Planning Department and Public Works Department by December 31<sup>st</sup>. The future successor includes but is not limited to the individual lot owners. This report should be prepared by a qualified inspector with working knowledge of the site. The owner shall be responsible for the following inspection and maintenance program which is necessary in order to keep the Stormwater Management System functioning properly. These measures will help reduce potential environmental impacts. By following the enclosed procedures, Artwill, LLC and its successors will be able to maintain the functional design of the Stormwater Management System and maximize its ability to remove sediment and other contaminants from site-generated stormwater runoff.

The owner and future owners are the responsible party for the following record keeping activities further identified in this Operation & Maintenance Manual:

- Conduct reporting, inspection, and maintenance activities in accordance with the "Inspection and Maintenance Checklist Requirements" and if applicable "Regular Inspection and Maintenance Guidance" provided by University of New Hampshire Stormwater Center (UNHSC);
- Document each inspection and maintenance activity with the "Inspection and Maintenance Log" and if applicable "Checklist for Inspection" provided by University of New Hampshire Stormwater Center (UNHSC);
- Photograph each practice that is subject to the "Inspection and Maintenance Checklist Requirements" at each inspection of that stormwater practice;
- Document actions taken if invasive species begin to grow in the stormwater management system; and
- Document each application of deicing material applied to the site with the "Deicing Log"

All record keeping required by the Operation & Maintenance Manual shall be maintained by the responsible party and be made available to the applicable regulatory agencies (i.e. NHDES AoT Bureau, City of Portsmouth, etc.) upon request. Logs and reports required by this Operation & Maintenance Manual should be prepared by a qualified inspector with working knowledge of the site. This manual and associated records shall be transferred to any future owners. All current and future owners must comply with RSA 485-A:17, Env-Wq 1500, the permit, and all conditions contained in the permit.

The following inspection and maintenance program is necessary in order to keep the Stormwater Management System functioning properly. These measures will greatly help to reduce potential environmental impacts. By following the enclosed procedures, Artwill, LLC and its successors will be able to maintain the functional design of the Stormwater Management System and maximize its ability to remove sediment and other contaminants from site-generated stormwater runoff.

### General Inspection and Maintenance Requirements

*Temporary* stormwater, sediment and erosion control measures that require maintenance on the site during construction include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Stabilized construction entrance;
- Silt sock barriers;
- Inlet protection; and
- o Construction dumpster area, if used.

*Permanent* stormwater, sediment and erosion control measures that require maintenance on the site include, but are not limited, to the following:

- Litter/trash removal;
- Dumpster area maintenance;
- Pavement sweeping;
- Surface maintenance related to deicing/plowing;
- Rip-rap protection;
- Bioretention systems;
- Outlet control structures;
- Emergency spillway;
- Catch basins;
- Drip line stone trench; and
- Culvert pipes.

### <u>Inspection and Maintenance Checklist Requirements</u> By implementing the following procedures, current owners will be able to maintain the

By implementing the following procedures, current owners will be able to maintain the functional design of the Stormwater Management System and maximize the systems ability to remove sediment and other contaminants from site-generated stormwater runoff. The owner shall conduct inspection and maintenance activities in accordance with the following checklist:

	Frequency	Inspect	Action
Temporary Controls			
Stabilized Construction Entrance	Weekly	Inspect adjacent roadway for sediment tracking	Sweep adjacent roadways as soon as sediment is tracked
		Inspect stone for sediment accumulation	Top dress with additional stone when necessary to prevent tracking
Litter/Trash Removal	Routinely	Inspect site     especially     construction areas	Remove debris and clean areas as necessary
Construction Dumpster Area Maintenance (if used)	Routinely	Dumpster Areas	Remove any     accumulated debris     and dispose of properly
Silt Sock Barrier	Weekly	Inspect     accumulated     sediment level,     rips and tears	<ul> <li>Repair or replace damaged lengths</li> <li>Remove and dispose accumulated sediment once level reaches 1/3 of barrier</li> </ul>
Gravel	Spring and Fall	Inspect gravel for ruts and depth	Replace gravel as necessary, regrade as necessary to maintain design grades, remove any accumulated gravel washed from roadway

	Frequency	Inspect	Action
Permanent Controls			
Rip Rap Outlet Protection	Spring and Fall and after rainstorms exceeding 2.5	Inspect for damage or displaced stones	Repair and replace stone and / or fabric immediately
	inches in 24 hrs	Inspect for torn or visible fabric	Remove accumulated sediment, trash and blocking materials

	Frequency	Inspect	Action
Permanent Controls		- 1	
Infiltration Basin	Spring and Fall and after rainstorms exceeding 2.5 inches in 24 hrs	Inspect level of accumulated sediment  Inspect for debrise.	<ul> <li>Remove accumulated sediment</li> <li>Remove debris from</li> </ul>
	mones in 24 ms	Inspect for debris	inlet and outlets
		Inspect outlet structures	Repair as necessary
		Inspect vegetative cover	<ul> <li>Mow embankments and removed woody vegetation</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Inspect embankments and spillways</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repair embankments and spillways as necessary</li> </ul>
		Inspect infiltration function within 72- hrs following a rainfall event	<ul> <li>Restore infiltration by removing accumulated sediments and reconstruction of the infiltration basin if deemed necessary</li> </ul>
Landscape (not including Bioretention Systems)	Spring	<ul> <li>Mulch: Inspect mulch areas for trash and debris and thickness of mulch</li> </ul>	Remove weeds and debris. Top dress with new mulch when necessary
	Spring	<ul> <li>Trees and Shrubs: Inspect for broken, weak or diseased branches and debris</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prune to maintain shape to avoid splitting, remove broken, weak or diseased branches, replace as necessary</li> </ul>
	As necessary	• Lawn	<ul> <li>Mow as required</li> </ul>
	Spring and Fall	Inspect landscaped areas for debris and litter	Remove debris and litter as necessary
Bioretention System	1st few months when rainfall exceeds 2.5" in a 24 hr period	Inspect drawdown time: required to drawdown in 72 hrs or the standing water covers more than 15% of the surface after 48 hrs	Remove the top few inches of discolored material and rake or till the remaining material as needed

	Frequency Inspect Action		Action
Permanent Controls		•	
	4 times for 1 <sup>st</sup> yr, then Spring and Fall	<ul> <li>Inspect for animal burrows and short circuits in the system</li> </ul>	Repair soil erosion from and fill holes and lightly compact
		Inspect inlet and outlet for debris and leaves	Remove material with rakes where possible rather than heavy construction equipment to avoid compaction of the gravel wetland surface
		Inspect the filter bed	Remove sediment as necessary. If more than 2" of filter material is removed, replace with the design filter media specified
		<ul> <li>Inspect vegetation for distress during extended periods without rain</li> </ul>	Water as necessary
	Spring and Fall	• Inspect Drawdown time: required to drawdown in 72 hrs or the standing water covers more than 15% of the surface after 48 hrs	Remove the top few inches of discolored material and rake or till the remaining material as needed
	Annually	Inspect inlet and outlet for erosion	Repair or replace as necessary
		Inspect vegetative cover	Reinforcement     plantings should be     performed if 50%     cover is not     established in 2 yrs.
	UNHSC (attached f Guidance" and "Cho between the UNHS	,	illable documents from Inspection Maintenance f there are discrepancies Manual's checklist
Conventional Pavement	Spring and Fall	Inspect pavement for debris	Sweeping as required

	Frequency	Inspect	Action
Permanent Controls			
Drainage (Catch Basins / Drop Inlets)	Spring and Fall	Inspect for sediment	If sump is more than half full of sediment, remove sediment as necessary
		Inspect for hydrocarbons	Remove and dispose of properly
		Inspect Hoods	Repair and replace as necessary
Drip Line Stone Trench	Spring and Fall	Inspect for debris and vegetation	Clean and remove debris and vegetation as necessary
Drain Manholes and Yard Drains	Spring and Fall	Inspect for accumulated sediment and debris	Clean any material upon inspection and deposit of properly
Inlet Protection (temporary during construction)	During construction and after measurable rainfall	Inspect for accumulated sediment	Empty sediment bag if more than ½ filled with sediment or debris. Replace bag if torn or punctured to ½" diameter or greater on the lower half of the bag
Culvert Pipe	Spring and Fall	Inspect for obstructions	<ul> <li>Remove and dispose of debris properly, Remove upstream debris to prevent future clogging</li> <li>Repair/replace if pipe becomes crushed or deteriorated</li> </ul>
Emergency Spillway	Spring and Fall	Inspect for erosion, sediment accumulation, stone loss, and presence of invasive species	Remove debris and accumulated sediment (sediment accumulation should not exceed 3")     Repair eroded areas     Remove invasive species and vegetation     Replace stone as necessary

	Frequency	Inspect	Action
Permanent Controls			
Outlet Control Structure	Annually	Inspection for debris or sediment buildup	<ul> <li>Remove sediment and debris as necessary</li> <li>Remove debris covering orifice or v- notch</li> </ul>
		Inspect structure	Repair as necessary

### **Landscaping**

Maintenance of landscaping to follow the NOFA Standards for Organic Land Care, 6th Edition, Practices for the Design and Maintenance of Ecological Landscapes. ("NOFA Standards for Organic Land Care." NOFA Standards for Organic Land Care 6th Edition Practices for the Design and Maintenance of Ecological Landscapes, Northeast Organic Farming Association of Connecticut, Inc, 2017, http://www.organiclandcare.net/sites/default/files/nofa\_organic\_land\_care\_standards\_6thedition\_2017\_opt.pdf.)

#### Inspection and Maintenance Records and Annual Report

A detailed, written record of all logs, reports, photographs required by this Operation & Maintenance Manual must be kept by the owner and future property owners or assigns and/or condominium association of the property. The property owner shall submit records to the City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works and Planning Department yearly. Addresses listed below:

Planning Director

Portsmouth Planning Department

Junkins Avenue

Director of Public Works

Department of Public Works

680 Peverly Hill Road

Portsmouth, NH 03801

Portsmouth, NH 03801

The attached forms are provided to assist the property manager with the inspection and maintenance of the Stormwater Management System. The "Inspection and Maintenance Log" (Attachment 1) and "Deicing Log" (Attachment 2) on the following pages are blank copies to aid in record keeping required by this Operation & Maintenance Manual.

Supplement the "Inspection and Maintenance Log" with the most currently available "Checklist for Inspections" from UNHSC (attached to this Manual for reference). Each inspection or maintenance activity shall include photographs of each practice that is subject to the "Inspection and Maintenance Checklist Requirements" at each inspection of that stormwater practice. Log actions taken if invasive species begin to grow in the stormwater management system as required per the attached "Control of Invasive Plants".

For all surface maintenance related activities related to deicing/plowing, complete the "Deicing Log" to track the amount and type of deicing materials applied to the site. Snow shall be stored in designated snow storage areas which have been designed to drain on-site and receive treatment via the stormwater management system prior to infiltration or discharge.

#### **Owner's Certification**

Contact Information

Owner: Artwill, LLC Contact Person Joe Caldarola

PO Box 370

Portsmouth, NH 03801

(603) 674-5204

joe@smithfieldconstruction.com

I have reviewed this document and understand the responsibilities contained. I agree to perform the required maintenance on the stormwater management system.

Owner's Signature (future owner's and successors, if applicable)
Print Name
Title
Date

Any inquiries in regard to the design, function, and/or maintenance of any one of the above mentioned facilities or tasks shall be directed to the project engineer:

TFMoran, Inc., Seacoast Division 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Portsmouth, NH 03801 (603) 431-2222

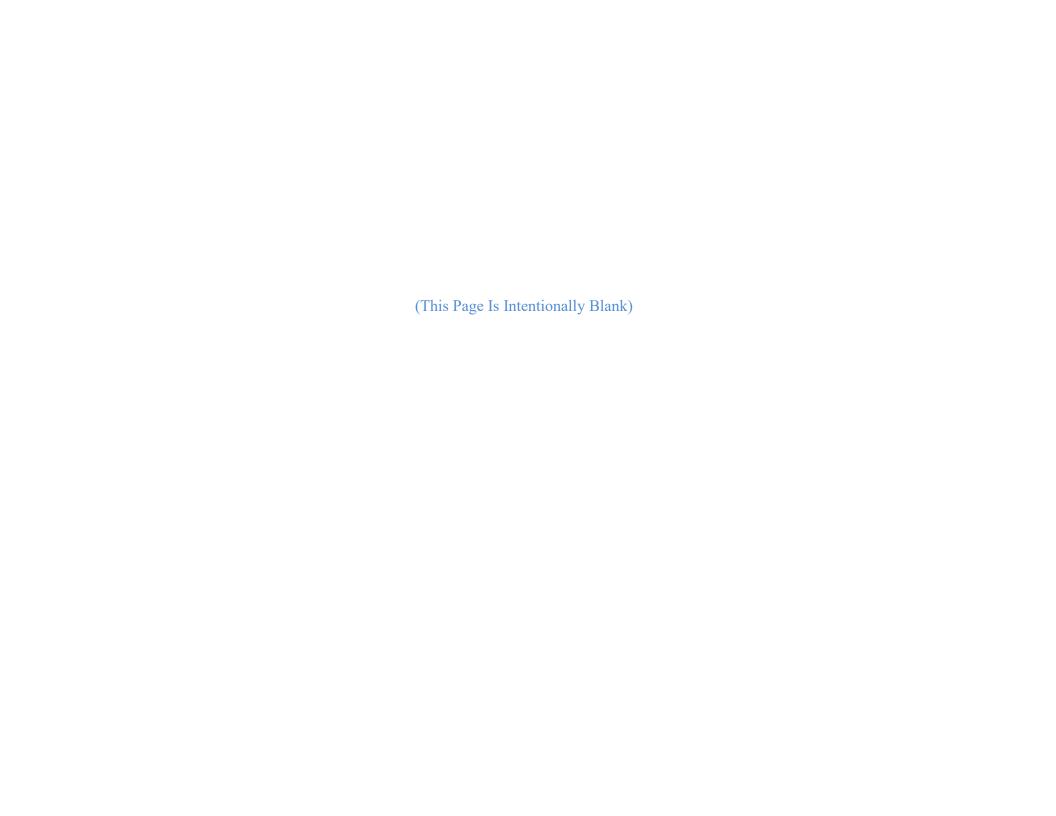
### **ATTACHMENT 1**

Inspection and Maintenance Log



### Inspection and Maintenance Log

BMP/System Component	Date Inspected	Inspector	Cleaning/Repair Needed (list items/comments)	Date of Cleaning/Repair	Performed By



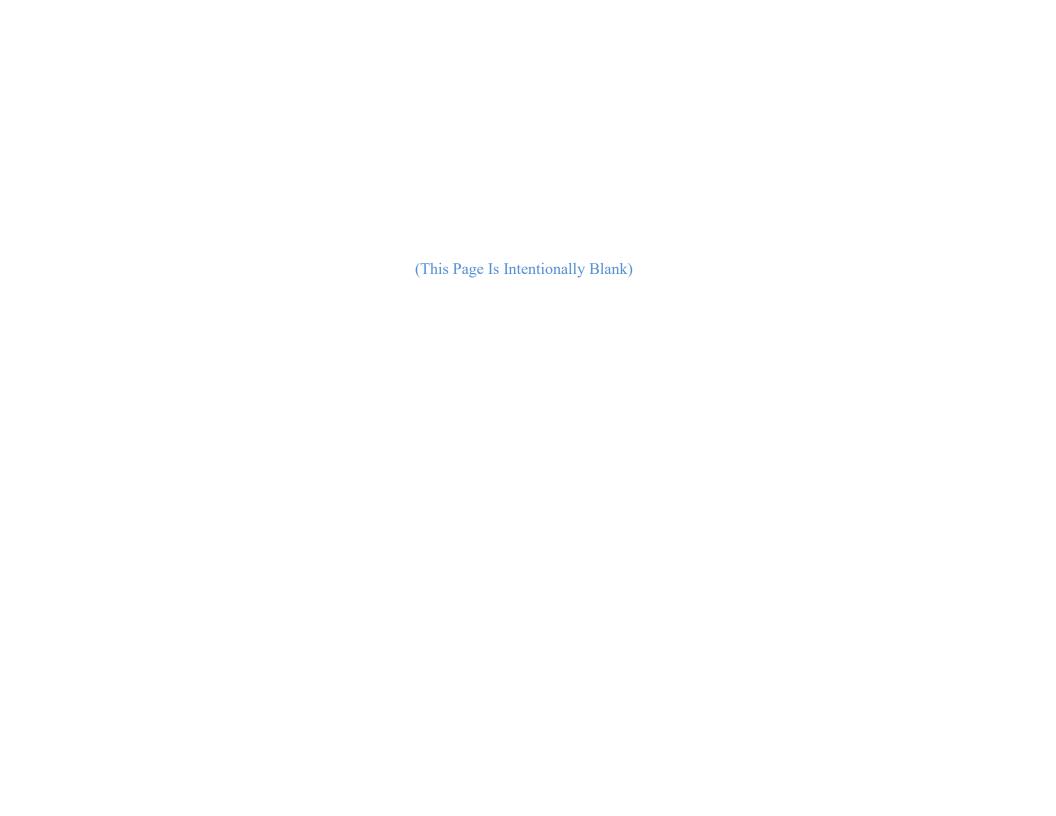
### **ATTACHMENT 2**

Deicing Log



### Deicing Log

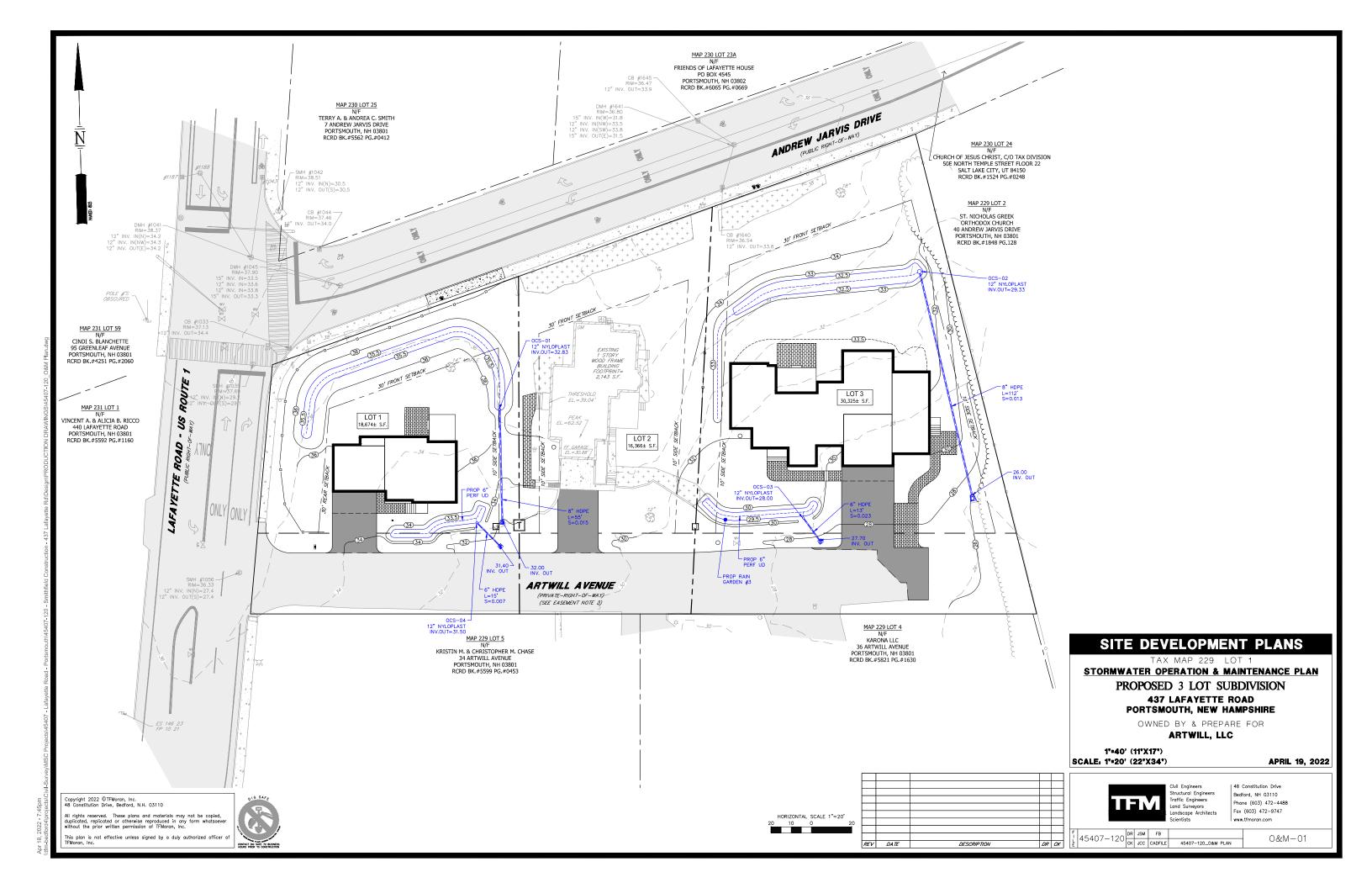
Deicing Material Used	Amount of Deicing Material Applied	Date of Application	Logged By

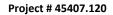


# **APPENDIX A**

Stormwater Operation & Maintenance Plan







Proposed 3 Lot Subdivision, 437 Lafayette Road, Portsmouth, NH

April 19, 2022

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# **APPENDIX B**

UNHSC Regular Inspection and Maintenance Guidelines for Bioretention Systems



# Regular Inspection and Maintenance Guidance for Bioretention Systems / Tree Filters

Maintenance of bioretention systems and tree filters can typically be performed as part of standard landscaping. Regular inspection and maintenance is critical to the effective operation of bioretention systems and tree filters to insure they remain clear of leaves and debris and free draining. This page provides guidance on maintenance activities that are typically required for these systems, along with the suggested frequency for each activity. Individual systems may have more, or less frequent maintenance needs depending on a variety of factors including but not limited to: the occurrence of large storm events, overly wet or dry periods, regional hydrologic conditions, and the upstream land use.

### **ACTIVITIES**

The most common maintenance activity is the removal of sediment and organic debris from the system and bypass structures. Visual inspections are routine for system maintenance. This includes looking for standing water, accumulated leaves, holes in the soil media, signs of plant distress, and debris and sediment accumulation in the system. Vegetation coverage is integral to the performance of the system, including infiltration rate and nutrient uptake. Vegetation care is important to system productivity and health.

ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY		
CLOGGING AND SYSTEM PERFORMANCE			
A record should be kept of the time to drain for the system completely after a storm event. The system should drain completely within 72 hours.  Check to insure the filter surface remains well draining after storm events.	After every major storm in the first few months, then annually		
<b>Remedy</b> : If filter bed is clogged, draining poorly, or standing water covers more than 50% of the surface 48 hours after a precipitation event, then remove top few inches of discolored material. Till, or rake remaining material as needed.	at minimum.		
Check inlets and outlets for leaves and debris.			
<b>Remedy</b> : Rake in and around the system to clear it of debris. Also, clear the inlet and overflow if obstructed.	Quarterly initially, annually as a minimum thereafter.		
Check for animal burrows and short-circuiting in the system.			
<b>Remedy:</b> Soil erosion from short circuiting or animal boroughs should be repaired when they occur. The holes should be filled and lightly compacted			
Inspect inlets and outlets to ensure good condition and no evidence of deterioration. Check to see if high-flow bypass is functioning.  Remedy: Repair or replace any damaged structural parts, inlets, outlets, sidewalls.			
VEGETATION			
Check for robust vegetation coverage throughout the system and dead or dying plants.  Remedy: Vegetation should cover > 75% of the system and should be cared for	Annually or as needed		
as needed.			



# **APPENDIX C**

UNHSC Checklist for Inspection of Bioretention System



CHECKLIST FOR INSPECTION OF	BIORE	<b>TENTION</b>	SYSTEM / TREE FILTERS
Location:			
Inspector:			
Date:			
Time:			
Site Conditions:			
Days Since Last Rain Event:			
Inspection Items	Satisfactory (S) or Unsatisfactory (U)		Comments/Corrective Action
1. Initial Inspection After Planting			
Plants are stable, roots not exposed	S	U	7
Surface is at design level, no evidence of preferential flow/shoving	S	U	
Inlet and outlet/bypass are functional	S	U	7
2. Debris Cleanup (1 time/year minimum, Spring/Fall)			
Litter, leaves, and dead vegetation removed from the system	S	U	
Prune/mow vegetation	S	U	
3. Standing Water (1 time/year and/or after large storm even	_		
No evidence of standing water after 24-48 hours since rainfall	S	U	
4. Vegetation Condition and Coverage			
Vegetation condition good with good coverage (typically > 75%)	S	U	
5. Other Issues			
Note any additional issues not previously covered.	S	U	
Corrective Action Needed			Due Date
1.			
2.			
3.			
Inspector Signature			Date



# APPENDIX D

Control of Invasive Plants



## CONTROL OF INVASIVE PLANTS

During maintenance activities, check for the presence of invasive plants and remove in a safe manner as described on the following pages. They should be controlled as described on the following pages.

## Background:

Invasive plants are introduced, alien, or non-native plants, which have been moved by people from their native habitat to a new area. Some exotic plants are imported for human use such as landscaping, erosion control, or food crops. They also can arrive as "hitchhikers" among shipments of other plants, seeds, packing materials, or fresh produce. Some exotic plants become invasive and cause harm by:

- becoming weedy and overgrown;
- killing established shade trees;
- obstructing pipes and drainage systems;
- forming dense beds in water;
- lowering water levels in lakes, streams, and wetlands;
- destroying natural communities;
- promoting erosion on stream banks and hillsides; and
- resisting control except by hazardous chemical.



# **Methods for Disposing Non-Native Invasive Plants**

Prepared by the Invasives Species Outreach Group, volunteers interested in helping people control invasive plants. Assistance provided by the Piscataquog Land Conservancy and the NH Invasives Species Committee. Edited by Karen Bennett, Extension Forestry Professor and Specialist.



Tatarian honeysuckle

Lonicera tatarica

USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. *An illustrated flora of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions*. Vol. 3: 282.

Non-native invasive plants crowd out natives in natural and managed landscapes. They cost taxpayers billions of dollars each year from lost agricultural and forest crops, decreased biodiversity, impacts to natural resources and the environment, and the cost to control and eradicate them.

Invasive plants grow well even in less than desirable conditions such as sandy soils along roadsides, shaded wooded areas, and in wetlands. In ideal conditions, they grow and spread even faster. There are many ways to remove these nonnative invasives, but once removed, care is needed to dispose the removed plant material so the plants don't grow where disposed.

Knowing how a particular plant reproduces indicates its method of spread and helps determine

the appropriate disposal method. Most are spread by seed and are dispersed by wind, water, animals, or people. Some reproduce by vegetative means from pieces of stems or roots forming new plants. Others spread through both seed and vegetative means.

Because movement and disposal of viable plant parts is restricted (see NH Regulations), viable invasive parts can't be brought to most transfer stations in the state. Check with your transfer station to see if there is an approved, designated area for invasives disposal. This fact sheet gives recommendations for rendering plant parts nonviable.

Control of invasives is beyond the scope of this fact sheet. For information about control visit <a href="https://www.nhinvasives.org">www.nhinvasives.org</a> or contact your UNH Cooperative Extension office.

### **New Hampshire Regulations**

Prohibited invasive species shall only be disposed of in a manner that renders them nonliving and nonviable. (Agr. 3802.04)

No person shall collect, transport, import, export, move, buy, sell, distribute, propagate or transplant any living and viable portion of any plant species, which includes all of their cultivars and varieties, listed in Table 3800.1 of the New Hampshire prohibited invasive species list. (Agr 3802.01)

## **How and When to Dispose of Invasives?**

To prevent seed from spreading remove invasive plants before seeds are set (produced). Some plants continue to grow, flower and set seed even after pulling or cutting. Seeds can remain viable in the ground for many years. If the plant has flowers or seeds, place the flowers and seeds in a heavy plastic bag "head first" at the weeding site and transport to the disposal site. The following are general descriptions of disposal methods. See the chart for recommendations by species.

**Burning:** Large woody branches and trunks can be used as firewood or burned in piles. For outside burning, a written fire permit from the local forest fire warden is required unless the ground is covered in snow. Brush larger than 5 inches in diameter can't be burned. Invasive plants with easily airborne seeds like black swallow-wort with mature seed pods (indicated by their brown color) shouldn't be burned as the seeds may disperse by the hot air created by the fire.

**Bagging** (solarization): Use this technique with softertissue plants. Use heavy black or clear plastic bags (contractor grade), making sure that no parts of the plants poke through. Allow the bags to sit in the sun for several weeks and on dark pavement for the best effect.



Japanese knotweed
Polygonum cuspidatum
USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database /
Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An
illustrated flora of the northern United
States, Canada and the British
Passessions Vol. 1: 676

**Tarping and Drying:** Pile material on a sheet of plastic and cover with a tarp, fastening the tarp to the ground and monitoring it for escapes. Let the material dry for several weeks, or until it is clearly nonviable.

**Chipping:** Use this method for woody plants that don't reproduce vegetatively.

**Burying:** This is risky, but can be done with watchful diligence. Lay thick plastic in a deep pit before placing the cut up plant material in the hole. Place the material away from the edge of the plastic before covering it with more heavy plastic. Eliminate as much air as possible and toss in soil to weight down the material in the pit. Note that the top of the buried material should be at least three feet underground. Japanese knotweed should be at least 5 feet underground!

**Drowning:** Fill a large barrel with water and place soft-tissue plants in the water. Check after a few weeks and look for rotted plant material (roots, stems, leaves, flowers). Well-rotted plant material may be composted. A word of caution- seeds may still be viable after using this method. Do this before seeds are set. This method isn't used often. Be prepared for an awful stink!

**Composting:** Invasive plants can take root in compost. Don't compost any invasives unless you know there is no viable (living) plant material left. Use one of the above techniques (bagging, tarping, drying, chipping, or drowning) to render the plants nonviable before composting. Closely examine the plant before composting and avoid composting seeds.

## **Suggested Disposal Methods for Non-Native Invasive Plants**

This table provides information concerning the disposal of removed invasive plant material. If the infestation is treated with herbicide and left in place, these guidelines don't apply. Don't bring invasives to a local transfer station, unless there is a designated area for their disposal, or they have been rendered non-viable. This listing includes wetland and upland plants from the New Hampshire Prohibited Invasive Species List. The disposal of aquatic plants isn't addressed.

Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
Norway maple (Acer platanoides) European barberry (Berberis vulgaris) Japanese barberry (Berberis thunbergii) autumn olive (Elaeagnus umbellata) burning bush (Euonymus alatus) Morrow's honeysuckle (Lonicera morrowii) Tatarian honeysuckle (Lonicera tatarica) showy bush honeysuckle (Lonicera x bella) common buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica) glossy buckthorn (Frangula alnus)	Fruit and Seeds	Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants  Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed.  Larger plants  Use as firewood.  Make a brush pile.  Chip.  Burn.  After fruit/seed is ripe  Don't remove from site.  Burn.  Make a covered brush pile.  Chip once all fruit has dropped from branches.  Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.
oriental bittersweet (Celastrus orbiculatus) multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments	Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed. Larger plants Make a brush pile. Burn.  After fruit/seed is ripe Don't remove from site. Burn. Make a covered brush pile. Chip – only after material has fully dried (1 year) and all fruit has dropped from branches. Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.

Non-Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
garlic mustard (Alliaria petiolata) spotted knapweed (Centaurea maculosa) Sap of related knapweed can cause skin irritation and tumors. Wear gloves when handling. black swallow-wort (Cynanchum nigrum) May cause skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. pale swallow-wort (Cynanchum rossicum) giant hogweed (Heracleum mantegazzianum) Can cause major skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. dame's rocket (Hesperis matronalis) perennial pepperweed (Lepidium latifolium) purple loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria) Japanese stilt grass (Microstegium vimineum) mile-a-minute weed (Polygonum perfoliatum)	Fruits and Seeds	Prior to flowering Depends on scale of infestation Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed.  Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile. (You can pile onto or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material.  During and following flowering Do nothing until the following year or remove flowering heads and bag and let rot.  Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed.  Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile remaining material. (You can pile onto plastic or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material.
common reed (Phragmites australis) Japanese knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum) Bohemian knotweed (Polygonum x bohemicum)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments Primary means of spread in these species is by plant parts. Although all care should be given to preventing the dispersal of seed during control activities, the presence of seed doesn't materially influence disposal activities.	<ul> <li>Small infestation         <ul> <li>Bag all plant material and let rot.</li> <li>Never pile and use resulting material as compost.</li> <li>Burn.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Large infestation         <ul> <li>Remove material to unsuitable habitat (dry, hot and sunny or dry and shaded location) and scatter or pile.</li> <li>Monitor and remove any sprouting material.</li> <li>Pile, let dry, and burn.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

MAP 229 LOT 1 ARTWILL, LLC P.O. BOX 370 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03802

## APPLICANT

MAP 229 LOT 1 ARTWILL, LLC P.O. BOX 370 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03802

## PREPARED FOR

MAP 229 LOT 1 P.O. BOX 370 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03802

## RESOURCE LIST

PLANNING/ZONING DEPARTMENT 1 JUNKINS AVE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

## BUILDING DEPARTMENT JUNKINS AVE

PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 603-610-7243 ROBERT MARSILIA, CHIEF BUILDING INSPECTOR

## PUBLIC WORKS

603-610-7216

600 PEVERLY HILL RD PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 603-472-1530 PETER RICE, PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR

POLICE DEPARTMENT 3 JUNKINS AVE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 603-427-1510 MARK NEWPORT, CHIEF

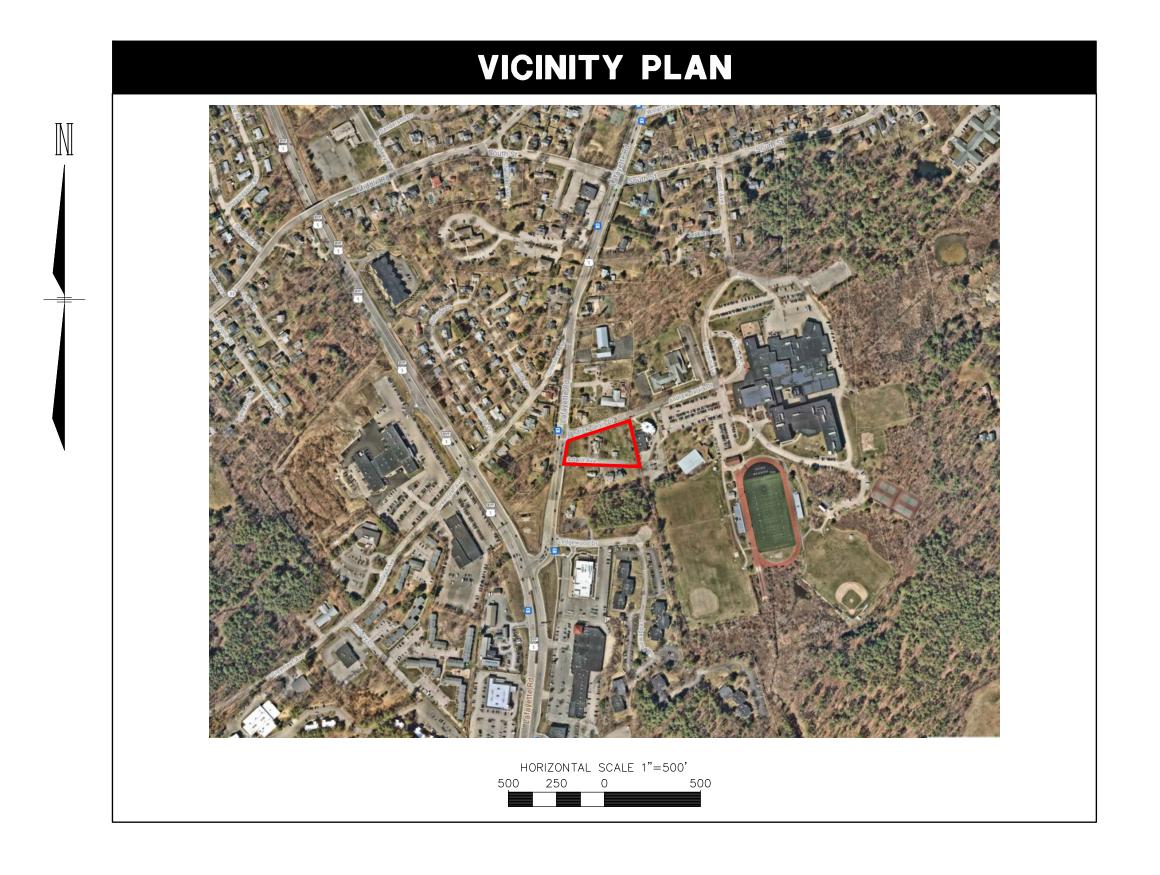
## FIRE DEPARTMENT

170 COURT ST PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 603-427-1515 PATRICK HOWE, CHIEF

# PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION

**437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

**APRIL 19, 2022** 



# **INDEX OF SHEETS**

SHEET	SHEET TITLE	
C-00	COVER	
C-01	NOTES & LEGEND	
S-01	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	
S-02	SUBDIVISION PLAN	
C-02	SITE PREPARATION & DEMOLITION PLAN	
C-03	SITE LAYOUT PLAN	
C-04	GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	
C-05	UTILITY PLAN	
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C-10 - C-15	DETAILS	
REFERENCE PLANS	BY ASSOCIATED PROFESSIONALS	
_	ARCHITECTURAL ELEVATION PLAN	

PERMITS/APPROVALS				
	NUMBER	<b>APPROVED</b>	<b>EXPIRES</b>	
CITY PLANNING BOARD SITE PLAN REVIEW	_	-	-	
CITY PLANNING BOARD SUBDIVISION REVIEW	_	_	-	
CITY PLANNING BOARD CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT FOR AADU	-	-	-	
NHDES SEWER CONNECTION PERMIT	_	_	_	

# **COVER** PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD**

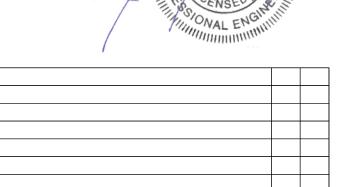
PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR

**ARTWILL, LLC** 

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**APRIL 19, 2022** 



**DESCRIPTION** 

REV DATE

Structural Engineers

| 48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

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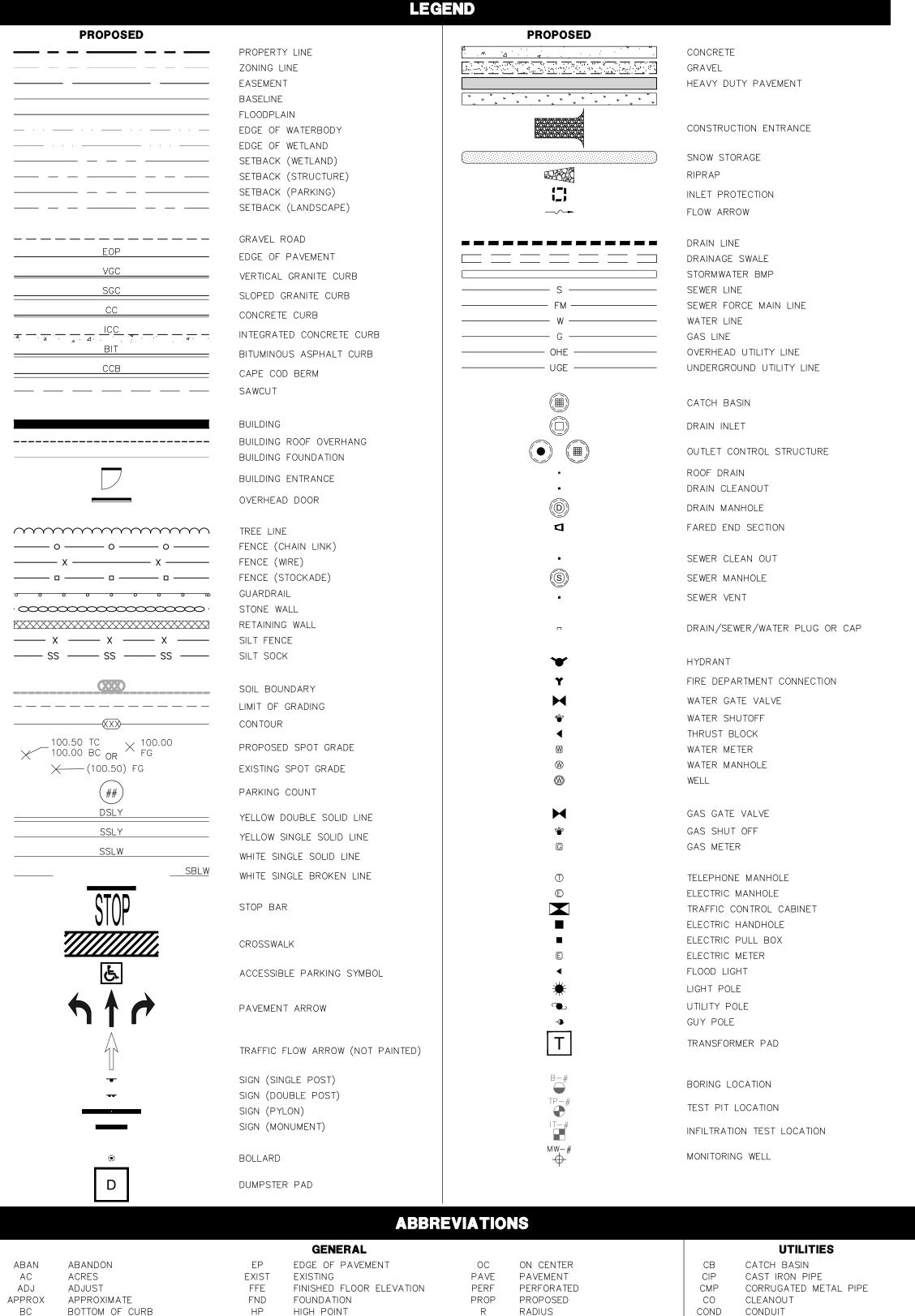
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THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.

SCALE: AS SHOWN

DR CK



## **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.
- 2. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. TFMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY AS A RESULT OF ANY CHANGES OR

NON-CONFORMANCE WITH THESE PLANS EXCEPT UPON THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE

- 3. THE SUBDIVISION PLAN SHALL BE RECORDED IN THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF
- 4. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN BY THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNERS. NO CHANGES SHALL BE MADE TO THIS SITE PLAN WITHOUT THE EXPRESS APPROVAL OF THE CITY PLANNING BOARD.
- 5. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, AND SHALL BE BUILT IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, ALL WORK TO CONFORM TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OF THE CITY AND/OR STATE SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE STANDARDS. COORDINATE ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WITH APPROPRIATE CITY, COUNTY, AND/OR STATE AGENCY.
- 6. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF ENV-WQ 1500. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION OF EACH STORMWATER FACILITY TO COORDINATE REQUIRED INSPECTIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PROGRESS PHOTOS DURING CONSTRUCTION OF ALL STORMWATER DRAINAGE COMPONENTS AND SEND TO THE ENGINEER.
- 7. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM.
- 8. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR BENCHMARK INFORMATION. VERIFY TBM ELEVATIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. CONTACT EASEMENT OWNERS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK WITHIN THE EASEMENTS.
- IN THE FIELD. 11. SITE WORK SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FROM A COMPLETE SET OF PLANS, NOT ALL FEATURES

ARE DETAILED ON EVERY PLAN. THE ENGINEER IS TO BE NOTIFIED OF ANY CONFLICT WITHIN

10. PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY SITE WORK, ALL LIMITS OF WORK SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED

- 12. TEMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR WORK PERFORMED WITHOUT AN ACCEPTABLE
- PROGRAM OF TESTING AND INSPECTION AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD. 13. TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE PROVIDED AND COVERED WITH A FABRIC MATERIAL TO
- 14. ALL DEMOLITION SHALL INSURE MINIMUM INTERFERENCE WITH ROADS, STREETS, WALKWAYS, AND ANY OTHER ADJACENT OPERATING FACILITIES. PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE OWNER/DEVELOPER AND LOCAL PERMITTING AUTHORITY IS REQUIRED IF CLOSURE/OBSTRUCTIONS TO ROADS, STREET, WALKWAYS, AND OTHERS IS DEEMED
- 15. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF BUILDING FOUNDATIONS AND CONCRETE ELEMENTS WHICH ABUT THE BUILDING SUCH AS STAIRS, SIDEWALKS, LOADING DOCK RAMPS, PADS, AND COMPACTOR PADS. DO NOT USE SITE PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF FOUNDATIONS.

NECESSARY. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALTERNATE ROUTES AROUND

CLOSURES/OBSTRUCTIONS PER LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

- 16. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND DETAILS, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 17. IF CONDITIONS AT THE SITE ARE DIFFERENT THAN SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE AFFECTED WORK.
- 18. CONTRACTOR'S GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES:

CONTROL DUST MITIGATION.

- A. BID AND PERFORM THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND NATIONAL CODES, SPECIFICATIONS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS AND CONDITIONS OF ALL PROJECT-SPECIFIC PERMITS AND APPROVALS AS LISTED ON THE COVER SHEET TO THESE PLANS OR OTHERWISE REQUIRED.
- B. NOTIFY ENGINEER IN WRITING OF ANY DISCREPANCIES OF PROPOSED LAYOUT AND/OR EXISTING FEATURES.
- C. EMPLOY A LICENSED SURVEYOR TO DETERMINE ALL LINES AND GRADES AND LAYOUT OF SITE ELEMENTS AND BUILDINGS.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE SITE AND ALL SURROUNDING CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADVISE THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY OF INTENTIONS AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE.
- E. TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO REDUCE, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT POSSIBLE, NOISE, DUST, AND UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7:00 AM AND 9:00 PM MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE.
- F. MAINTAIN EMERGENCY ACCESS TO ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY WORK AT ALL TIMES.
- G. IN ACCORDANCE WITH RSA 430:53 AND AGR 3800, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT TRANSPORT INVASIVE SPECIES OFF THE PROPERTY, AND SHALL DISPOSE OF INVASIVE SPECIES ON-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- H. COORDINATE WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES AND CONTACT DIGSAFE (811 OR 888-344-7233) AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- I. PROTECT NEW AND EXISTING BURIED UTILITIES DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL SITE ELEMENTS. DAMAGED UTILITIES SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL
- J. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MEANS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION AND FOR CONDITIONS AT THE SITE. THESE PLANS, PREPARED BY TFMORAN, INC., DO NOT EXTEND TO OR INCLUDE SYSTEMS PERTAINING TO THE SAFETY OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR OR THEIR EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, OR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THE SEAL OF THE SURVEYOR OR ENGINEER HEREON DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY SUCH SAFETY SYSTEMS THAT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER BE INCORPORATED INTO THESE PLANS. THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE OR OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY SYSTEMS WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE US OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) AND/OR LOCAL REGULATIONS.
- K. WRITTEN DIMENSIONS HAVE PRECEDENCE OVER SCALED DIMENSIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CAUTION WHEN SCALING REPRODUCED PLANS. IN CASE OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS PLAN SET AND ANY OTHER DRAWING AND/OR SPECIFICATION, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATIONS.
- L. VERIFY LAYOUT OF PROPOSED BUILDING FOUNDATIONS WITH ARCHITECT AND THAT PROPOSED FOUNDATION MEETS PROPERTY LINE AND/OR WETLAND SETBACKS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION.
- M. PROVIDE AN AS-BUILT PLAN AT THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT TO THE PLANNING DIRECTOR AND PER CITY REGULATIONS.
- N. IF ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS STAMPED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR OR QUALIFIED ENGINEER ALONG WITH A LETTER STAMPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER DESCRIBING ALL SUCH DEVIATIONS. AND BEAR ALL COSTS FOR PREPARING AND FILING ANY NEW PERMITS OR PERMIT AMENDMENTS THAT MAY BE REQUIRED.
- O. AT COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A LETTER CERTIFYING THAT THE PROJECT WAS COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND A LETTER STAMPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER THAT THEY HAVE OBSERVED ALL UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEMS, INFILTRATION SYSTEMS, OR FILTERING SYSTEMS PRIOR TO BACKFILL, AND THAT SUCH SYSTEMS CONFORM TO

## **GRADING & DRAINAGE NOTES**

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE, MAINTAIN, AND EXECUTE A S.W.P.P.P. IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPA REGULATIONS AND THE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER TO SUBMIT AN eNOI AT LEAST 14 DAYS IN ADVANCE OF ANY EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES AT THE SITE.
- 3. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK THE ACCURACY OF THE TOPOGRAPHY AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY EARTHWORK BEING PERFORMED ON THE SITE. NO CLAIM FOR EXTRA WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR PAYMENT AFTER EARTHWORK HAS COMMENCED.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR INFORMATION ABOUT SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS TO ADDRESS ANY SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ISSUES THAT ARE FOUND ON SITE, INCLUDING AND NOT LIMITED TO DEWATERING METHODS, PERIMETER DRAINS AND TIE INTO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, ETC.
- 5. COORDINATE WITH GEOTECHNICAL/STRUCTURAL PLANS FOR SITE PREPARATION AND OTHER BUILDING INFORMATION.
- COORDINATE WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR DETAILED GRADING AT BUILDING, AND SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL BUILDING SERVICES.
- 7. COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL AND PLUMBING PLANS FOR ROOF DRAIN INFORMATION.
- 8. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WORK TO PROVIDE SMOOTH TRANSITIONS. THIS INCLUDES GRADING, PAVEMENT, CURBING, SIDEWALKS, AND ALIGNMENTS.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FINISH PAVEMENT SURFACE FREE OF LOW SPOTS AND PONDING AREAS. CRITICAL AREAS INCLUDE BUILDING ENTRANCE, RAMPS, AND LOADING
- 10. THE SITE SHALL BE GRADED SO ALL FINISHED PAVEMENT HAS POSITIVE DRAINAGE AND SHALL NOT POND WATER DEEPER THAN 1/4" FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 15 MINUTES AFTER FLOODING.
- 11. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN AT CURB ARE TO THE BOTTOM OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. CURBS HAVE A 6" REVEAL UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 12. ALL SIDEWALK AND OTHER CURB REVEALS SHALL BE 6" WITH A TOLERANCE OF PLUS OR MINUS 3/8". WHERE SIDEWALK IS TO BE FLUSH, THE PAVEMENT REVEAL SHALL BE 1/4" WITH A TOLERANCE OF 1/8".
- 13. THE FINISHED GRADE AT BOTTOM OF ALL ACCESSIBLE RAMPS SHALL BE FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT WITH A TOLERANCE OF PLUS OR MINUS 1/4".
- 14. ADJUST ALL MANHOLES, CATCH BASINS, CURB BOXES, ETC. WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK TO FINISH GRADE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF FINISHED PAVEMENT.
- 15. ROAD AND DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TYPICAL SECTIONS AND DETAILS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL MEET LOCAL STANDARDS AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND THE NHDOT STANDARD STRUCTURE DRAWINGS UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 16. STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO LINE AND GRADE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 603. CATCH BASINS AND DRAIN MANHOLES SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 604. ALL CATCH BASIN GRATES SHALL BE TYPE B AND CONFORM TO NHDOT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 17. NO FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN ANY WETLAND AREA.
- 18. ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY SECURED ON A DAILY BASIS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA.
- 19. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED OR OTHERWISE TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED, FERTILIZER, AND MULCH.
- 20. DENSITY REQUIREMENTS: MINIMUM DENSITY\* LOCATION
- BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS 95%
- 95% TRENCH BEDDING MATERIAL AND SAND BLANKET BACKFILL 90% BELOW LOAM AND SEED AREAS
- \*ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED AND CONTROLLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557, METHOD C. FIELD DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1556 OR ASTM D-6938.

## **UTILITY NOTES**

- 1. LENGTH OF PIPE IS FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY. ACTUAL PIPE LENGTH SHALL BE DETERMINED
- 2. ALL PROPOSED UTILITY WORK, INCLUDING MATERIAL, INSTALLATION, TERMINATION, EXCAVATION, BEDDING, BACKFILL, COMPACTION, TESTING, CONNECTIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH AND COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS, CODES, AND STANDARDS OF ALL CORRESPONDING UTILITY ENTITIES AND SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING AND DETERMINING THE LOCATION, SIZE, AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, SHOWN OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING OF ANY UTILITIES FOUND INTERFERING WITH THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION AND APPROPRIATE REMEDIAL ACTION BE AGREED TO BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTACT "DIGSAFE" (811) AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE DIGGING.
- 4. COORDINATE ALL WORK ADJACENT TO PROPOSED BUILDINGS WITH ARCHITECTURAL BUILDING DRAWINGS. CONFIRM UTILITY PENETRATIONS AND INVERT ELEVATIONS ARE COORDINATED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITY COMPANIES OWNING UTILITIES, EITHER OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND, WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA AND SHALL COORDINATE AS NECESSARY WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES OF SAID UTILITIES. THE PROTECTION OR RELOCATION OF UTILITIES IS ULTIMATELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. THE EXACT LOCATION OF NEW UTILITY CONNECTIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN COORDINATION WITH UTILITY COMPANY, COUNTY AGENCY, AND/OR PRIVATE
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL MANHOLES, BOXES, FITTINGS, CONNECTORS, COVER PLATES, AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS NOT NECESSARILY DETAILED ON THESE DRAWINGS TO RENDER THE UTILITY INSTALLATION COMPLETE AND
- 8. ALL UTILITY COMPANIES REQUIRE INDIVIDUAL CONDUITS. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH TELEPHONE, CABLE, AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES REGARDING NUMBER, SIZE, AND TYPE OF
- CONDUITS REQUIRED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY CONDUIT. 9. SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. ALL SEWER MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL BE PVC AND SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F 679 (SDR 35 MINIMUM). FORCE MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. ALL SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL

BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. SANITARY

MANHOLES SHALL CONFORM TO NHDES WATER DIVISION WASTEWATER ENGINEERING BUREAU

- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON. 10. ON-SITE WATER DISTRIBUTION SHALL BE TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 5.5' COVER. WHERE WATER PIPES CROSS SEWER LINES A MINIMUM OF 18" VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN THE TWO OUTSIDE PIPE WALLS SHALL BE OBSERVED. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER AND SEWER SHALL BE 10' MINIMUM. WHERE A SANITARY LINE CROSSES A WATER LINE, SEWER LINE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF FORCE MAIN MATERIALS (PER ENV-WQ 704.08) FROM BUILDING OR MANHOLE TO MANHOLE, OR SUBSTITUTE RUBBER-GASKETED PRESSURE PIPE FOR THE SAME DISTANCE. WHEN SANITARY LINES PASS BELOW WATER LINES, LAY PIPE SO THAT NO JOINT IN THE SANITARY LINE WILL BE CLOSER THAN 6' HORIZONTALLY TO THE
- 11. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE WATER LINE CHANGES DIRECTIONS OR CONNECTS TO ANOTHER WATER LINE.
- 12. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDUIT AND WIRING TO ALL SIGNS AND LIGHTS. CONDUIT TO BE A MINIMUM OF 24" BELOW FINISH GRADE.
- 13. ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES SHALL BE UNDERGROUND. ALL UNDERGROUND CONDUITS SHALL HAVE NYLON PULL ROPES.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE AND PAY FOR ALL INSPECTIONS. TESTING, AND RELATED SERVICES AND SUBMIT COPIES OF ACCEPTANCE TO THE OWNER, UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 15. PROVIDE PERMANENT PAVEMENT REPAIR FOR ALL UTILITY TRENCHES IN EXISTING ROAD OR PAVEMENT TO REMAIN. SAW CUT TRENCH, PAVEMENT, AND GRANULAR BASE THICKNESS TO
- MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT. OBTAIN ALL PERMITS REQUIRED FOR TRENCHING. 16. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES, PIPES, CHAMBERS, ETC.
- SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 18" OF COMPACTED SOIL BEFORE EXPOSURE TO
- 17. THE PROPERTY WILL BE SERVICED BY THE FOLLOWING: DRAINAGE PRIVATE
- SEWER
- WATER MUNICIPAL

INDICATED.

- GAS ELECTRIC
- CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS FKA FAIRPOINT COMMUNICATIONS TELEPHONE CABLE

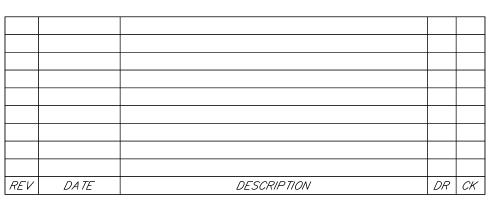
# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS TAX MAP 229 LOT 1 NOTES & LEGEND

PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

> OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE: NTS

**APRIL 19, 2022** 





ivil Engineers tructural Engineers ffic Engineers ind Surveyors andscape Architects cientists

Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

|45407-120||| CK | JCC | CADFILE | DR JSM FB 45407-120\_NOTES

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Bedford, NH 03110

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BITUMINOUS

BUII DING

CONCRETE

COORDINATE

DIAMETER

ELEVATION

BOOK & PAGE

BOTTOM OF SLOPE

BOTTOM OF WALL

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

BK/PG

BLDG

BMP

BW

CONC

COORD

ELEV

FMoran, Inc.

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INVERT ELEVATION

INFILTRATION TEST

LANDSCAPE AREA

LENGTH

MAXIMUM

MINIMUM

LSA

MAX

N/F

NTS

LINEAR FEET

NOW OR FORMERLY NEW HAMPSHIRE FISH & GAME NOT TO SCALE

RADIUS R&D REMOVE AND DISPOSE R&R REMOVE AND RESET REM RFMOVF RET RETAIN RIM ELEVATION RIM ROW RIGHT OF WAY SLOPE SQUARE FEET

TYPICAL

WITH

UNDERGROUND

TYP

UG WCR SIDEWALK TEMPORARY BENCHMARK TOP OF CURB TEST PIT TOP OF WALL

ACCESSIBLE WHEELCHAIR RAMP

DMH F&C F&G FES GT HDPE НН HWHYD OCS

FRAME AND GRATE FLARED END SECTION GREASE TRAP HANDHOLE HEADWALL HYDRANT LIGHT POLE PVC POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE RCP REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE RD ROOF DRAIN SMH

COND CONDUIT DCB DOUBLE CATCH BASIN DIP DUCTILE IRON PIPE DRAIN MANHOLF FRAME AND COVER

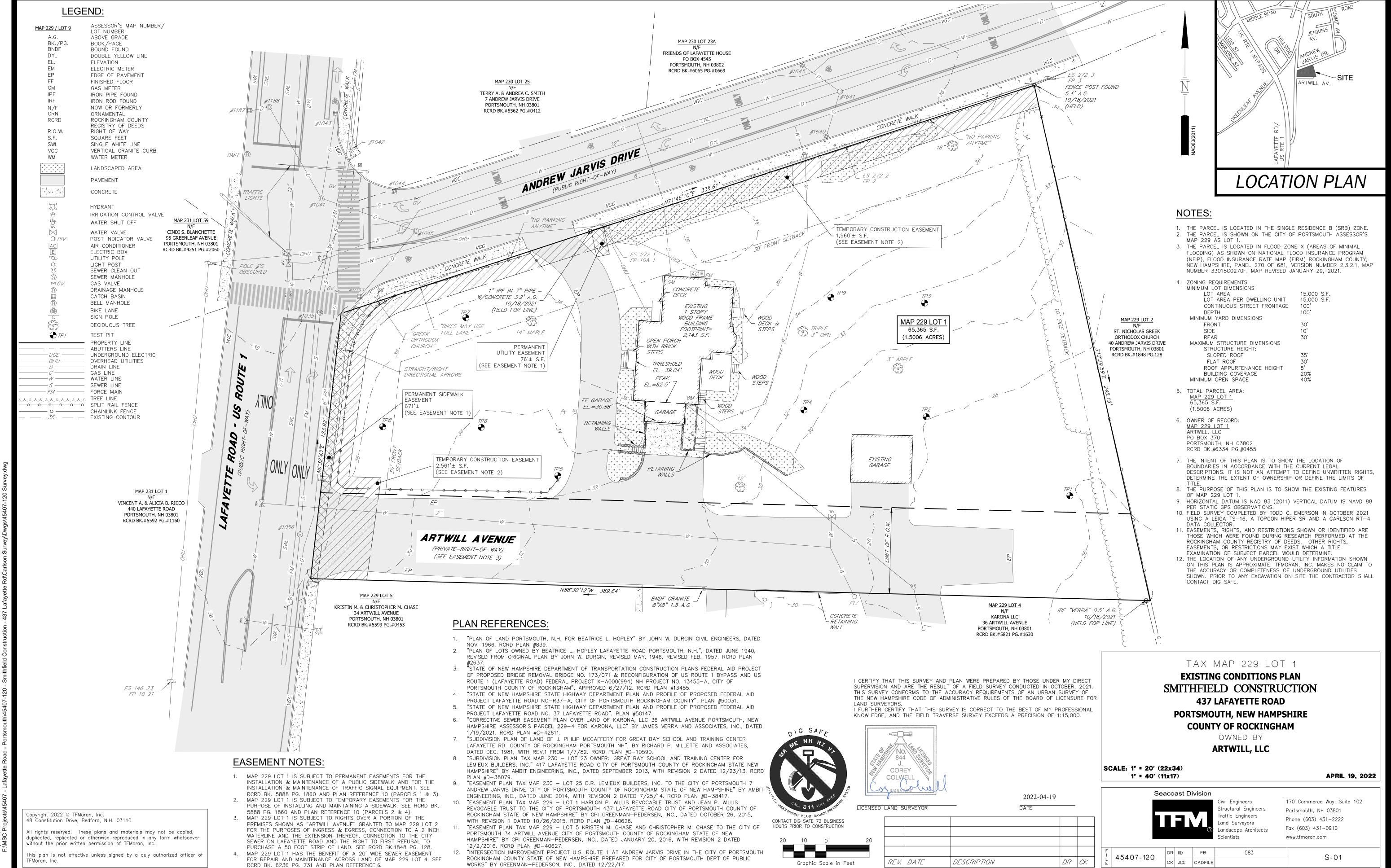
HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE

SEWER MANHOLE SEDIMENT OIL SEPARATOR TAPPING SLEEVE, VALVE, AND BOX

SOS

LITHITY POLE

THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.



Apr 19, 2022 - 11:07am

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<u>Test Pit #1:</u>
0-13" 10YR 5/3 BROWN, LOAM, MASSIVE, FRIABLE,
            ANTHROPOGENIC FILL (ASPHALT, BRICK)
13-20" AB 10YR 7/6 YELLOW, LOAM, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, GRAVELY
            <5% ROCK (IRON STONE)
20-55" B1 GLEY 1 7N GRAY, SANDY LOAM, MASSIVE, PLIABLE
55- 65" B2 10YR 5/1 GRAY, COARSE SAND, FRIABLE, MASSIVE,
            > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)
REDOX @ 20" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE
EST WET: 20" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 39" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT \rightarrow)
LEDGE: > 65" BELOW GRADE
Test Pit #2:
0-15"A 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, MASSIVE
15-17" 10YR 7/6 YELLOW, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE, GRANULAR
17-27" GLEY 1 7/N LIGHT GRAY, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE, GRANULAR
27-52" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, LOAM, FRIABLE, MASSIVE
52-77" 10YR 5/1 GRAY, COURSE SAND, FRIABLE, GRAVELY, GRANULAR
REDOX @ 26" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT
        SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE
EST WET: 26" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 51" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 个)
LEDGE: 77" BELOW GRADE
Test Pit #3:
0-16" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, AGGREGATED, FRIABLE
16-27" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, LOAM, AGGREGATED,
        FRIABLE, GRAVELY >5%
27-52" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GRAY, LOAMY SAND, AGGREGATED, FRIABLE
        GRAVELY >15%
52-84" 10YR 8/1 WHITE, SANDY CLAY LOAM, PLATEY, INDURATE
REDOX @: 41" 10YR 7/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: CANTON — CHATFIELD COMPLEX
EST WET: 41" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 84" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 🔟)
LEDGE: 84" BELOW GRADE
0-18" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAM, FRIABLE, AGGREGATE
18-27" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, SANDY LOAM, GRAVELY >5%,
       FRIABLE, AGGREGATE
27-37" 10YR 6/2 LIGHT BROWNISH GREY, LOAMY SAND, > 15%
        ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)
37-65" 10YR 7/8 YELLOW, DECAYING BEDROCK, ANGULAR COBBLE,
REDOX @: 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: CHATFIELD
EST WET: 37" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 56" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 个)
LEDGE: 65" BELOW GRADE
Test Pit #5:
0-10" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAMY SAND, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE,
        GRAVELY >5%
10-31" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR,
        FRIABLE, GRAVELY >15%
31-57" GLEY 1 5/N GRAY, CLAY, DECAYED BEDROCK, BOULDERS >5%,
       MASSIVE
REDOX @: 31" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: CHATFIELD — MAYBID COMPLEX
EST WET: 31" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: > 57"
LEDGE: 57" BELOW GRADE
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TEST PIT LOG

SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH

LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC.

DATE: 1/25/2022

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TEST PIT LOG
SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH
LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC.
DATE: 1/25/2022
<u>Test Pit #6:</u>
0-12" 10YR 4/3 BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE
12-16" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GRAY, SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE,
        GRAVELY >5%
16-28" 10YR 7/1 LIGHT GRAY, FINE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE
28-42" 10YR 7/3 VERY PALE BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE,
        FRIABLE, HETEROGENEOUS
42-47" GLEY 1 5/5G-1 GREENISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM, PLATEY,
47-96" GLEY 2 8/5BG LIGHT GREENISH GRAY, CLAY, MASSIVE,
        INDURATE, HOMOGENEOUS
REDOX @42" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 42" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 79" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT \rightarrow)
LEDGE: > 96"
Test Pit #7:
0-18" 10YR 4/2 DARK GRAYISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, FRIABLE,
18-42" 10YR 7/4 VERY PALE BROWN, FINE SAND, GRANULAR, FRIABLE
42-54" 10YR 6/6 BROWNISH YELLOW, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR,
54-65" 10YR 5/8 YELLOWISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, HETEROGENEOUS,
65-72" GLEY 2 4/10B DARK BLUEISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM,
       PLATEY, INDURATE
72-102" GLEY 2 7/10B LIGHT BLUEISH GRAY, CLAY, MASSIVE, INDURATE
        REDOX @ 57" 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15%
        SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 57" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 93" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 个)
LEDGE: >102"
0-14" 10YR 4/2 DARK GRAYISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, FRIABLE,
14-42" 10YR 7/4 VERY PALE BROWN, FINE SAND, AGGREGATE,
        FRIABLE, > 15% COBBLE RIVER STONE
42-50" GLEY 1 5/5G_/1 GREENISH GRAY, SANDY CLAY LOAM,
        AQUATARD PRESENT (IRON STONE), MASSIVE, INDURATE
50-55" 10YR 6/4 LIGHT YELLOWISH BROWN, SANDY CLAY LOAM,
        INCLUSION, HETEROGENEOUS, MASSIVE, INDURATE
55-103" GLEY 2 8/5BG LIGHT GREENISH GRAY, CLAY, INDURATE,
REDOX @ 42 5R 3/8 COMMON DISTINCT >15% (AQUATARD
        (POTENTIALLY ANTHROPOGENIC))
        SOIL SERIES: CANTON COMPLEX (ANTHROPOGENIC)
EST WET: 42" BELOW GRADE
OBS WT: 101" BELOW GRADE (APPARENT 个)
LEDGE: > 103"
Test Pit #9:
0-9"10YR 4/3 BROWN, LOAM, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, GRAVELY >5%
9-23" 10YR 5/6 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, GRANULAR, , >
        15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)
23-54" 10YR 7/2 LIGHT GREY, SANDY LOAM, INDURATE, MASSIVE,
        HETEROGENEOUS, > 15% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON
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REDOX @ 5R 4/6 COMMON DISTINCT >15%

EST WET: 30" BELOW GRADE

LEDGE: 54" BELOW GRADE

OBS WT: > 54"

SOIL SERIES: WALPOLE

## TEST PIT LOG

SITE: 437 LAFAYETTE ROAD, PORTSMOUTH, NH LOGGED BY: PAUL O'HANLON, TFM, INC. DATE: 2/1/2022

## Test Pit #10:

0-12" 10YR 4/4 DARK YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, BLOCKY, FRIABLE, COBBLE >15%, HOMOGENEOUS SOIL

12-23" 10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN, SANDY LOAM, AGGREGATE, FRIABLE,

COBBLE >15%, HOMOGENEOUS SOIL 23-36" 10YR 6/2 LIGHT BROWNISH GREY, COURSE SAND, GRANULAR,

HETEROGENEOUS, COBBLE >15%, VERY COURSE PARTICLES <5%

36-66" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, LOAMY SAND, MASSIVE, INDURATE > 25% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT (IRON STONE)

66-76" 10YR 5/4 YELLOWISH BROWN, SANDY LOAM, MASSIVE, INDURATE, DECAYING LEDGE, > 55% ANGULAR ROCK FRAGMENT

REDOX @ 52 - 58 10YR 5/6 COMMON DISTINCT >15%

SOIL SERIES: CANTON - WALPOLE COMPLEX

EST WET: 52" BELOW GRADE OBS WT: >76"

LEDGE: 76" BELOW GRADE

TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

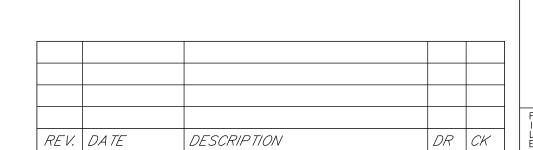
**TEST PITS LOGS** SMITHFIELD CONSTRUCTION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

**COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM** OWNED BY

ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE: N.T.S.

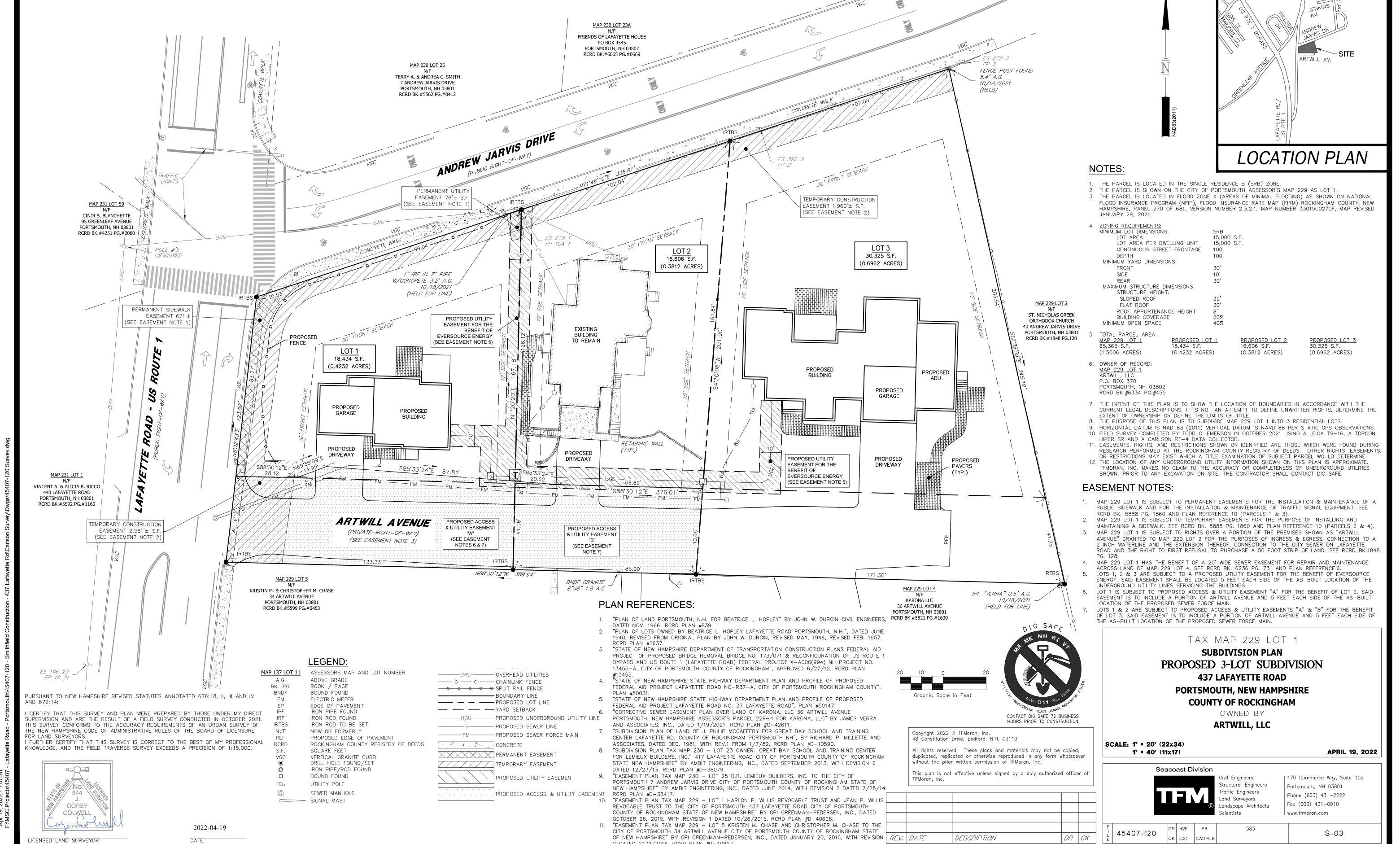
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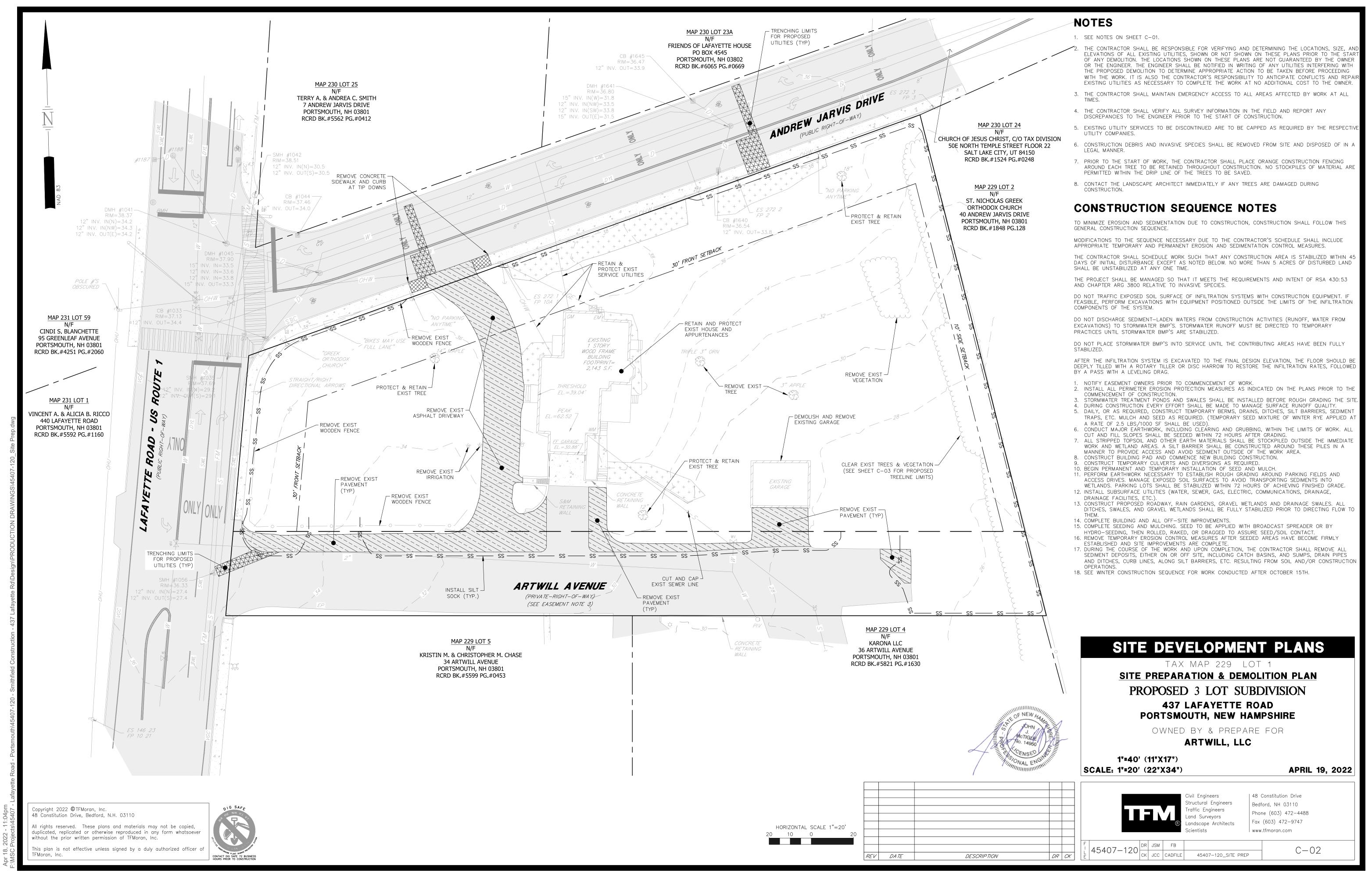


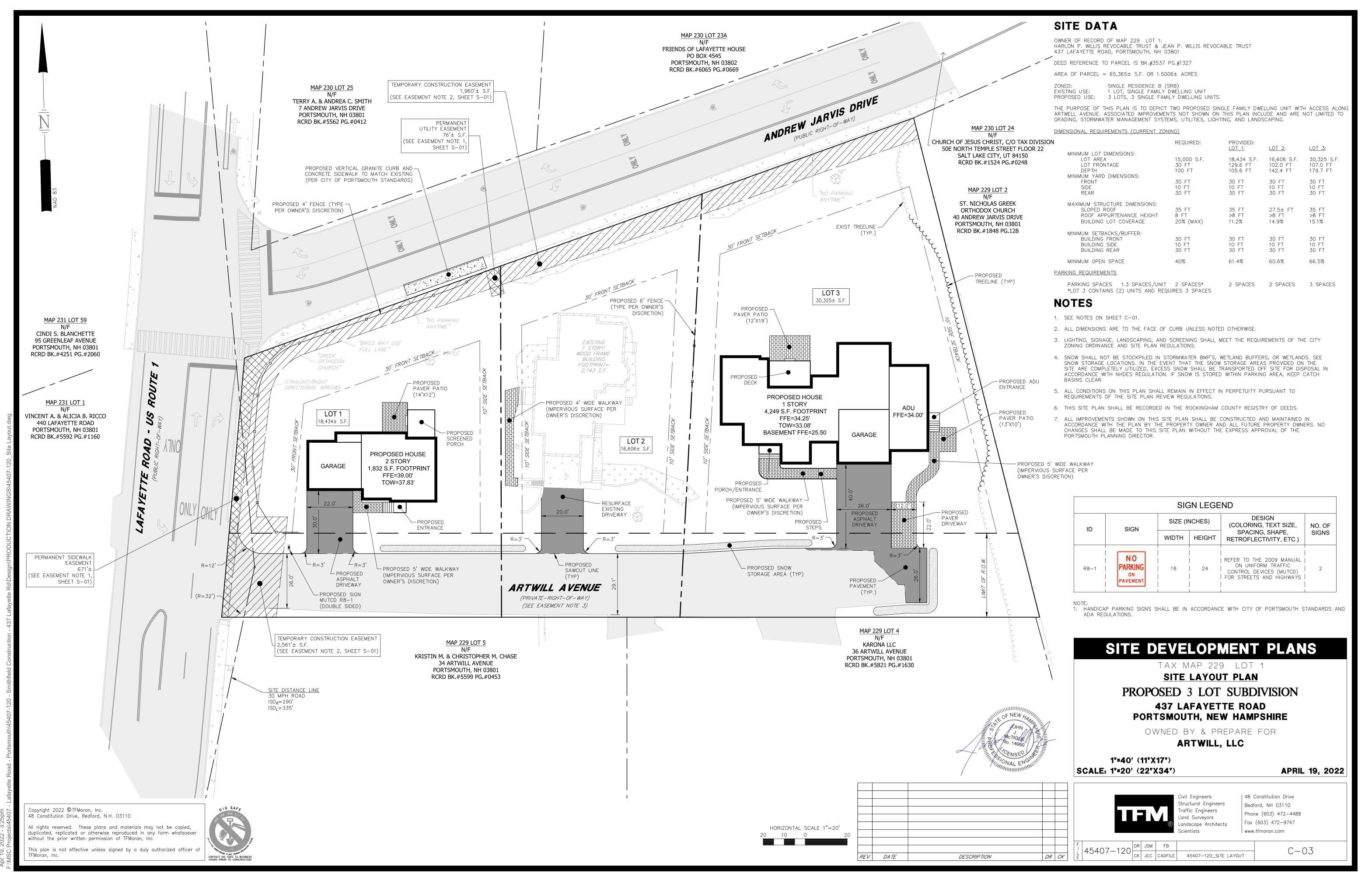
| 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Portsmouth, NH 03801 Traffic Engineers Phone (603) 431-2222 Land Surveyors Fax (603) 431-0910 Landscape Architects www.tfmoran.com

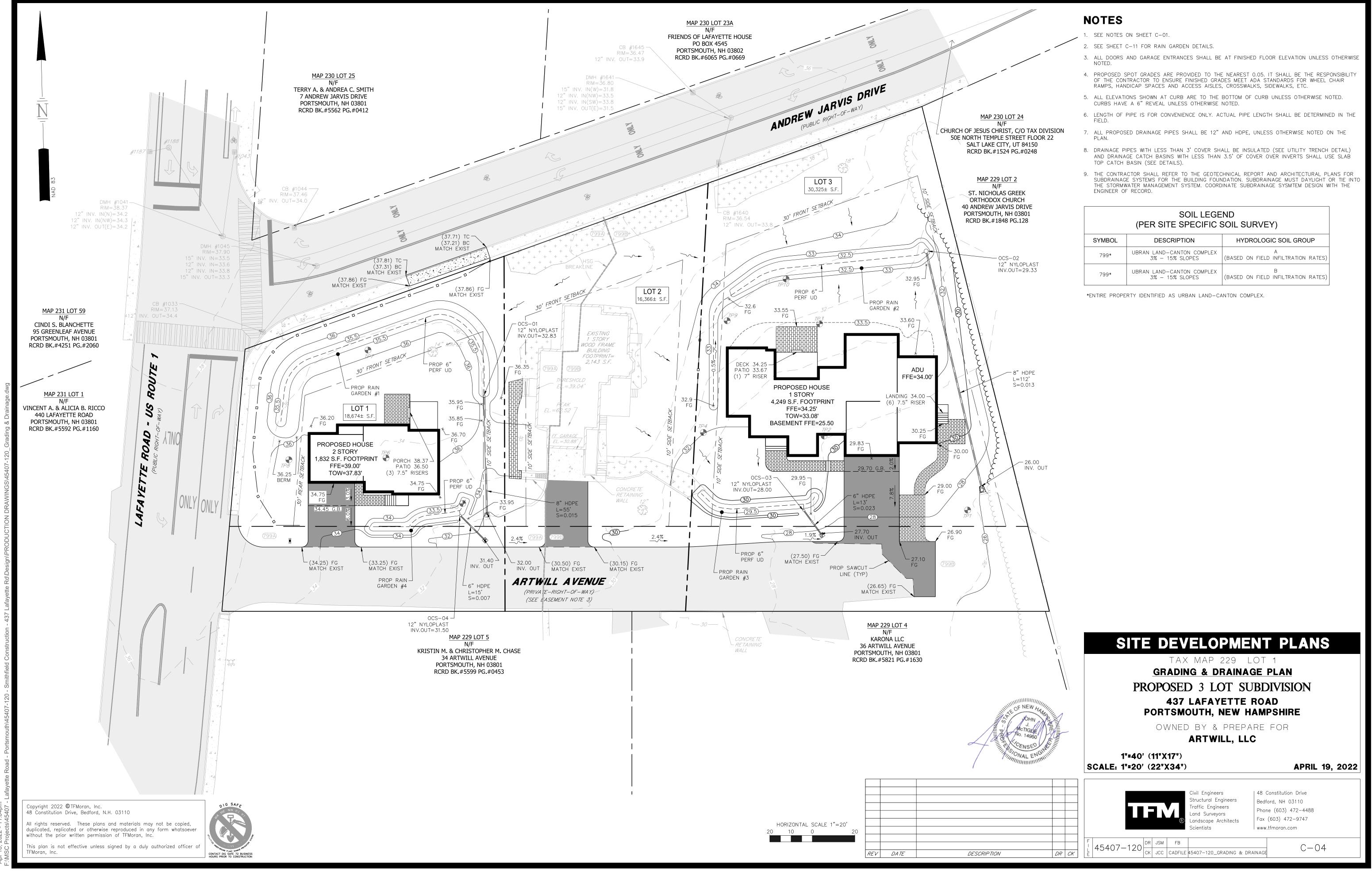
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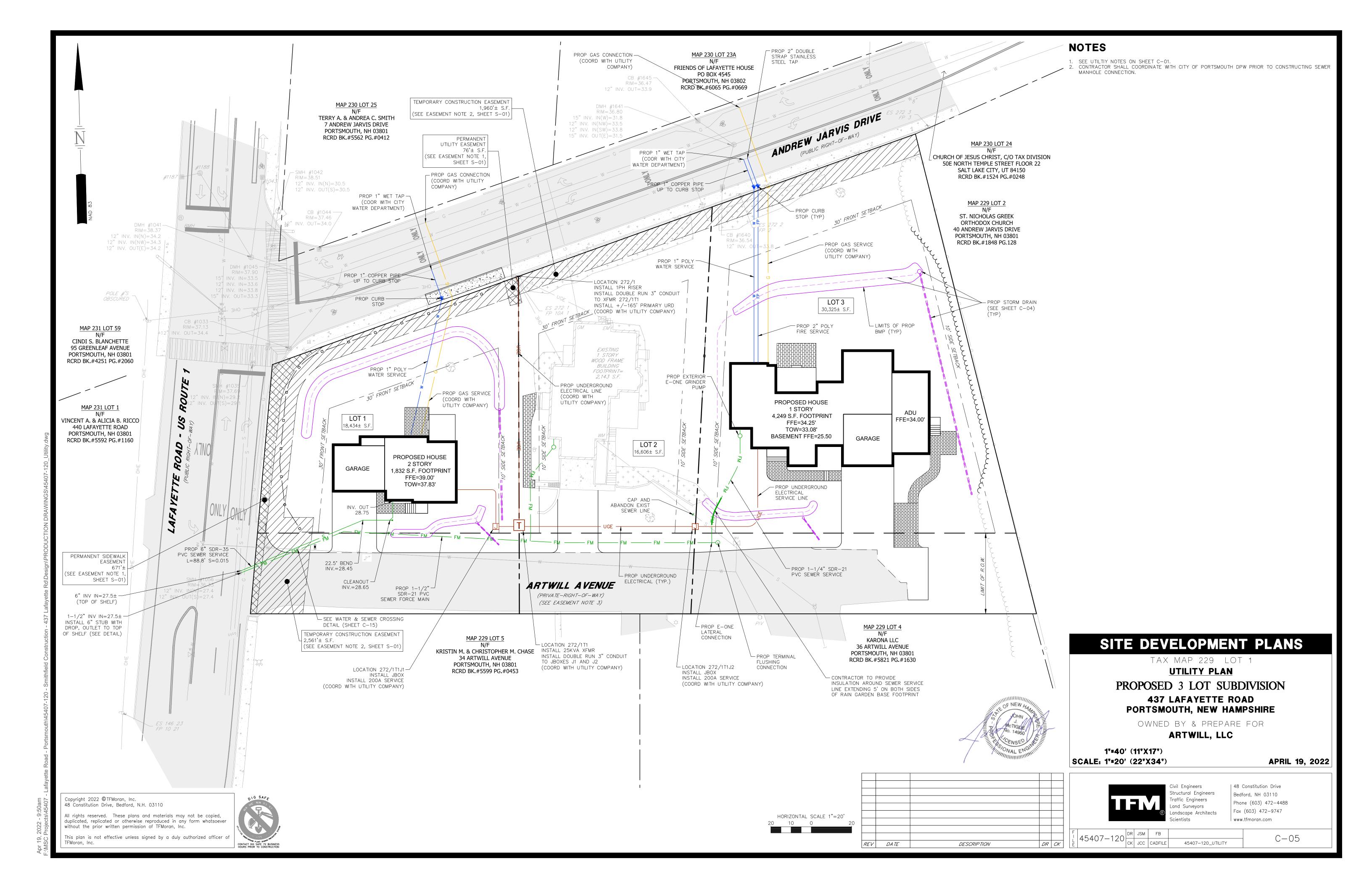
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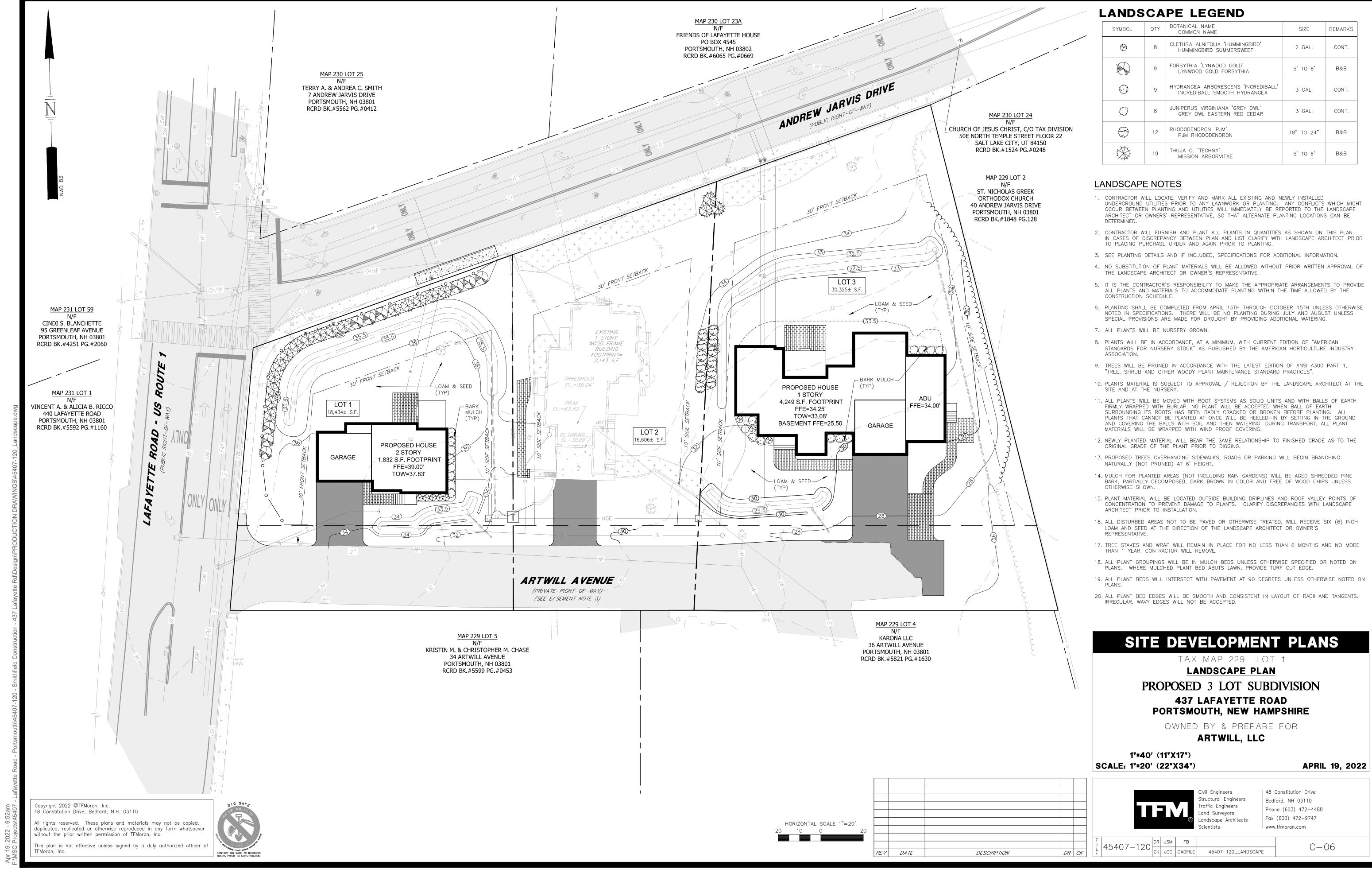


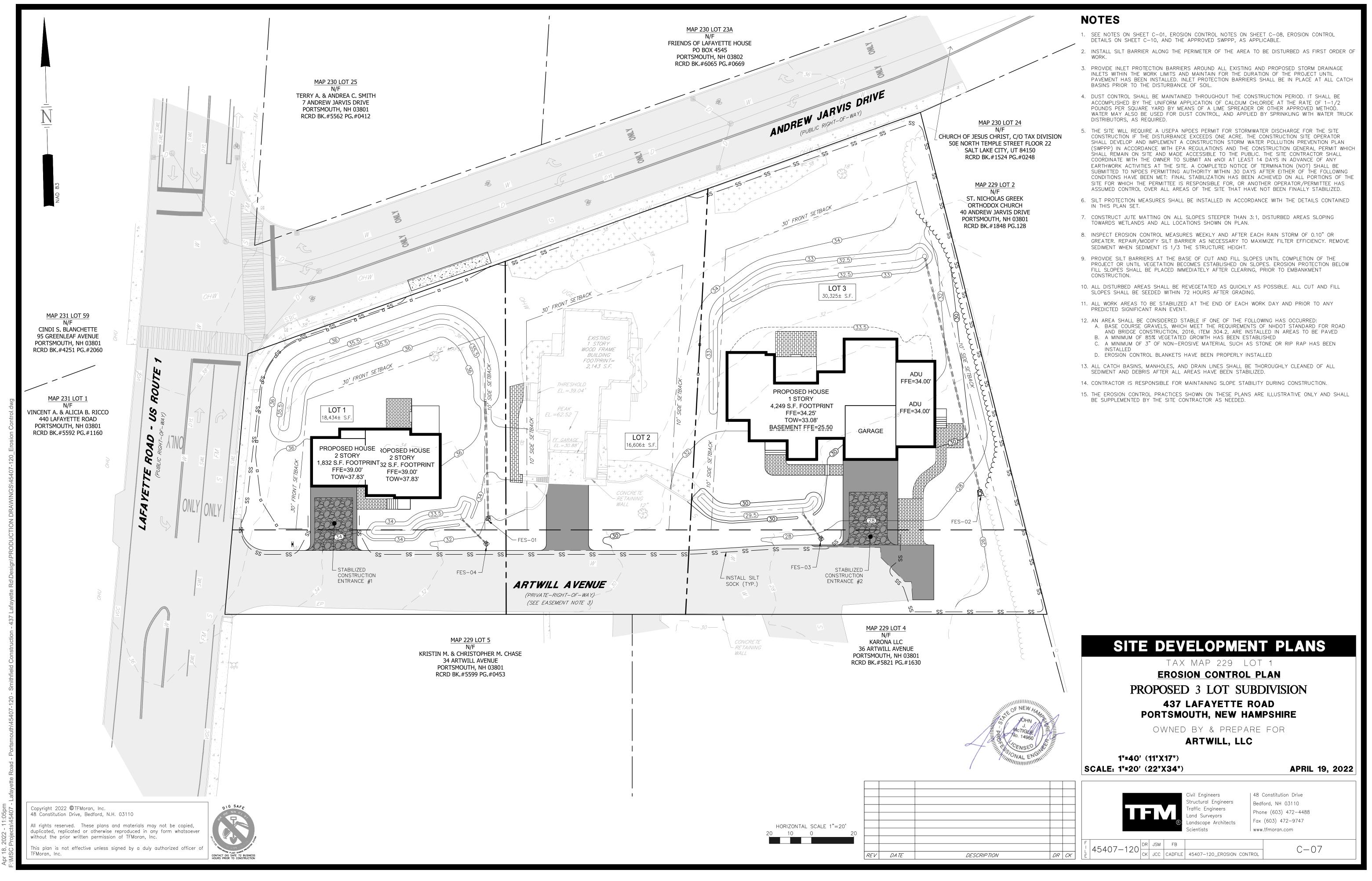




Apr. 18, 2022 - 11:04pm







THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY 46,875 SQUARE FEET (1.076 ACRES). CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PHASED TO LIMIT DISTURBED AREAS TO LESS THAN 5 ACRES.

CRITICAL NOTE: THIS DRAWING IS PROVIDED FOR GENERAL GUIDANCE. ALL SPECIAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE CURRENT STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, APPROVED SWPPP, AND PERMIT

## SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES

- 1. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AND TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PER APPROVED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS, PERMITS, OR SWPPP IF REQUIRED, PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS.
- DEMOLISH EXISTING SITE WORK DESIGNATED FOR REMOVAL. INSTALL STORMWATER TREATMENT PONDS AND SWALES BEFORE ROUGH GRADING THE SITE.
- COMPLETE MAJOR GRADING OF SITE.
- CONSTRUCT BUILDING PAD, STORMWATER SYSTEM, AND SITE UTILITIES.
- CONSTRUCT PARKING LOT.
- 7. WHEN ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE AND SITE IS STABILIZED, REMOVE ALL INLET PROTECTION, SILT BARRIERS, AND SEDIMENT THAT HAS BEEN TRAPPED BY THESE DEVICES.
- 8. CONSULT APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, PERMITS, CONDITIONS, AND APPROVED SWPPP FOR CONDITIONS RELATED TO NOTICE OF TERMINATION, IF REQUIRED.

## <u>EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND STABILIZATION PRACTICES</u>

STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES AND DISTURBED AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY D. WILL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWENTY ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS BY THE FOURTEENTH (14TH) DAY AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED IN THAT AREA. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE

- 1. BASE COURSE GRAVELS, WHICH MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF NHDOT STANDARD FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, 2016, ITEM 304.2, HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED;
- 2. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;
- 3. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIPRAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED; OR 4. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.

DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE FILTERED THROUGH SILT BARRIERS. ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH BARRIER FILTERS. STONE RIPRAP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE OUTLETS OF DRAINAGE PIPES WHERE EROSIVE VELOCITIES ARE ENCOUNTERED.

## OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE INSTALLED.

<u>INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AND INSPECTION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS</u>

THESE ARE THE GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO IMPLEMENT THE PLAN.

- 1. STABILIZATION OF ALL SWALES, DITCHES, AND PONDS IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW TO THEM.
- 2. THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL PORTION OF THE SITE WILL BE DENUDED AT ONE TIME. (5 AC MAX)
- 3. ALL CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, PERMITS, AND CONDITIONS AND[a] FOR PROJECTS REQUIRING A NPDES EPA CGP AND DISCHARGING TO A NON-SENSITIVE WATERBODY, AT LEAST EVERY 7 DAYS OR EVERY 14 DAYS AND AFTER A 0.25 INCHES RAIN EVENT OR GREATER.
- 4. ALL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT WILL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.
- 5. BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM SILT BARRIER WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE THIRD THE HEIGHT OF
- 6. ALL DIVERSION DIKES WILL BE INSPECTED AND ANY BREACHES PROMPTLY REPAIRED.
- 7. TEMPORARY SEEDING AND PLANTING WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND UNHEALTHY
- 8. A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION.
- 9. IF INSPECTIONS ARE REQUIRED OR THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO A NPDES EPA CGP. THE CONTRACTOR'S SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES, AND FILLING OUT THE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT.

## FILTERS / BARRIERS

- 1. SILT SOCKS
- A. KNOTTED MESH NETTING MATERIAL SHALL BE DELIVERED TO SITE IN A 5 MIL CONTINUOUS, TUBULAR, HDPE 3/8" MATERIAL, FILLED WITH COMPOST CONFORMING TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

PARTICLE SIZE TMECC 02.02-B 2" SIEVE AND MIN. 60% GREATER

THAN THE 3" SIEVE

MOISTURE CONTENT STND TESTING < 60%

MATERIAL SHALL BE RELATIVELY FREE OF INERT OR FOREIGN MAN-MADE MATERIALS

- MATERIAL SHALL BE WEED FREE AND DERIVED FROM A WELL-DECOMPOSED SOURCE OF ORGANIC MATTER, FREE FROM ANY REFUSE, CONTAMINANTS OR OTHER MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.
- B. SEDIMENT COLLECTED AT THE BASE OF THE SILT SOCK SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE IT HAS REACHED 1/3 OF
- THE EXPOSED HEIGHT OF THE SILT SOCK. C. SILT BARRIER SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFUL PURPOSE, BUT NOT BEFORE THE
- UPSLOPE AREAS HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. 2. SEQUENCE OF INSTALLATION

SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY SOIL DISTURBANCE OF THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THEM.

## 3. MAINTENANCE

- A. SILT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL. THEY SHALL BE REPAIRED IF THERE ARE ANY SIGNS OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION BELOW THEM. ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY. IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING AT THE CENTER OR THE EDGES, OR IMPOUNDING OF LARGE VOLUMES OF WATER BEHIND THEM, SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE REPLACED WITH A TEMPORARY CHECK DAM.
- B. SHOULD THE FABRIC DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE EXPECTED USABLE LIFE AND THE BARRIER STILL IS NECESSARY, THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY.
- C. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. THEY MUST BE REMOVED WHEN DEPOSITS REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE THIRD (1/3) THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.
- D. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER THE SILT BARRIER IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHALL BE DRESSED TO CONFIRM WITH THE EXISTING GRADE, PREPARED AND SEEDED.

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## C. <u>MULCHING</u>

IN ORDER FOR MULCH TO BE EFFECTIVE, IT MUST BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO MAJOR STORM EVENTS. THERE ARE TWO (2) TYPES OF STANDARDS WHICH SHALL BE USED TO ASSURE THIS:

A. APPLY MULCH PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT.

THIS IS APPLICABLE WHEN WORKING WITHIN 100' OF WETLANDS. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CLOSELY MONITOR WEATHER PREDICTIONS, USUALLY BY CONTACTING THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, TO HAVE ADEQUATE WARNING OF SIGNIFICANT STORMS.

B. REQUIRED MULCHING WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD.

THE TIME PERIOD CAN RANGE FROM 14 TO 21 DAYS OF INACTIVITY ON AN AREA, WHERE THE LENGTH OF TIME VARIES WITH SITE CONDITIONS. PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT SHALL BE USED TO EVALUATE THE INTERACTION OF SITE CONDITIONS (SOIL ERODIBILITY, SEASON OF YEAR, EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE, PROXIMITY TO SENSITIVE RESOURCES, ETC.) AND THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF EROSION ON ADJACENT AREAS TO CHOOSE AN APPROPRIATE ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED. TIME RESTRICTION.

2. GUIDELINES FOR WINTER MULCH APPLICATION.

WHEN MULCH IS APPLIED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION OVER WINTER (PAST THE GROWING SEASON) IT SHALL BE AT A RATE OF 6,000 POUNDS OF HAY OR STRAW PER ACRE. A TACKIFIER MAY BE ADDED TO THE MULCH.

MAINTENANCE

ALL MULCHES MUST BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY, IN PARTICULAR AFTER RAINSTORMS, TO CHECK FOR RILL EROSION. IF LESS THAN 90% OF THE SOIL SURFACE IS COVERED BY MULCH, ADDITIONAL MULCH SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY APPLIED.

## <u>VEGETATIVE PRACTICE</u>

- 1. AFTER ROUGH GRADING OF THE SUBGRADE HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND APPROVED, THE SUB GRADE SURFACE SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF 4". THEN, FURNISH AND INSTALL A LAYER OF LOAM PROVIDING A ROLLED THICKNESS AS SPECIFIED IN THESE PLANS. ANY DEPRESSIONS WHICH MAY OCCUR DURING ROLLING SHALL BE FILLED WITH ADDITIONAL LOAM, REGRADED AND REPOLLED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS TRUE TO THE FINISHED LINES 3. SANITARY WASTE AND GRADES. ALL LOAM NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY THE
- 2. ALL LARGE STIFF CLODS, LUMPS, BRUSH, ROOTS, DEBRIS, GLASS, STUMPS, LITTER, AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIAL, AS WELL AS STONES OVER 1" IN DIAMETER, SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE LOAM AND DISPOSED OF SPILL PREVENTION OFF SITE. THE LOAM SHALL BE RAKED SMOOTH AND EVEN.
- 3. THE LOAM SHALL BE PREPARED TO RECEIVE SEED BY REMOVING STONES, FOREIGN OBJECTS AND GRADING TO ELIMINATE WATER POCKETS AND IRREGULARITIES PRIOR TO PLACING SEED. FINISH GRADING SHALL RESULT IN STRAIGHT UNIFORM GRADES AND SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACES WITHOUT IRREGULARITIES TO LOW POINTS.
- 4. SHAPE THE AREAS TO THE LINES AND GRADES REQUIRED. THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE SCHEDULING OF LOAMING AND SEEDING OF GRADED AREAS TO PERMIT SUFFICIENT TIME FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THESE AREAS. IT SHALL BE THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO MAINTAIN THE AREAS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AND REGRADE, LOAM AND RESEED ANY DAMAGED AREAS.
- 5. ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINES AND NOT COVERED BY STRUCTURES, PAVEMENT, OR MULCH SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED.
- 6. LIMESTONE SHALL BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED INTO THE LOAM LAYER AT A RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A PH VALUE OF 5.5 TO 6.5.
- 7. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE TOP LAYER OF LOAM AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE. FERTILIZER
- APPLICATION RATE SHALL BE 500 POUNDS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER. 8. SOIL CONDITIONERS AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RECOMMENDED RATES AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO THE LOAM. LOAM SHALL BE RAKED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS FINELY PULVERIZED SMOOTH AND EVEN, AND THEN COMPACTED TO AN EVEN SURFACE CONFORMING TO THE REQUIRED LINES AND
- GRADES WITH APPROVED ROLLERS WEIGHING BETWEEN 4 1/2 POUNDS AND 5 1/2 POUNDS PER INCH OF WIDTH. 9. SEED SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATE SHOWN BELOW. SOWING SHALL BE DONE ON A CALM, DRY DAY, PREFERABLY BY MACHINE, BUT IF BY HAND, ONLY BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SEEDING THE SOIL SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED. ONE HALF THE SEED SHALL BE SOWN IN ONE DIRECTION AND THE OTHER HALF AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION. IT SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH NOT OVER 1/4" AND ROLLED WITH A HAND ROLLER WEIGHING NOT OVER 100 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT OF
- 10. HAY MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING AT A RATE OF 1.5 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE. MULCH THAT BLOWS OR WASHES AWAY SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY AND ANCHORED USING APPROPRIATE TECHNIQUES FROM THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK.
- 11. THE SURFACE SHALL BE WATERED AND KEPT MOIST WITH A FINE SPRAY AS REQUIRED, WITHOUT WASHING AWAY THE SOIL, UNTIL THE GRASS IS WELL ESTABLISHED. ANY AREAS WHICH ARE NOT SATISFACTORILY COVERED WITH GRASS SHALL BE RESEEDED, AND ALL NOXIOUS WEEDS REMOVED.
- 12. THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAINTAIN THE SEEDED AREAS UNTIL ACCEPTED, INCLUDING CUTTING, AS SPECIFIED HEREIN AFTER UNDER MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION.
- 13. UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED, SEEDING SHALL BE DONE DURING THE APPROXIMATE PERIODS OF EARLY SPRING TO SEPTEMBER 30. WHEN SOIL CONDITIONS AND WEATHER ARE SUITABLE FOR SUCH WORK. IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCEED 1 PERCENT BY WEIGHT. ALL SEED SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEED LAWS. FOR TEMPORARY PLANTINGS AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, TO EARLY SPRING AND FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS:
- A. FOLLOW ABOVE SLOPE, LOAM DEPTH AND GRADING REQUIREMENTS. B. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE AT A RATE OF 500 POUNDS PER ACRE.

MULCHING AND SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES: WINTER RYE (FALL SEEDING) 2.5 LBS/1,000 SF 2.0 LBS/1,000 SF

## OATS (SPRING SEEDING) 1.5 TONS/ACRE

## 1. INLET BASKET STRUCTURE

E. CATCH BASIN INLET PROTECTION

- A. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO DISTURBING PAVEMENT AND SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND MAINTAINED UNTIL PAVEMENT BINDER COURSE IS COMPLETE.
- B. MOLD 6X6, 42 LB. WIRE SUPPORT AROUND INLET FRAME AND GRATE AND EXTEND 6" BEYOND SIDES. SECURE FILTER FABRIC TO WIRE SUPPORT
- C. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE A GEOTEXTILE FABRIC; POLYESTER, POLYPROPYLENE, STABILIZED NYLON, POLYETHYLENE OR POLYVINYLIDENE CHLORIDE MEETING THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS:
- GRAB STRENGTH: 45 LB. MINIMUM IN ANY PRINCIPAL DIRECTION (ASTM D1682) MULLEN BURST STRENGTH: MIN. 60PSI (ASTM D774)
- D. THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE AN OPENING NO GREATER THAN A NUMBER 20 U.S. STANDARD SIEVE AND A MINIMUM PERMEABILITY OF 120 GPM.
- E. THE INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSPECTED WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER EACH RAINFALL OR DAILY DURING EXTENDED PERIODS OF PRECIPITATION. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY, AS NECESSARY, TO PREVENT PARTICLES FROM REACHING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM AND/OR CAUSING SURFACE FLOODING.
- F. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT, OR MORE OFTEN IF THE FABRIC BECOMES CLOGGED.

## WINTER CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

1. ALL PROPOSED POST-DEVELOPMENT LANDSCAPED AREAS WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENT.

- 2. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS.
- 3. AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, INCOMPLETE PARKING AREAS WHERE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER ALL TRAVEL SURFACES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3" OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3, OR IF CONSTRUCTION IS TO CONTINUE THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON BE CLEARED OF ANY ACCUMULATED SNOWFALL AFTER EACH STORM EVENT.

## TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

AS INDICATED IN THE SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES, SILT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CLEARING OR GRADING OF THE SITE. STRUCTURAL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE APPLICABLE ACTIVITY. AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TEMPORARILY CEASES FOR MORE THAN TWENTY ONE (21) DAYS WILL BE STABILIZED WITH A TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF THE LAST DISTURBANCE. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN AREA, SILT BARRIERS AND ANY EARTH/DIKES WILL BE REMOVED

FOR SINGLE/DUPLEX FAMILY SUBDIVISIONS, WHEN LOT DEVELOPMENT IS NOT PART OF THE PERMIT, THEN LOT DISTURBANCE, OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS, SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AFTER THE ROADWAY HAS THE BASE COURSE TO DESIGN ELEVATION AND THE ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE IS COMPLETE AND STABLE.

## WASTE DISPOSAL

1. WASTE MATERIALS ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN SECURELY LIDDED RECEPTACLES. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE WILL BE DEPOSITED IN A DUMPSTER. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS WILL DUST CONTROL BE BURIED ON SITE. ALL PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED REGARDING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE DISPOSAL BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.

- ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUFACTURER. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED IN THESE PRACTICES BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER WEEK BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES DURING CONSTRUCTION TO STORMWATER RUNOFF:

## GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION

- A. AN EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STORE ONLY SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS TO DO THE JOB.
- B. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON SITE WILL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR PROPER (ORIGINAL IF POSSIBLE) CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE.
- C. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- D. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS.
- E. SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- F. WHENEVER POSSIBLE ALL OF A PRODUCT WILL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE CONTAINER. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS:
- THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS:
- A. PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT RESEALABLE B. ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA WILL BE RETAINED FOR IMPORTANT PRODUCT INFORMATION.
- C. SURPLUS PRODUCT THAT MUST BE DISPOSED OF WILL BE DISCARDED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS OF DISPOSAL.

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION PRACTICES THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE:

CONTAINED AREA DESIGNATED ON SITE.

ALL ON SITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT BASED SUBSTANCES USED ON SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZERS USED WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS DIRECTED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS. ONCE APPLIED FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER. STORAGE WILL BE IN A COVERED SHED OR ENCLOSED TRAILERS. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS.

PAINTS:
ALL CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR USE. EXCESS PAINT WILL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM BUT WILL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

REV DATE

CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL DISCHARGE AND WASH OUT SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH WATER IN A

## SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES

CLEANUP SUPPLIES.

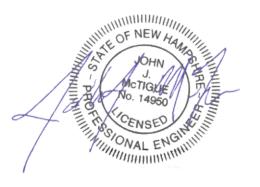
IN ADDITION TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP:

- A. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND
- B. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ON SITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS WILL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUSTPANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST, AND PLASTIC OR METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE.
- C. ALL SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY.

AND THE CLEANUP MEASURES WILL BE INCLUDED.

- D. THE SPILL AREA WILL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL WILL WEAR APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.
- E. SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL WILL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, REGARDLESS OF THE SIZE.
- F. THE SPILL PREVENTION PLAN WILL BE ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE MEASURES TO PREVENT THIS TYPE OF SPILL FROM RECURRING AND HOW TO CLEANUP THE SPILL IF IT RECURS. A DESCRIPTION OF THE SPILL, ITS CAUSE,
- G. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS WILL BE THE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTROL DUST THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. DUST CONTROL METHODS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO SPRINKLING WATER ON EXPOSED AREAS, COVERING LOADED DUMP TRUCKS LEAVING THE SITE, AND TEMPORARY MULCHING. DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE UTILIZED SO AS TO PREVENT THE MIGRATION OF DUST FROM THE SITE TO ABUTTING AREAS.



DFSCRIPTION

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

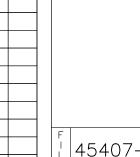
TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**EROSION CONTROL NOTES** PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR

ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE:



DR CK

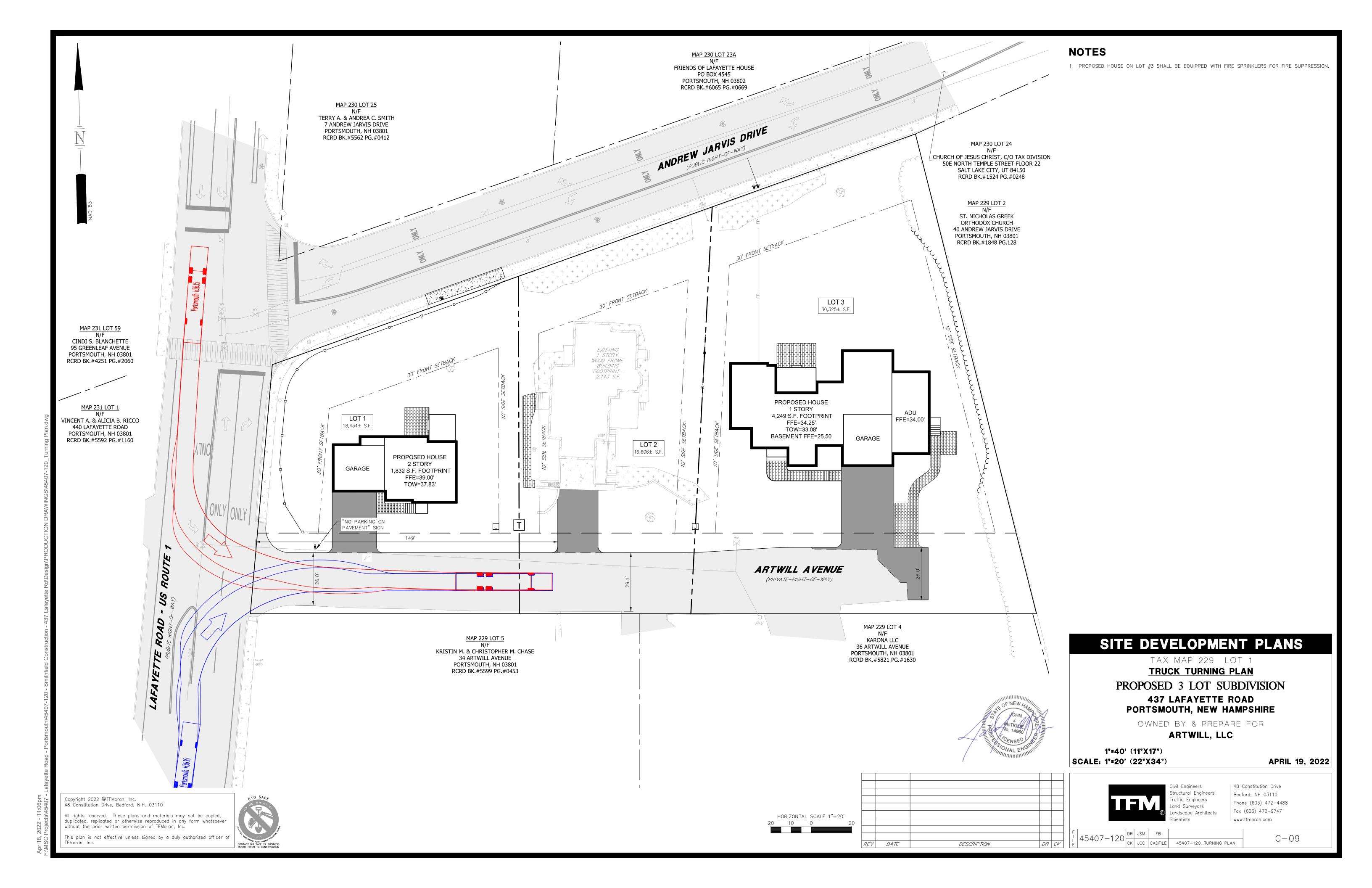
ivil Engineers tructural Engineers raffic Engineers and Survevors andscape Architects cientists

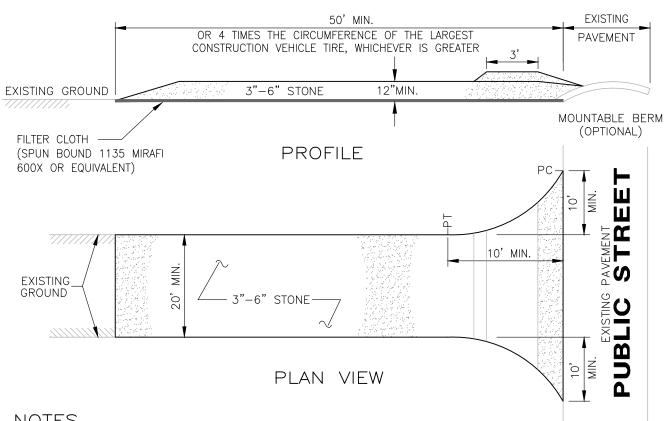
48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

DR JSM FB | 45407-120 | CK | JCC | CADFILE | 45407-120\_EC | NOTES

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**APRIL 19, 2022** 

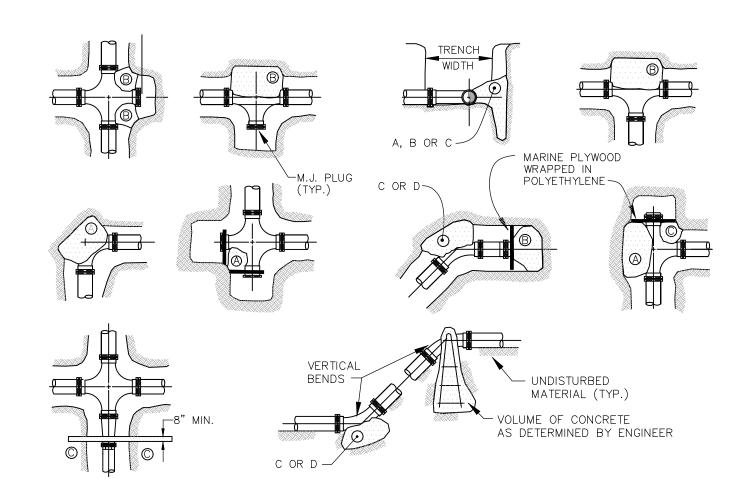




- 1. FILTER CLOTH WILL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING OF STONE SURFACE.
- 2. WATER ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING OR DIVERTED TOWARD CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED ACROSS THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES WILL BE PERMITTED.
- 3. MAINTENANCE THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY MUST BE
- 4. WASHING WHEELS SHALL BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH STONE AND WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 5. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND NEEDED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN STORM EVENT.



**ENTRANCE** NOT TO SCALE



- 1. POUR THRUST BLOCKS AGAINST UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. WHERE TRENCH WALL HAS BEEN DISTURBED. EXCAVATE LOOSE MATERIAL AND EXTEND THRUST BLOCK TO UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. NO PIPE JOINTS SHALL BE COVERED WITH CONCRETE.
- 2. ON BENDS AND TEES, EXTEND THRUST BLOCKS FULL
- LENGTH OF FITTING.
- POURING THRUST BLOCKS.
- 4. WHERE MECHANICAL JOINT PIPE IS USED, MECHANICAL JOINT PLUG WITH RETAINER GLAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR END BLOCKINGS.
- 5. INSTALLATION AND STANDARD DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY/TOWN ESTABLISHED RULES AND PROCEDURES.
- SQUARE FEET OF CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKING BEARING ON UNDISTURBED MATERIAL REACTION 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" 0.89 | 2.19 | 3.82 | 11.14 | 17.24 | 90° 3 180° 0.65 | 1.55 | 2.78 | 8.38 | 12.00 | 45° 0.48 | 1.19 | 2.12 | 6.02 | 9.32

# 3. PLACE BOARD IN FRONT OF ALL PLUGS BEFORE | D 22-1/2° | 0.25 | 0.60 | 1.06 | 3.08 | 4.74 | E 11-1/4° | 0.13 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 1.54 | 2.38

## THRUST BLOCKS

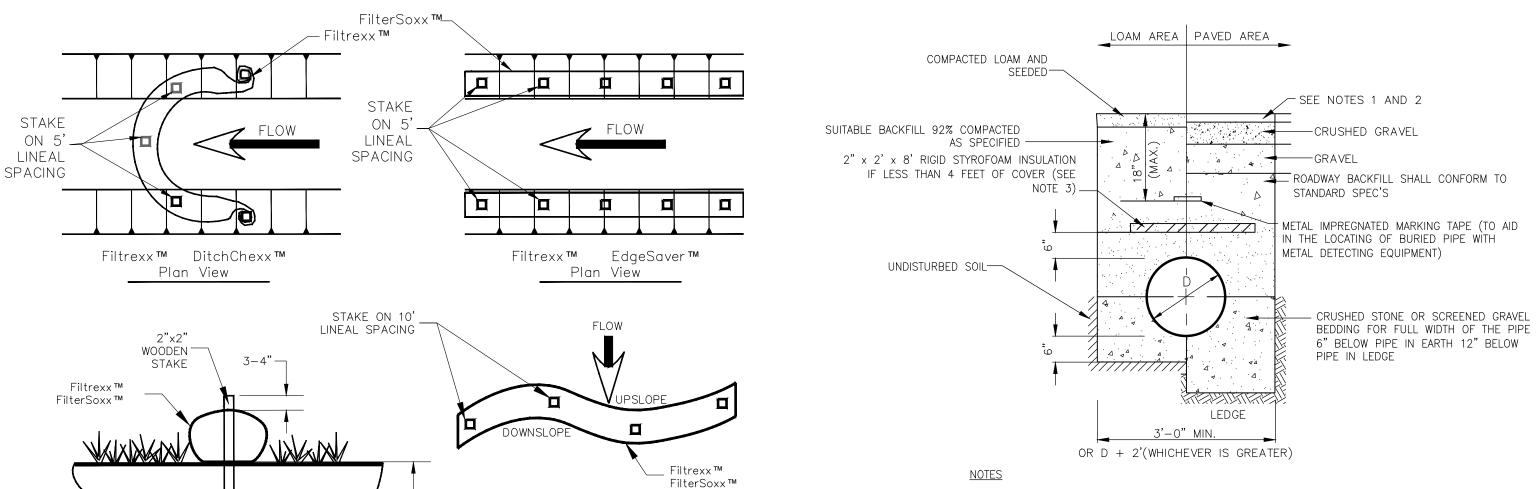
NOT TO SCALE

48 Constitution Drive, Bedford, N.H. 03110

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This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of





Filtrexx™ SiltSoxx™

Filtrexx™ FilterSoxx™ Section

Plan View

1/3 POST HEIGHT

(SEE NOTE 1)

<u>LENGTH:</u> AS REQUIRED

MINIMUM OF 2'.

WEIGHT PER LINEAR FOOT: 2.50 LBS (MIN)

HOLES: 3/8" DIAMETER, 1" C-C FULL LENGTH

ASTM A-576 (GRADE 1070 - 1080)

BE COMPLETE BEFORE PAINTING.

LATEST NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

STEEL: SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A-499 (GRADE 60) OR

FINISH: SHALL BE PAINTED WITH 2 COATS OF AN APPROVED

NOTE:
1. WHERE LEDGE APPLICATION EXISTS, DRILL & GROUT TO A

3. SIGN, HARDWARE, AND INSTALLATION SHALL CONFORM TO THE

2. ALL SIGNAGE SHALL FOLLOW THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES STANDARDS AND NHDOT

SIGN POST

NOT TO SCALE

MEDIUM GREEN BAKED-ON OR AIR-DRIED PAINT OF

WEATHER RESISTANT QUALITY. ALL FABRICATION SHALL

Plan View

MEET APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.

AS DETERMINED BY ENGINEER.

SPECIFICATIONS

FILTREXX™ FILTERSOXX™ STAKING

NOT TO SCALE

GALVANIZED

1. ALL MATERIAL TO MEET FIITREXX™ SPECIFICATIONS

2. FilterSoxx™ COMPOST/SOIL/ROCK/SEED FILL TO

3. COMPOST MATERIAL TO BE DISPERSED ON SITE,

4. SIZE OF SOCK TO BE PER MANUFACTURER'S

- 1. PAVEMENT REPAIR IN EXISTING ROADWAYS SHALL CONFORM TO STREET OPENING REGULATIONS.
- 2. NEW ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO SUBDIVISION SPEC'S.
- 3. GAPS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF INSULATION TO BE COVERED WITH 2"  $\times$ 2' x 2' PIECE OF INSULATION CENTERED OVER GAP.

# SEWER TRENCH

NOT TO SCALE

# WITH OPTIONAL INSULATION

# ( GAS)<mark>→</mark> 5' MIN.——

LOAM AREA

COMPACTED

CONTINUOUS PLASTIC

WARNING TAPE -

COMPACTED

COMMON FILL

SAND BEDDING -

4" PVC, SCH 40

COMMUNICATION CONDUIT

UNDISTURBED SOIL -

NOTES

REQUIREMENTS.

LOAM & SEEDED-

PAVED AREA

SEE PAVEMENT SECTION

ELECTRIC CONDUITS

4" MIN.

2" MIN.

(TYP.)(TYP.) (TYP.)(TYP.)

3. ACTUAL NUMBER OF CONDUITS TO BE DETERMINED BY RESPECTIVE

4. VERIFY INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECTIVE COMPANIES.

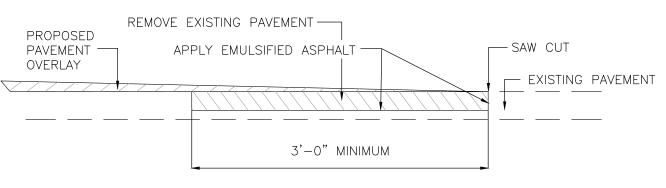
**ELECTRIC/COMMUNICATIONS** 

**CONDUIT** 

NOT TO SCALE

1. ELECTRIC SERVICE INSTALLATION AND STANDARD DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL CODES. 2. COMMUNICATION SERVICE INSTALLATION SHALL MEET ALL CONSTRUCTION

# TYPICAL UTILITY SEPARATION DETAIL



# **PAVEMENT SAWCUT**

NOT TO SCALE

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**DETAILS** 

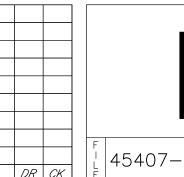
PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

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SCALE:

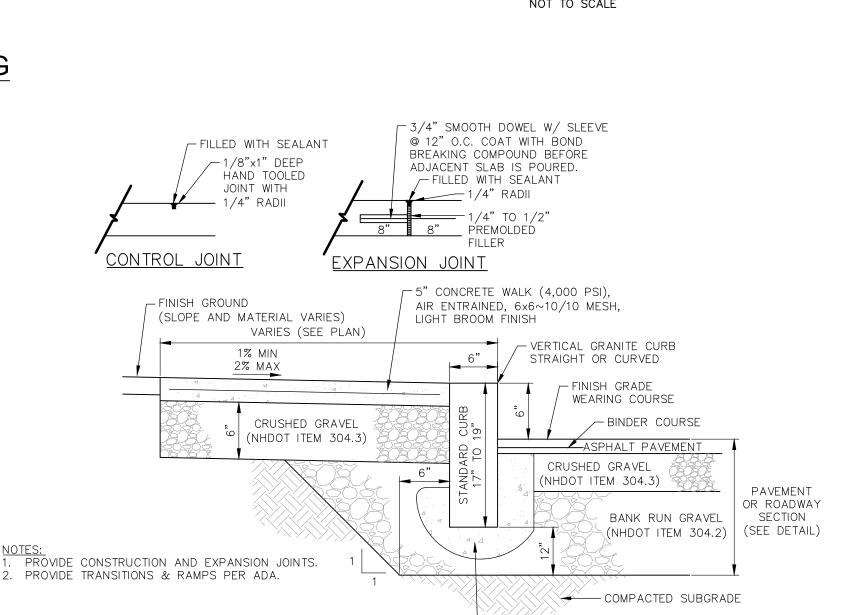
**APRIL 19, 2022** 



Structural Engineers raffic Engineers and Surveyors andscape Architects

48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

C - 1045407-120\_DETAILS



# CONCRETE SIDEWALK WITH VERTICAL GRANITE CURB

CONCRETE CLASS B

NOT TO SCALE

## 2.5" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE (NHDOT 3/4 INCH BINDER COURSE) ITEM 641.04 4" LOAM & SEED 642. LIMESTONE 643.11 FERTILIZER 1.5" BITUMINOUS CONCRETE 645.101 MULCH (NHDOT 1/2 INCH SURFACE COURSE) COMPACTED SUBGRADE 8" CRUSHED GRAVEL \_12" GRAVEL (STRIP LOAM AND ORGANICS) (NHDOT 304.3) (NHDOT 304.2)

## PAVEMENT SECTION/LOAM & SEED DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

REV DATE **DESCRIPTION** DR CK

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## SEEDING

- 1. USE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR MOIST SITES BY NEW ENGLAND WETLAND PLANTS, INC. OR EQUIVALENT.
- 2. SEED AT A RATE OF 1LB/1250SF. APPLY TO BARE SOIL. LIGHTLY MULCH WITH CLEAN WEED FREE STRAW.

## RAIN GARDEN CONSTRUCTION

- CLEAR AND GRUB THE AREA WHERE THE RAIN GARDEN AREAS ARE TO BE LOCATED. STOCKPILE LOAM FOR REUSE ON SLOPES.
- GRADE RAIN GARDEN AREAS ACCORDING TO PLAN AND DETAILS. SIDE SLOPES SHALL HAVE 4" LOAM AND SEED AND A SLOPE NOT TO EXCEED 3:1. BOTTOM OF RAIN GARDEN AREAS TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH MANUFACTURED SOIL (SEE RAIN GARDEN CONSTRUCTION DETAIL). SPECIFIC PLANTINGS SHALL BE PLACED IN THE FACILITY ACCORDING TO THE LANDSCAPE PLAN PLANTING DETAIL.
- 3. RAIN GARDEN SOIL MIXTURE SHALL BE A UNIFORM MIX, FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS OR OTHER SIMILAR OBJECTS LARGER THAN TWO INCHES EXCLUDING MULCH. NO OTHER MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES SHALL BE MIXED OR DUMPED WITHIN THE RAIN GARDEN AREA THAT MAY BE HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH, OR PROVIDE A HINDRANCE TO THE PLANTING OR MAINTENANCE
- 4. THE USDA TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION OF THE SANDY SOIL SHALL BE LOAMY SAND OR SANDY LOAM.
- THE ENGINEERED SOIL SEE ENGINEERED SOIL MIX NOTES. A. SOILS TO BE TESTED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD. ENGINEER SHALL SUBMIT LETTER OF VERIFICATION TO THE CITY.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE MEASURES TO PREVENT EQUIPMENT & VEHICLE TRAFFIC FROM DRIVING IN THE AREA OF THE PROPOSED RAIN GARDEN AREA DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 10. AFTER THE BASIN IS EXCAVATED TO THE FINAL DESIGN ELEVATION. THE FLOOR SHOULD BE DEEPLY TILLED WITH A ROTARY TILLER OR DISC HARROW TO RESTORE INFILTRATION RATES. THE BASIN BOTTOM SHOULD BE LEVELED PRIOR TO BACKFILLING WITH CRUSHED STONE AND RAIN GARDEN SOIL MIXTURE.
- 11. AASHTO #57 STONE CAN BE USED IN PLACE OF 3/4' CRUSHED STONE.

## RAIN GARDEN MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE TO BEGIN AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS FINISHED AND BASIN STABILIZATION IS COMPLETE

- 1. CONTRACTOR AND LAND OWNERS TO PERFORM SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE ON THE RAIN GARDENS.
- REGULAR WATERING DURING THE FIRST FEW WEEKS AFTER PLANTING AND DURING HOT, DRY SPELLS, ESPECIALLY IN THE FIRST TWO YEARS AFTER PLANTING. AFTER THE FIRST TWO YEARS AND ONCE PLANTS ARE ESTABLISHED, WATERING SHOULD ONLY BE NECESSARY DURING DROUGHT CONDITIONS.
- FOR THE FIRST YEAR, FREQUENT AND AGGRESSIVE WEEDING MONTHLY DURING GROWING SEASON. REMOVE ONLY INVASIVE SPECIES.
- 4. TWICE PER YEAR, INSPECT SPILLWAYS AND REMOVE ANY ACCUMULATED DEBRIS OR SEDIMENT TO ENSURE PROPER FUNCTIONALITY.
- 5. ONCE A YEAR TRIM AND PRUNE EXCESS VEGETATION, DEAD, DYING, DISEASED, OR
- HAZARDOUS BRANCHES SHOULD BE TRIMMED AND REMOVED AS THEY OCCUR. 6. ONCE A YEAR INSPECT RAIN GARDEN FOR DEAD OR DYING VEGETATION. REPLACE VEGETATION AS NEEDED. NEW PLANTS SHOULD BE PLACED IN THE SAME LOCATION AS THE OLD PLANT, OR AS NEAR AS POSSIBLE TO THE OLD LOCATION.
- 7. DO NOT MOW GARDEN.

REPLANT AS NEEDED.

ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS.

FMoran, Inc.

8. ONCE A YEAR, INSPECT BOTTOM OF RAIN GARDEN. MAINTAIN A 2-3" LAYER OF MULCH. REPLACE AS REQUIRED.

NEW PLANTS SHOULD BE THE NATIVE AND SAME OR EQUIVALENT VARIETY:

- 9. DURING INSPECTIONS, REMOVE ANY TRASH, ACCUMULATED DEBRIS OR SEDIMENT. 10. ONCE A YEAR INSPECT BERM FOR SETTLING. ADD COMPACTED SOIL AND
- 11. ONCE A YEAR IN THE FALL THE SYSTEM SHOULD BE INSPECTED FOR DRAWDOWN TIME AFTER A RAINFALL EVENT THAT EXCEEDS 1.0 INCHES IN A 24-HOUR PERIOD. THE SYSTEM SHOULD BE CHECKED TO CONFIRM THAT IT COMPLETELY DRAINS IN 72-HOUR AFTER THE RAINFALL EVENT. IF THE GARDEN DOES NOT DRAIN, A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL SHOULD ASSESS THE CONDITION OF THE FACILITY TO DETERMINE MEASURES REQUIRED TO RESTORE FILTRATION OR
- 12. ONCE A YEAR TEST PLANTING BED FOR PH. IF THE PH IS BELOW 5.2, LIMESTONE SHOULD BE APPLIED. IF THE PH IS ABOVE 8.0, IRON SULFATE AND SULFUR SHOULD BE APPLIED.

INFILTRATION FUNCTIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO REMOVAL OF

RAIN GARDEN INSPECTION

% Passing

100

95

40

20

RG #2

32.50

31.00

29.58

32.85

29.33

32.75

" ORIFICE | 1" ORIFICE | 1" ORIFICE

35.50

34.00

32.58

35.85

32.83

35.75

1. THE ENGINEERED SOIL IS MADE OF IS 10% WOOD CHIPS, 35%

2. LOAM SHALL MEET THE USDA TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION OF

GROUND BARK, OR WOOD WASTE; OF UNIFORM TEXTURE AND

3. SAND SHALL BE CONCRETE SAND MEETING ASTM C-33

4. WOOD CHIPS SHALL BE SHREDDED WOOD, WOOD CHIPS,

FREE OF STONES, STICKS, SOIL, OR TOXIC MATERIALS

6. CEC OF TOTAL SOIL: MINIMUM 10 MEQ/100 ML AT PH OF 7.0.

7. BASIS-OF-DESIGN PRODUCT: SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH

8. BASIC PROPERTIES: MANUFACTURED SOIL SHALL NOT CONTAIN

CONCRETE LAYERS OR CHUNKS, CEMENT, PLASTER,

DIESEL FUEL, PAINT THINNER, TURPENTINE, TAR.

BUILDING DEBRIS, ASPHALT, BRICKS, OILS, GASOLINE,

B. UNSUITABLE MATERIALS: STONES, ROOTS, PLANTS, SOD.

CLAY LUMPS, AND POCKETS OF COARSE SAND THAT EXCEED A COMBINED MAXIMUM OF 5 PERCENT BY DRY

LUMPS. AND POCKETS OF COARSE SAND EXCEEDING

ENGINEERED SOIL MIX

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

PSD LOWER LIMIT

PASSING

100

95

15

15

5

SIEVE

10

40

200

<200

C. LARGE MATERIALS: STONES, CLODS, ROOTS, CLAY

0.187 INCHES (4.76 MM) IN ANY DIMENSION.

ROOFING COMPOUND, ACID, SOLID WASTE, AND OTHER

EXTRANEOUS MATERIALS THAT ARE HARMFUL TO PLANT

A. UNACCEPTABLE MATERIALS: CONCRETE SLURRY

WEIGHT OF THE MANUFACTURED SOIL.

PSD UPPER LIMIT

10

40

200

<200

SCHEDULE

REQUIREMENTS INDICATED ON DRAWINGS

CULVERT SIZES.

**ENGINEERED SOIL MIX** 

\* SEE GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN FOR

E\*

LOAM. AND 55% SAND.

5. SOIL REACTION: PH OF 6 TO 7.

LOAMY FINE SAND.

SPECIFICATION.

THE FOLLOWING:

RG #3

28.00

26.58

28.00

29.83

32.00

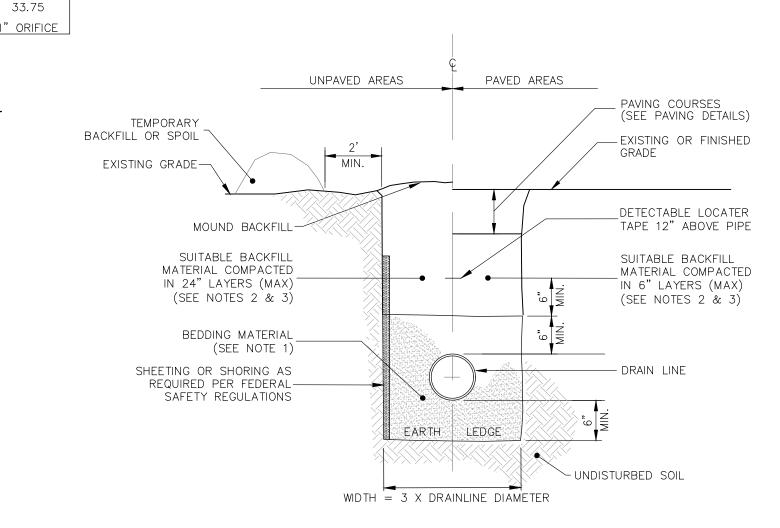
30.58

31.50

- 1. RAIN GARDEN TO BE INSPECTED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR EACH STAGE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION BEING:
- A. EXCAVATION OF THE RAIN GARDEN BASIN, INCLUDING ROTOTILLING.
- B. INSTALLATION OF THE CRUSHED STONE
- C. INSTALLATION OF THE ENGINEERED SOIL
  D. INSTALLATION OF THE OUTLET STRUCTURE AND
- UNDERDRAIN IN THE OUTLET STONE TRENCHES 3. SAMPLE OF THE INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS OF THE ENGINEERED SOIL TO BE PROVIDED AND APPROVED PRIOR

# GRASS SEEDING 6" PONDING AREA 18" ENGINEERED SOIL 14" CRUSHED STONE 4" MIN 3" PEA STONE 6" PERFORATED -HDPE UNDERDRAIN

# RAIN GARDEN TYPICAL SECTION



- 1. BEDDING BEDDING FOR PIPES SHALL CONSIST OF PREPARING THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH TO SUPPORT THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE PIPE AT A UNIFORM SLOPE AND ALIGNMENT. CRUSHED STONE SHALL BE USED TO BED THE PIPE TO THE ELEVATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. NORMAL PIPE BEDDING IS CRUSHED STONE TO THE HAUNCH OF THE PIPE AND SAND BEDDING 6" ABOVE THE CROWN. IF THE TOP OF THE PIPE IS LESS THAN 30" FROM FINISH GRADE, BED PIPE COMPLETELY IN STONE UP TO 6" ABOVE PIPE CROWN. UNDERDRAIN TO HAVE 4" MINIMUM OF STONE OVER PIPE OR AS NECESSARY TO BE IN CONTACT WITH GRAVEL LAYER OF SELECTS ABOVE.
- 2. COMPACTION ALL BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT BY PNEUMATIC TAMPERS, VIBRATORY COMPACTORS OR OTHER APPROVED MEANS, BACKFILL BENEATH PAVED SURFACES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO NOT LESS THAN 95% OF AASHTO T99, METHOD C.
- 3. SUITABLE MATERIAL IN ROADS, ROAD SHOULDERS, WALKWAYS AND TRAVELED WAYS, SUITABLE MATERIAL FOR TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE THE NATURAL MATERIAL EXCAVATED DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, BUT SHALL EXCLUDE DEBRIS: PIECES OF PAVEMENT: ORGANIC MATTER: TOP SOIL: ALL WET OR SOFT MUCK, PEAT, OR CLAY; ALL EXCAVATED LEDGE MATERIAL; ROCKS OVER 6" IN LARGEST DIMENSION; FROZEN EARTH AND ANY MATERIAL WHICH, AS DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER, WILL NOT PROVIDE SUFFICIENT SUPPORT OR MAINTAIN THE COMPLETED CONSTRUCTION IN A STABLE CONDITION.
- 4. BASE COURSE AND PAVEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENT OF THE NHDOT LATEST EDITION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES DIVISION 300 AND 400 RESPECTIVELY.

## TRENCH FOR DRAIN LINE NOT TO SCALE

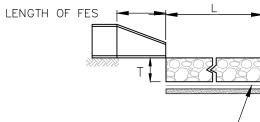
## MAINTENANCE:

THE OUTLET PROTECTION SHOULD BE CHECKED AT LEAST ANNUALLY AND AFTER EVERY MAJOR STORM. IF THE RIP RAP HAS BEEN DISPLACED, UNDERMINED OR DAMAGED, IT SHOULD BE CHECKED TO SEE THAT EROSION IS NOT OCCURRING. THE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL SHOULD BE KEPT CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS, AND SEDIMENT THAT COULD CHANGE FLOW PATTERNS AND/OR TAILWATER DEPTHS ON THE PIPES. REPAIRS MUST BE CARRIED OUT IMMEDIATELY TO AVOID ADDITIONAL DAMAGE TO THE

## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

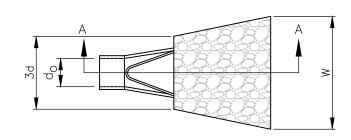
OUTLET PROTECTION APRON.

- 1. THE SUBGRADE FOR THE FILTER MATERIAL, GEOTEXTILE FABRIC, AND RIP RAP SHALL BE PREPARED TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- 2. THE ROCK OR GRAVEL USED FOR FILTER OR RIP RAP SHALL CONFORM TO THE SPECIFIED GRADATION.
- 3. GEOTEXTILE FABRICS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM PUNCTURE OR TEARING DURING THE PLACEMENT OF THE ROCK RIP RAP. DAMAGED AREAS IN THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPAIRED BY PLACING A PIECE OF FABRIC OVER THE DAMAGED AREA OR BY COMPLETE REPLACEMENT OF THE FABRIC. ALL OVERLAPS REQUIRED FOR REPAIRS OR JOINING TWO PIECES OF FABRIC SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 12".
- 4. STONE FOR THE RIP RAP MAY BE PLACED BY EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE FULL LAYER THICKNESS IN ONE OPERATION AND IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PREVENT SEGREGATION OF THE STONE SIZES.
- 5. ADD ANIMAL SCREEN TO FLARED END SECTION OUTLET.



GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TO BE PLACED BETWEEN RIP RAP AND SOIL (TYP)-

SECTION A-A

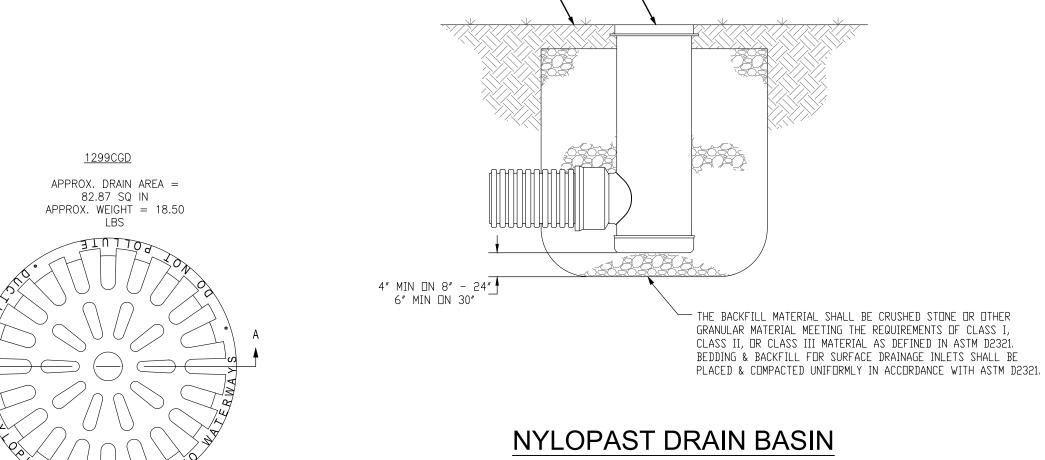


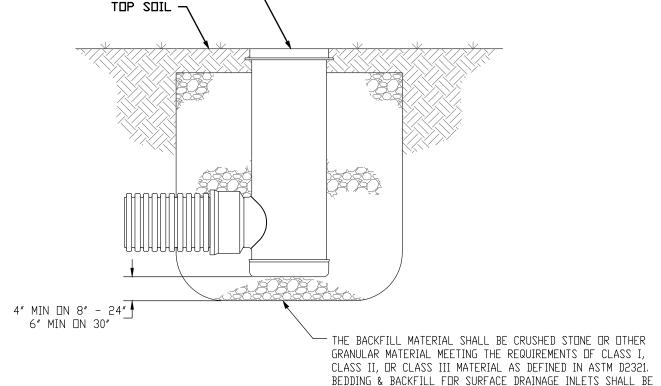
RIPRAP DIMENSIONS					
LOCATION	FES01	FES02	FES03	FES04	
d50 STONE SIZE (IN)	6	6	6	6	
L- LENGTH OF APRON (FT)	2	3	2	2	
W-WIDTH OF APRON (FT)	2	3	2	2	
T-DEPTH OF APRON (IN)	9	9	9	9	

% OF WEIGHT SMALLER THAN THE GIVEN SIZE SIZE OF STONE (INCHES) 7.80 TO 10.80 6.00 TO 9.00

## RIP RAP AND FLARED END SECTION WITH OUTLET PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE





GRATE/COVER-

NYLOPAST DRAIN BASIN NON TRAFFIC INSTALLATION

NOT TO SCALE

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**DETAILS** 

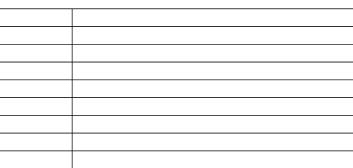
PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR

ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE:

**APRIL 19, 2022** 



**DESCRIPTION** DR CK

48 Constitution Drive ivil Engineers tructural Engineers Bedford, NH 03110 raffic Engineers Phone (603) 472-4488 and Surveyors Fax (603) 472-9747 andscape Architects cientists www.tfmoran.com

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BEING COMBINED AND INSTALLED. SAMPLE CRUSHED STONE

TO BE PROVIDED AND APPROVED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

4. ENGINEER TO VERIFY MIX RATIO OF ENGINEERED SOIL MIX.

DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY

LOCKING DEVICE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST

QUALITY: MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A536 GRADE 70-50-05

PAINT: CASTINGS ARE FURNISHED WITH A BLACK PAINT

REV DATE

ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES

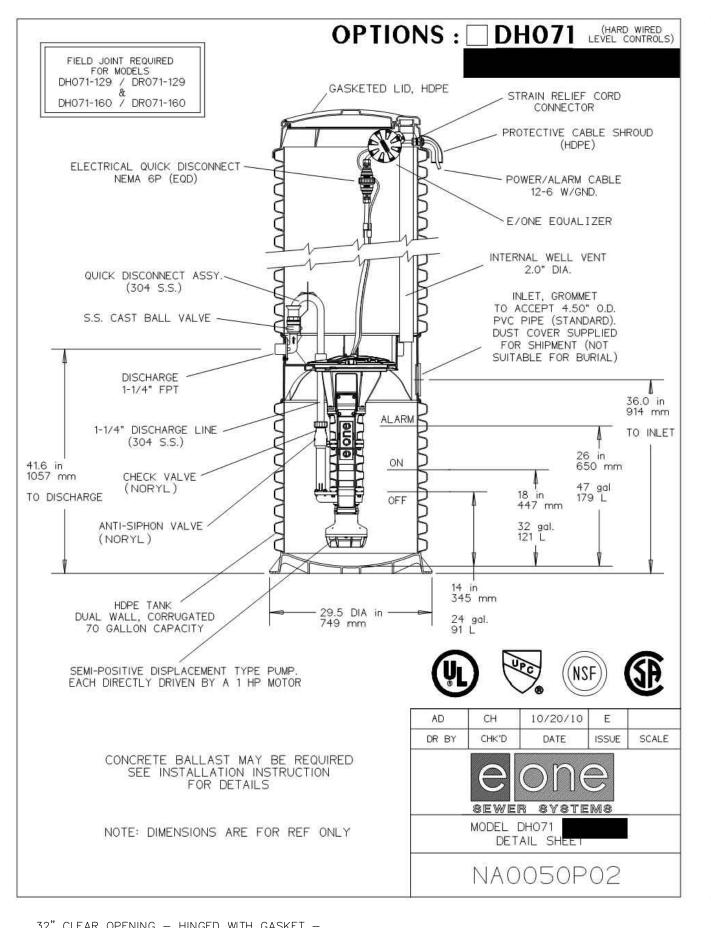
SECTION A-A

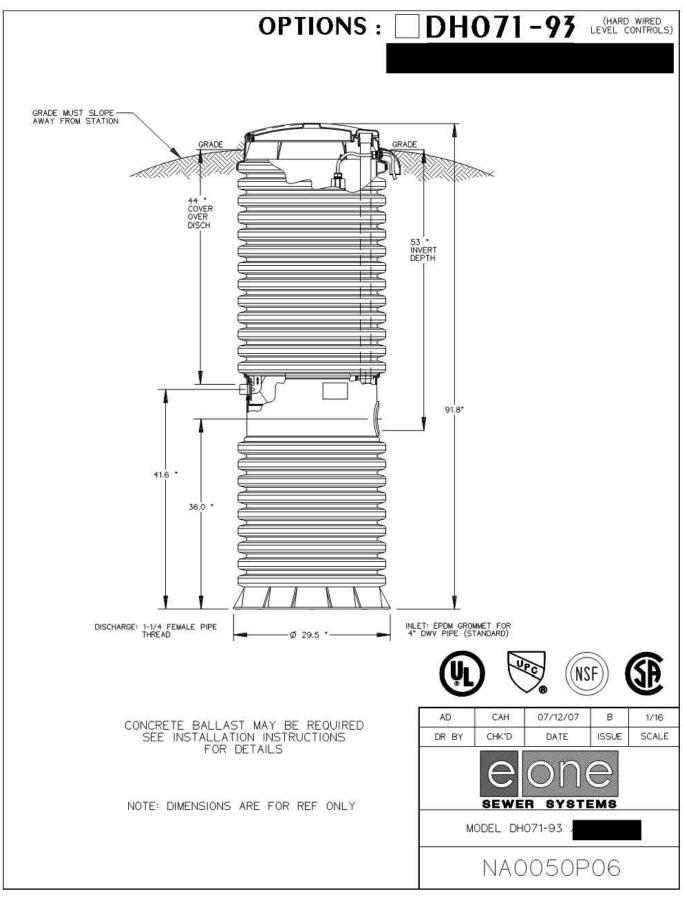
**ADS 12" DOME GRATE** 

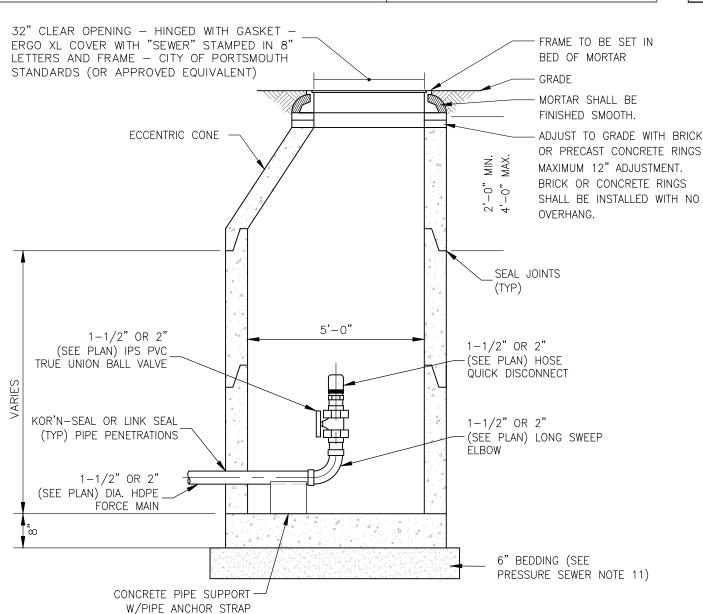
NOT TO SCALE

45407-120\_DETAILS

C - 11







## E-ONE TERMINAL FLUSHING MANHOLE NOT TO SCALE

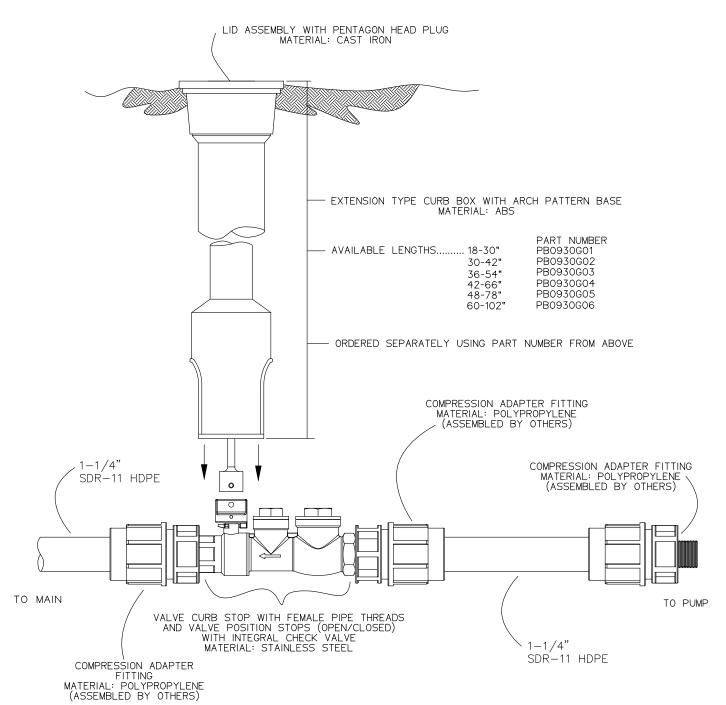
- MANHOLE FRAME & GRATE SHALL BE NEENAH R-3589-A OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- ALL COMPONENTS SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR HS-20 LOADING. REINFORCING SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM 185 OR ASTM 1497 & ASTM A615, GRADE 60.
- ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE NHDOT CLASS A. LARGER DIAMETER STRUCTURES SHALL BE USED AS REQUIRED DUE TO NUMBER, ORIENTATION OR SIZE OF PIPES AT THE STRUCTURE. "CL" USED AT ALL LOCATIONS WITHOUT CURB AND "C" TO BE USED AT ALL TO NUMBER, SIZE OR ORIENTATION OF PIPES AT THE BASIN.
- ALL CASTINGS SHALL BE MADE IN THE USA.
- 9. ALL PIPE FITTINGS ARE TO BE RESTRAINED JOINT STYLE.
- A. HDPE TO BE FUSION, ELECTROFUSION OR MECHANICAL JOINT.
- 10. MANHOLE STRUCTURES SHALL MEET THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS OF ENV-WQ 704.12 THROUGH ENV-WQ 704.17. 11. A.R.I. D-025 STAINLESS STEEL AIR RELEASE VALVE OR EQUIVALENT.

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1. SS CURB STOP/CHECK VALVE AND FITTINGS ARE PROVIDED

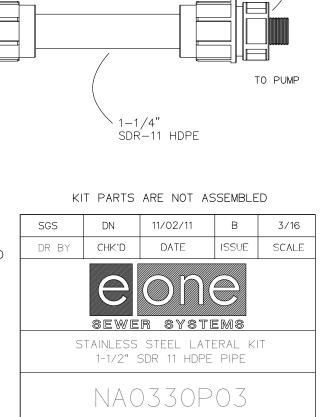
2. TO ASSEMBLE, APPLY A DOUBLE LAYER OF TEFLON TAPE, AND A LAYER OF PIPE DOPE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS) TO THE THREADS ON THE PLASTIC FITTINGS AND INSTALL PER THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

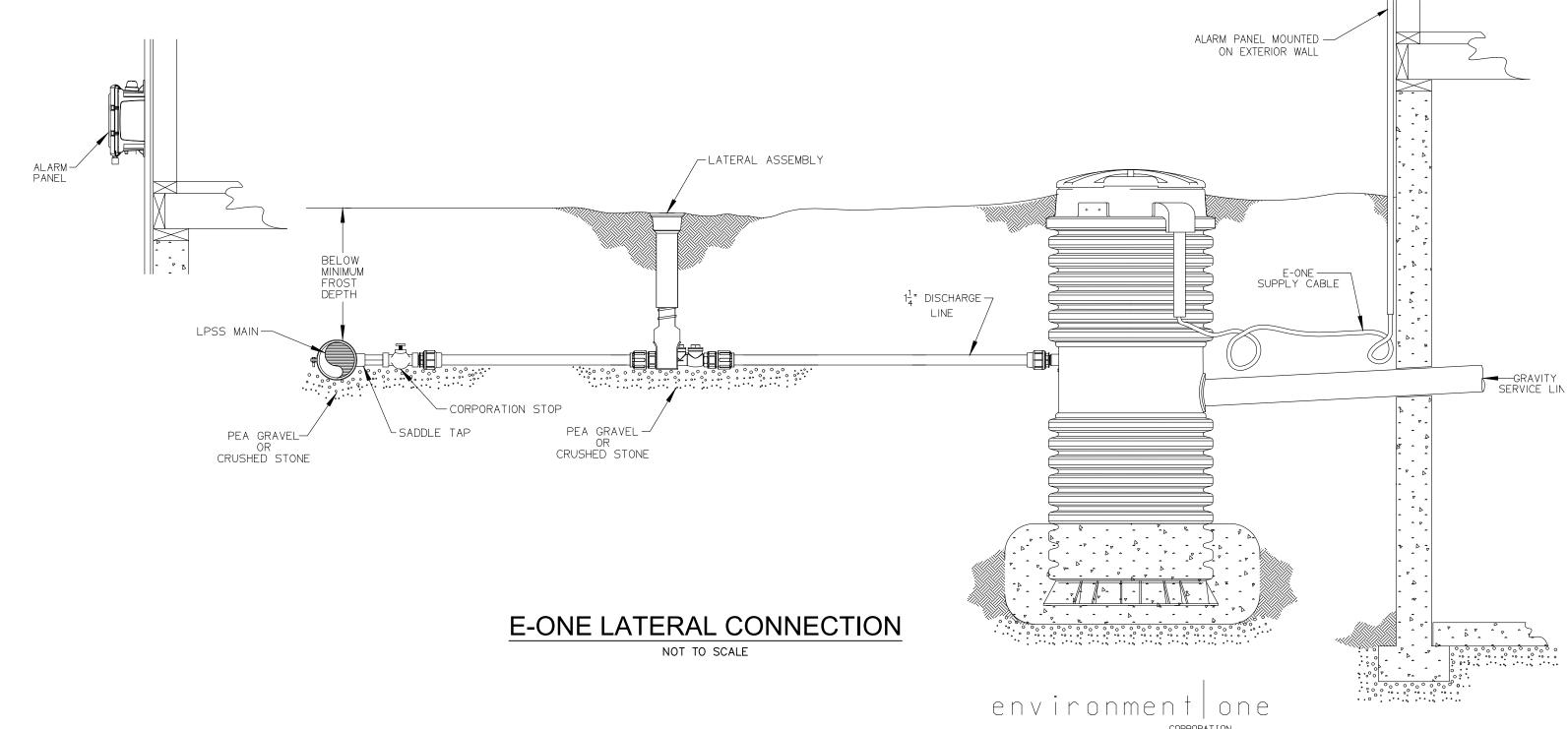
\*FOR SS FITTING INTO SS THREAD, USE EITHER PIPE DOPE
OR TEFLON TAPE, NOT BOTH

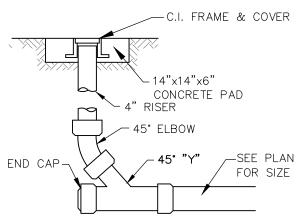
3. ASSEMBLY IS TO BE PRESSURE TESTED (BY OTHERS)

SEPARATELY, TO BE ASSEMBLED BY OTHERS

- 4. ASSEMBLY IS TO BE USED WITH SDR11 HDPE PIPE
- 5. TO ORDER SS LATERAL KIT, USE PART NUMBER NC0193G02 6. CURB BOX IS TO BE ORDERED SEPARATELY, SEE ABOVE

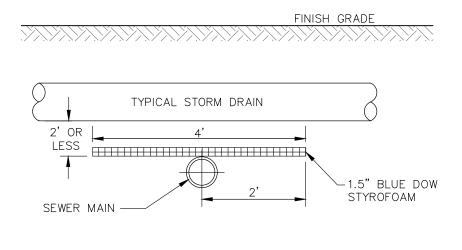


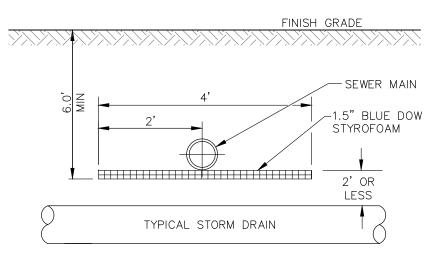




# **SEWER CLEAN OUT**

NOT TO SCALE





CONDITION II

CONDITION I

1. THE LENGTH OR WIDTH OF INSULATION SHALL EXTEND 1 STORM DRAIN PIPE DIAMETER BEYOND THE EDGE OF STORM DRAIN PIPE IN EACH DIRECTION OR A MINIMUM OF 2' BEYOND THE CENTERLINE OF THE STORM DRAIN PIPE, WHICHEVER IS

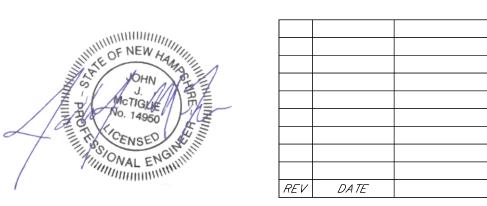
- 2. ALL BUTT JOINT SEAMS TO BE OVERLAPPED WITH A 1' PIECE OF INSULATION CENTERED OVER SEAM.
- 3. 18" VERTICAL CLEARANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN WATER MAIN/SERVICES AND SEWER MAIN/SERVICES, WATER OVER

## **INSULATION AT STORM DRAIN & SEWER MAIN CROSSINGS** NOT TO SCALE

# VALVE MAYBE NEEDED GRAVEL BEDDING (PER ENGINEER) VALVE BOX & -FULLY PORTED SIZED PER LPSS MAIN SWEEP ELBOW CRUSHED STONE

## E-ONE TERMINAL FLUSHING CONNECTION NOT TO SCALE

**DESCRIPTION** 



PLAN VIEW

# PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD**

PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**DETAILS** 

ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE: AS SHOWN **APRIL 19, 2022** 



DR CK

Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers and Surveyors Landscape Architects cientists

| 48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

C - 12

45407-120\_DETAILS



NOTES:

INSTALL PIPE SUPPORTS ON THE SWEEP ELBOW.

B. PVC WOULD BE SOLVENT GLUE, C. ALL JOINTS TO BE THREADED AND PRESSURE RATED TO 200 PSI

TFMoran, Inc.

PIPE AND JOINT MATERIALS:

A. PLASTIC SEWER PIPE 1. PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING ASTM STANDARDS:

> ASTM GENERIC PIPE STANDARDS MATERIAL **APPROVED** D3034 \*PVC (SOLID WALL) 8" THROUGH 15" (SDR 35) F679 PVC (SOLID WALL) 18" THROUGH 27" (T-1 & T-2) 4" THROUGH 18" (T-1 TO T-3) F789 PVC (SOLID WALL) 8" THROUGH 36" F794 PVC (RIBBED WALL) 8" THROUGH 15" D2680 \*ABS (COMPOSITES WALL)

\*PVC: POLY VINYL CHLORIDE \*ABS: ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE-STYRENE

- 2. JOINTS SEALS FOR PVC PIPE SHALL BE OIL RESISTANT COMPRESSION RINGS OF ELASTOMERIC MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3212 AND SHALL BE PUSH-ON,
- ABS TRUSS PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM D-2680, POLYMER COMPOUNDING SHALL BE TO ASTM D-1788 (CLASS 322).

JOINTS FOR ABS TRUSS PIPE SHALL BE CHEMICAL WELDED COUPLINGS TYPE SC IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-2680, FORMING A CHEMICAL WELDED JOINT.

- B. DUCTILE-IRON PIPE, FITTINGS AND JOINTS.
- 1. DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA STANDARDS INSTITUTE: A21.50 THICKNESS DESIGN OF DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND WITH ASTM A-536 DUCTILE IRON CASTINGS.
- A21.51 DUCTILE IRON PIPE, CENTRIFUGALLY CAST IN METAL MOLDS OR SAND-LINED MOLDS FOR WATER OR OTHER LIQUIDS. 2. JOINTS SHALL BE OF THE MECHANICAL OR PUSH-ON TYPE. JOINTS AND GASKETS

A21.11 RUBBER GASKETS JOINTS FOR CAST IRON PRESSURE PIPE & FITTINGS

- DAMAGED PIPE SHALL BE REJECTED AND REMOVED FROM THE JOB SITE.
- JOINTS SHALL BE DEPENDENT UPON A NEOPRENE OR ELASTOMERIC GASKET FOR WATER-TIGHTNESS. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE PROPERLY MATCHED WITH THE PIPE MATERIALS USED. WHERE DIFFERING MATERIALS ARE TO BE CONNECTED, AS AT THE STREET SEWER WYE OR AT THE FOUNDATION WALL, APPROPRIATE MANUFACTURED ADAPTERS SHALL BE USED
- TEES AND WYES: WHERE A TEE OR WYE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN THE EXISTING STREET SEWER, AN APPROPRIATE CONNECTION SHALL BE MADE, FOLLOWING MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS USING A BOLTED, CLAMPED OR EPOXY-CEMENTED SADDLE TAPPED INTO A SMOOTHLY DRILLED OR SAWN OPENING IN THE SEWER. THE PRACTICE OF BREAKING AN OPENING WITH A SLEDGE HAMMER, STUFFING CLOTH OR OTHER SUCH MATERIAL AROUND THE JOINT, OR APPLYING MORTAR TO HOLD THE CONNECTION, AND ANY OTHER SIMILAR CRUDE PRACTICES OR INEPT OR HASTY IMPROVISATIONS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. THE CONNECTION SHALL BE CONCRETE ENCASED AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL UP TO AND INCLUDING 15" DIAMETER.
- SEWER SERVICE INSTALLATION: THE PIPE SHALL BE HANDLED, PLACED AND JOINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTALLATION GUIDES OF THE APPROPRIATE MANUFACTURER. IT SHALL BE CAREFULLY BEDDED ON A 6 INCH LAYER OF CRUSHED STONE AND/OR GRAVEL AS SPECIFIED IN NOTE 10. BEDDING AND RE-FILL FOR DEPTH OF 12 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE SHALL BE CAREFULLY AND THOROUGHLY TAMPED BY HAND OR WITH APPROPRIATE MECHANICAL DEVICES.

THE PIPE SHALL BE LAID AT A CONTINUOUS AND CONSTANT GRADE FROM THE STREET SEWER CONNECTION TO THE FOUNDATION AT A GRADE OF NOT LESS THAN 1/4" INCH PER FOOT, PIPE JOINTS MUST BE MADE UNDER DRY CONDITIONS. IF WATER IS PRESENT, ALL NECESSARY STEPS SHALL BE TAKEN TO DEWATER THE TRENCH.

- TESTING: THE COMPLETED SEWER SERVICE SHALL BE SUBJECTED TO A THIRD PARTY LEAKAGE TEST IN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MANNERS: (PRIOR TO BACKFILLING)
- A. AN OBSERVATION TEE SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN AND WHEN READY FOR TESTING, AN INFLATABLE BLADDER OR PLUG SHALL BE INSERTED JUST UPSTREAM FROM THE OPENING IN THE TEE. AFTER INFLATION, WATER SHALL BE INTRODUCED INTO THE SYSTEM ABOVE THE PLUG TO A HEIGHT OF 5 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE PLUG.
- B. THE PIPE SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED AND LIBERALLY HOSED WITH WATER, TO SIMULATE, AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE, WET TRENCH CONDITIONS OR, IF TRENCH IS WET, THE GROUND WATER SHALL BE PERMITTED TO RISE IN THE TRENCH OVER THE PIPE. INSPECTIONS FOR LEAKS SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE CLEANOUT WITH A FLASHLIGHT.
- C. DRY FLUORESCENE DYE SHALL BE SPRINKLED INTO THE TRENCH OVER THE PIPE. IF THE TRENCH IS DRY, THE PIPE SHALL BE LIBERALLY HOSED WITH WATER, OR IF THE TRENCH IS WET, GROUND WATER SHALL BE PERMITTED TO RISE IN THE TRENCH OVER THE PIPE. OBSERVATION FOR LEAKS SHALL BE MADE IN THE FIRST DOWN-STREAM MANHOLE.

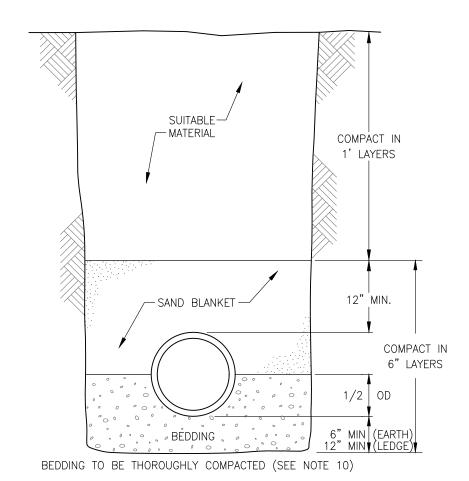
LEAKAGE OBSERVED IN ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE ALTERNATE TESTS SHALL BE CAUSE FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE AND THE PIPE SHALL BE DUG-UP IF NECESSARY AND RE-LAID SO AS TO ASSURE WATER TIGHTNESS.

- ILLEGAL CONNECTIONS: NOTHING BUT SANITARY WASTE FLOW FROM TOILETS, SINKS, LAUNDRY ETC. SHALL BE PERMITTED. ROOF LEADERS, FOOTING DRAINS, SUMP PUMPS OR OTHER SIMILAR CONNECTIONS CARRYING RAIN WATER, DRAINAGE OR GROUND WATER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.
- WATER SERVICE SHALL NOT BE LAID IN SAME TRENCH AS SEWER SERVICE.
- ). BEDDING: SCREENED GRAVEL AND/OR CRUSHED STONE FREE FROM CLAY, LOAM, ORGANIC MATERIAL AND MEETING ASTM C33-67.

100% PASSING 1 INCH SCREEN 90%-100% PASSING 3/4 INCH SCREEN 20%-55% PASSING 3/8 INCH SCREEN 0%-10% PASSING #4 SIEVE 0%-5% PASSING #8 SIEVE

WHERE ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER TO STABILIZE THE TRENCH BASE, SCREENED GRAVEL OR CRUSHED STONE 1/2 INCH TO 1 1/2 INCH SHALL BE USED.

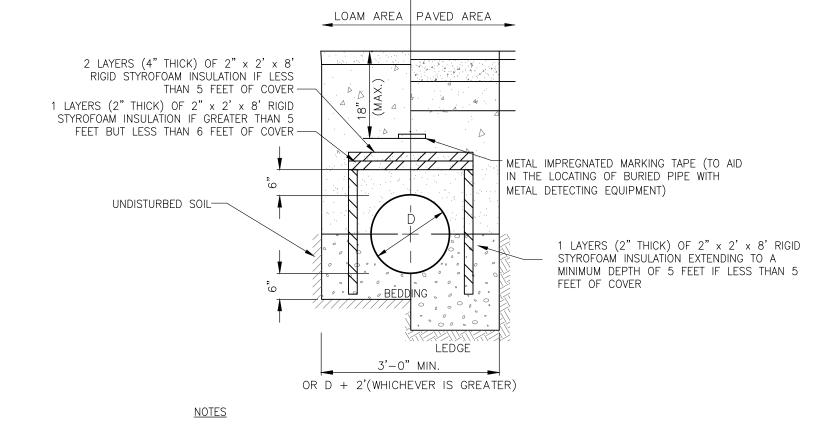
- LOCATION: THE LOCATION OF THE TEE OR WYE SHALL BE RECORDED AND FILED IN THE MUNICIPAL RECORDS. IN ADDITION, A FERROUS METAL ROD OR PIPE SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE TEE OR WYE AS DESCRIBED IN THE TYPICAL "CHIMNEY" DETAIL, TO AID IN LOCATING THE BURIED PIPE WITH A DIP
- CHIMNEYS: IF VERTICAL DROP INTO SEWER IS GREATER THAN 4 FEET, A CHIMNEY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE SEWER CONNECTION. CHIMNEY INSTALLATION AS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER MAY BE USED IF APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



- FERROUS METAL ROD OR PIPE PLUG -(SEE NOTE 11) 6" MIN ALL AROUND -SONOTUBE 6" MIN. TEE OR WYE 1/2 OD **BEDDING** 1/4 ID-6"MIN BACKFILLING TO BE BROUGHT UP EVENLY ON ALL SIDES.

TRENCH CROSS-SECTION

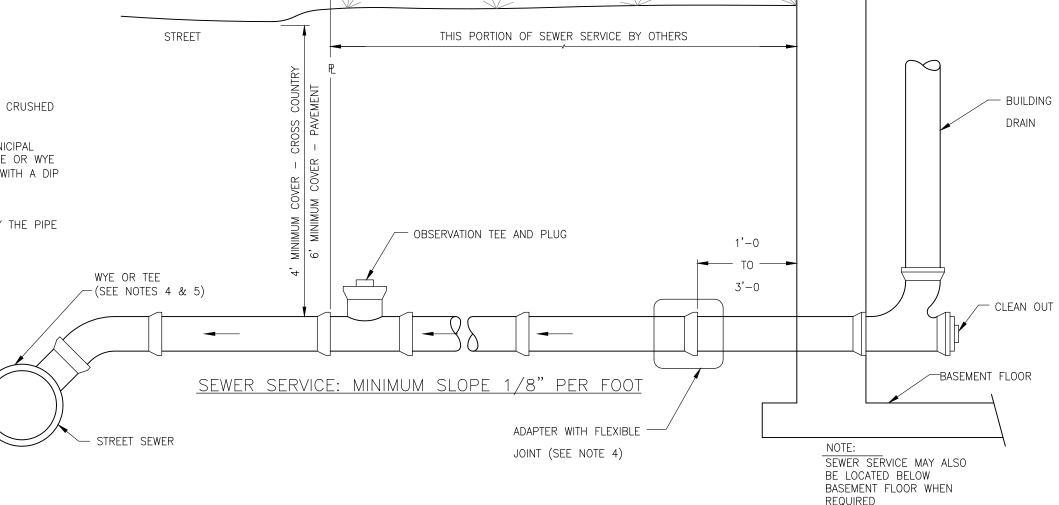
CHIMNEY (SEE NOTE 12) NOT TO SCALE



SEWER TRENCH WITH INSULATION

1. GAPS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF INSULATION TO BE COVERED WITH 2" x

2' x 2' PIECE OF INSULATION CENTERED OVER GAP.



SEWER SERVICE DETAILS

**GRAVITY SEWER NOTES** 

1. MINIMUM SIZE PIPE FOR GRAVITY SEWER SHALL BE 8-INCHES.

\*PVC: POLY VINYL CHLORIDE

2. PIPE AND JOINT MATERIALS FOR PLASTIC SEWER PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING ASTM STANDARDS:

GENERIC PIPE STANDARDS MATERIAL APPROVED D3034-04a 8" THROUGH 15" (SDR 35) \* PVC (SOLID WALL) F679-03 PVC (SOLID WALL) 18" THROUGH 27" (T-1 & T-2) F794-03 PVC (RIBBED WALL) 8" THROUGH 36 F1760-01(2005)e1 PVC, RECYCLED ALL DIAMETERS

- 3. PLASTIC SEWER PIPE SHALL HAVE A PIPE STIFFNESS RATING OF AT LEAST 46 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH AT 5 PERCENT PIPE DIAMETER DEFLECTION, AS MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D2412-02 DURING MANUFACTURE.
- 4. JOINTS SEALS FOR PVC PIPE SHALL BE OIL RESISTANT COMPRESSION RINGS OF ELASTOMERIC MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3212-96(a)(2003)e1 AND SHALL BE PUSH-ON, BELL AND SPIGOT TYPE.
- 5. DUCTILE-IRON PIPE, FITTINGS AND JOINTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS OF THE AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION (AWWA).

AWWA C151/A21.51-02 THICKNESS DESIGN OF DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND WITH ASTM A-536-84

AWWA C151/A21.51-02 DUCTILE IRON PIPE, CENTRIFUGALLY CAST IN METAL MOLDS OR SAND-LINED MOLDS FOR WATER OR OTHER LIQUIDS.

JOINTS SHALL BE OF THE MECHANICAL OR PUSH-ON TYPE. JOINTS AND GASKETS SHALL CONFORM TO AWWA C151/A21.11 RUBBER GASKETS JOINTS FOR CAST IRON PRESSURE PIPE & FITTINGS.

6. CONCRETE PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO AWWA C302-04.

(2004) DUCTILE IRON CASTINGS.

7. PRESTRESSED CONCRETE CYLINDER PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO AWWA C301-99.

JOINTS SEALS FOR CONCRETE CYLINDER PIPE SHALL BE OIL RESISTANT ELASTOMERIC MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ASWWA C301-99 SPECIFICATIONS.

8. DAMAGED PIPE SHALL BE REJECTED AND REMOVED FROM THE JOB SITE.

9. GRAVITY SEWER PIPE TESTING SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

SEWER LINES USING LOW PRESSURE AIR".

ALL NEW GRAVITY SEWERS SHALL BE TESTED FOR WATER TIGHTNESS BY THE USE OF LOW-PRESSURE AIR

LOW PRESSURE AIR TESTING SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH:

ASTM F1417-92(2005) "STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR INSTALLATION ACCEPTANCE OF PLASTIC GRAVITY

UNI-BELL PVC PIPE ASSOCIATION UNI-B-6, "LOW PRESSURE AIR TESTING OF INSTALLED SEWER PIPE".

- 10. ALL NEW GRAVITY SEWERS SHALL BE CLEANED AND VISUALLY INSPECTED AND SHALL BE TRUE TO LINE AND GRADE FOLLOWING INSTALLATION AND PRIOR TO USE AND VISUALLY INSPECT USING LAMP TEST.
- 11. ALL PLASTIC SEWER PIPE SHALL BE DEFLECTION TESTED NOT LESS THAN 30 DAYS AND NO MORE THAN 90 DAYS FOLLOWING INSTALLATION.
- 12. THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DEFLECTION OF FLEXIBLE SEWER PIPE SHALL BE 5 PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE INSIDE DIAMETER.
- 13. TRENCH CONSTUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING:

SEWERS SHALL BE BURIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 6' BELOW GRADE IN ALL ROADWAY LOCATIONS AND TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 4 FEET BELOW GRADE IN ALL CROSS COUNTRY LOCATIONS.

WHERE SEWER LINES CROSS WATER PIPES, A MINIMUM OF 18" VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN THE TWO OUTSIDE PIPE WALLS SHALL BE OBSERVED. AT SEWER/WATER INTERSECTIONS, A MINIMUM OF 6 FEET SHALL BE PROVIDED FROM THE WATER LINE TO THE SEWER PIPE JOINT. 12" SEPARATION BETWEEN THE TWO OUTSIDE PIPE WALLS SHALL BE REQUIRED BETWEEN SEWER LINES AND ALL OTHER PIPES.

TRENCH DIMENSIONS FOR SEWER PIPE LESS THAN 15 INCHES IN DIAMETER, THE ALLOWABLE TRENCH WIDTH AT A PLANE 12 INCHES ABOVE THE PIPE SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 36 INCHES AND FOR PIPE 15 INCHES AND LARGER, THE ALLOWABLE WIDTH SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE PIPES OUTSIDE DIAMETER PLUS 24 INCHES.

PIPE TRENCH BEDDING MATERIAL AND FILL MATERIAL FOR EXCAVATION BELOW GRADE SHALL BE SCREENED GRAVEL OR CRUSHED STONE TO ASTM C33-03 STONE SIZE NO. 67. THE PIPE SAND BLANKET MATERIAL SHALL BE GRADED SAND FREE FROM ANY ORGANIC MATERIALS, GRADED SUCH THAT 100 PERCENT PASSED THE 1/2-INCH SIEVE AND A MAXIMUM OF 15 PERCENT PASSES A #200 SIEVE. IN LIEU OF A SAND BLANKET, A STONE ENVELOPE 6 INCHES THICK COMPLETELY AROUND THE PIPE USING 3/4-INCH STONE MAY BE USED.

PIPE BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL EXTEND FROM A HORIZONTAL PLANE THROUGH THE PIPE AXIS TO 6-INCHES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE OUTSIDE SURFACE OF THE PIPE.

PIPE SAND BLANKET MATERIAL SHALL COVER THE PIPE A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES ABOVE THE CROWN OF THE OUTSIDE SURFACE.

COMPACTION SHALL BE IN 12-INCH LAYERS FOR BEDDING AND BLANKET MATERIALS.

BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE IN 3-FOOT LAYERS TO THE GROUND SURFACE EXCEPT FOR ROAD CONSTRUCTION WHERE THE FINAL 3-FEET SHALL BE COMPACTED IN 12-INCH LAYERS TO THE ROAD BASE SURFACE.

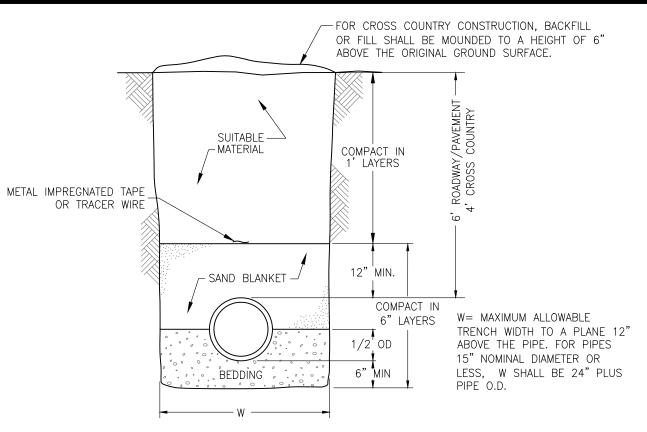
TRENCH BACKFILL MATERIAL IN ROADWAY LOCATIONS SHALL BE NATURAL MATERIALS EXCAVATED FROM THE TRENCH DURING CONSTRUCTION, EXCLUDING DEBRIS, PAVEMENT PIECES, ORGANIC MATTER, TOP SOIL, WET OR SOFT MUCK, PEAT, CLAY, EXCAVATED LEDGE, ROCKS OVER 6 INCHES IN THE LARGEST DIMENSION, OR ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL NOT APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

TRENCH BACKFILL AT CROSS-COUNTRY LOCATIONS SHALL BE AS DESCRIBED ABOVE EXCEPT THAT THE ENGINEER MAY PERMIT THE USE OF TOP SOIL, LOAM, MUCK OR PEAT, IF HE IS SATISFIED THAT THE COMPLETED CONSTRUCTION WILL BE ENTIRELY STABLE AND PROVIDED THAT EASY ACCESS TO THE SEWER FOR MAINTENANCE AND POSSIBLE RECONSTRUCTION, WHEN NECESSARY WILL BE PRESERVED. BACKFILL SHALL BE MOUNDED 6-INCHES ABOVE ORIGINAL

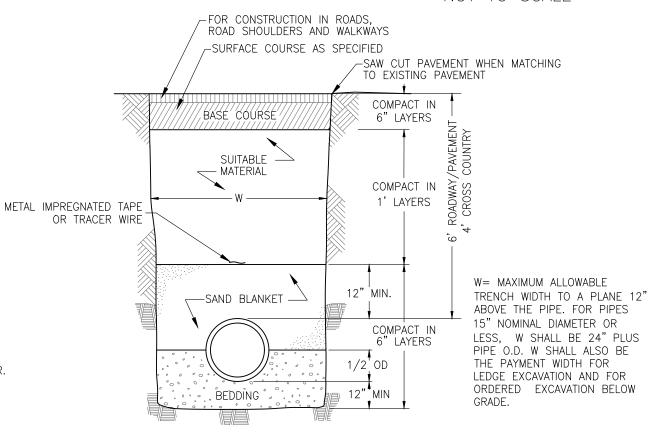
BASE COURSE MATERIALS FOR TRENCH REPAIRS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF DIVISION 300 OF THE "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION" OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

WHERE SHEETING IS PLACED ALONG SIDE OF THE PIPE AND EXTENDS BELOW MID-DIAMETER, THE SHEETING SHALL BE CUT OFF AND LEFT IN PLACE TO AN ELEVATION NOT LESS THAN ONE FOOT ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE AND AT LEAST 3 FEET BELOW FINISH GRADE.

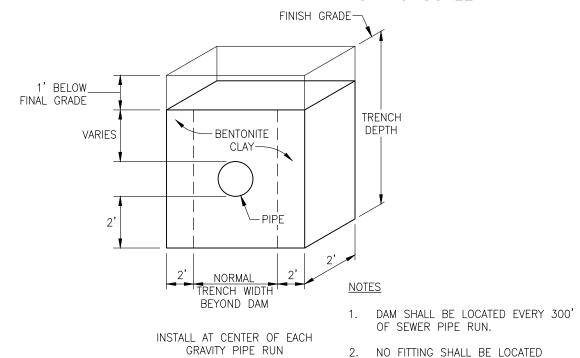
TRENCHES FOR SEWER PIPES WITH SLOPES OVER 0.08 FEET PER FOOT AND TRENCHES FOR SEWER PIPES BELOW THE SEASONAL HIGH GROUND WATER LEVEL SHALL HAVE IMPERVIOUS TRENCH DAMS CONSTRUCTED EVERY 300 FEET TO PREVENT POTENTIAL DISTURBANCE TO PIPE BEDDING AND BLANKET MATERIALS.



# EARTH CONSTRUCTION



# LEDGE CONSTRUCTION



### SEWER TRENCH DAM NOT TO SCALE

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

# TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

**DETAILS** 

PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

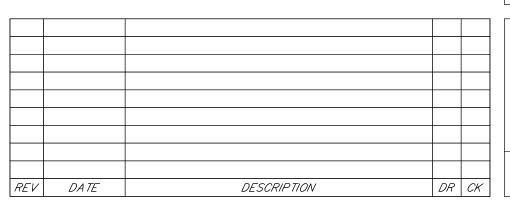
> OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE:

**APRIL 19, 2022** 

WITHIN 4' OF DAM.







48 Constitution Drive tructural Engineers Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 andscape Architects www.tfmoran.com

|45407-120 | CK | JCC | CADFILE | C - 13

45407-120\_DETAILS

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BARRELS, CONE SECTIONS AND CONCRETE GRADE RINGS SHALL BE PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE AND SHALL CONFORM ENV-WQ 704.12 & 704.13.

PRECAST CONCRETE BARREL SECTIONS, CONES AND BASES SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C478-06.

BASE SECTIONS SHALL BE OF MONOLITHIC CONSTRUCTION TO A POINT AT LEAST 6 INCHES ABOVE THE CROWN OF THE INCOMING PIPE.

MANHOLE CONE SECTIONS SHALL BE ECCENTRIC IN SHAPE.

ALL PRECAST SECTIONS AND BASES SHALL HAVE THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE AND THE NAME OR TRADEMARK OF THE MANUFACTURER IMPRESSED OR INDELIBLY MARKED ON THE INSIDE WALL.

ALL PRECAST SECTIONS AND BASES SHALL BE COATED ON THE EXTERIOR WITH A BITUMINOUS

SHALLOW MANHOLE: IN LIEU OF A CONE SECTION, WHEN MANHOLE DEPTH IS LESS THAN 6 FEET, A REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB COVER MAY BE USED HAVING AN ECCENTRIC ENTRANCE OPENING AND CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING H-20 LOADS.

HORIZONTAL JOINTS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF PRECAST CONCRETE BARRELS SHALL BE OF AN OVERLAPPING TYPE, SEALED FOR WATERTIGHTNESS USING A DOUBLE ROW OF AN ELASTOMERIC OR MASTIC-LIKE SEALANT. APPROVED ELASTOMERIC SEALANTS ARE:

SIKAFLEX-12-SL SONNEBORN BUILING PRODUCTS-SONOLASTIC SL-1

10. THE MINIMUM INTERNAL DIAMETER OF MANHOLES SHALL BE 48 INCHES. FOR SEWERS LARGER THAN 24-INCH DIAMETER. MANHOLE DIAMETERS SHALL BE INCREASED SO AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 12-INCHES OF SHELF ON EACH SIDE OF THE SEWER.

1. LEAKAGE TEST SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE TO ENV-WQ 704.17.

(a) ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE TESTED FOR LEAKAGE USING A VACUUM TEST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ASTM C1244 STARNDARD IN EFFECT WHEN THE TESTING IS PERFORMED.

(b) THE MANHOLE VACUUM TEST SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING:

1. THE INITIAL VACUUM GUAGE TEST PRESSURE SHALL BE 10 INCHES Hg.

2. THE MINIMUM ACCEPTABLE TEST HOLD TIME FOR 1-INCH Hg PRESSURE DROP TO 9 INCHES

A. NOT LESS THAN 2 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES LESS THAN 10 FEET DEEP

B. NOT LESS THAN 2.5 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES 10 TO 15 FEET DEEP.

C. NOT LESS THAN 3 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES MORE THAN 15 FEET DEEP.

(c) THE MANHOLE SHALL BE REPAIRED AND RETESTED IF THE TEST HOLD TIMES FAIL TO ACHIEVE THE ACCEPTANCE LIMITS SPECIFIED IN (b) ABOVE.

(d) INVERTS AND SHELVES SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL AFTER SUCCESSFUL TESTING IS COMPLETE.

(e) FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF THE LEAKAGE TEST, THE FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE PLACED ON TOP OF THE MANHOLE OR SOME OTHER MEANS USED TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL ENTRY BY UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS, CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, UNTIL THE CONTRACTOR IS READY TO MAKE FINAL ADJUSTMENT TO

P. BRICK MASONRY FOR SHELF, INVERT AND GRADE ADJUSTMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM C32-05, CLAY OR SHALE, FOR GRADE SS HARD BRICK.

. MORTAR SHALL BE COMPOSED OF PORTLAND CEMENT AND SAND WITH OR WITHOUT HYDRATED LIME ADDITION. PROPORTIONS IN MORTAR OF PARTS BY VOLUMES SHALL BE: (a) 4.5 PARTS SAND AND 1.5 PARTS CEMENT; OR

(b) 4.5 PARTS SAND, 1 PART CEMENT AND 0.5 PART HYDRATED LIME

CEMENT SHALL BE TYPE II PORTLAND CEMENT CONFORMING TO ASTM C150-05. HYDRATED LIME SHALL BE TYPE S CONFORMING TO ASTM C207-06 "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HYDRATED LIME FOR MASONRY PURPOSES". SAND SHALL CONSIST OF INERT NATURAL SAND CONFORMING TO ASTM C33-03 "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE, FINE AGGREGATES".

14. INVERTS AND SHELVES: MANHOLES SHALL HAVE A BRICK PAVED OR PRECAST CONCRETE SHELF AND INVERT, CONSTRUCTED TO CONFORM TO THE SIZE OF THE PIPE AND FLOW, AT CHANGES IN DIRECTIONS THE INVERTS SHALL BE LAID OUT IN CURVES OF THE LONGEST RADIUS POSSIBLE TANGENT TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE SEWER PIPES. SHELVES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE ELEVATION OF THE HIGHEST PIPE CROWN AND SLOPE TO DRAIN TOWARD THE FLOWING THROUGH CHANNEL. UNDERLAYMENT OF INVERT AND SHELF SHALL CONSIST OF BRICK MASONRY.

. FRAMES AND COVERS: FRAMES AND COVERS: SEWER MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL BE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARD, AND SHALL BE PURCHASED AND PICKED UP AT PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS WATER DEPARTMENT. THEY SHALL BE OF HEAVY DUTY DESIGN, CLASS 30, CONFORMING TO ASTM A48/48M AND PROVIDE A 30-INCH CLEAR OPENING. THE CASTING SHALL BE OF EVEN GRAINED CAST IRON, SMOOTH, AND FREE FROM SCALE, LUMPS, BLISTERS, SAND HOLES AND DEFECTS. CONTACT SURFACES OF COVERS AND FRAMES SHALL BE MACHINED AT THE FOUNDRY TO PREVENT ROCKING OF COVERS IN ANY ORIENTATION.

BEDDING: PRECAST BASES SHALL BE PLACED ON A 6-INCH LAYER OF COMPACTED BEDDING MATERIAL THAT CONFORMS TO ASTM C33-03 NO. 67 STONE AND FREE FROM CLAY, LOAM AND ORGANNIC MATTER. THE EXCAVATION SHALL BE PROPERLY DEWATERED WHILE PLACING BEDDING MATERIAL AND SETTING OF THE BASE OR POURING CONCRETE. WATER-STOPS SHALL BE USED AT THE HORIZONTAL JOINT OF THE CAST-IN-PLACE MANHOLES.

100% PASSING 1" SCREEN 90-100% PASSING 3/4" SCREEN 20-55% PASSING 3/8" SCREEN 0-10% PASSING #4 SIEVE 0-5% PASSING #8 SIEVE

. FLEXIBLE JOINT: A FLEXIBLE JOINT SHALL BE PROVIDED WIGHIN THE FOLLOWING DISTANCES FROM ANY MANHOLE CONNECTION: (a) WITHIN 48 INCHES FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (RCP). (b) WITHIN 60 INCHES FOR PVC PIPE LARGER THAN 15" DIAMETER.

8. NO FLEXIBLE JOINT SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE OR PVC PIPE UP THROUGH 15-INCH

19. INTERNAL STEPS ARE PROHIBITED PER CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DPW STANDARDS.

20. REFERENCE NHDES ENV-WQ 700 IN PLACE OF ASTM STANDARDS.

21. PIPE TO MANHOLE JOINTS SHALL BE ONLY AS FOLLOWS: A. ELASTOMERIC, RUBBER SLEEVE WITH WATERTIGHT JOINTS AT THE MANHOLE OPENING AND PIPE

B. CAST INTO WALL OR SECUREED WITH STAINLESS STEEL CLAMPS.

C. ELASTOMERIC SEALING RING CAST IN THE MANHOLE OPENING WITH THE SEAL FORMED ON THE SURFACE OF THE PIPE BY COMPRESSION OF THE RING.

D. NON-SHRINK GROUTED JOINTS WHERE WATERTIGHT BONDING TO THE MANHOLE AND PIPE CAN BE

22. THE INVERT OF THE INCOMING PIPE SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 6 INCHES ABOVE THE OUTGOING PIPE

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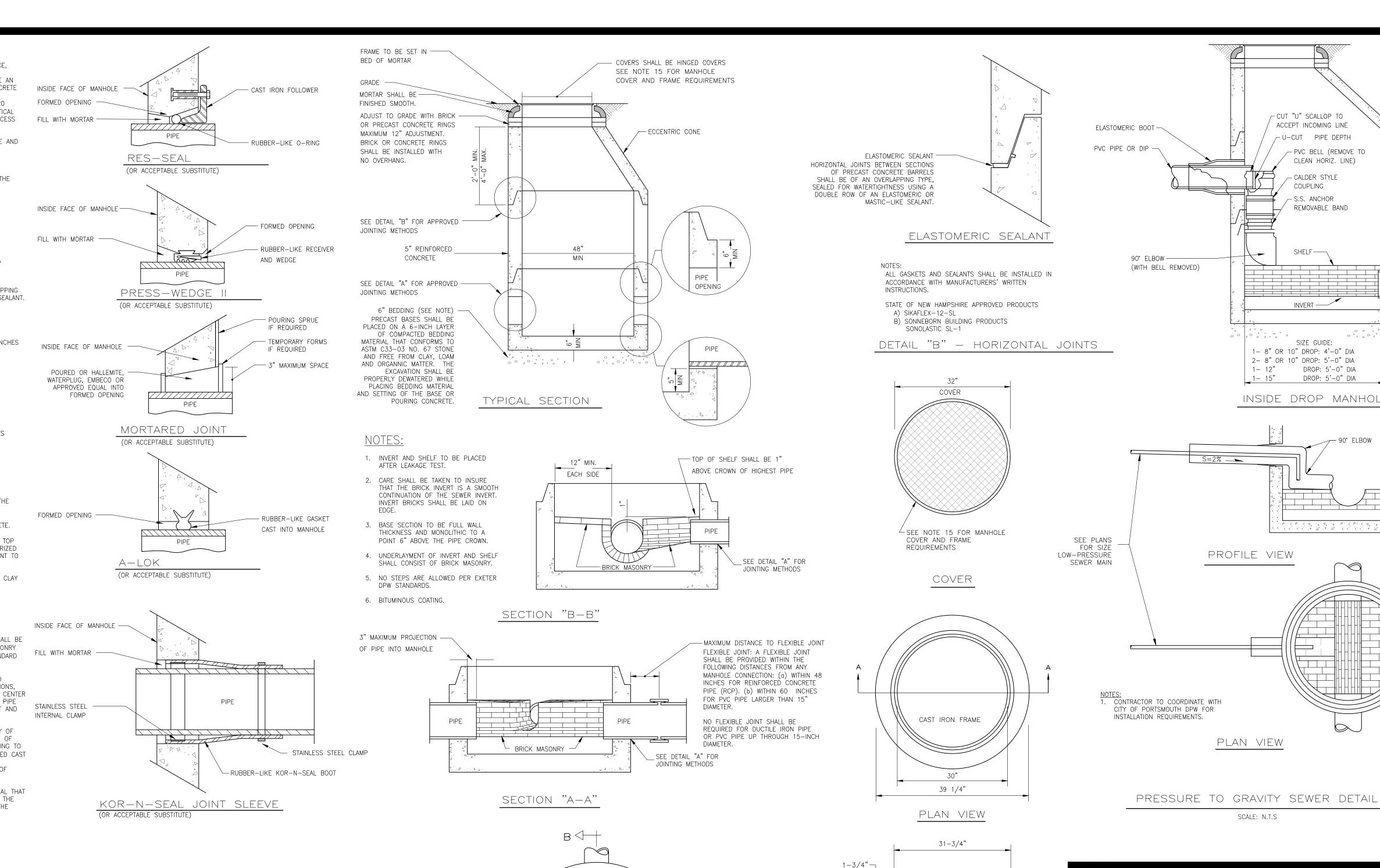
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UNLESS A DROP ENTRY IS USED.

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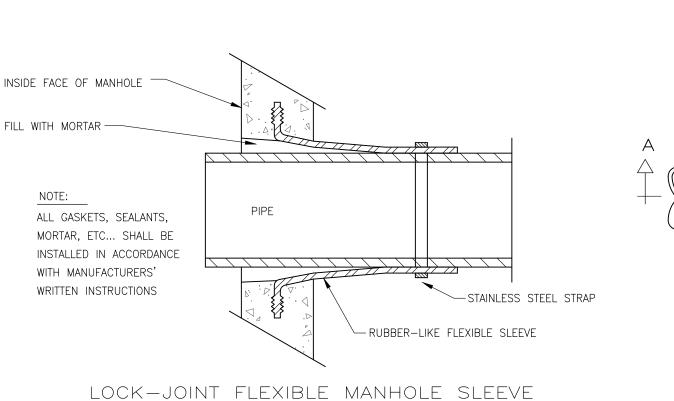
This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of TFMoran, Inc.





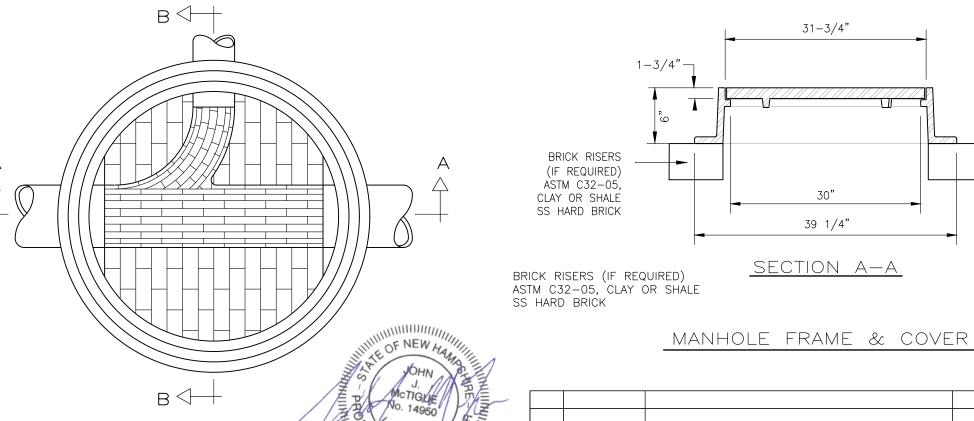
TYPICAL MANHOLE — PLAN VIEW

STANDARD MANHOLE





(OR ACCEPTABLE SUBSTITUTE)



SCALE: REV DATE **DESCRIPTION** DR CK



SCALE: N.T.S

PLAN VIEW

PROFILE VIEW

- CUT "U" SCALLOP TO

ACCEPT INCOMING LINE

∕ U−CUT PIPE DEPTH

- CALDER STYLE

COUPLING

- S.S. ANCHOR

SHELF-

INVFRT ----

SIZE GUIDE:

INSIDE DROP MANHOLE

DROP: 5'-0" DIA

DROP: 5'-0" DIA

- 90° ELBOW

1- 8" OR 10" DROP: 4'-0" DIA

2- 8" OR 10" DROP: 5'-0" DIA

REMOVABLE BAND

/ PVC BELL (REMOVE TO

CLEAN HORIZ. LINE)

**DETAILS** PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

> OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR ARTWILL, LLC



ivil Engineers Structural Engineers raffic Engineers and Surveyors andscape Architects

| 48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

**APRIL 19, 2022** 

C - 1445407-120\_DETAILS

- 2. CONTRACTOR WILL BEGIN WATERING IMMEDIATELY AFTER PLANTING. ALL PLANTS WILL BE THOROUGHLY WATERED TWICE DURING THE FIRST 24 HOUR PERIOD AFTER PLANTING. ALL PLANTS WILL BE WATERED WEEKLY, OR MORE OFTEN, IF NECESSARY DURING THE FIRST GROWING SEASON BUT NOT LESS
- 3. WATER ALL LAWNS AS REQUIRED. DO NOT LET NEWLY PLANTED LAWNS DRY OUT DURING THE FIRST FOUR WEEKS MINIMUM.
- 4. ALL NEW LAWNS WILL BE MAINTAINED AND MOWED A MINIMUM THREE (3) TIMES BEFORE REQUESTING REVIEW BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE FOR ACCEPTANCE. MAINTENANCE AND MOWING WILL CONTINUE UNTIL ACCEPTED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVE
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR WILL MAINTAIN AND GUARANTEE ALL PLANTINGS TO BE IN GOOD HEALTHY, FLOURISHING AND ACCEPTABLE CONDITION FOR A PERIOD OF ONE (1) YEAR BEGINNING AT THE DATE OF ACCEPTANCE BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. ALL GRASSES, TREES AND SHRUBS THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHOWING LESS THAN 80% HEALTHY GROWTH AT THE END OF ONE (1) YEAR PERIOD WILL BE IMMEDIATELY REPLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 7. ALL DAY LILIES WILL BE DEADHEADED AND CUT BACK EVERY FALL. ALL ORNAMENTAL GRASSES WILL BE CUT BACK EVERY FALL OR EARLY SPRING.
- B. DECIDUOUS PLANT MATERIAL INSTALLED AFTER SEPTEMBER 30 AND BEFORE APRIL 15 WILL NOT BE REVIEWED THAT SEASON FOR ACCEPTANCE DUE TO STAGE OF LEAF PHYSIOLOGY. THIS PLANT MATERIAL WILL NOT BE REVIEWED UNTIL FOLLOWING GROWING SEASON. GUARANTEE PERIOD WILL BEGIN ONLY AFTER ACCEPTANCE BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVE.
- 9. EVERGREEN PLANT MATERIAL INSTALLED AFTER OCTOBER 30 AND BEFORE APRIL 15 WILL NOT BE REVIEWED THAT SEASON FOR ACCEPTANCE DUE TO END OF GROWTH SEASON. THIS PLANT MATERIAL WILL NOT BE REVIEWED UNTIL FOLLOWING GROWING SEASON. GUARANTEE PERIOD WILL BEGIN ONLY AFTER ACCEPTANCE BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVE.

### HYDROSEEDING NOTES

- 1. HYDROSEEDING MAY BE USED AS AN ALTERNATE METHOD OF SEEDING. THE APPLICATION OF LIMESTONE AS NECESSARY, FERTILIZER AND GRASS SEED MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ONE OPERATION BY THE USE OF A SPRAYING MACHINE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR CIVIL ENGINEER. THE MATERIALS SHALL BE MIXED WITH WATER IN THE MACHINE AND SHALL CONFORM TO RELATIVE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 644 OF NH. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. (FOR MASSACHUSETTS PROJECTS PLUG IN SECTION 765.65 OF MASS. DPW CURRENT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES).

### INVASIVE PLANT NOTES

1. EXISTING NON-NATIVE, INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES WILL BE IDENTIFIED, REMOVED, DESTROYED AND LEGALLY DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COOPERATIVE EXTENSION METHODS OF DISPOSING NON-NATIVE INVASIVE PLANTS. SEE "MANAGE AND CONTROL INVASIVES" AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF INVASIVE PLANTS".

### PRICING & CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT NOTES

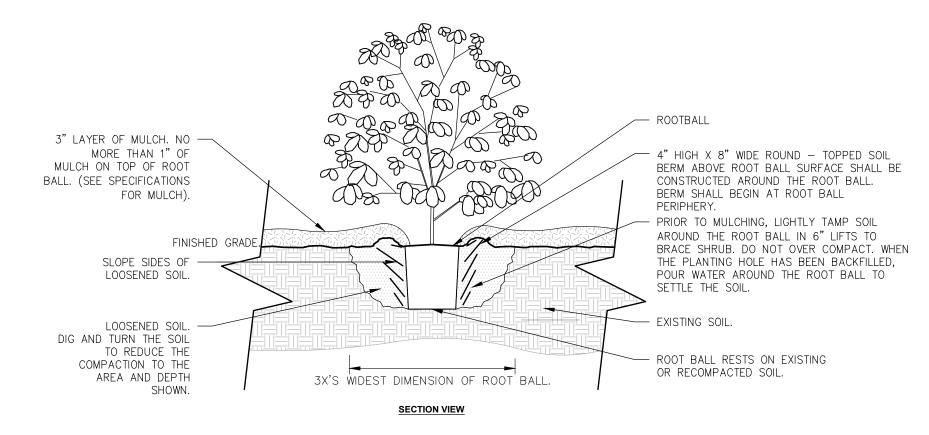
- 1. CONTRACTOR WILL PRICE PLANT MATERIAL IN QUANTITIES SUFFICIENT TO COMPLETE PLANTINGS GRAPHICALLY SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS OR IN PLANT LIST, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. IN CASES OF DISCREPANCY BETWEEN PLAN AND LIST CLARIFY WITH LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PLACING PURCHASE ORDER AND AGAIN PRIOR TO PLANTING.
- 2. CONTRACTOR WILL VERIFY PRIOR TO PRICING IF SITE SOILS ARE VERY POORLY DRAINING OR IF LEDGE IS PRESENT. IF CONTRACTOR ENCOUNTERS VERY POORLY DRAINING SOILS (BATH TUB EFFECT) OR LEDGE THAT IMPACTS PROPOSED PLANTING PLAN, NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVE FOR DIRECTION PRIOR TO PRICING AND AGAIN PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK.
- 3. PARKING AREA PLANTED ISLANDS WILL HAVE MINIMUM OF 1'-0" TOPSOIL PLACED TO THE TOP OF CURB ELEVATION. REMOVE ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS BEFORE PLACING TOPSOIL.
- 4. EXISTING TREES SHOWN ON THE PLAN WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED. ALL EXISTING TREES SHOWN TO REMAIN WILL BE PROTECTED WITH A 4-FOOT SNOW FENCE PLACED AT THE DRIP LINE OF THE BRANCHES OR AT 8 FEET MINIMUM FROM THE TREE TRUNK.
- 5. CONTRACTOR WILL STAKE OR PLACE ON GROUND ALL PROPOSED PLANT MATERIALS PER PLAN. CONTACT LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 6. COORDINATE WITH LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT'S CONTRACTED NUMBER OF SITE VISITS WHEN PLANNING FOR INSPECTION. NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT 72 HOURS MINIMUM IN ADVANCE OF REQUESTED SITE VISIT.
- 7. CONTRACTOR WILL DEVELOP A WRITTEN WATERING SCHEDULE AND WILL SUBMIT WATERING SCHEDULE TO OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVE. CONTRACTOR WILL WATER ALL NEW PLANTS INCLUDING LAWNS THAT ARE NOT "IRRIGATED" VIA A PERMANENT IRRIGATION SYSTEM FOR THE FIRST 12 MONTHS.

### PORTSMOUTH NOTES

- I. THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNER'S WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE AND OF ALL REQUIRED SCREENING AND LANDSCAPE MATERIALS INDICATED ON THESE PLAN(S).
- 2. ALL REQUIRED PLANT MATERIAL WILL BE TENDED TO AND KEPT FREE OF REFUSE AND DEBRIS.
- 3. ALL REQUIRED FENCES AND WALLS WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD REPAIR.
- THE PROPERTY OWNER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO REMOVE AND REPLACE DEAD OR DISEASED PLANT MATERIALS IMMEDIATELY WITH THE SAME TYPE, SIZE AND QUANTITY OF PLANT MATERIALS AS ORIGINALLY INSTALLED, UNLESS ALTERNATIVE PLANTINGS ARE REQUESTED, JUSTIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE PLANNING BOARD OR PLANNING DIRECTOR.
- 6. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN BY THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNERS. NO CHANGES WILL BE MADE TO THIS PLAN WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PORTSMOUTH PLANNING BOARD OR PLANNING DIRECTOR.
- 7. THE LANDSCAPE PLAN WILL BE RECORDED IN THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS.
- 8. MAINTENANCE OF LANDSCAPING TO FOLLOW THE NOFA STANDARDS FOR ORGANIC LAND CARE 6TH EDITION PRACTICES FOR THE DESIGN AND MAINTENANCE OF ECOLOGICAL LANDSCAPES. ("NOFA STANDARDS FOR ORGANIC LAND CARE." NOFA STANDARDS FOR ORGANIC LAND CARE 6TH EDITION PRACTICES FOR THE DESIGN AND MAINTENANCE OF ECOLOGICAL LANDSCAPES, NORTHEAST ORGANIC FARMING ASSOCIATION OF CONNECTICUT, INC, 2017, HTTP://WWW.ORGANICLANDCARE.NET/SITES/DEFAULT/FILES/NOFA\_ORGANIC\_LAND\_CARE\_STANDARDS\_6THEDITION\_2017\_OPT.PDF.)

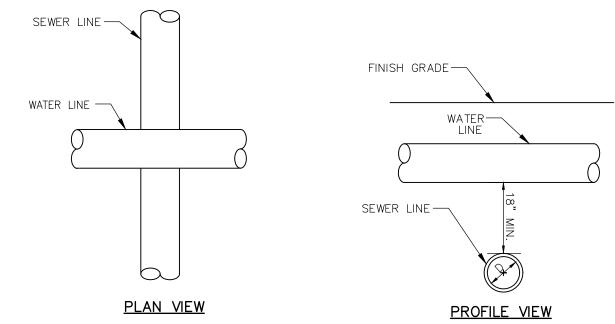
### SEEDING NOTES

- 1. SLOPES UP TO AND INCLUDING 3:1 GRADE, SEED WILL BE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL & RESTORATION MIX PER NEW ENGLAND WETLANDS PLANTS INC., AMHERST, MA.
- 2. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 GRADE, SEED WILL BE NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL & RESTORATION MIX PER NEW ENGLAND WETLANDS PLANTS INC., AMHERST, MA. SEE CIVIL FOR ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.
- 3. GENERAL SEED WILL BE NHDOT SPECIFICATION SECTION 644, TABLE 644-1-PARK SEED TYPE 15, INCLUDING NOTES TO TABLE 1, 2 & 3.



## SHRUB PLANTING

NOT TO SCALE



- 1. A 10 FOOT MINIMUM EDGE TO EDGE HORIZONTAL SEPARATION SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN ALL WATER AND SANITARY SEWER LINES. AN 18" MINIMUM OUTSIDE TO OUTSIDE VERTICAL SEPARATION SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL WATER AND SANITARY SEWER CROSSINGS.
- 2. PROTECTION OF WATER SUPPLIES:
- A. THERE SHALL BE NO PHYSICAL CONNECTION BETWEEN A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE POTABLE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM AND A SEWER OR SEWER APPURTENANCE WHICH WOULD PERMIT THE PASSAGE OF SEWAGE OR POLLUTED WATER INTO THE POTABLE SUPPLY. NO WATER PIPE SHALL PASS THROUGH OR COME IN CONTACT WITH ANY PART OF A SEWER OR SEWER MANHOLE
- B. NO SEWER SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE WELL PROTECTED RADII ESTABLISHED IN ENV-WS 300 FOR ANY PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY WELLS OR WITHIN 100 FEET OF ANY PRIVATE WATER SUPPLY WELL.
- C. SEWERS SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 10 FEET HORIZONTALLY FROM ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED WATER MAIN.
- D. A DEVIATION FROM THE SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS OF (B) OR (C) ABOVE SHALL BE ALLOWED WHERE NECESSARY TO AVOID CONFLICT WITH SUBSURFACE STRUCTURES, UTILITY CHAMBERS, AND BUILDING FOUNDATIONS, PROVIDED THAT THE SEWER IS CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FORCE MAIN CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN ENV-WQ 704.06.
- E. WHENEVER SEWERS MUST CROSS WATER MAINS, THE SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS FOLLOWS:
- a. VERTICAL SEPARATION OF THE SEWER AND WATER MAIN SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 18 INCHES, WITH WATER ABOVE
- b. SEWER PIPE JOINTS SHALL BE LOCATED AT LEAST 6 FEET HORIZONTALLY FROM THE WATER MAIN.

# WATER & SEWER CROSSING

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 229 LOT 1

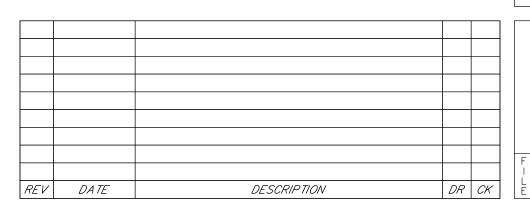
**DETAILS** 

PROPOSED 3 LOT SUBDIVISION **437 LAFAYETTE ROAD** PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

> OWNED BY & PREPARE FOR ARTWILL, LLC

SCALE:

**APRIL 19, 2022** 





48 Constitution Drive ivil Engineers Structural Engineers raffic Engineers and Surveyors \_andscape Architects cientists

Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

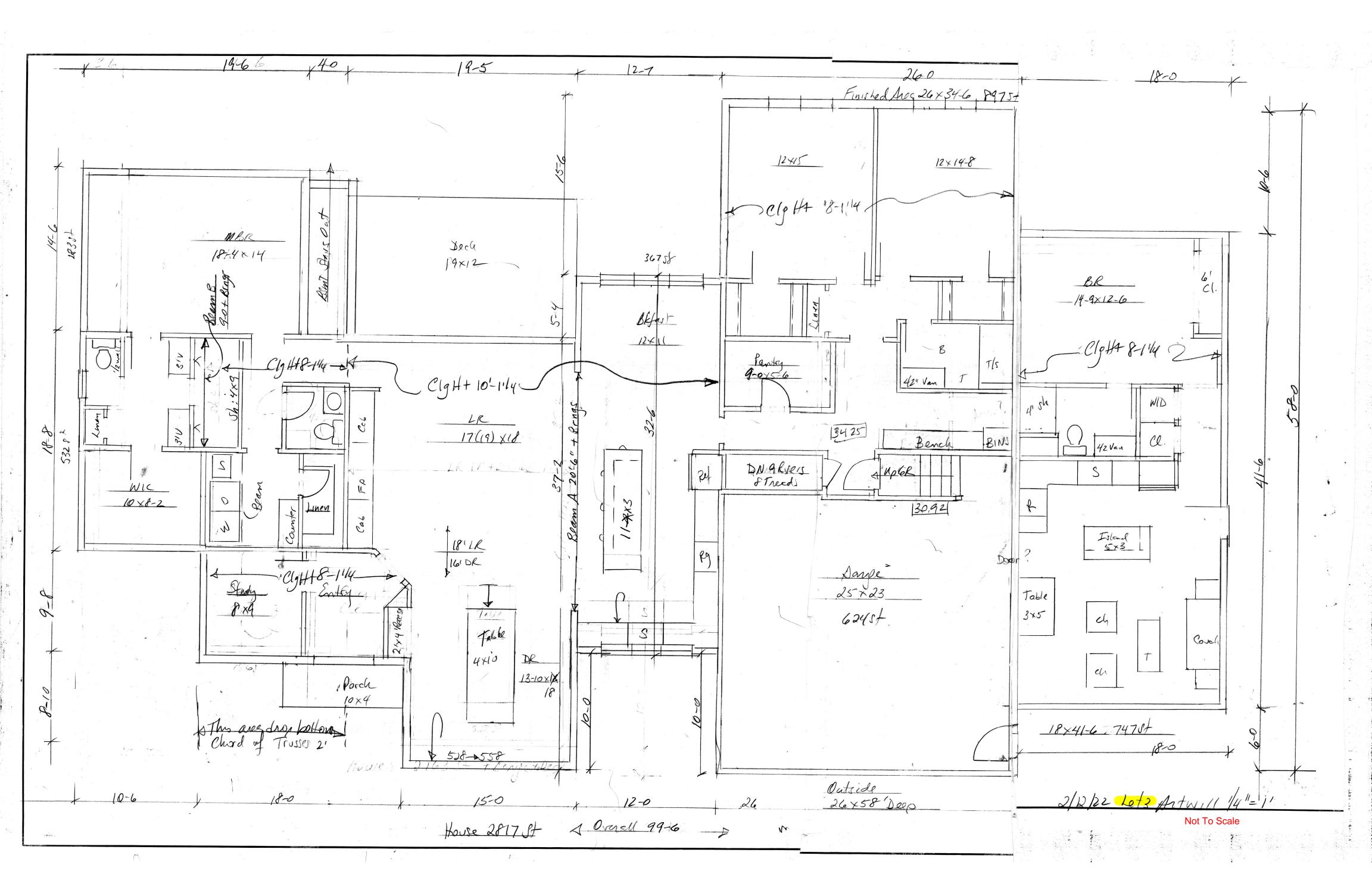
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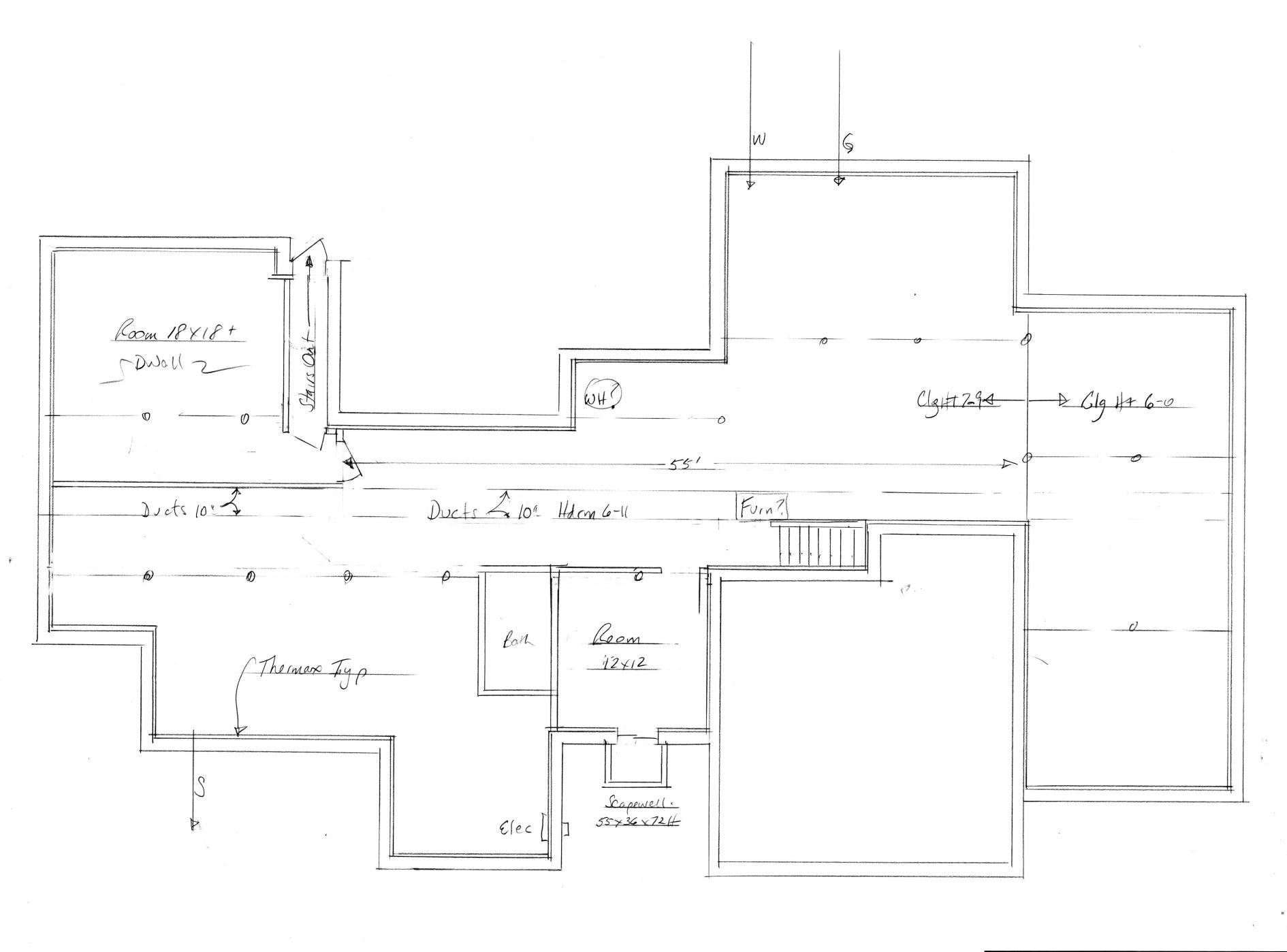
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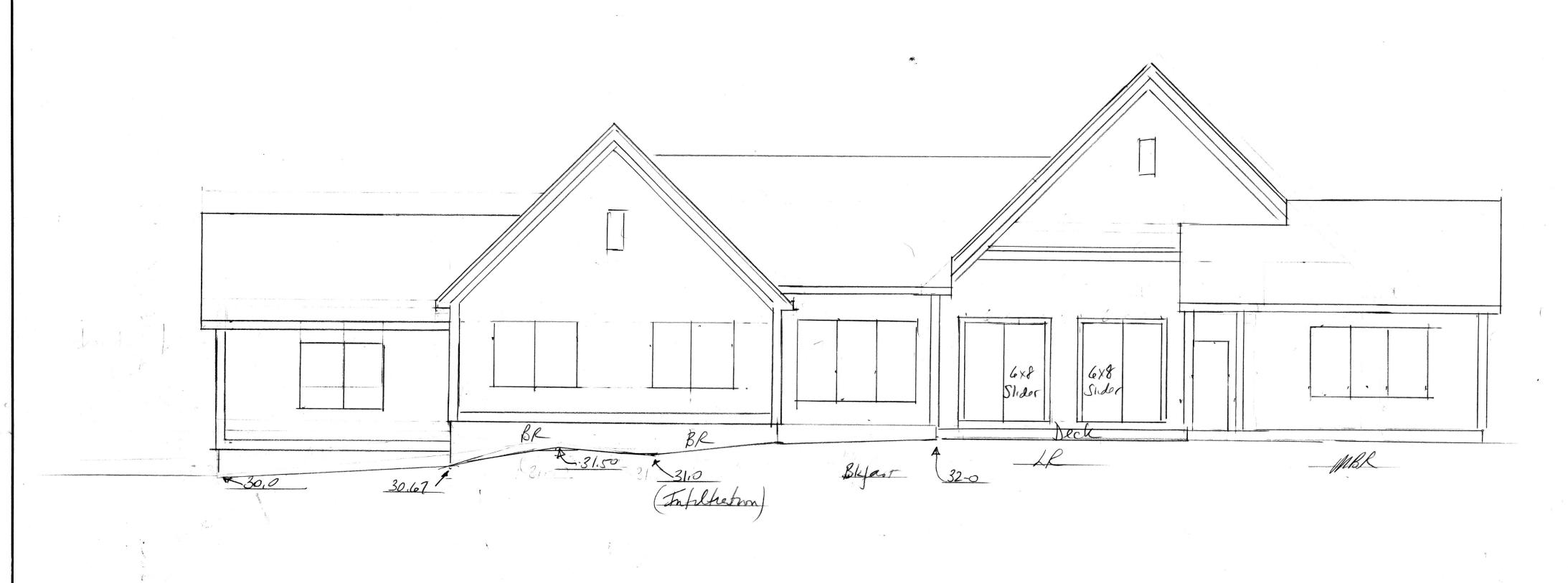






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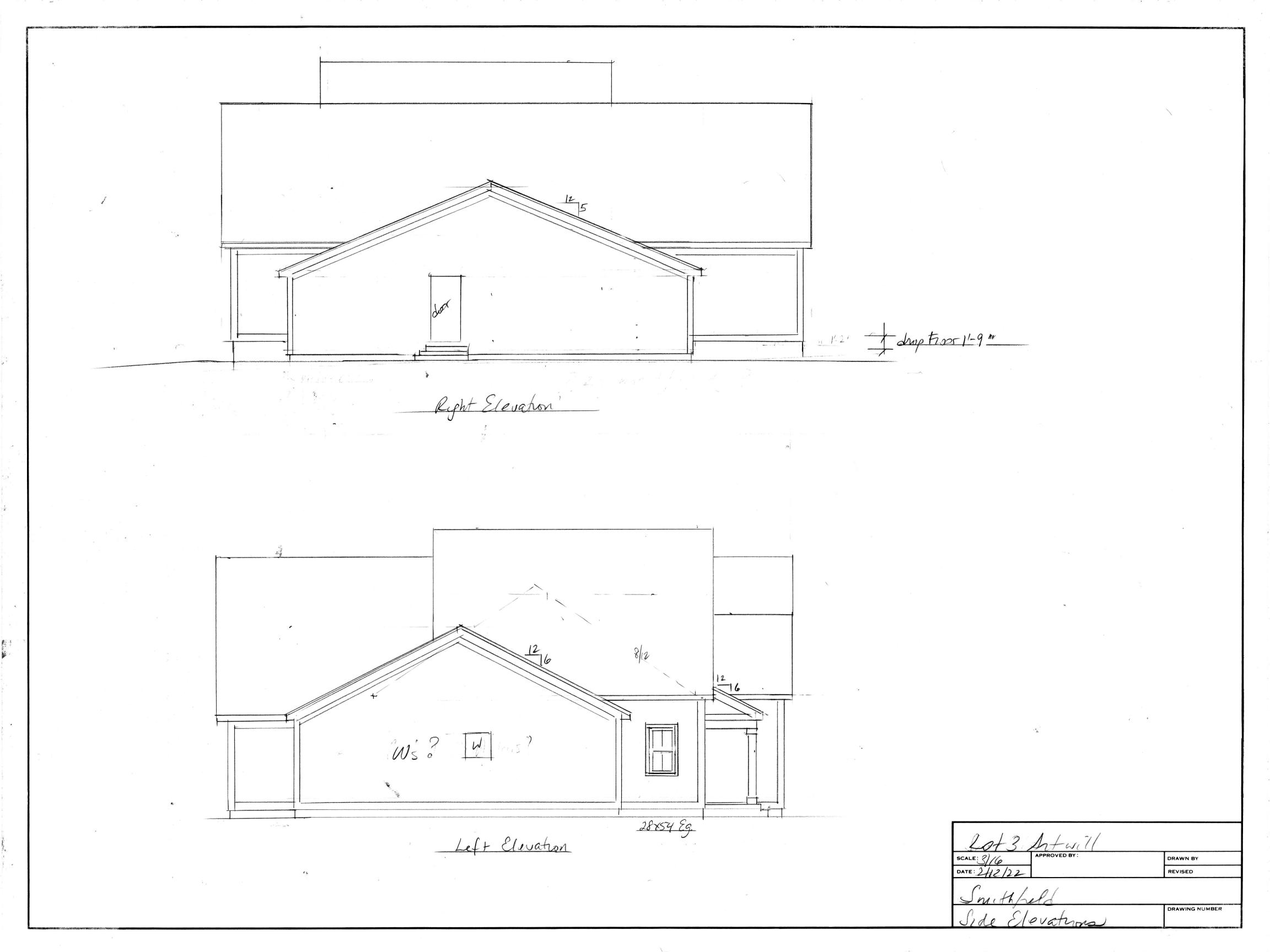


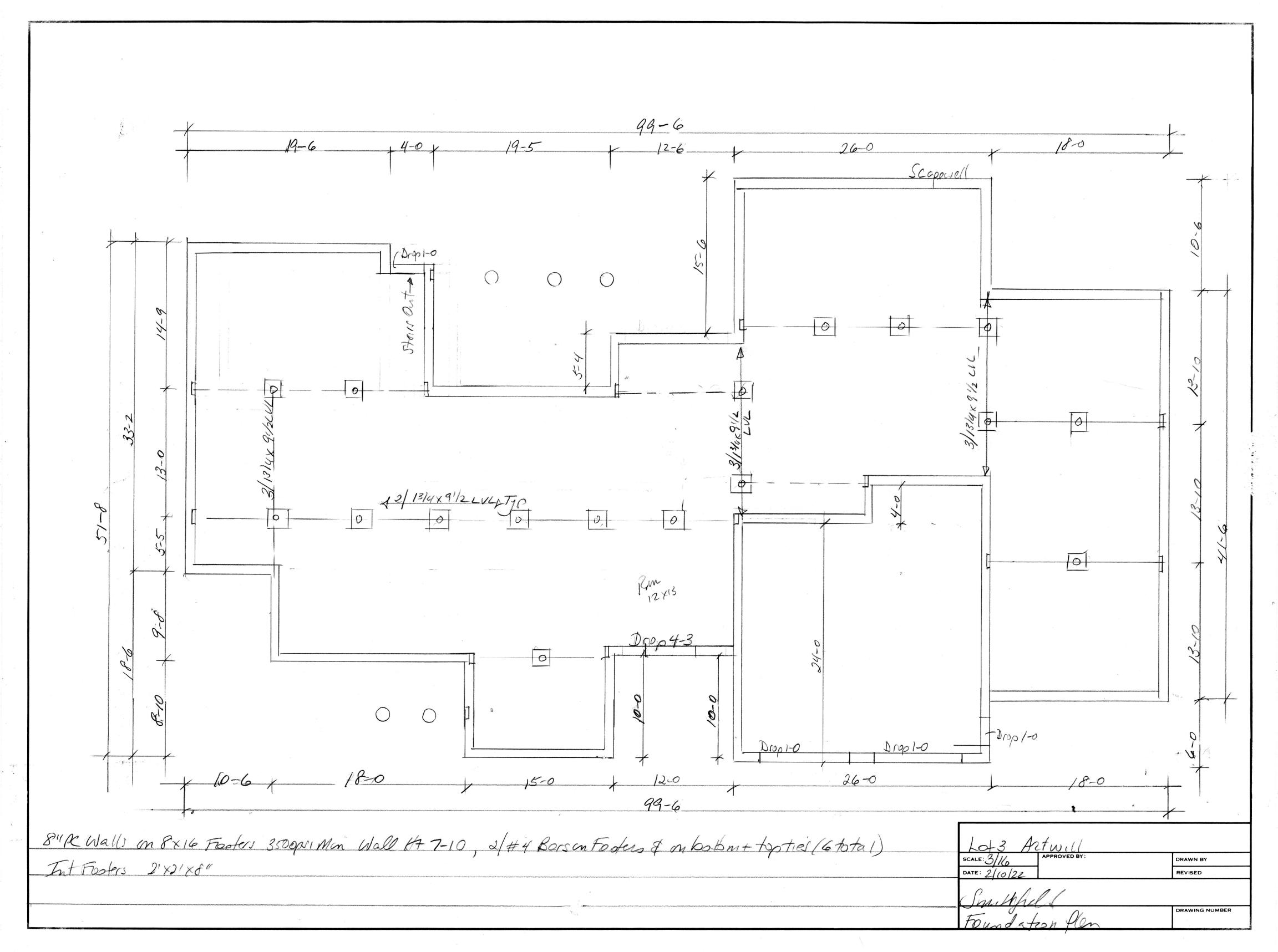
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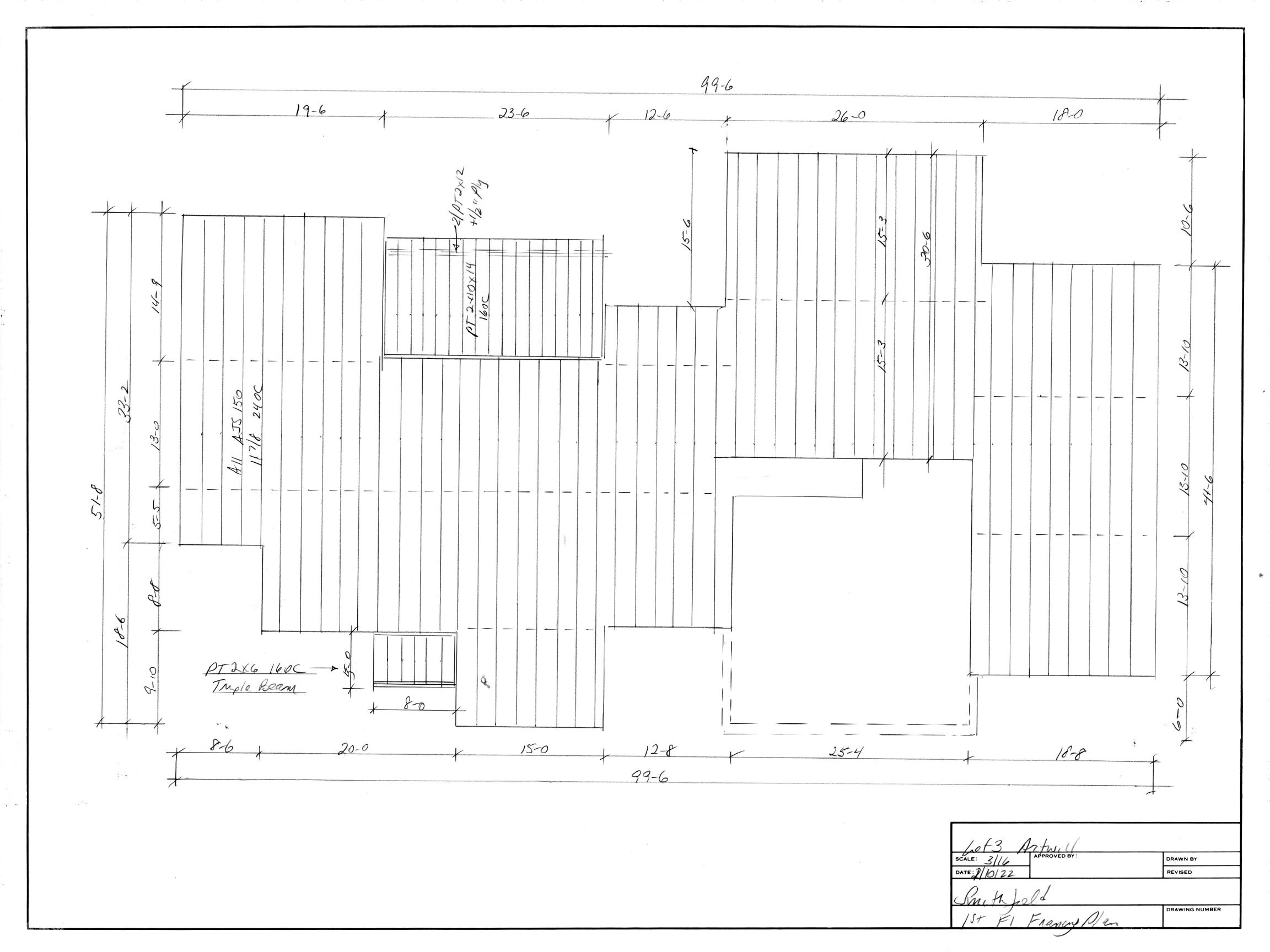
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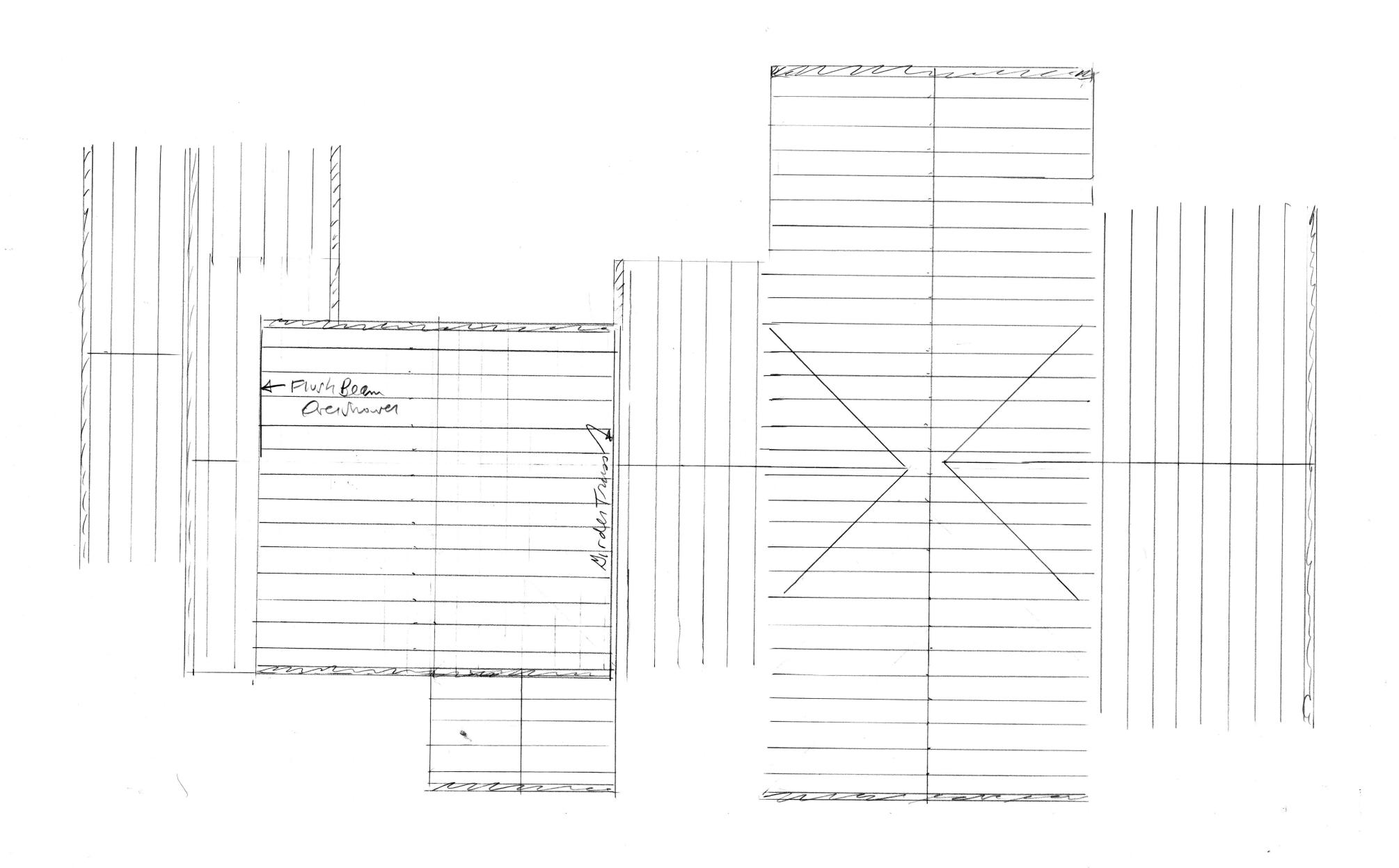
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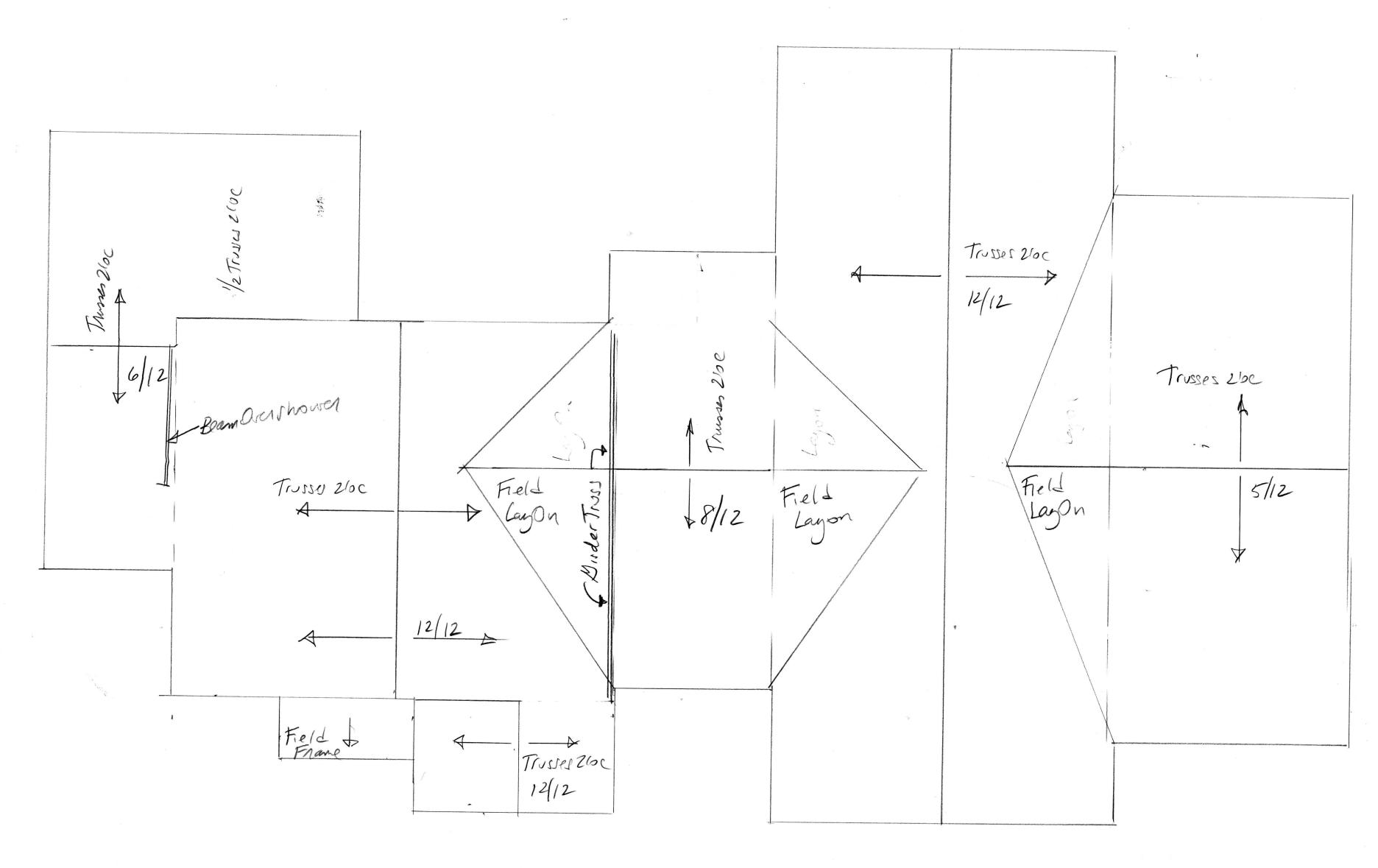








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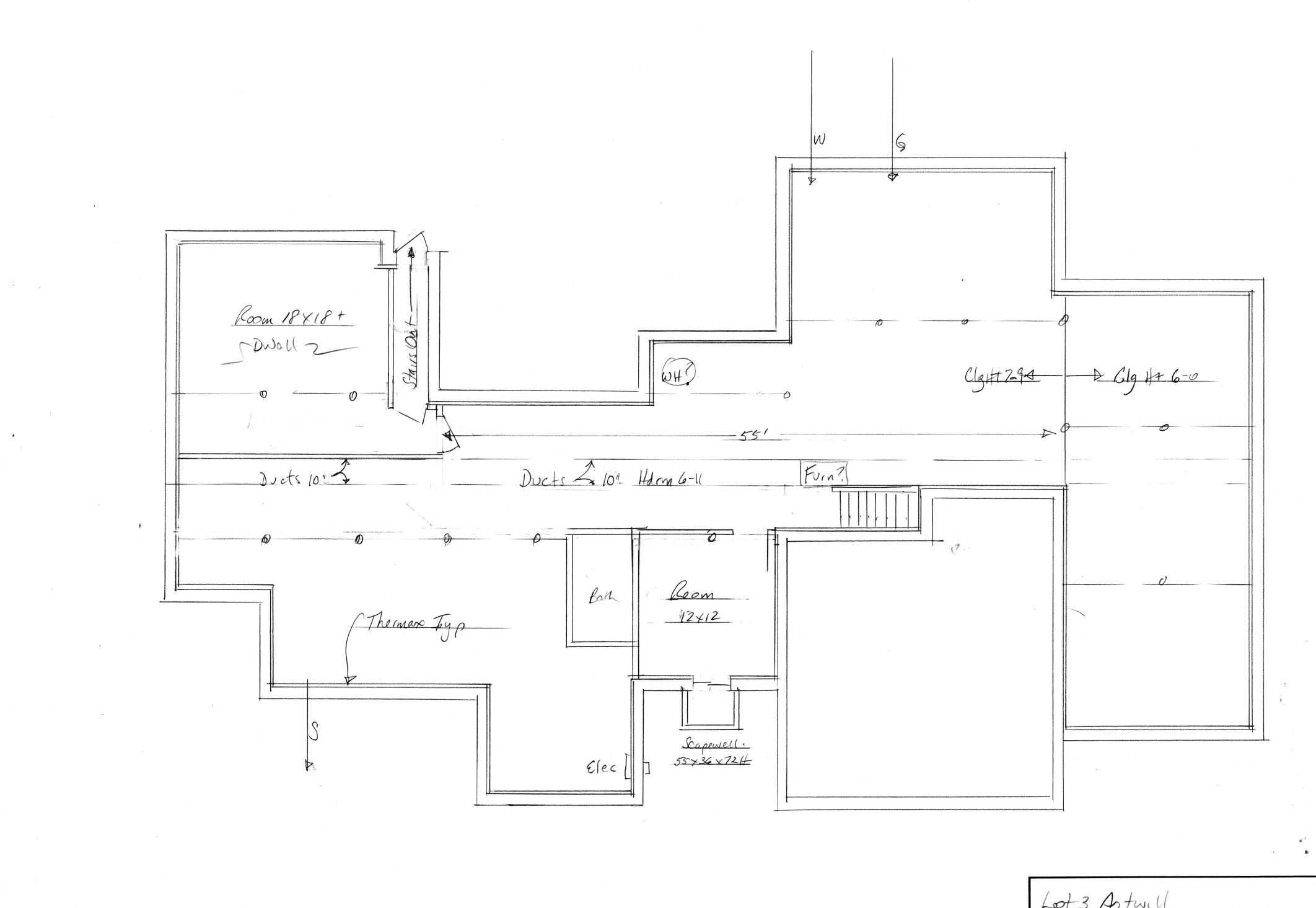
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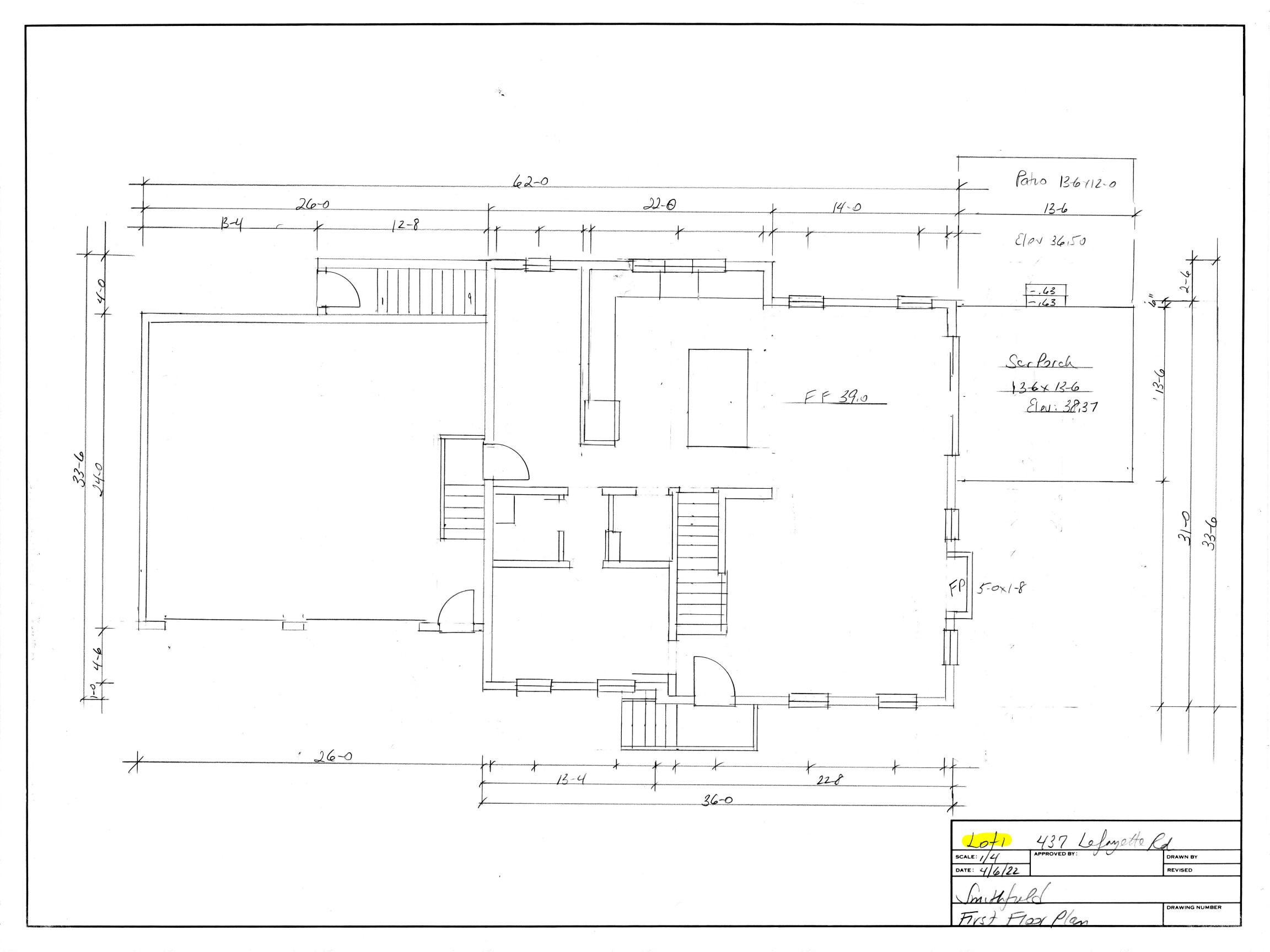
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# FEE SCHEDULE Planning Department Effective 07/01/21 - 06/30/22

### **PLANNING BOARD**

### **Subdivision:**

Subdivision Amendment: Administrative approval	Residential	\$500.00 plus \$200.00 per lot
Administrative approval\$200.00 TAC or Planning Board approval\$500.00  Lot line revision/verification\$250.00  Lot Line Revision Amendment\$100.00 TAC or Planning Board approval\$150.00  Lot Consolidation – No Subdivision\$175.00  Restoration of Involuntarily Merged Lots\$250.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$200.00  Design Review\$500.00  an Review:  All developments\$500.00  Site Plan Minor Amendment: Administrative approval after work has been done\$500.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$500.00  ATC or Planning Board approval\$500.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$500.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$500.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$500.00	Non-Residential	\$700.00 plus \$300.00 per lot
TAC or Planning Board approval\$500.00  Lot line revision/verification\$250.00  Lot Line Revision Amendment	ubdivision Amendment:	
Lot line revision/verification	Administrative approval	\$200.00
Lot Line Revision Amendment Administrative approval	TAC or Planning Board approval	\$500.00
Administrative approval	ot line revision/verification	\$250.00
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TAC or Planning Board approval\$150.00  Lot Consolidation – No Subdivision\$175.00  Restoration of Involuntarily Merged Lots\$250.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$200.00  Design Review\$500.00  an Review:  All developments\$500.00  Plus \$5.00 per \$1,000 of site of plus \$10.00 per 1,000 s.f. of site of plus \$15,000.00  Site Plan Minor Amendment:  Administrative approval\$200.00  Administrative approval after  work has been done\$500.00  TAC or Planning Board approval\$800.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$200.00		\$100.00
Lot Consolidation – No Subdivision\$175.00  Restoration of Involuntarily Merged Lots\$250.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$200.00  Design Review\$500.00  an Review:  All developments\$500.00  plus \$5.00 per \$1,000 of site of plus \$10.00 per 1,000 s.f. of site of plus \$15,000.00  Site Plan Minor Amendment:  Administrative approval\$200.00  Administrative approval after  work has been done\$500.00  TAC or Planning Board approval\$800.00  Preliminary Conceptual Consultation\$200.00		
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	otal fee not to exceed (cap)	plus \$5.00 per \$1,000 of site coplus \$10.00 per 1,000 s.f. of site communication\$15,000.00\$200.00\$500.00\$800.00

### **Wetlands Conditional Use Permit:**

Area of disturbance in wetland or wetland buffer:		
Up to 250 sq. ft	\$100.00	
Up to 1,000 sq. ft	\$500.00	
Greater than 1,000 sq. ft	\$1,000.00	

### **Conditional Use Permit (Non-Wetland)**

Conditional Use Permit (Non-Wetland)......\$200.00

#### **BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT**

Resid	lential	App	lications

1-2 dwelling units	\$250.00 plus \$50.00 for each unit over 4
Residential accessory structure only	\$50.00
Non-Residential Applications	

**Signs** ...... \$200.00

Appeal of Administrative Decision ......\$50.00

#### HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION

Work Session (prior to application for approval) ........ \$200.00 per work session

#### **Residential Applications**

1 dwelling unit

100.00
100.00
250.00
400.00 plus \$100.00 for each unit over 4
000.00

\$100.00

Accessory structure, mechanical equipment or replacement of doors/windows only...... \$100.00

### Planning Department Fee Schedule (Effective 07/01/21 – 06/30/22)

Non-Residential Applications \$5.00 per \$ of new constructions	
Total fee not to exceed (cap) \$5,000.00	
Accessory structure, mechanical equipment or replacement of doors/windows only\$100.00	
<b>Signs</b> \$100.00	
Amendment to Certificate of Approval:	
Administrative approval\$100.00	
Administrative approval after work has been done \$500.00	
Commission approval\$800.00	

### **ZONING PERMITS**

Certificate of conformity	\$50.00
Letter of interpretation	\$100.00