

P0595-007 April 21, 2021

Ms. Juliet Walker, Planning Director City of Portsmouth Planning Department 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

Site Review Permit Application Re: Proposed Mixed Use Development, Raynes Avenue, Portsmouth, NH

Dear Juliet:

On behalf of One Raynes Ave, LLC, 31 Raynes Ave, LLC & 203 Maplewood Ave, LLC (owners), and North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC (applicant), we are pleased to submit the following revised information to support a request for a Site Review Permit for the above referenced project:

- One (1) full size & one (1) half size copy of the Site Plan Set, last revised April 21, 2021
- One (1) copy of the TAC Comment Response Report, dated April 21, 2021
- One (1) copy of the Parking Conditional Use Permit Request, last revised April 21, 2021;
- One (1) copy of the Drainage Analysis, last revised April 21, 2021
- One (1) copy of the Grade Plane Exhibit, last revised April 21, 2021
- One (1) copy of the Building Height Exhibit, dated April 21, 2021;
- One (1) copy of the Colored Landscape Plan, last revised April 21, 2021;
- One (1) copy of the Community Space Exhibit, last revised April 21, 2021

The enclosed revised plans and supplemental materials have been provided to address comments received from the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) in correspondence dated April 5, 2021 and at their meeting held on April 6, 2021.

We respectfully request to be placed on the TAC meeting agenda for May 4, 2021. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact Patrick Crimmins by phone at (603) 433-8818 or by email at pmcrimmins@tighebond.com.

Sincerely,

TIGHE & BOND, INC.

Patrick M. Crimmins, PE Senior Project Manager

Cc: North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC (via e-mail)

Neil A. Hansen, PE Project Engineer



P0595-007 April 21, 2021

Mr. Dexter Legg, Chairman City of Portsmouth Planning Department 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

Re: Conditional Use Permit Request for Reduced Off-Street Parking & Shared Parking on Separate Lots,
Proposed Mixed-Use Development, Raynes Avenue, Portsmouth, NH

Dear Chairman Legg:

On behalf of One Raynes Ave, LLC, 31 Raynes Ave, LLC & 203 Maplewood Ave, LLC (owners), and North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC (applicant), this letter is to request that a Conditional Use Permit be granted by the Planning Board to allow for reduced off-street parking and parking on a separate lot as allowed by Section 10.1112.14 and 10.1112.62 of the Zoning Ordinance.

The total parking provided on the proposed site plan is 111 spaces. The City Zoning Ordinance requires 159 parking spaces for the proposed mixed-use development. The project team has prepared a parking demand analysis for this mixed-used development based on Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Parking Generation manual, 5th edition (latest).

For this project, parking demand was reviewed for the proposed multi-family and hotel uses using ITE land use code 221 and land use code 310 respectively. We excluded the 1st floor commercial uses for this analysis since parking is not required for these uses in the Downtown Overlay District (DOD) parking regulations. With the project being in the DOD, we studied the ITE parking generation assuming a dense multi-use urban setting, with no nearby rail transit. For a 128-key hotel in this setting, peak parking demand based on ITE Parking Generation is 97 parking spaces. For the proposed 60 dwelling unit multi-family use, we calculated peak parking demand based on the 70 total bedrooms that will be provided in these units. Based on ITE Parking Generation, 70 bedrooms generates an average peak parking demand in this dense multi-use setting of 34 spaces. Thus, based on ITE Parking Generation, the total average peak parking demand for the project is 131 spaces. The applicant will have the ability to share private parking with the office building that is currently being constructed across the street at 145 Maplewood Avenue. With the off-setting peaks of these complimenting uses, the applicant intends to enter into a shared parking agreement with 145 Maplewood Avenue LLC for the use of 25 parking spaces on the 145 Maplewood parcel. As demonstrated in the shared parking analysis provided, the hotel and residential uses on the development parcel are complimentary to the office use on the 145 Maplewood Parcel, a use that does not have a parking requirement in the DOD, providing a total of 136 spaces for the project which exceeds the ITE peak parking demand of 131 spaces.

Per Article 11 Section 10.1112.62 the shared parking arrangement shall be secured by a covenant acceptable to the City and recorded at the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds. The applicant understands that should the Planning Board grant the shared parking CUP, as a condition of approval the applicant will be required to record the agreement. The applicant has shared the shared parking analysis with the Kane Company / 145 Maplewood LLC and they support the analysis and have committed to entering into a shared parking agreement to be secured with a covenant acceptable to the City and recorded at the RCRD.



In addition to seeking the Conditional Use Permit for reduced parking, the applicant has explored creative parking solutions to achieve the City's parking requirements. The applicant has designed the mixed-use building such that parking lift systems can be installed in the locations of the tandem spaces that are covered by the multi-family units above in the mixed-use building. The lift systems would provide an additional 23 parking spaces on top of the 136 that the project is providing, bringing the total parking provided to 159 spaces. The applicant does not anticipate these will ever be needed but to show that the project could meet the City's parking requirements, the applicant proposes to include these lift systems as "reserve spaces" that could be constructed in the future if the applicant deems that this additional parking is in fact needed to support the developments building program.

The applicant respectfully requests a Conditional Use Permit for Reduced Off-Street Parking & Shared Parking on Separate Lots be granted. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact Patrick Crimmins by phone at (603) 433-8818 or by email at pmcrimmins@tighebond.com.

Neil A. Hansen, PE

Project Engineer

Sincerely,

TIGHE & BOND, INC.

Patrick M. Crimmins, PE Senior Project Manager

Copy: North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

City of P	ortsmouth TAC, April 06, 2021:		
	TAC Comment	Applicant Response	<u>Sheet</u>
	ments from 4/5 Correspondence:		1
	1 Pending final HDC approval, the applicant should confirm that the building block length, façade composition and window glazing complies with the requirements.	Agreed.	N/A
	Although the proposed building height appears to comply with the standards and requirements outlined in the Norther End Overlay District, the HDC review will govern the final height, volume and massing of the building(s). A detailed building height map should be provided showing the average grade plane and the proposed height around the perimeter of the building(s).	The final building height and footprint will comply with the City's zoning ordinance. A detailed grade plane exhibit and building height exhibit have been provided showing average grade plane and proposed building heights.	Grade Plane Exhibit & A3.01
	3 Footnote #2 in the development standards chart on Sheet C-102 should reference Section 10.5A46.10 instead of Section 10.5A43.43.	Footnote #2 in the development standards chart has been revised to reference Section 10.5A46.10 instead of Section 10.5A43.43.	C-102
	4 As you know, these properties front on multiple height districts, please provide more details on how your base building height was calculated.	The final building height and footprint will comply with the City's zoning ordinance. A detailed grade plane exhibit and building height exhibit have been provided showing average grade plane and proposed building heights.	Grade Plane Exhibit & A3.01
	5 Footnote #3 in the development standards chart should reference Section 10.5A46.10.	Footnote #3 in the development standards chart has been revised reference Section 10.5A46.10.	C-102
	The parking demand analysis letter provided references the ability to share parking spaces with 145 Maplewood Ave office building. Is there an existing agreement in place?	Per Article 11 Section 10.1112.62 the shared parking arrangement shall be secured by a covenant acceptable to the City and recorded at the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds (RCRD). The applicant understands that should the Planning Board grant the shared parking CUP, as a condition of approval the applicant will be required to record the agreement. The applicant has shared the shared parking analysis with the Kane Company / 145 Maplewood LLC and they support the analysis and have committed to entering into a shared parking agreement to be secured with a covenant acceptable to the City and recorded at the RCRD. The enclosed CUP request has been revised to indicate this as well.	CUP Letter
	7 We note you use ITE in your analysis for parking demand, wherever possible, you should use local data if there are comparable uses available where observations could be conducted	ITE parking generation for the hotel use matches the City of Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance requirement and the applicant concurs this calculation is accurate based on other hotels they operate in the downtown. The applicant currently does not operate any multi-family buildings in the downtown with a similar unit mix and therefore feels ITE is the most appropriate method for calculating peak parking demand for the site.	CUP Letter
	8 Please respond to the Planning Board's comment regarding an excess of surface parking and suggestion to consider underground parking.	Due to a number of site constraints underground parking on this project is not practical. The existing grades of the site are fairly level which would require full basements to be built. This would put the finish floor elevation of the basements below the mean high water elevation of North Mill Pond. This would also require constructing ramps to get down approximately eleven feet below grade. With the amount of room a ramp of that length would use and the need for a fire lane around both proposed buildings, the site would end up with less parking than currently proposed and approximately the same impervious surface.	N/A
	9 I would suggest the applicant consider replacing this parking with a landscaped park area or a 5-800 SF, single-story, hipped roof structure that could be utilized as a community building or leased space for kayak, bike, scooter, or moped rentals.	A kayak storage area has been added to the landscape plan along the North Mill Pond trail.	L-101
1	0 Please provide a photometrics/lighting plan	A photometric plan has been added to the plan set.	Sheet 1 of 1
1	1 Third party peer review is required for the traffic study	Agreed.	N/A

	tree planting specification were included as part of this plan set, please add City's tree planting tails.	Tree planting details and City tree planting requirements have been added to Sheet L-102.	L-102
_ I _ '	y trees located in the City's right-of-way will require review and approval by the City's Trees & eenery Committee.	Agreed.	L-101
Str and wid	rious consideration should be given to converting the entire length of Raynes Ave and Vaughan eet to one-way counterclockwise flow, due to narrowness of road, delivery trucks loading zones d parking on both sides, and corner radii at driveway. Otherwise, the road would need to be dened to accommodate improved two-way flow with the increase in traffic flow and on-street rking demand created by the density of uses.	The applicant is agreement that Raynes Avenue be converted to a one-way road and the Site Plan has been revised to show this.	C-102.1
	osswalk across Maplewood Ave should have RRFB installed due to volume and speed of traffic, d limited sight lines.	Rectangular Rapid-Flashing Beacons (RRFB) have been added to the crosswalk signage at the Maplewood Ave crosswalk location.	C-102.1
	ns on sidewalks should be at least 7'3" to provide clearance for sidewalk plow.	Sign post detail has been revised to provide 7'-3" clearance.	C-503
7 Bik	te racks seem to be far away from any entrance. Any place closer to a doorway would be eferable.	Bike storage for the residential building will be located inside the building. The bike racks shown at the entrance to the North Mill Pond trail are intended to be used by the public when utilizing the trail. The bike racks for the hotel are located under the covered area of the hotel entrance near the stairwell exit and in the proximity of the hotel drop off, but in an area that does not interfere with the loading/unloading operations of the hotel.	C-102.1
1	A parking spaces should be closer to accessible entrance than non-ADA spaces. Accessible route buld not have to cross traffic aisles, if possible.	The ADA parking spaces for the residential building are located at the closest non-tandem spaces to the residential entrance. The ADA spaces for the hotel are located in the closest covered spaces to the main entrance of the hotel.	C-102.1
	oading zone on a curve on Raynes Ave is not practical. Large trucks will encroach on travel lane, ich is only 10 feet. Another reason for one-way flow.	The striped area on the Raynes Avenue curve is not intended to be a loading zone. It is striped as a no parking/ fire access aisle. On street loading is located in the two spaces closest to Maplewood Avenue.	C-102.1
O Is it	t possible to move the pedestrian/bike path further outside of the 25' vegetated buffer?	The path is located out of the 25' vegetated buffer where possible. The areas within the 25' buffer are for access to the pier and boat ramp, and to connect to the City's access easement across lot 15-1.	N/A
1 The	e path should be at elevation 9 or above or otherwise designed to withstand periodic inundation	The path has been regraded to have a minimum elevation of 9 with the exception of where it ties into existing grade at the property boundary.	C-103
Art	ease elaborate on your proposed connection to the greenway between your project and 3S espace. This was not part of the original concept plan for the North Mill Pond trail. Is it your ention to make this a public entrance?	The design intent is that this will be a public access points to the North Mill Pond trail. This would allow for two public access point to the trail through the development site, one on each end of the property. A public access easement has been added to the easement plan.	C-201
the are sec	e proposed community space meets the minimum area requirements of 20% but does not include a pedestrian access between the two proposed buildings. An access easement should include this as well as the wide pedestrian sidewalk that is partially located on the property(s) and any condary access ways proposed between the proposed hotel and 3S Artspace. Consideration build also be given to provide deeded public access to the kayak launch as well as the proposed observed.	A public access easement has been included on the easement plan for the second access point between the proposed hotel and 3S. The community space easement has been expanded to include the kayak storage area, kayak launch ramp and pier. A sidewalk access and maintenance easement has also been added to the plan.	C-201
4 Ray	ynes Ave needs new water main	The Utility Plan has been updated to show a water main replacement in Raynes. In addition, the applicant agrees to pay a fair share contribution toward the water main replacement as indicated on Utility Note #27.	G-100 & C-104
	ovide 2 additional catch basins in Raynes to capture more stormwater before it goes down to ughn	The grading in Raynes Avenue has been revised and additional drainage structures have been added.	C-103

26 Eversource needs power conduits in Green/Russell St and transformer and switch space on the lot or they will not be able to service these buildings. Decide on which project (Raynes/Green) is doing what portion of the offsite work that is needed.	onfirmed. The project will coordinate with Eversource on any required off site improvements.	N/A
	he grading in Raynes Avenue has been revised and additional drainage structures have been added.	C-103
	he drainage plan has been revised to have the check valve bolted onto the concrete headwall. A etail for a Redvalve Tideflex flanged check valve has been included in the details	C-103 & C-506
29 For SMH inverts, match pipe crowns A r	note has been added to the wye connection locations on the utility plan	C-104
30 Confirm sewer flows match the projected flows for the sewer construction in Vaughn and Green Th		N/A
31 Gas meter on hotel building will block sidewalk in that location Th	he gas meter location has been moved away from the sidewalk.	C-104
	heck valves are called out for both Jellyfish filtration outlets.	C-103
33 Provide easement for stormwater pipes from Raynes to outfall A c	drainage easement is include for the stormwater pipe from Raynes Ave to the outfall.	C-201
34 What is the purpose of the storm drain pipe that is planned along the edge of 3S? Roof drains only? Th	he storm drain pipe along 3S is for the roof drains of 3S that currently spill into the existing parking	N/A
	rea for the Vanguard building. This area is approximately 6" above existing grade and is not nticipated to impact to the existing building.	
The Water Department will need an access easement to get to valves and meters and for leak The Water Department will need an access easement to get to valves and meters and for leak	he easement for the drain line through the site has been revised to include the water line, access nd maintenance.	C-201
	note has been added to the plans.	G-100 & C-104
	ot 15-1 is under separate ownership and is not part of this project.	N/A
All water and sewer services for the existing buildings need to be terminated at the respective mains De	emolition note 7 states, all utilities shall be terminated at the main line.	G-100
	HC/loading ramp from the street grade up to sidewalk for the HC spot in front of Barrio has been dded to the plans.	C-102.1 & C-103
Please adjust curb so that it is no higher than 6" reveal. Confirm no more than 2%, no less than 1% on City sidewalks	rading plan includes 6" curb reveals and between 1% and 2% cross slopes on City sidewalks.	C-103
be needed as well. Grease waste line should be 6" the	ne building drawings.	C-104
There should not be any utilities within 5' either side of the edges of the City's new drain line (unless of the crossing transversely).	tilities have been relocated to be a minimum of 5' from the outside of the new drain line.	C-104
the applicant is showing 3" of pavement on the private lot, this will not hold up to the construction we	he pavement on Raynes Ave has been revised to be 5" thick, 3.5" of binder and 1.5" of rearing. The final on-site pavement section will be determined by the projects geotechnical ngineer.	C-502
·	he details have been revised to use 18" of 304.4 under the City pavement section and 8" of 304.4 nder sidewalks.	C-502 & C-503
Do not use wire reinforcement in any City owned sidewalks, use poly fiber mesh instead Sid	idewalk detail has been revised to include poly fiber mesh.	C-503
46 City CB's need liners, please add to detail Po	olyethylene liner detail has been added to the plan.	C-504
	s stated in section 7.6 of the Drainage Analysis, Copies of the Stormwater Maintenance report shall	N/A
	e submitted to the City of Portsmouth on an annual basis	

Move downstream defender to upstream of DMH 2 so it is not trying to treat private stormwater as	The downstream defender has been relocated upstream of DMH 2.	C-103
well as City flow.		
Temporary Access Easement for the bridge replacement will be needed	A Temporary Access Easement for the bridge replacement has been added to the easement plan.	C-201
Raynes Ave is to be paved as part of 111 (145) Maplewood project. The street will need to be	A note and hatched area have been added to the plans to show the limit of finish paving and striping	G-100 & C-102.1
milled, paved and striped again during this project.	that will be done by this project.	

PROPOSED MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT

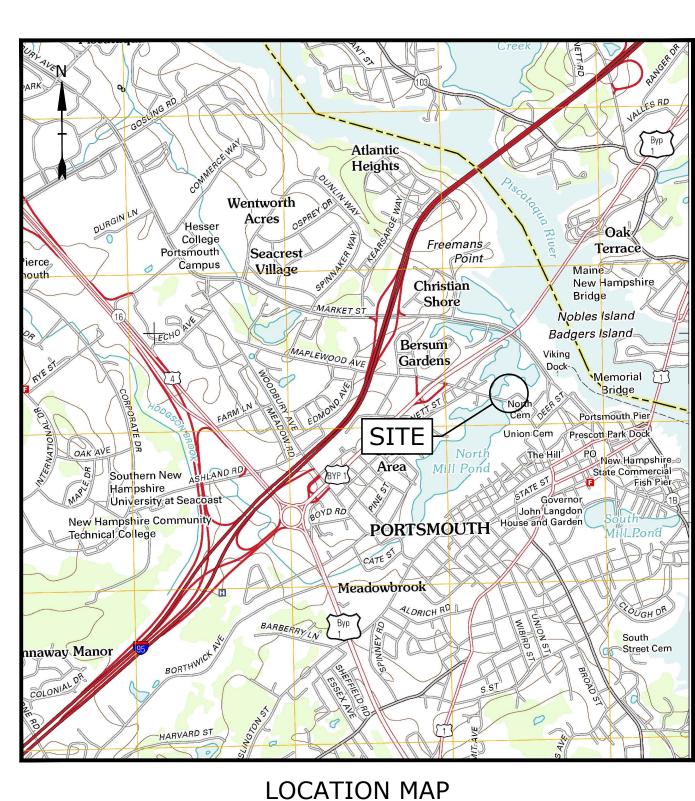
RAYNES AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

MARCH 22, 2021

LAST REVISED: APRIL 21, 2021

LIST OF DRAWINGS				
SHEET NO.	LAST REVISED			
	COVER SHEET	4/21/2021		
G-100	GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND	4/21/2021		
1 OF 3	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	6/17/2020		
2 OF 3	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	6/17/2020		
3 OF 3	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	6/17/2020		
G-100	GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND	4/21/2021		
C-101	DEMOLITION PLAN	4/21/2021		
C-102	OVERALL SITE PLAN	4/21/2021		
C-102.1	SITE PLAN	4/21/2021		
C-103	GRADING, DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN	4/21/2021		
C-104	UTILITIES PLAN	4/21/2021		
C-201	EASEMENT PLAN	4/21/2021		
L-100	LANDSCAPE MATERIAL PLAN LEGEND AND NOTES	4/21/2021		
L-101	LANDSCAPE PLANTING PLAN	4/21/2021		
L-102	LANDSCAPE DETAILS	4/21/2021		
C-501	EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-502	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-503	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-504	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-505	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-506	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-507	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
C-508	DETAILS SHEET	4/21/2021		
A3.00	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS	4/21/2021		
1 of 1	LIGHTING PLAN	4/21/2021		

LIST OF PERMITS				
LOCAL	STATUS	DATE		
SITE PLAN REVIEW PERMIT				
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT- WETLAND BUFFER				
CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT- PARKING				
STATE				
NHDES - ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT				
NHDES - WETLAND PERMIT				
NHDES - SEWER CONNECTION PERMIT				



LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1" = 2,000'

PREPARED BY:

PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03801 603-433-8818

OWNERS: TAX MAP 123, LOT 10 & 13 31 RAYNES LLC C/O PORTSMOUTH CHEVROLET 549 ROUTE 1 BYPASS PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03801

TAX MAP 123, LOT 12 203 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE LLC 549 HIGHWAY 1 BYPASS PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

TAX MAP 123, LOT 14 ONE RAYNES AVE LLC 1359 HOOKSETT RD HOOKSETT, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03106

APPLICANT:

NORTH MILL POND HOLDINGS LLC 1359 HOOKSETT ROAD

HOOKSETT, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03106

SURVEYOR: DOUCET SURVEY, LLC

102 KENT PLACE NEWMARKET, NH 03857





TAC RESUBMISSION **COMPLETE SET 25 SHEETS**

T & B PROJECT NO: P-0595-007

NOTES: 1. REFERENCE:

TAX MAP 123, LOT 10 TAX MAP 123. LOT 12 TAX MAP 123, LOT 13 TAX MAP 123, LOT 14 RAYNES AVENUE & MAPLEWOOD AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE D.S. PROJECT NO. 6082

TOTAL PARCEL AREA: 71,149 SQ. FT. OR 1.633 AC. (COMBINED LOTS 10, 12 & 13) 39,459 SQ. FT. OR 0.906 AC. (LOT 14)

OWNER OF RECORD:

TAX MAP 123, LOTS 10 & 13 31 RAYNES LLC C/O PORTSMOUTH CHEVROLET 549 ROUTE 1 BYPASS PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676, PAGE 654

203 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE LLC C/O PORTSMOUTH CHEVROLET 549 ROUTE 1 BYPASS PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 5621, PAGE 420

TAX MAP 123, LOT 14 ONE RAYNES AVENUE LLC 1359 HOOKSETT ROAD HOOKSETT, NH 03106 R.C.R.D. BOOK 6088, PAGE 1268

R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676, PAGE 657

OVERLAY DISTRICTS
-DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT 4. ZONE: CD4 -HISTORIC DISTRCIT

5. ZONING DISTRICTS BASED ON THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH ZONING MAP DATED 11/12/15 AS AVAILABLE ON THE CITY WEBSITE ON 11/18/19. SEE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH ZONING ORDINANCE ARTICLE 5A. SECTION 10.5A40 FOR DIMÉNSIONAL REGULATIONS. THE LAND OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

THE SITE IS SUBJECT TO THE STATE OF NH SHORELAND WATER QUALITY PROTECTION ACT. SEE NHDES WEBSITE FOR SPECIFIC DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENT.

6. FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY D.C.B. & K.J.L. DURING NOVEMBER 2019 & BY G.M.E. & J.P.E. DURING JUNE 2020 USING A TRIMBLE S7 TOTAL STATION AND A TRIMBLE R8 SURVEY GRADE GPS WITH A TRIMBLE TSC3 DATA COLLECTOR AND A TRIMBLE DINI DIGITAL LEVEL. TRAVERSE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON LEAST SQUARE ANALYSIS.

FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY M.J.C. ON OCTOBER 2019 USING A LEICA HDS SCANNER. REGISTRATION ADJUSTMENT BASED ON LEAST SQUARE ANALYSIS.

- 7. JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS DELINEATED BY TIGHE & BOND, DURING OCTOBER 2019 IN ACCORDANCE WITH 1987 CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLANDS DELINEATION MANUAL. TECHNICAL REPORT Y-87-1 AND THE INTERIM REGIONAL SUPPLEMENT TO THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLAND DELINEATION MANUAL: NORTH CENTRAL AND NORTHEAST REGION (OCTOBER, 2009).
- 8. VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NGVD29 PER DISK B2 1923.
- 9. HORIZONTAL DATUM BASED ON NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE PLANE(2800) NAD83(2011) DERIVED FROM REDUNDANT GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING THE KEYNET GPS VRS NETWORK.
- 10. PROPER FIELD PROCEDURES WERE FOLLOWED IN ORDER TO GENERATE CONTOURS AT 2' INTERVALS. ANY MODIFICATION OF THIS INTERVAL WILL DIMINISH THE INTEGRITY OF THE DATA, AND DOUCET SURVEY, INC. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY SUCH ALTERATION PERFORMED BY THE USER.
- 11. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON OBSERVABLE PHYSICAL EVIDENCE AND PAINT MARKS FOUND ON-SITE.
- 12. THE ACCURACY OF MEASURED UTILITY INVERTS AND PIPE SIZES/TYPES IS SUBJECT TO NUMEROUS FIELD CONDITIONS, INCLUDING: THE ABILITY TO MAKE VISUAL OBSERVATIONS, DIRECT ACCESS TO THE VARIOUS ELEMENTS, MANHOLE CONFIGURATION, ETC.
- 13. WATER BOUNDARIES ARE DYNAMIC IN NATURE AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE DUE TO NATURAL CAUSES SUCH AS EROSION OR ACCRETION.
- 14. MEAN HIGH WATER (EL. 3.0' NGVD1929) AND HIGHEST OBSERVABLE TIDE (EL. 4.3' NGVD1929) ELEVATIONS PER "MAPLEWOOD AVENUE CULVERT REPLACEMENT AND NORTH MILL POND RESTORATION, WATERFRONT/STRUCTURAL BASIS OF DESIGN, BY WATERFRONT ENGINEERS, LLC. DATED DECEMBER 30, 2009", PROVIDED BY TIGHE & BOND ON 11-30-15.
- 15. THE INTENT OF THIS PLAN IS TO SHOW THE LOCATION OF BOUNDARIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH AND IN RELATION TO THE CURRENT LEGAL DESCRIPTION, AND IS NOT AN ATTEMPT TO DEFINE UNWRITTEN RIGHTS, DETERMINE THE EXTENT OF OWNERSHIP, OR DEFINE THE LIMITS OF TITLE.
- 16. DUE TO THE COMPLEXITY OF RESEARCHING ROAD RECORDS AS A RESULT OF INCOMPLET UNORGANIZED, INCONCLUSIVE, OBLITERATED, OR LOST DOCUMENTS, THERE IS AN INHERENT UNCERTAINTY INVOLVED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO DETERMINE THE LOCATION AND WIDTH OF A ROADWAY RIGHT OF WAY. THE EXTENT OF GREEN STREET AS DEPICTED HEREON IS/ARE BASED ON RESEARCH CONDUCTED AT THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH CITY HALL, THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS & THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS.

EDGE OF RIGHT OF WAY BASED ON HOLDING 52 FOOT WIDE RIGHT OF WAY ALONG RAYNES AVENUE PER REFERENCE PLANS #10 & #11. THE GEOMETRY FROM REFERENCE PLAN #11 WAS THEN ALIGNED TO THE REBAR SHOWN ON THE NORTHERLY SIDE OF MAPLEWOOD AVENUE.

- 17. ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES (ELECTRIC, GAS, TEL. WATER, SEWER DRAIN SERVICES) ARE SHOWN IN SCHEMATIC FASHION, THEIR LOCATIONS ARE NOT PRECISE OR NECESSARILY ACCURATE. NO WORK WHATSOEVER SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN USING THIS PLAN TO LOCATE THE ABOVE SERVICES. CONSULT WITH THE PROPER AUTHORITIES CONCERNED WITH THE SUBJECT SERVICE LOCATIONS FOR INFORMATION REGARDING SUCH. CALL DIG-SAFE AT 1-888-DIG-SAFE.
- 18. TAX MAP 123, LOTS 10, 12, 13 & 14 IS/ARE EITHER SUBJECT TO OR IN BENEFIT OF, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING EASEMENTS/RIGHTS OF RECORD:
- A) 12' WIDE RIGHT OF WAY, SEE R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676, PAGE 657 AND REFERENCE PLAN #11.
- B) RIGHT OF WAY, SEE R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676, PAGE 657 & BOOK 5621, PAGE 420.
- C) SEWER RIGHTS. SEE R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676, PAGE 657 (LOCATION UNKNOWN).
- D) 15' WIDE WALKWAY & LANDSCAPE EASEMENT. SEE R.C.R.D. BOOK 4676. PAGE 657. E) ELECTRIC EASEMENT, SEE R.C.R.D. BOOK 3205, PAGE 1449.
- F) TAX MAP 123, LOT 14 IS SUBJECT TO LEASEHOLD RIGHTS AS LISTED IN R.C.R.D. BOOK 6088,

- 1. "STANDARD BOUNDARY SURVEY, TAX MAP 123 LOT 15 & TAX MAP 124 LOT 10" DATED JULY 2008, REVISED 4/25/13 BY AMBIT ENGINEERING, INC. R.C.R.D. PLAN #D-37722.
- 2. "PROPERTY STAKEOUT SKETCH, PORTSMOUTH PROPERTY TRUST, PE SPAULDING REVOCABLE TRUST", BY AMBIT ENGINEERING, INC., DATED JANUARY 30, 2007, NOT RECORDED.
- 3. "VAUGHAN STREET URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT N.H. R-10 PORTSMOUTH, NH, CONDEMNATION MAP", BY ANDERSON-NICHOLS & CO., INC., DATED FEBRUARY 1971, R.C.R.D. PLAN D-2425.
- 4. "STANDARD BOUNDARY SURVEY, TAX MAP 123, LOTS 10 & 13 FOR RAYNES, LLC", BY AMBIT ENGINEERING,
- 5. "EASEMENT PLAN, EGRESS EASEMENT TO 319 VAUGHAN STREET CENTER, LLC, TAX MAP 124, LOT 9 & TAX MAP 123, LOT 15, PROPERTY OF 299 VAUGHAN STREET, LLC C/O CATHARTES PRIVATE INVESTMENTS", BY AMBIT ENGINEERING, INC., DATED MARCH 2014, R.C.R.D. PLAN #D-38358.
- 6. "EASEMENT PLAN SIDEWALK EASEMENT TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, TAX MAP 124, LOT 9 PROPERTY OF 319 VAUGHAN STREET CENTER, LLC", BY AMBIT ENGINEERING, INC., DATED FEBRUARY 2014, R.C.R.D. PLAN
- 7. "PLAN OF LAND PORTSMOUTH, NH FOR WILLIAM A. HYDER", BY JOHN W. DURGIN, DATED JUNE 1955, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA & ASSOCIATES.
- 8. "STANDARD PROPERTY SURVEY FOR PROPERTY AT 111 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE", BY EASTERLY SURVEYING, INC., DATED 1/31/06, R.C.R.D. PLAN #D-33786.
- 9. "VAUGHAN STREET URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT N.H. R-10 PORTSMOUTH, NH, DISPOSITION PLAN PARCEL 3", BY ANDERSON-NICHOLS & CO., INC., DATED JUNE 1973, R.C.R.D. PLAN D-4019.
- 10. "VAUGHAN STREET URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT N.H. R-10 PORTSMOUTH, NH, DISPOSITION MAP", BY ANDERSON-NICHOLS & CO., INC., DATED NOVEMBER 1969, R.C.R.D. PLAN D-2408
- 11. "LAND OF HEIRS OF JOHN AUGUST HETT", BY JOHN W. DURGIN, DATED APRIL 1938, ON FILE AT JAMES
- 12. "LAND IN PORTSMOUTH, NH OWNED BY ARMOUR & CO.", BY JOHN W. DURGIN DATED OCTOBER 1938, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCIATES.
- 13. "LAND ON VAUGHAN STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH ESTATE OF CARRIE HAM TO LAWRENCE V. REGAN", BY JOHN W. DURGIN, DATED AUGUST 1937, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCIATES.
- 14. "SKETCH TO RALPH SPINNEY", DATED APRIL 23, 1936, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCAIATES.
- 15. "PLOT PLAN OF LAND PORTSMOUTH, NH FOR JOHN R. AND WINNFIELD R. WELCH", BY JOHN W. DURGIN., DATED APRIL 1973, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCIATES.
- 16. "PLAN OF PROPERTY IN PORTSMOUTH, NH OWNED BY R.I. SUGDEN", BY WM A. GROVER, DATED APRIL 15, 1919, ON FILE AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCIATES.
- 17. "PLAN OF LAND PORTSMOUTH, NH FOR WILLIAM A. HYDER", BY JOHN W. DURGIN, DATED JUNE 1955, ON FILE
- AT JAMES VERRA AND ASSOCIATES. 18. "PROPERTY OF ELDRED V. AND BARBARA J. STRAW", BY C.RE. LAWSON, DATED JUNE 1971, R.C.R.D. PLAN
- C-3277. 19. "SUBDIVISION PLAN OF TAX MAP 123, LOT 15 FOR 299 VAUGHAN STREET, LLC", BY DOUCET SURVEY, INC.,

DATED MAY 19, 2017, R.C.R.D. PLAN D-40759.

20. "LICENSE, EASEMENT & LAND TRANSFER PLAN FOR 299 VAUGHAN STREET, LLC & VAUGHAN STREET HOTEL, LLC", BY DOUCET SURVEY INC., DATED AUGUST 2017, R.C.R.D. PLAN D-40760.

<u>LEGEND</u>

—— — — APPROXIMATE ABUTTERS LOT LINE
O O CHAIN LINK FENCE
G GAS LINE
E UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC LINE
— — — 98 — — — MINOR CONTOUR LINE
OHWOVERHEAD WIRE
. TREE LINE
SHRUB LINE
The state of the s
EDGE OF WETLAND AREA (SEE NOTE #7)

ADDDOVIMATE ADJUTTEDS LOT LINE

CONCRETE RIP RAP

	LANDSCAPED AREA
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	UTILITY POLE & GUY WIRE LIGHT POLE W/ARM SIGN BOUND FOUND
• •	IRON PIPE/ROD FOUND POST FIRE HYDRANT
	WATER GATE VALVE WATER SHUTOFF VALVE GAS GATE VALVE PAD MOUNTED TRANSFORMER AIR CONDITIONING UNIT CATCH BASIN DRAIN MANHOLE MANHOLE ELECTRIC MANHOLE SEWER MANHOLE
HH	HAND HOLE
ZWZ	CONIFEROUS TREE
$\dot{\Xi}$	DECIDUOUS TREE
ф Ф	MONITORING WELL LOCATION
×100.0 BND. FND. CONC. EP VGC	ROCK/BOULDER SPOT GRADE BOUND FOUND CONCRETE EDGE OF PAVEMENT VERTICAL GRANITE CURB
VCC SWL	VERTICAL CONCRETE CURB SINGLE WHITE LINE
EM	ELECTRIC METER
GM PM	GAS METER PARKING METER
I IVI	I ANNING WILLILIN

5/8" REBAR W/ID CAP TO BE SET

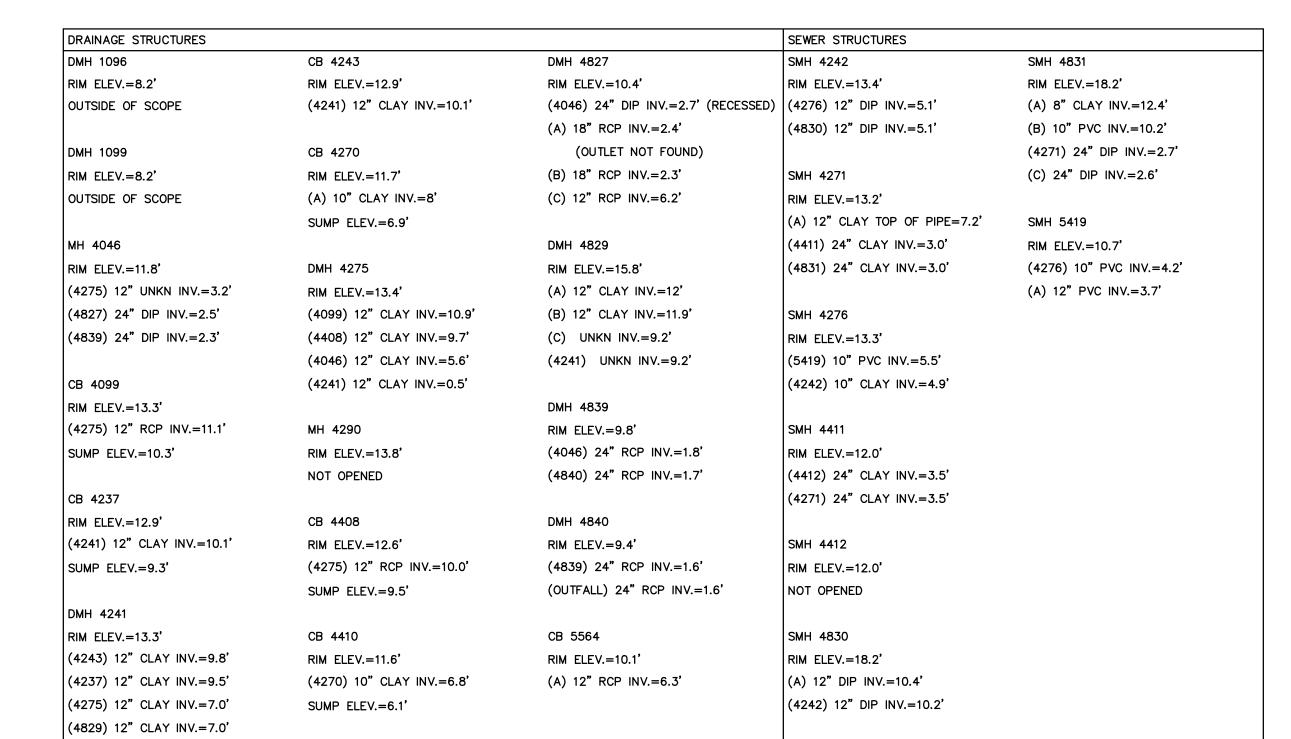
		PORTSMOUTH PI	
	/	SS. AVE JER	
	LA TONOCO		τ. \ \
WOETH)			
	HANOVER ST.		
	John Pond	RA	RAYNES AVE TO VAUGHAN S

LOCATION MAP (n.t.s.)

I CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY PLAT IS NOT A SUBDIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS TITLE (NHRSA TITLE LXIV) AND THAT THE LINES OF STREETS AND WAYS SHOWN ARE THOSE OF PUBLIC OR PRIVATE STREETS OR WAYS ALREADY ESTABLISHED AND THAT NO NEW WAYS ARE SHOWN. I CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY AND PLAN WERE PREPARED BY ME OR BY THOSE UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AND FALLS UNDER THE URBAN SURVEY CLASSIFICATION OF THE NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES OF THE BOARD OF LICENSURE FOR LAND SURVEYORS. I CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY WAS MADE ON THE GROUND AND IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. RANDOM TRAVERSE SURVEY BY TOTAL STATION, WITH A PRECISION GREATER THAN 1:15,000.

L.L.S.	#989

THE CERTIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE INTENDED TO MEET REGISTRY OF DEED REQUIREMENTS AND ARE NOT A CERTIFICATION TO TITLE OR OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY SHOWN. OWNERS OF ADJOINING PROPERTIES ARE ACCORDING TO CURRENT TOWN ASSESSORS RECORDS.





EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN

FOR TIGHE & BOND LAND OF 31 RAYNES LLC (TAX MAP 123, LOTS 10 & 13) 203 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE LLC (TAX MAP 123, LOT 12)

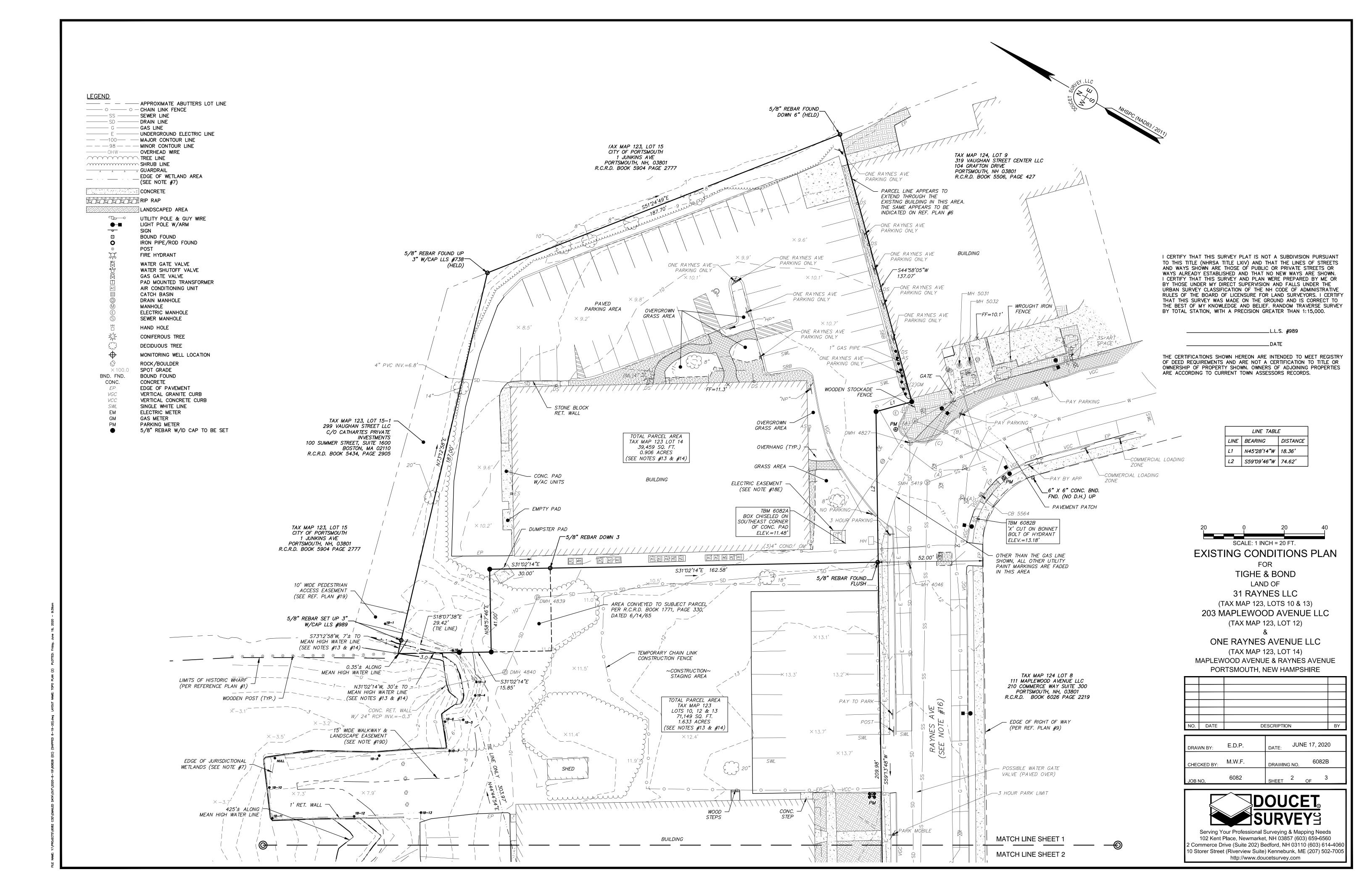
ONE RAYNES AVENUE LLC (TAX MAP 123, LOT 14) MAPLEWOOD AVENUE & RAYNES AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

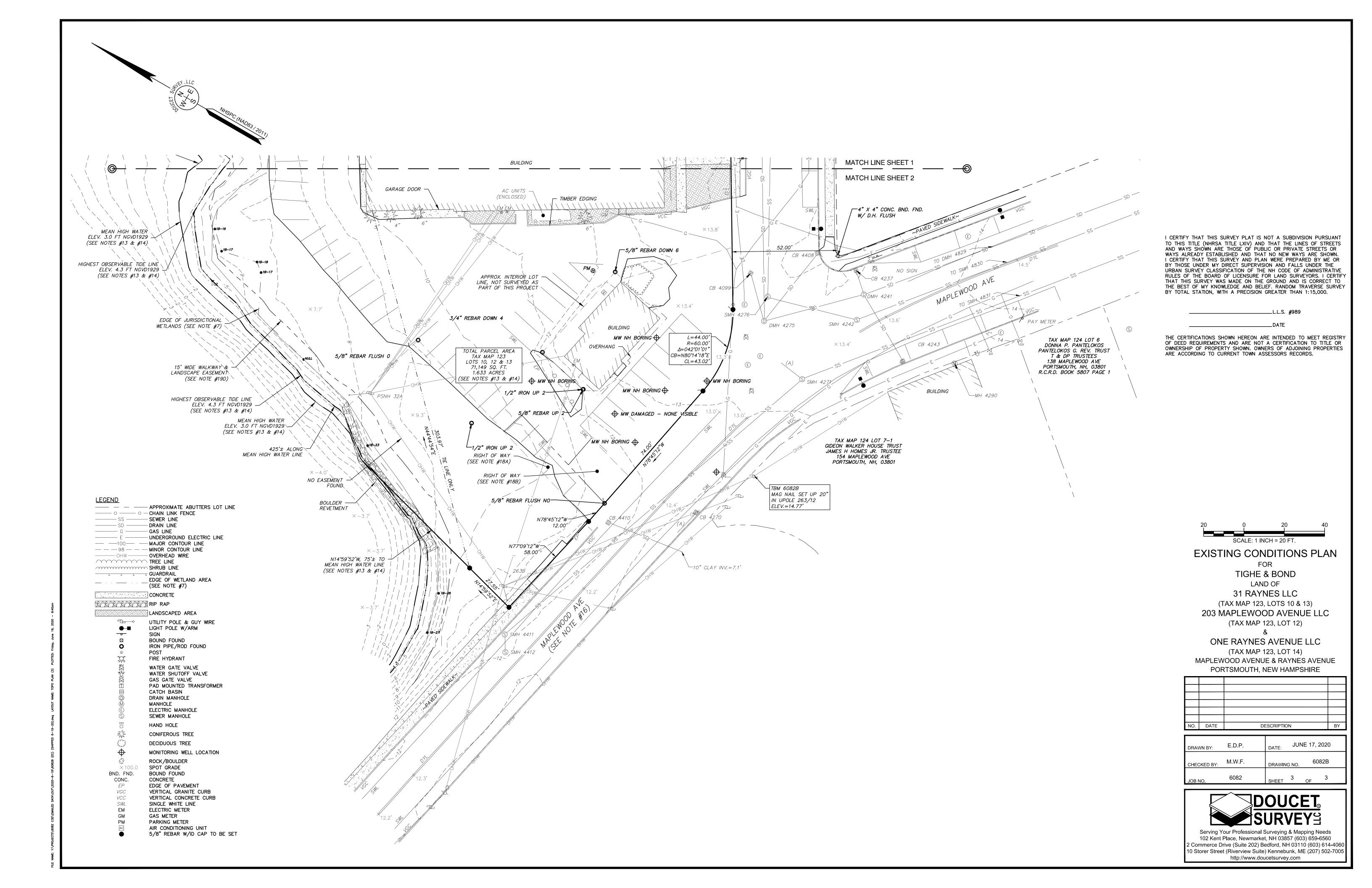
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- . THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE AND THE LOCATIONS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE OWNER OR THE ENGINEER. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO LOCATE ALL UTILITIES, ANTICIPATE CONFLICTS, REPAIR EXISTING UTILITIES AND RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE WORK.
- . COORDINATE ALL WORK WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAYS WITH THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY A NEW HAMPSHIRE LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR TO DETERMINE ALL LINES AND GRADES. 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES. CALL DIG SAFE AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY DEMOLITION/CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- 5. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FAMILIARIZE THEMSELVES AND COMPLY WITH THE CONDITIONS OF ALL OF THE PERMIT APPROVALS.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN AND PAY FOR AND COMPLY WITH ADDITIONAL PERMITS, NOTICES AND FEES NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK AND ARRANGE FOR AND PAY FOR NECESSARY INSPECTIONS AND APPROVALS FROM THE
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PHASE DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS SERVICE TO EXISTING BUSINESSES AND HOMES THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. EXISTING BUSINESS AND HOME SERVICES 12. CHECK VALVES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE INLET PIPES FROM BOTH JELLYFISH FILTERS. INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO ELECTRICAL, COMMUNICATION, FIRE PROTECTION, DOMESTIC WATER AND SEWER SERVICES, TEMPORARY SERVICES, IF REOUIRED, SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND UTILITY COMPANY STANDARDS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DETAILED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE TO OWNER PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION/CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND SHALL COORDINATE TEMPORARY SERVICES TO ABUTTERS WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER.
- 8. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CODES &
- 9. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS OF ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION", CURRENT EDITION.
- 10. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT AS-BUILT PLANS IN DIGITAL FORMAT (.DWG AND .PDF FILES) ON DISK TO THE OWNER AND ENGINEER UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT. AS-BUILTS SHALL BE PREPARED AND CERTIFIED BY A NEW HAMPSHIRE
- 11. CONTRACTOR SHALL THOROUGHLY CLEAN ALL CATCH BASINS AND DRAIN LINES, WITHIN THE LIMIT OF WORK, OF SEDIMENT IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR BENCH MARK INFORMATION.

- . EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CLEARING OR DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES. 2. ALL MATERIALS SCHEDULED TO BE REMOVED SHALL BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISPOSE OF ALL MATERIALS OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE,
- AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, ORDINANCES AND CODES. 3. COORDINATE REMOVAL, RELOCATION, DISPOSAL OR SALVAGE OF UTILITIES WITH THE OWNER AND APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY.
- 4. ANY EXISTING WORK OR PROPERTY DAMAGED OR DISRUPTED BY CONSTRUCTION/ DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE REPLACED OR REPAIRED TO MATCH ORIGINAL EXISTING CONDITIONS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO
- SAW CUT AND REMOVE PAVEMENT ONE (1) FOOT OFF PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT OR EXISTING CURB LINE IN ALL
- AREAS WHERE PAVEMENT TO BE REMOVED ABUTS EXISTING PAVEMENT OR CONCRETE TO REMAIN. 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DEMOLITION AND OFF-SITE DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS REQUIRED TO
- COMPLETE THE WORK, EXCEPT FOR WORK NOTED TO BE COMPLETED BY OTHERS. 7. $\,$ ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE TERMINATED AT THE MAIN LINE PER UTILITY COMPANY AND CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARDS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL ABANDONED UTILITIES LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WORK UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ORIGIN OF ALL DRAINS AND UTILITIES PRIOR TO REMOVAL/TERMINATION TO DETERMINE IF DRAINS OR UTILITY IS ACTIVE, AND SERVICES ANY ON OR OFF-SITE STRUCTURE TO REMAIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY OF ANY SUCH UTILITY FOUND AND SHALL MAINTAIN THESE UTILITIES UNTIL PERMANENT
- SOLUTION IS IN PLACE. 9. PAVEMENT REMOVAL LIMITS ARE SHOWN FOR CONTRACTOR'S CONVENIENCE. ADDITIONAL PAVEMENT REMOVAL MAY BE REQUIRED DEPENDING ON THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY FULL LIMITS OF PAVEMENT REMOVAL
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES, CONCRETE PADS, UTILITIES AND PAVEMENT WITHIN THE WORK LIMITS SHOWN UNLESS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED TO REMAIN. ITEMS TO BE REMOVED INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: CONCRETE, PAVEMENT, CURBS, LIGHTING, MANHOLES, CATCH BASINS, UNDER GROUND PIPING, POLES, STAIRS, SIGNS, FENCES, RAMPS, WALLS, BOLLARDS, BUILDING SLABS, FOUNDATION, TREES AND
- 11. REMOVE TREES AND BRUSH AS REQUIRED FOR COMPLETION OF WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL GRUB AND REMOVE ALL STUMPS WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK AND DISPOSE OF OFF SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL PROPERTY MONUMENTATION THROUGHOUT DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. SHOULD ANY MONUMENTATION BE DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY A NEW HAMPSHIRE LICENSED SURVEYOR TO REPLACE DISTURBED MONUMENTS.
- 13. PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION BARRIERS AT ALL CATCH BASINS/CURB INLETS WITHIN CONSTRUCTION LIMITS AS WELL AS CATCH BASINS/CURB INLETS THAT RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. INLET PROTECTION BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. INLET PROTECTION BARRIERS SHALL BE "HIGH FLOW SILT SACK" BY ACF ENVIRONMENTAL OR EQUAL. INSPECT BARRIERS WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT OF 0.25 INCHES OR GREATER. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT AFTER EACH INSPECTION. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT OR MORE OFTEN IF THE FABRIC BECOMES CLOGGED OR
- SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO 1/3 THE DESIGN DEPTH OF THE BARRIER. 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PAY ALL COSTS NECESSARY FOR TEMPORARY PARTITIONING, BARRICADING, FENCING, SECURIT
- AND SAFETY DEVICES REQUIRED FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF A CLEAN AND SAFE CONSTRUCTION SITE. 15. SAW CUT AND REMOVE PAVEMENT AND CONSTRUCT PAVEMENT TRENCH PATCH FOR ALL UTILITIES TO BE REMOVED AND
- PROPOSED UTILITIES LOCATED IN EXISTING PAVEMENT AREAS TO REMAIN. 16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND SALVAGE EXISTING GRANITE CURB FOR REUSE.
- 17. DEMOLITION OF DRAINAGE DOWNSTREAM OF DMH 4839 SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH AND

- PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN, INCLUDING PARKING SPACES, STOP BARS, ADA SYMBOLS, PAINTED ISLANDS, FIRE LANES, CROSS WALKS, ARROWS, LEGENDS AND CENTERLINES. ALL MARKINGS EXCEPT CENTERLINE AND MEDIAN ISLANDS TO BE CONSTRUCTED USING WHITE PAVEMENT MARKINGS. ALL THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKINGS. INCLUDING LEGENDS, ARROWS, CROSSWALKS AND STOP BARS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO M249. ALL PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKINGS INCLUDING CENTERLINES, LANE LINES AND PAINTED MEDIANS SHALL MEET THE REOUIREMENTS OF AASHTO M248 TYPE "F".
- ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNS TO CONFORM TO "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES", "STANDARD ALPHABETS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS", AND THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT REQUIREMENTS, LATEST EDITIONS.
- . SEE DETAILS FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS, ADA SYMBOLS, SIGNS AND SIGN POSTS.
- 4. CENTERLINES SHALL BE FOUR (4) INCH WIDE YELLOW LINES.
- . PAINTED ISLANDS SHALL BE FOUR (4) INCH WIDE DIAGONAL LINES AT 3'-0" O.C. BORDERED BY FOUR (4) INCH WIDE
- 6. STOP BARS SHALL BE EIGHTEEN (18) INCHES WIDE, WHITE THERMOPLASTIC AND CONFORM TO CURRENT MUTCD STANDARDS.
- . THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY A NEW HAMPSHIRE LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR TO DETERMINE ALL LINES AND GRADES. 3. CLEAN AND COAT VERTICAL FACE OF EXISTING PAVEMENT AT SAW CUT LINE WITH RS-1 EMULSION IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO
- PLACING NEW BITUMINOUS CONCRETE.). CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE BACKFILL AND COMPACTION AT CURB LINE AFTER CONCRETE FORMS FOR SIDEWALKS AND PADS
- HAVE BEEN STRIPPED. COORDINATE WITH BUILDING CONTRACTOR.
- 10. ALL LIGHT POLE BASES NOT PROTECTED BY A RAISED CURB SHALL BE PAINTED YELLOW.
- 11. COORDINATE ALL WORK ADJACENT TO BUILDING WITH BUILDING CONTRACTOR.
- 12. SEE ARCHITECTURAL/BUILDING DRAWINGS FOR ALL CONCRETE PADS & SIDEWALKS ADJACENT TO BUILDING.
- 13. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO THE FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. 14. ALL CONDITIONS ON THIS PLAN SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT IN PERPETUITY PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SITE
- 15. THE APPLICANT SHALL HAVE A SITE SURVEY CONDUCTED BY A RADIO COMMUNICATIONS CARRIER APPROVED BY THE CITY'S COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION. THE RADIO COMMUNICATIONS CARRIER MUST BE FAMILIAR AND CONVERSANT WITH THE POLICE AND RADIO CONFIGURATION. IF THE SITE SURVEY INDICATES IT IS NECESSARY TO INSTALL A SIGNAL REPEATER
- EITHER ON OR NEAR THE PROPOSED PROJECT, THOSE COSTS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROPERTY OWNER. THE OWNER SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE SUPERVISOR OF RADIO COMMUNICATIONS FOR THE CITY. 16. THE PROPOSED LOADING ZONE ON RAYNES AVE SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE PARKING & TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE. ANY ADDITIONAL LOADING ZONES WILL REQUIRE THE APPROVAL OF THE PARKING & TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE.
- 17. RAYNES AVE LAYOUT DESIGNED AS PART OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH'S COMPLETE STREETS IMPROVEMENT PROJECT THAT IS BEING DESIGNED BY THE CITY'S CONSULTANT. 18. ALL TREES PLANTED ARE TO BE INSTALLED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DPW USING STANDARD
- 19. THE APPLICANT SHALL PREPARE A CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION PLAN (CMMP) FOR REVIEW AND
- APPROVAL BY THE CITY'S LEGAL AND PLANNING DEPARTMENTS. 20. A TEMPORARY SUPPORT OF EXCAVATION (SOE) PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE APPLICANT'S CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM ANY TEMPORARY ENCUMBRANCES OF THE CITY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY. IF LICENSES ARE REQUIRED FOR THE SOE, THE
- APPLICANT WILL BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN THESE FROM THE CITY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. 21. APPLICANT SHALL COMPLETE FINAL PAVING AND PAVEMENT STRIPING PER DPW REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ENTIRE WIDTH OF RAYNES AVENUE FROM VAUGHAN STREET TO MAPLEWOOD AVENUE.

GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES:

- COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS: BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS
- TRENCH BEDDING MATERIAL AND SAND BLANKET BACKFILL
- BELOW LOAM AND SEED AREAS
- * ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED AND CONTROLLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557, METHOD C FIELD DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1556 OR ASTM-2922.

- 2. ALL STORM DRAINAGE PIPES SHALL BE HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HANCOR HI-Q, ADS N-12 OR EQUAL) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 3. ADJUST ALL MANHOLES, CATCH BASINS, CURB BOXES, ETC. WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK TO FINISH GRADE.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FINISH PAVEMENT SURFACE AND LAWN AREAS FREE OF LOW SPOTS AND PONDING AREAS. CRITICAL AREAS INCLUDE BUILDING ENTRANCES, EXITS, RAMPS AND LOADING DOCK AREAS ADJACENT TO THE BUILDING.
- 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED OR OTHERWISE TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED FERTILIZER AND MULCH. 6. ALL STORM DRAIN CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR
- HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST EDITION. 7. ALL PROPOSED CATCH BASINS SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH OIL/GAS SEPARATOR HOODS AND 4' SUMPS.
- 10. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS OF ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION", CURRENT EDITION.
- 11. FINAL DESIGN OF DRAINAGE DOWNSTREAM OF PDMH 9 AND DOWNSTREAM DEFENDER SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH AND SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BY THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH.

EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

1. SEE SHEET C-501 FOR GENERAL EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS.

- 2. COORDINATE ALL UTILITY WORK WITH APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY.
- NATURAL GAS UNITIL
- WATER/SEWER CITY OF PORTSMOUTH • ELECTRIC - EVERSOURCE
- COMMUNICATIONS COMCAST/CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS/FIRST LIGHT
- 2. ALL WATER MAIN INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE CLASS 52, CEMENT LINED DUCTILE IRON PIPE. 3. ALL WATER MAIN INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE PRESSURE TESTED AND CHLORINATED AFTER CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO ACTIVATING THE SYSTEM. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CHLORINATION AND TESTING WITH THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH WATER DEPARTMENT
- 4. ALL SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC SDR 35 UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN UTILITY SERVICES TO ABUTTING PROPERTIES THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.
- 10. CONNECTION TO EXISTING WATER MAIN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARDS.
- 11. EXISTING UTILITIES TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE CAPPED AT THE MAIN AND MEET THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS FOR CAPPING OF WATER AND SEWER SERVICES.
- 12. ALL ELECTRICAL MATERIAL WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE, LATEST EDITION, AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL CODES.
- 13. THE EXACT LOCATION OF NEW UTILITY SERVICES AND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE BUILDING DRAWINGS AND THE APPLICABLE UTILITY COMPANIES.
- 14. ALL UNDERGROUND CONDUITS SHALL HAVE NYLON PULL ROPES TO FACILITATE PULLING CABLES. 15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL MANHOLES, BOXES, FITTINGS, CONNECTORS, COVER PLATES, AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS NOT NECESSARILY DETAILED ON THESE DRAWINGS TO RENDER INSTALLATION OF UTILITIES
- COMPLETE AND OPERATIONAL 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EXCAVATION, BEDDING, BACKFILL AND COMPACTION FOR NATURAL GAS SERVICES.
- 17. A 10-FOOT MINIMUM EDGE TO EDGE HORIZONTAL SEPARATION SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN ALL WATER AND SANITARY SEWER LINES. AN 18-INCH MINIMUM OUTSIDE TO OUTSIDE VERTICAL SEPARATION SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL WATER/SANITARY SEWER CROSSINGS.
- 18. SAW CUT AND REMOVE PAVEMENT AND CONSTRUCT PAVEMENT TRENCH PATCH FOR ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES LOCATED IN EXISTING PAVEMENT AREAS TO REMAIN
- 19. HYDRANTS, GATE VALVES, FITTINGS, ETC. SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH.
- 20. COORDINATE TESTING OF SEWER CONSTRUCTION WITH THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH.
- 21. ALL SEWER PIPE WITH LESS THAN 6' OF COVER IN PAVED AREAS OR LESS THAT 4' OF COVER IN UNPAVED AREAS SHALL BE
- 22. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL ELECTRIC WORK INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: CONDUIT CONSTRUCTION, MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION, UTILITY POLE CONSTRUCTION, OVERHEAD WIRE RELOCATION, AND TRANSFORMER CONSTRUCTION WITH POWER COMPANY.
- 23. SITE LIGHTING SPECIFICATIONS, CONDUIT LAYOUT AND CIRCUITRY FOR PROPOSED SITE LIGHTING AND SIGN ILLUMINATION SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE PROJECT ELECTRICAL ENGINEER. 24. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT ALL UTILITIES AND DRAINS TO WITHIN 10' OF THE FOUNDATION WALLS AND CONNECT
- THESE TO SERVICE STUBS FROM THE BUILDING. 25. FINAL LOCATIONS OF ALL UTILITY LINES SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DPW PRIOR TO
- CONSTRUCTION. 26. EXISTING SEWER LINE IN RAYNES AVENUE IS AC PIPE. CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PROPER PRECAUTIONS WHEN CUTTING
- INTO EXISTING PIPE. 27. THE APPLICANT SHALL PROVIDE A FAIR SHARE CONTRIBUTION FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF THE RAYNES AVENUE WATER
- 28. CONTRACTOR SHALL PHASE UTILITY CONSTRUCTION, PARTICULARLY WATER MAIN AND GAS MAIN CONSTRUCTION AS TO MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS SERVICE TO ABUTTING PROPERTIES. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE TEMPORARY SERVICES TO
- ABUTTERS WITH THE UTILITY COMPANY AND AFFECTED ABUTTER. 29. CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM TEST PITS TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL NOTIFY ENGINEER IF LOCATIONS DIFFER FROM PLAN.

1. SEE SHEET L-100 FOR LANDSCAPE NOTES.

EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN NOTES:

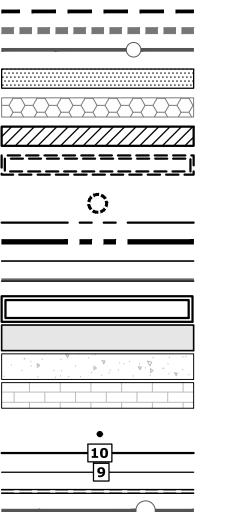
- 1. EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE BASED ON A FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY DOUCET SURVEY INC. SEE REFERENCE PLAN #1. 2. FLOOD HAZARD ZONE BASED ON REFERENCE PLAN #1.
- 4. VERTICAL DATUM BASED ON REFERENCE PLAN #1.

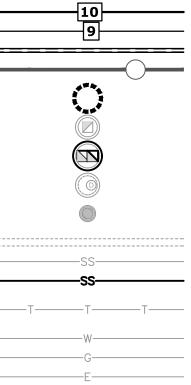
- 1. ""EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN OF TAX MAP 123, LOT 10, 12, 13 & 14" PREPARED BY DOUCET SURVEY INC., DATED JUNE 17,
- 2. "SITE PLAN PLAN FOR 111 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE" PREPARED BY TIGHE & BOND INC., DATED MARCH 18, 2019, LAST REVISED
- NOVEMBER 21, 2019. 3. "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN OF TAX MAP 123, LOT 15 & TAX MAP 124, LOTS 10 & 11" PREPARED BY DOUCET SURVEY INC.,
- DATED FEBRUARY 3, 2016. 4. "UTILITIES PLAN" AC HOTEL AND COMMUNITY SPACE, PREPARED BY TIGHE & BOND INC., DATED JULY 23, 2018
- 5. "DISPOSITION PLAN PARCEL 3" DATED 6/73 BY ANDERSON-NICHOLS & CO., INC., R.C.R.D. PLAN #D-4019. 6. "PLAN OF LAND, VAUGHAN AND GREEN STREETS, PORTSMOUTH NH" DATED JULY 1955 BY JOHN W. DURGIN R.C.R.D. PLAN
- 7. "SEVERINO TRUCKING CO., INC. ELECTRIC DUCT BANK LOCATION PLAN" DATED MARCH 25, 2014.
- 8. "EXISTING FEATURES PLAN, TAX MAP 118 LOT 28, TAX MAP 119 LOT 4, TAX MAP 124 LOT 12 & TAX MAP 125 LOT 21" DATED NOVEMBER 27, 2013, REVISED 1/16/15 BY MSC CIVIL ENGINEERS & LAND SURVEYORS, INC.
- 9. "FIGURE 1 AREA OF INVESTIGATION WITH EMI", 111 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE, DATED JULY 2019, PREPARED BY RADAR SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL, INC.
- 10. "VAUGN ST. BNDER ELEVATIONS AS BUILT DRAWING" BY S.U.R. CONSTRUCTION, INC. DATED 8/12/2019.
- 11. COMPLETE STREETS CONCEPTUAL DESIGN BY SEBAGO TECHNICS. DATED 05/31/2019.

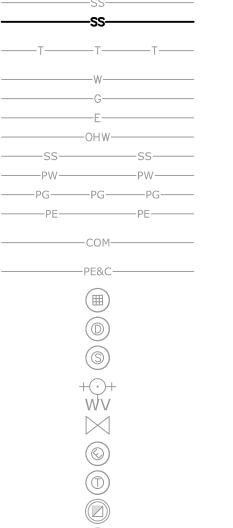
ABBREVIATIONS

TBR	TO BE REMOVED
BLDG	BUILDING
TYP	TYPICAL
COORD	COORDINATE
30'R	CURB RADIUS
SWL	SOLID WHITE LINE
VGC	VERTICAL GRANITE CURB
SGC	SLOPED GRANITE CURB
MVGC	MOUNTABLE VERTICAL GRANITE C
тс	TOP OF CURB
ВС	BOTTOM OF CURB
TW	TOP OF WALL
BW	BOTTOM OF WALL
TS	TOP OF STEP
BS	BOTTOM OF STEP
HDPE	HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE
FF	FINISH FLOOR

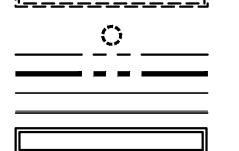
LEGEND

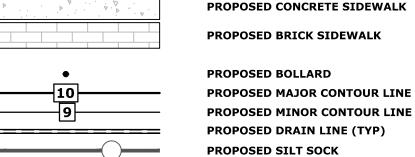






APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF PROPOSED SAW CUT LIMIT OF WORK PROPOSED SILT SOCK APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF PAVEMENT TO PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION EXIT **BUILDING TO BE REMOVED** LOCATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING





INLET PROTECTION SILT SACK

INLET PROTECTION SILT SACK

PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT

PROPOSED PAVEMENT SECTION

PROPOSED PROPERTY LINE

PROPERTY LINE

PROPOSED CURB

PROPOSED BUILDING

PROPOSED CATCHBASIN PROPOSED DOUBLE GRATE

CATCHBASIN

PROPOSED YARD DRAIN **EXISTING STORM DRAIN EXISTING SANITARY SEWER**

EXISTING SANITARY SEWER TO BE REMOVED **EXISTING UNDERGROUND TELECOMMUNICATION**

EXISTING WATER

EXISTING GAS EXISTING UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC **EXISTING OVERHEAD UTILITY**

PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER PROPOSED WATER PROPOSED GAS

PROPOSED UNDERGROUND **TELECOMMUNICATION** PROPOSED UNDERGROUND COMBINED **ELECTRIC & TELECOMMUNICATION**

PROPOSED UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

EXISTING CATCHBASIN

EXISTING DRAIN MANHOLE

EXISTING HYDRANT

EXISTING WATER VALVE

EXISTING ELECTRIC MANHOLE

EXISTING TELEPHONE MANHOLE PROPOSED CATCHBASIN

PROPOSED DRAIN MANHOLE PROPOSED SEWER MANHOLE

PROPOSED WATER VALVE

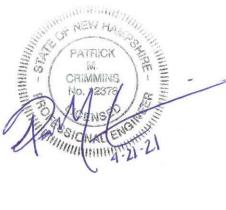
PROPOSED HYDRANT

PROPOSED GAS VALVE

PROPOSED LIGHT POLE BASE

PROPOSED ELECTRIC MANHOLE





Proposed **Mixed Use Development**

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
С	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
В	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmission
Α	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
PROJE	CT NO:	P-0595-007

GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND

December 22, 2020

AS SHOWN

NAH/PM(

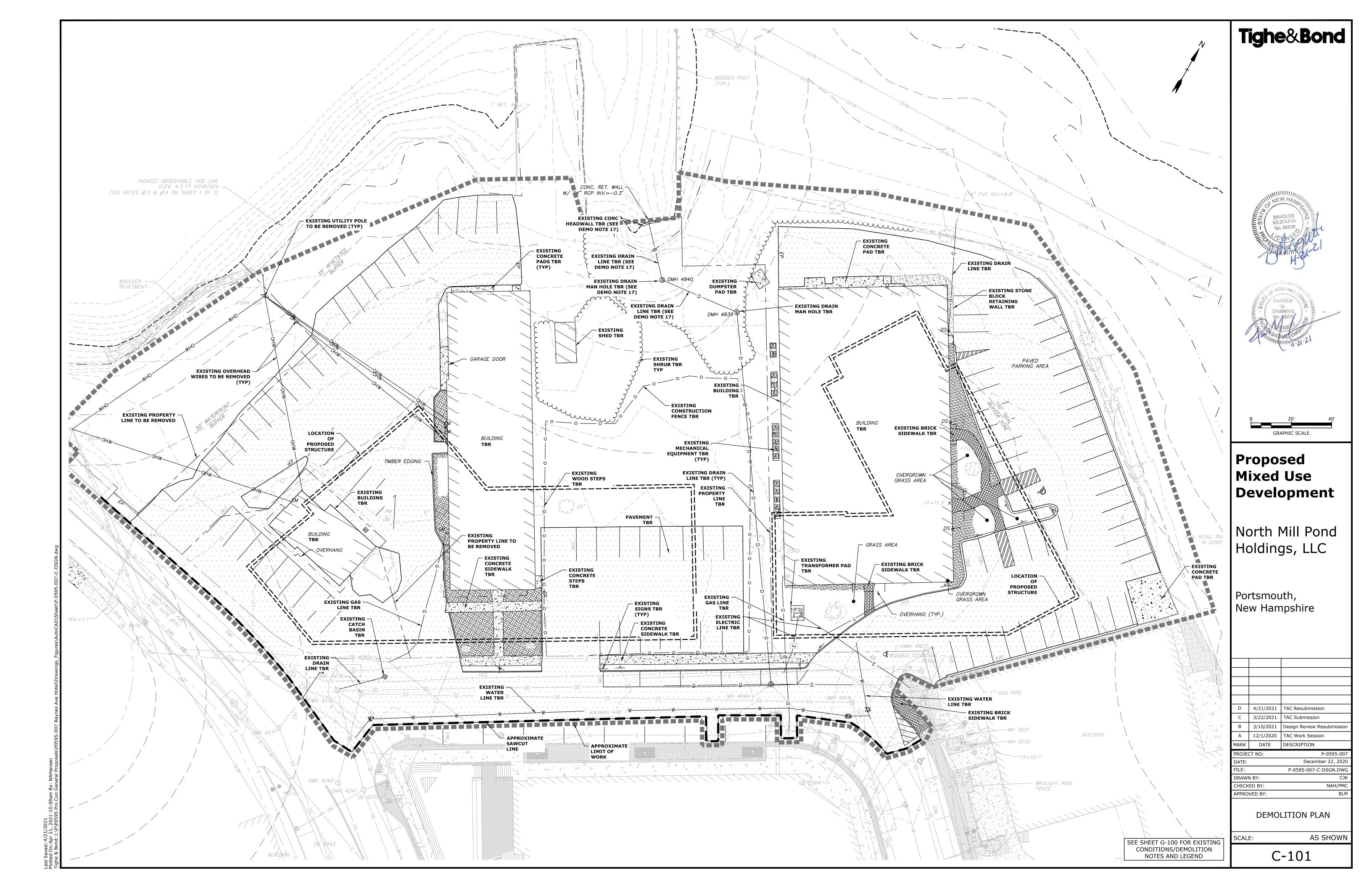
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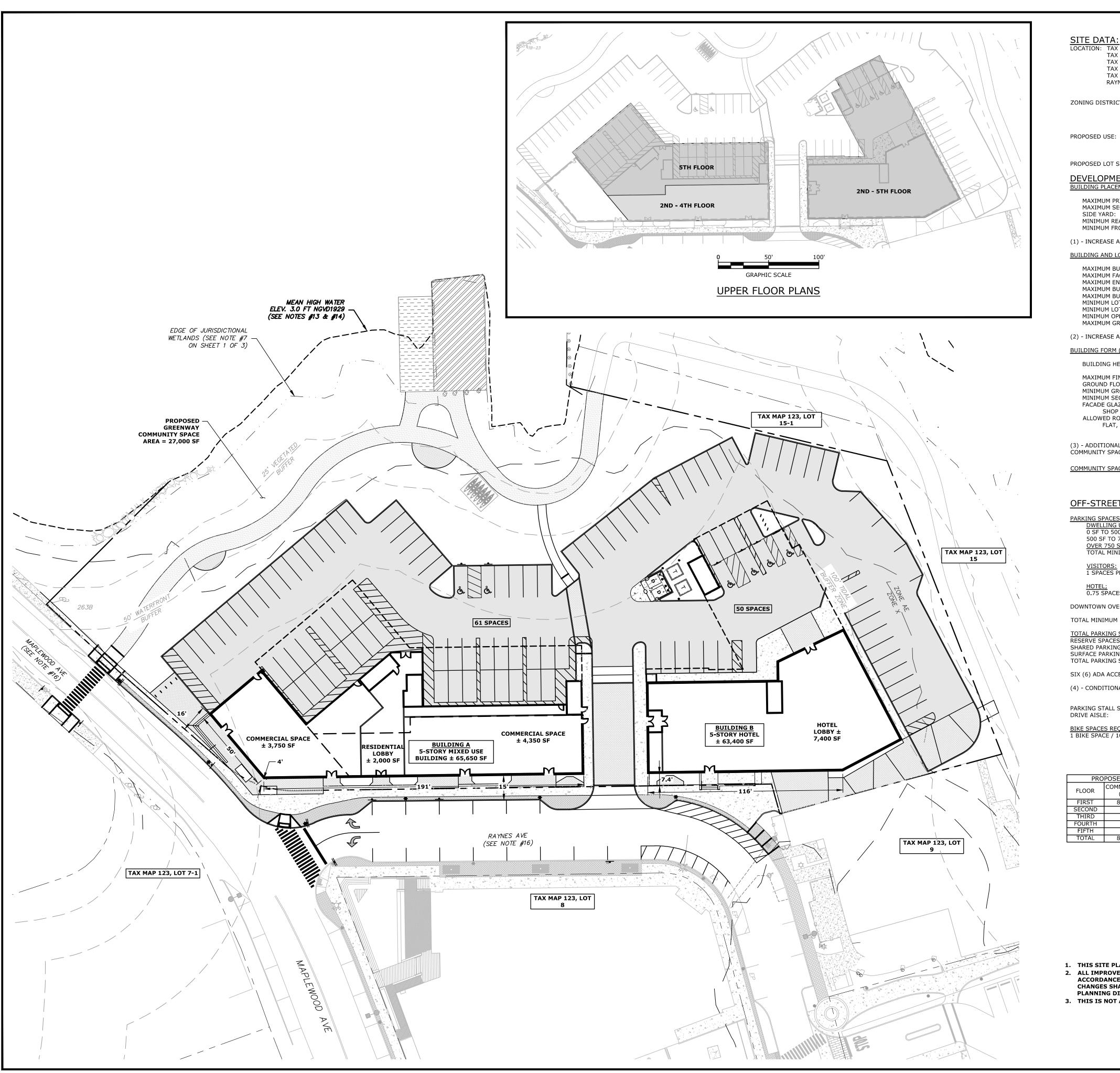
DRAWN BY:

CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

G-100





SITE DATA:

LOCATION: TAX MAP 123, LOT 10

TAX MAP 123, LOT 12

TAX MAP 123, LOT 13

TAX MAP 123, LOT 14 TAX MAP 123, LOT 12 RAYNES AVENUE

ZONING DISTRICT: CHARACTER DISTRICT 4 (CD4)

DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT NORTH END INCENTIVE OVERLAY DISTRICT HISTORIC DISTRICT

RETAIL/RESTAURANT

MULTI FAMILY DWELLING

PROPOSED LOT SIZE: ±2.53 ACRES (±110,415 SF)

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

BUILDING PLACEMENT (PRINCIPAL BUILDING):		PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	REQUIRED	<u>BUILDING A</u>	<u>Building</u> E
MAXIMUM PRINCIPAL FRONT YARD:	15 FT	±16 FT ⁽¹⁾	7.4 FT
MAXIMUM SECONDARY FRONT YARD:	12 FT	±5 FT	N/A
SIDE YARD:	NR	NR	NR
MINIMUM REAR YARD:	5 FT	N/A	N/A
MINIMUM FRONT LOT LINE BUILDOUT:	50%	±68.8%	±68.8%

(1) - INCREASE ABOVE THE MAXIMUM ALLOWED PER 10.5A42.12

BUILDING AND LOT OCCUPATION:		PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	REQUIRED	BUILDING A	BUILDING B
MAXIMUM BUILDING BLOCK LENGTH:	200 FT	191 FT	116 FT
MAXIMUM FACADE MODULATION LENGTH:	80 FT	<80 FT	<80 FT
MAXIMUM ENTRANCE SPACING:	50 FT	<50 FT	<50 FT
MAXIMUM BUILDING COVERAGE:	90%	±47.0%	±47.0%
MAXIMUM BUILDING FOOTPRINT:	30,000 SF ⁽²⁾	17,383 SF	14,628 SF
MINIMUM LOT AREA:	NR		
MINIMUM LOT AREA PER DWELLING UNIT:	NR		
MINIMUM OPEN SPACE:	10%	35.0%	
MAXIMUM GROUND FLOOR GEA PER LISE:	15 000 SE	8 100 SF	7 400 SF

(2) - INCREASE ABOVE 15,000 SF ALLOWED PER 10.5A46.10

BUILDING FORM (PRINCIPAL BUILDING):

BUILDING FORM (PRINCIPAL BUILDING):		PROPOSED	PROPOSED
BUILDING HEIGHT:	REQUIRED 5 STORY ⁽³⁾ 60 FT	BUILDING A 5 STORY 59.77 FT	BUILDING B 5 STORY 57.90 FT
MAXIMUM FINISHED FLOOR SURFACE OF			
GROUND FLOOR ABOVE SIDEWALK GRADE:	36 IN	<36"	<36"
MINIMUM GROUND STORY HEIGHT:	12 FT	15 FT	15 FT
MINIMUM SECOND STORY HEIGHT:	10 FT	10.5 FT	10.5 FT
FACADE GLAZING:			
SHOP FRONT FACADE TYPE	70%	70%	70%
ALLOWED ROOF TYPES			
FLAT, GABLE, HIP, GAMBREL, MANSARD	FLAT, GABLE, HIP, GAMBREL, MANSARD	FLAT	

(3) - ADDITIONAL 1 STORY UP TO 10FT ALLOWED FOR PROVIDING AT LEAST 20% OF THE SITE TO BE ASSIGNED AS COMMUNITY SPACE AS ALLOWED PER 10.5A46.10.

REQUIRED 21,274 SF 20% COMMUNITY SPACE: PROPOSED 27,000 SF 24.5%

OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

PARKING SPACES REQUIRED: DWELLING UNITS:

DWELLING UNITS:		
0 SF TO 500 SF, 0.5 SPACES PER UNIT	17 UNITS	8.5 SPACES
500 SF TO 750 SF, 1.0 SPACES PER UNIT	33 UNITS	33 SPACES
OVER 750 SF, 1.3 SPACES PER UNIT	10 UNITS	13 SPACES
TOTAL MINIMUM RESIDENTIAL SPACES REQU	IRED =	55 SPACES
VISITORS:		
1 SPACES PER 5 DWELLING UNITS	60 UNITS	12 SPACES
HOTEL		
<u>HOTEL;</u> 0.75 SPACES PER GUEST ROOM	128 ROOMS	96 SPACES
0.75 SPACES PER GUEST ROUM	128 ROOMS	96 SPACES
DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT		- 4 SPACES
TOTAL MINIMUM PARKING SPACES REQUIRED =		159 SPACES
TOTAL PARKING SPACES PROVIDED:		
RESERVE SPACES, LIFT SYSTEM ⁽⁴⁾ = SHARED PARKING ON SEPARATE LOT ⁽⁴⁾ = SURFACE PARKING SPACES = TOTAL PARKING SPACES PROVIDED =		23 SPACES 25 SPACES 111 SPACES 159 SPACES

SIX (6) ADA ACCESSIBLE SPACES REQUIRED

(4) - CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT REQUIRED FOR REDUCTION IN SPACES AND SHARED PARKING ON SEPARATE LOT.

PARKING STALL SIZE: DRIVE AISLE:	<u>REQUIRED</u> 8.5' X 19' 24'	PROVIDED 8.5' X 19' 24'
BIKE SPACES REQUIRED: 1 BIKE SPACE / 10 PARKING SPACES	16 SPACES	16 SPACES

PRC	POSED MIXED	USE GR	OSS FLO	OR AREA	PROF	OSED HOTEL	GROSS FLO	OOR AREA
FLOOR	COMMERCIAL (SF)	LOBBY (SF)	UNITS	TOTAL FLOOR AREA (SF)	FLOOR	LOBBY (SF)	UNITS	TOTAL FLOOR AREA (SF)
FIRST	8,100	2,000	0	10,100	FIRST	7,400	0	7,400
SECOND	0	0	17	15,200	SECOND	0	32	14,000
THIRD	0	0	17	15,200	THIRD	0	32	14,000
FOURTH	0	0	17	15,200	FOURTH	0	32	14,000
FIFTH	0	0	9	9,950	FIFTH	0	32	14,000
TOTAL	8,100	2,000	60	65,650	TOTAL	7,400	128	63,400

D MIXED USE GROSS FLOOR AREA				PROP	OSED HOTEL	GROSS FLO	OR AREA
MERCIAL (SF)	LOBBY (SF)	UNITS	TOTAL FLOOR AREA (SF)	FLOOR	LOBBY (SF)	UNITS	TOTAL FLOOR AREA (SF)
,100	2,000	0	10,100	FIRST	7,400	0	7,400
0	0	17	15,200	SECOND	0	32	14,000
0	0	17	15,200	THIRD	0	32	14,000
0	0	17	15,200	FOURTH	0	32	14,000
0	0	9	9,950	FIFTH	0	32	14,000

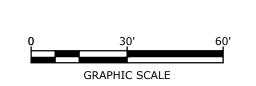
- SITE RECORDING NOTES:

 1. THIS SITE PLAN SHALL BE RECORDED IN THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS.
- 2. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THIS SITE PLAN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN BY THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNERS. NO CHANGES SHALL BE MADE TO THIS SITE PLAN WITHOUT THE EXPRESS APPROVAL OF THE PORTSMOUTH PLANNING DIRECTOR.
- 3. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS SUCH.

Tighe&Bond







Proposed Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmissi
	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
RK	DATE	DESCRIPTION

PROJECT NO: P-0595-007 December 22, 2020 P-0595-007-C-DSGN.DWG DRAWN BY:

NAH/PMC

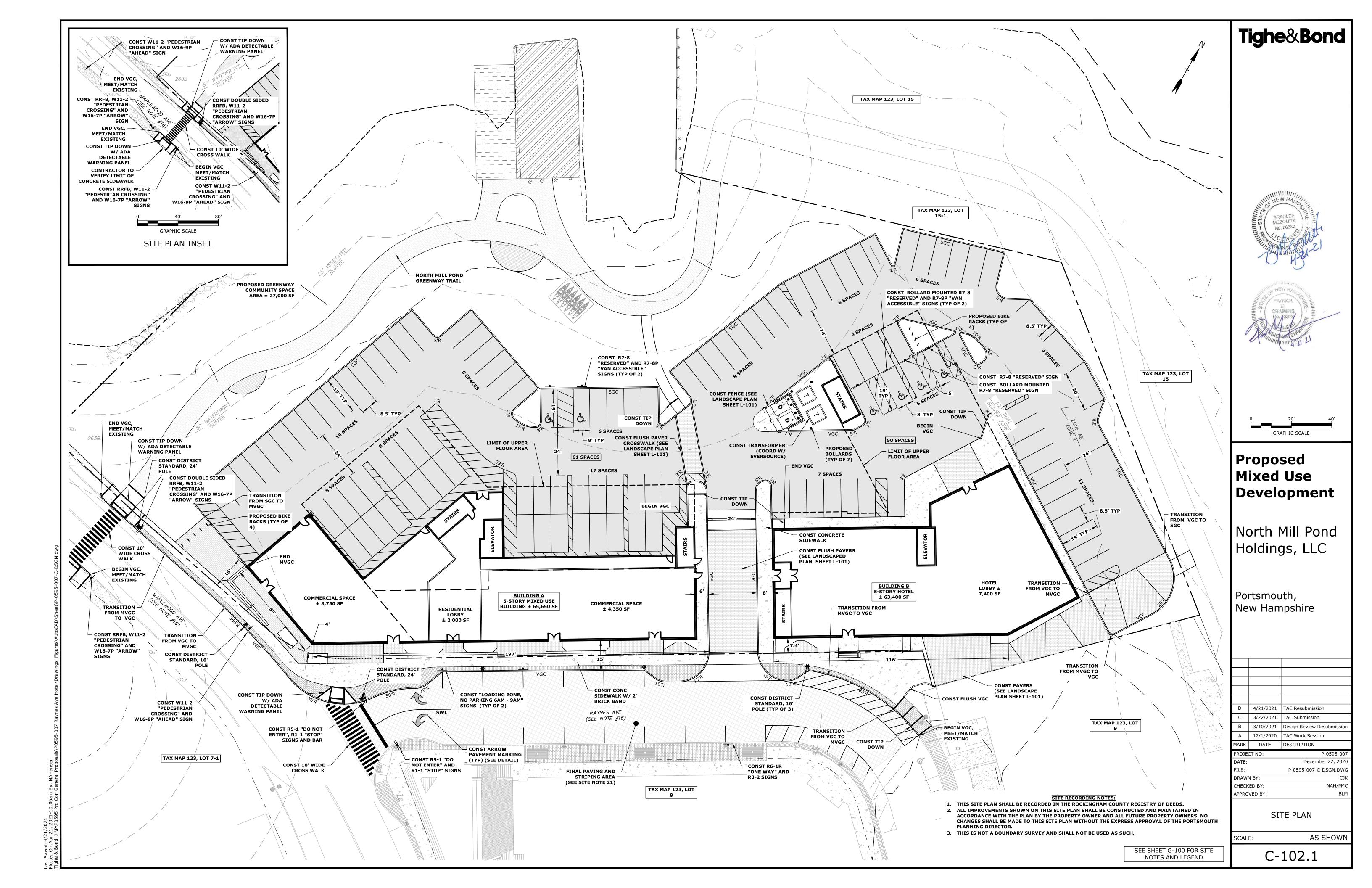
SITE PLAN

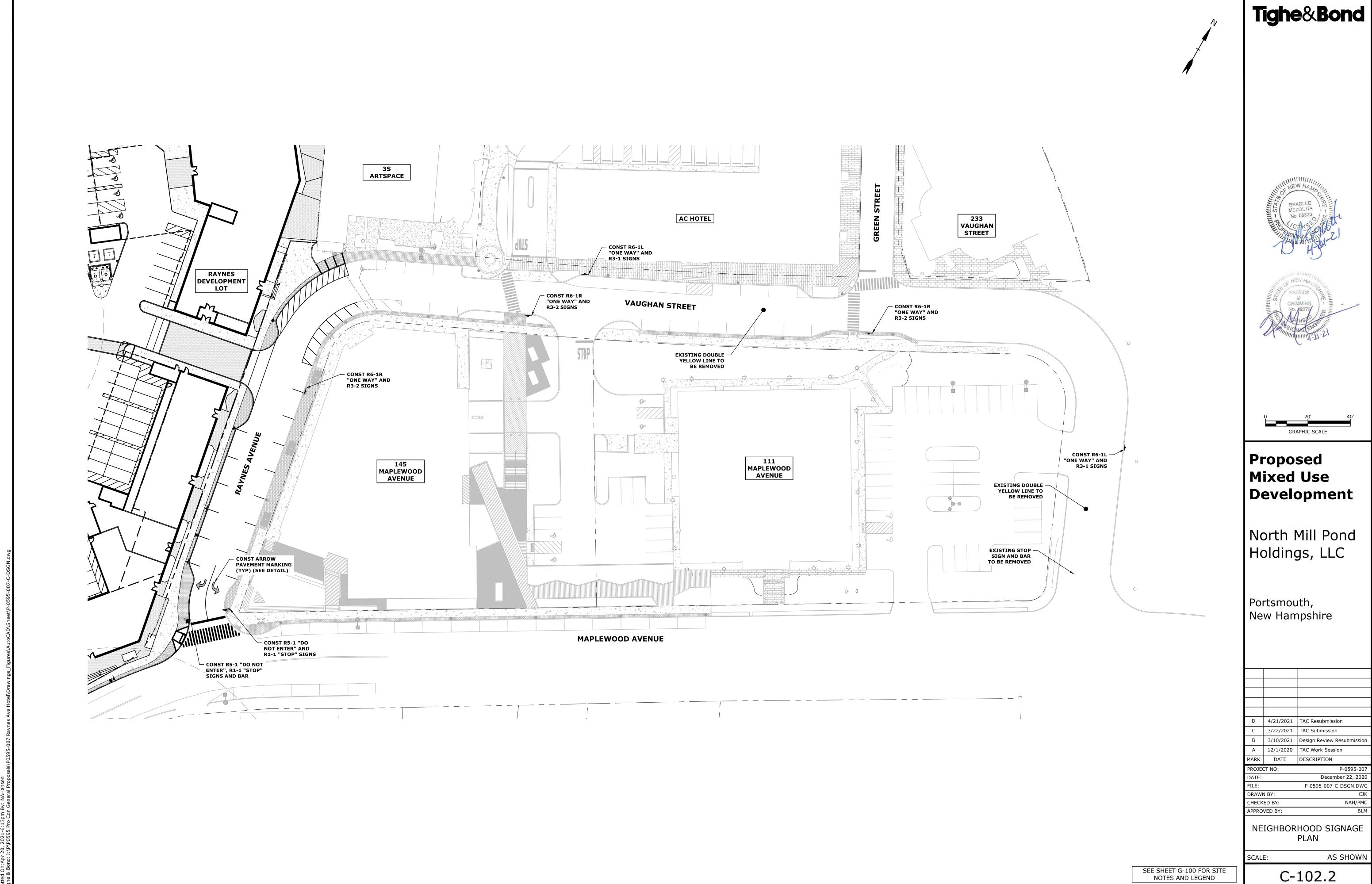
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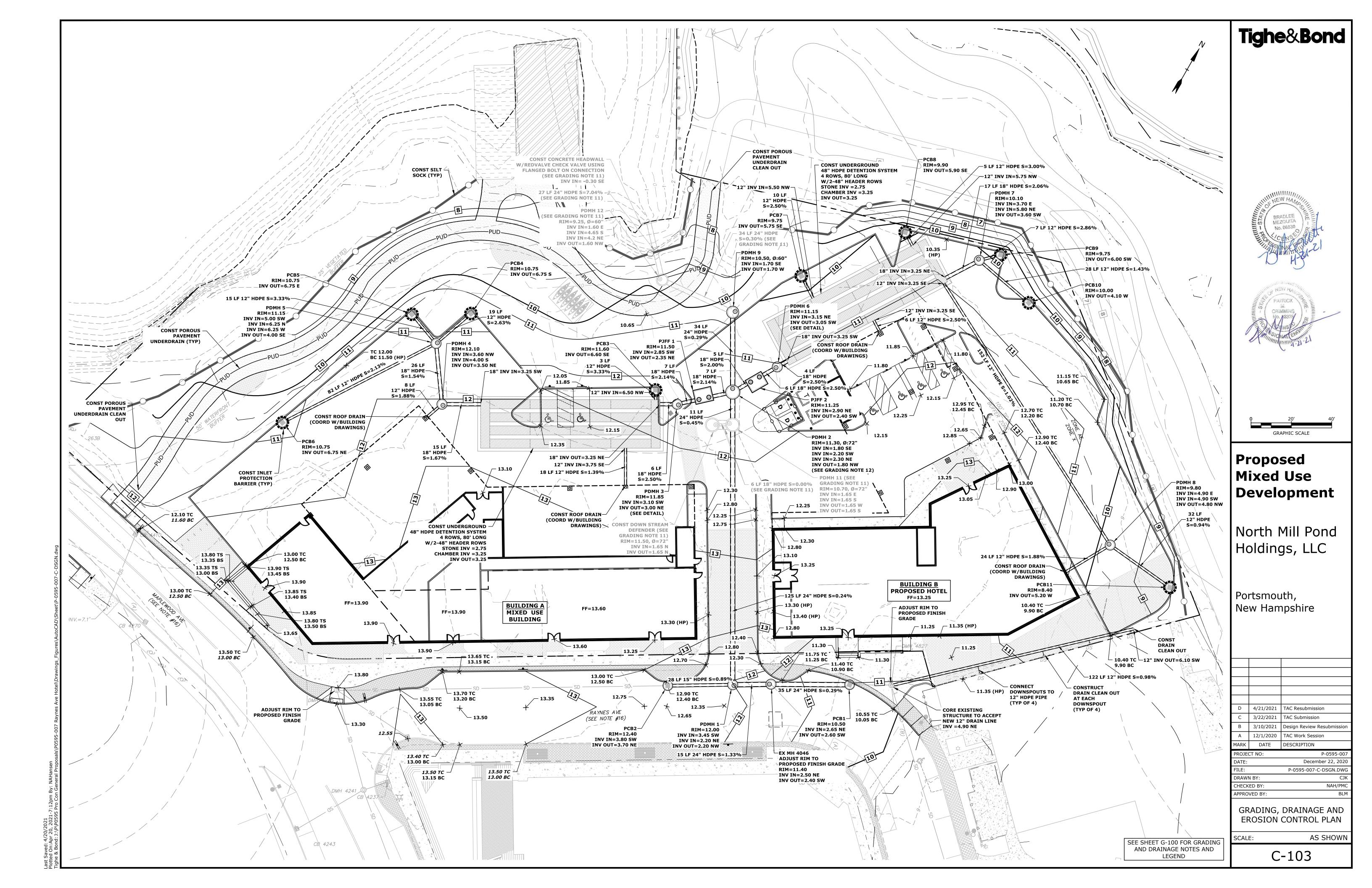
SEE SHEET G-100 FOR SITE NOTES AND LEGEND

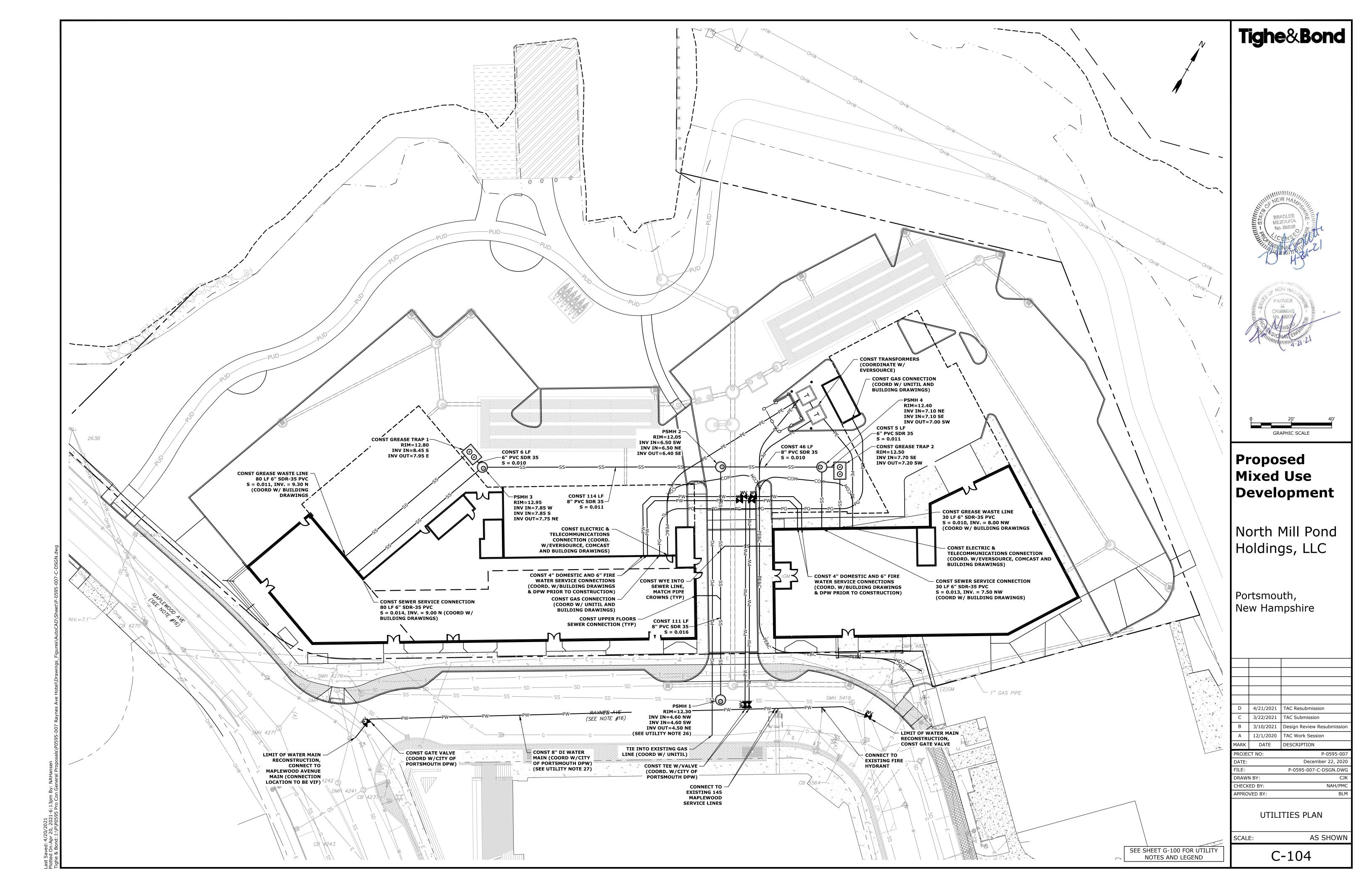
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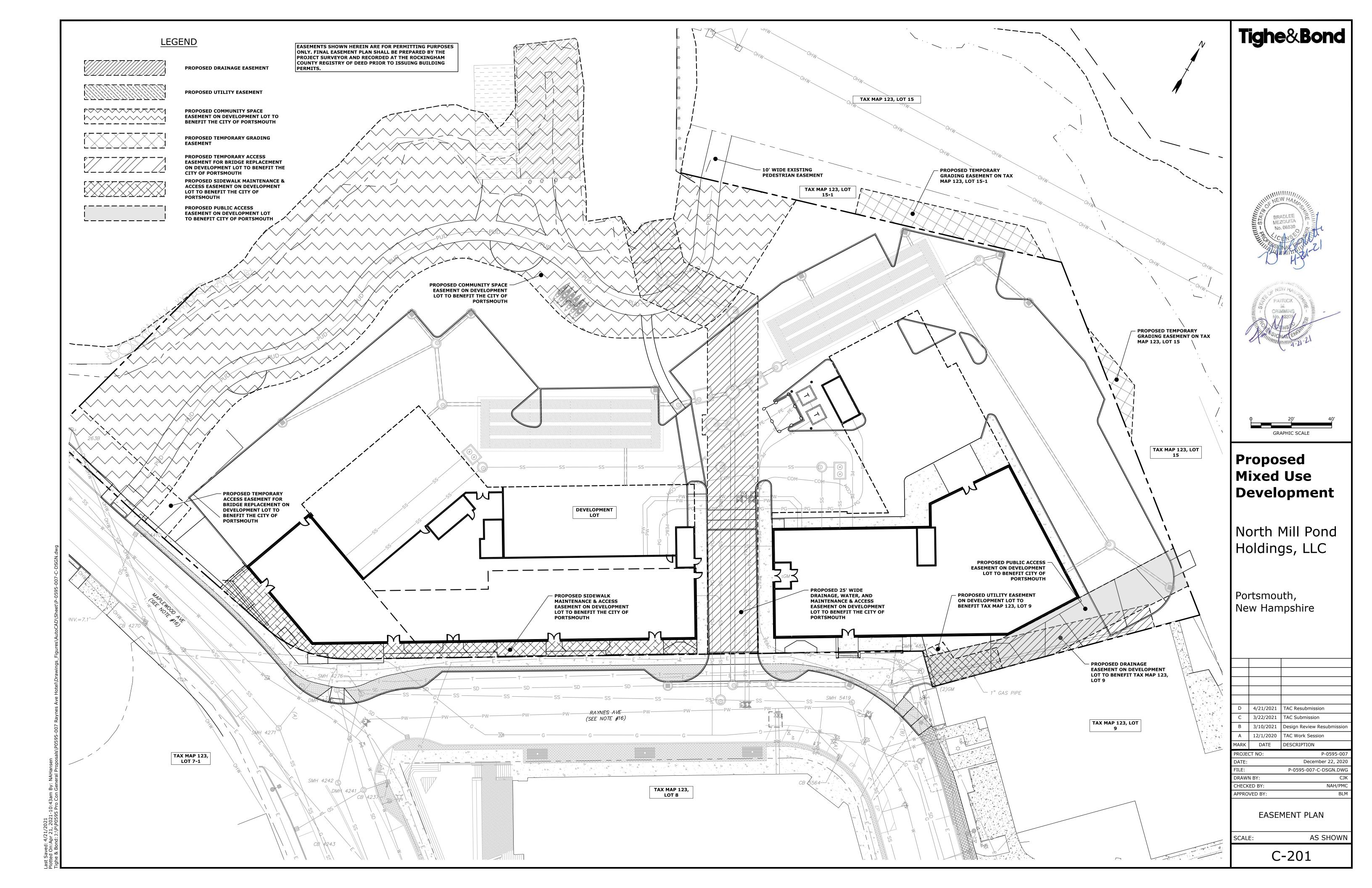




P-0595-007 December 22, 2020 P-0595-007-C-DSGN.DWG NAH/PMC







PLANT SCHEDULE

Symbol	Quantity	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Spacing	Notes
REES						
AC RU	6	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	4-5" Cal.		B&B matched
AC KA	2	Acer rubrum 'Karpick'	Karpick Maple	4-5" Cal.		Single-stem, matched
BE AL	3	Betula alleghaniensis	Yellow Birch	4-5" Cal.		Single-stem, matched
CE OC	5	Celtis occidentalis	Hackberry	4-5" Cal.		Single-stem, matched
CH TH	5	Chamaecyparis thyoides	White Cypress	8-10' Ht, B&B		B&B matched
CH VI	6	Chionanthus virginicus	Fringe Tree	4-5" Cal.		Multi-stem, matched
HA VE	7	Hamamelis vernalis	Vernal Witch Hazel	6-8' Ht, B&B		Multi-stem, matched
JU VI	8	Juniperus virginiana	Eastern Red Cedar	8-10' Ht, B&B		B&B matched
QU BI	4	Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak	4-5" Cal.		B&B matched
ГН ОС	6	Thuja occidentalis 'Hetz Wintergreen'	Hetz Wintergreen Arborvitae	6-8' Ht, B&B		B&B matched
SHRUBS						
\e Pa		Aesculus parviflora	Bottlebrush Buckeye	#10 Container	72" O.C.	
Ce Am		Ceanothus americanus	New Jersey Tea	#7 Container	48" O.C	
Co Pe		Comptonia peregrina	Sweet Fern	#3 Container	36" O.C.	
Co Ra		Cornus racemosa	Gray Dogwood	#7 Container	36" O.C.	
Fo Ga		Fothergilla gardenii 'Mount Airy'	Mount Airy Fothergilla	#7 Container	36" O.C.	
ly Qu		Hydrangea quercifolia	Oakleaf Hydrangea	#7 Container	48" O.C	
i Be		Lindera Benzoin	Spice Bush	#7 Container	36" O.C.	
x Gl		Ilex glabra 'Shamrock'	Shamrock Inkberry	#7 Container	36" O.C.	
l Ji		Ilex verticillata 'Jim Dandy'	Jim Dandy Winterberry	#7 Container	48" O.C	
l Ve		Ilex verticillata 'Red Sprite'	Red Sprite Winterberry	#7 Container	48" O.C	
v Fr		Iva frutescens	Bigleaf Marsh Elder	#3 Container	36" O.C.	
Лу Ре		Myrica pensylvanica	Northern Bayberry	#7 Container	48" O.C.	
Rh Gl		Rhus aromatica 'Gro-Low'	Fro-Low Fragrant Sumac	#3 Container	30" O.C.	
Sp To		Spiraea tomentosa	Steeplebush	#3 Container	30" O.C.	
√i Ca		Viburnum carlesii 'SMVCB'	Spice Baby Viburnum	#7 Container	36" O.C.	
PERENNIAL	LS					
am hu		Amsonia tabernaemontana 'Walter'	Eastern Bluestar	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
an ma		Anaphalis margaritacea	Pearly Everlasting	#2 Container	15" O.C.	
as in		Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly Weed	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
as ob		Aster oblongifolius 'Raydon's Favorite'	Raydon's Favorite Aster	#2 Container	24" O.C.	
oa bi		Baptisia australis	Blue False Indigo	#3 Container	24" O.C.	
de pu		Dennstaedtia punctilobula	Hay Scented Fern	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
ec pu		Echinacea purpurpea	Purple Coneflower	#2 Container	24" O.C.	
on se		Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
sa ma		Salvia 'May Night'	May Night Salvia	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
sa ma so ca		Solidago simpervirens	Seaside Goldenrod	#2 Container	24" O.C.	+
ti co		Tiarella cordifolia	Foamflower	#2 Container	15" O.C.	+
1 00		Tarona coranona	1 Gairniowei	#2 Officialities	10 0.0.	+
ORNAMENT	│ 「AL GRASSE					
ag pe	O.MOOL	Agrostis pernnans	Upland Bentgrass	#3 Container	30" O.C.	
oo cu		Bouteloua curtipendula	Side Oats Grama	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
ca ac		Calamagrostis acutiflora 'Karl Foerster'	Feather Reed Grass	#3 Container	30" O.C.	+
de ce		Deschampsia cespitosa 'Pixie Fountain'	Tufted Hair Grass	#2 Container	30" O.C.	+
e ru		Festuca rubra L.	Coastal Red Fescue	Plug	12" O.C.	
			Dwarf Silver Grass	#2 Container	30" O.C.	
nisi		Miscanthus sinensis 'Adagio'				
pe al		Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Hamelin'	Hameln Dwarf Fountain Grass	#2 Container	24" O.C.	
SC SC		Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Bluestem	Plug	12" O.C.	
so nu		Sorghastrum nutans	Indian Grass			
)						
SEED MIXE	5	Ernst Seed Fescue Mix composed of 45% Cree				

RESTORATION PLANTING NOTES

- 1. INVASIVE PLANT MATERIAL WILL BE REMOVED USING MECHANICAL, WHOLE PLANT REMOVAL STRATEGIES AND CHIPPED AND COMPOSTED AT AN APPROPRIATE FACILITY OR BURNED ON SITE ACCORDING TO LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 2. DISTURBED SOILS WILL BE AUGMENTED AS NEED WITH A CUSTOM BLENDED SOIL OF ONE PART LOAM, ONE PART COMPOST AND ONE PART CLEAN SAND.
- 3. SEEDED AREAS ARE TO BE COVERED WITH SALT MARSH HAY TO RETAIN SOIL MOISTURE AND PROTECT AGAINST SEED PREDATION BY BIRDS AND SMALL MAMMALS.
- 4. NATIVE PLANT MATERIAL WILL BE LAID OUT AND INSTALLED BY AN ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION SPECIALIST OR PERSONS TRAINED IN HORTICULTURAL PRACTICES. EXACT PLANT LOCATIONS WILL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD BASED ON SITE-SPECIFIC PLANTING CONDITIONS AND MICRO-TOPOGRAPHY.
- 5. THE NEW PLANTINGS WILL BE IRRIGATED FOR ONE FULL GROWING SEASON OR UNTIL THE SEED AND PLANT MATERIAL IS ESTABLISHED.
- 6. MONTHLY INSPECTIONS WILL BE CONDUCTED FOR THE FIRST GROWING SEASON AND TREATMENT/REMOVAL OF INVASIVE SPECIES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AS NEEDED DURING THE ESTABLISHED PERIOD.
- 7. CARE IS TO BE TAKEN IN REMOVING ANY NEW COLONIZING INVASIVE PLANT MATERIAL TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO ESTABLISHING NATIVE PLANT SPECIES.

PLANTING NOTES

- 1. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT TO APPROVE PLANT MATERIAL PRIOR TO DELIVERY TO SITE.
- 2. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO "THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK", PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN, INC.
- 3. NO SUBSTITUTIONS OF PLANT SPECIES WITHOUT LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT'S WRITTEN APPROVAL.
- 4. SUBSTITUTIONS OF PLANT SPECIES SHALL BE A PLANT OF EQUIVALENT OVERALL FORM, HEIGHT AND BRANCHING HABIT, FLOWER, LEAF AND FRUIT, COLOR AND TIME OF BLOOM, AS APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- 5. LOCATE AND VERIFY UTILITY LINE LOCATIONS PRIOR TO STAKING AND REPORT CONFLICTS TO LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- 6. PLANTING DEMOLITION DEBRIS, GARBAGE, LUMPS OF CONCRETE, STEEL AND OTHER MATERIALS DELETERIOUS TO PLANT'S HEALTH AS DETERMINED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM ALL PLANTING AREAS.
- 7. NO PLANTING TO BE INSTALLED BEFORE ACCEPTANCE OF ROUGH GRADING.
- 8. ALL PROPOSED TREE LOCATIONS SHALL BE STAKED OR LAID OUT IN THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATION BY THE CONTRACTOR. REFER TO LAYOUT AND PLANTING SHEETS FOR LAYOUT INFORMATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST THE LOCATIONS AS REQUESTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT TO ACCOUNT FOR SUBSURFACE UTILITIES AND OTHER FIELD CONDITIONS. FINAL LOCATIONS OF ALL PLANTS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PLANTING.
- 9. INSTALL PLANTS WITH ROOT FLARES FLUSH WITH FINISHED GRADE. IMMEDIATELY REPLANT PLANTS THAT SETTLE OUT OF PLUMB OR BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 10. PLANT UNDER FULL TIME SUPERVISION OF CERTIFIED ARBORIST, NURSERYMAN, OR LICENSED LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. PROVIDE WRITTEN VERIFICATION OF CERTIFICATION AND/OR LICENSE FOR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT'S APPROVAL.
- 11. WATER PLANTS THOROUGHLY AFTER INSTALLATION, A MINIMUM OF TWICE WITHIN THE FIRST 24 HOURS.
- 12. REPAIR DAMAGE DUE TO OPERATIONS INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF LIMIT OF WORK
- 13. SOAK ALL PERENNIALS FOR 24 HOURS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION

ZONING NOTES

10.5A44.40 PARKING LOT LANDSCAPE	
10.5A44.42 TREES	
PARKING LOTS SHALL CONTAIN AT LEAST (1) TREE FOR EVERY (7) PARKING SPACES	
TOTAL PARKING LOT SPACES	111
TOTAL REQUIRED PARKING LOT TREES	16
TOTAL PARKING LOT TREES PROPOSED	22
10.5A44.43 LANDSCAPING	·
ALL LANDSCAPING REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE LOCATED AND DESIGNED IN A MANNER TO PROTECT VEGETATION FROM VEHICULAR DAMAGE.	YES

10.1130 LANDSCAPING AND SCREENING

10.1130 LANDSCAPING AND SCREENING	
10.1132.10 SCREENING OF DUMPSTERS	
NATURAL SCREENING SHALL CONSIST OF EVERGREEN SHRUBS/TREES PLANTED IN A LINE TO FORM A CONTINUOUS SCREEN AND GROWING TO A HEIGHT OF 6 FEET WITHIN 3 YEARS. THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE SCREENING AREA SHALL CONSIST OF LARGE AND SMALL TREES, GRASS, FLOWER BEDS, OR OTHER VEGETATIVE GROUNDCOVER TO FULLY COVER THE GROUND SURFACE OF THE AREA WITHIN 3 YEARS.	YES
10.1132.20 SCREENING OF DUMPSTERS	
A 6-FOOT HIGH FENCE OR MASONRY WALL MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR NATURAL SCREENING IF APPROVED.	YES

Tighe&Bond

Proposed Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

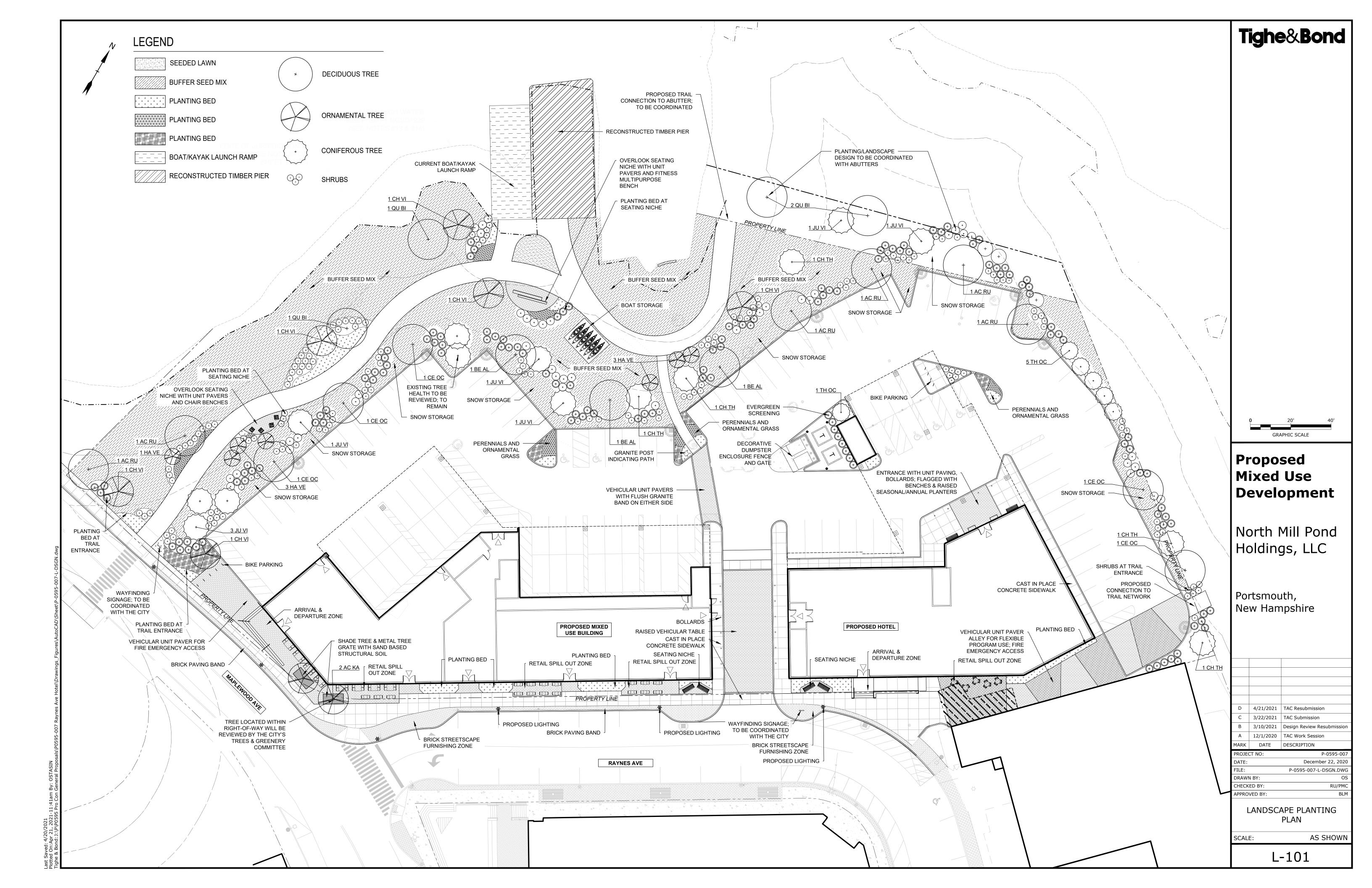
Portsmouth, New Hampshire

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ARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
ROJE	CT NO:	P-0595-00
ATE:		December 22, 202
LE:		P-0595-007-L-DSGN.DW
RAWI	N BY:	0
HECKED BY:		RU/PM
PPRO	VED BY:	BLI

LANDSCAPE MATERIAL PLAN LEGEND AND NOTES

SCALE: AS SHOWN

L-100



CITY OF PORTSMOUTH TREE PLANTING REQUIREMENTS

THE BASE OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH TREE PLANTING REQUIREMENTS IS THE ANSI A300 PART 6 STANDARD PRACTICES FOR PLANTING AND TRANSPLANTING. ANSI A300 PART 6 LAYS OUT TERMS AND BASIC STANDARDS AS SET FORTH BY INDUSTRY BUT IT IS NOT THE 'END ALL' FOR THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NH TREE PLANTING REQUIREMENTS THAT IN ADDITION TO OR THAT GO BEYOND THE ANSI A300 PART 6.

- 1. ALL PLANTING HOLES SHALL BE DUG BY HAND- NO MACHINES. THE ONLY EXCEPTIONS ARE NEW CONSTRUCTION WHERE NEW PLANTING PITS, PLANTING BEDS WITH GRANITE CURBING, AND PLANTING SITES WITH SILVA CELLS ARE BEING CREATED. IF A MACHINES USED TO DIG ANY OF THESE SITUATIONS AND PLANTING DEPTH NEEDS TO BE RAISED THE MATERIAL IN THE BOTTOM OF THE PLANTING HOLE MUST BE FIRMED WITH MACHINE TO PREVENT SINKING OF THE ROOT BALL.
- 2. ALL WIRE AND BURLAP SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE ROOT BALL AND PLANTING HOLE.
- 3. THE ROOT BALL OF THE TREE SHALL BE WORKED SO THAT THE ROOT COLLAR OF THE TREE IS VISIBLE AND NO GIRDLING ROOTS ARE PRESENT.

- 4. THE ROOT COLLAR OF THE TREE SHALL BE 2"-3" ABOVE GRADE OF PLANTING HOLE FOR FINISHED DEPTH.
- ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH SOIL FROM THE SITE AND AMENDED NO MORE THAN 20% WITH ORGANIC COMPOST. THE ONLY EXCEPTIONS ARE NEW CONSTRUCTION WHERE ENGINEERED SOIL IS BEING USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SILVA CELLS AND WHERE NEW PLANTING BEDS ARE BEING CREATED.
- 6. ALL PLANTINGS SHALL BE BACKFILLED IN THREE LIFTS AND ALL LIFTS SHALL BE WATERED SO THE PLANTING WILL BE SET AND FREE OF AIR POCKETS- NO EXCEPTIONS.
- AN EARTH BERM SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE PLANTING HOLE EXCEPT WHERE CURBED PLANTING BEDS OR PITS ARE BEING USED.
- 2"-3" OF MULCH SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE PLANTING AREA.
- AT THE TIME THE PLANTING IS COMPLETE THE PLANTING SHALL RECEIVE ADDITIONAL WATER TO ENSURE COMPLETE HYDRATION OF THE ROOTS, BACKFILL MATERIAL AND MULCH LAYER.

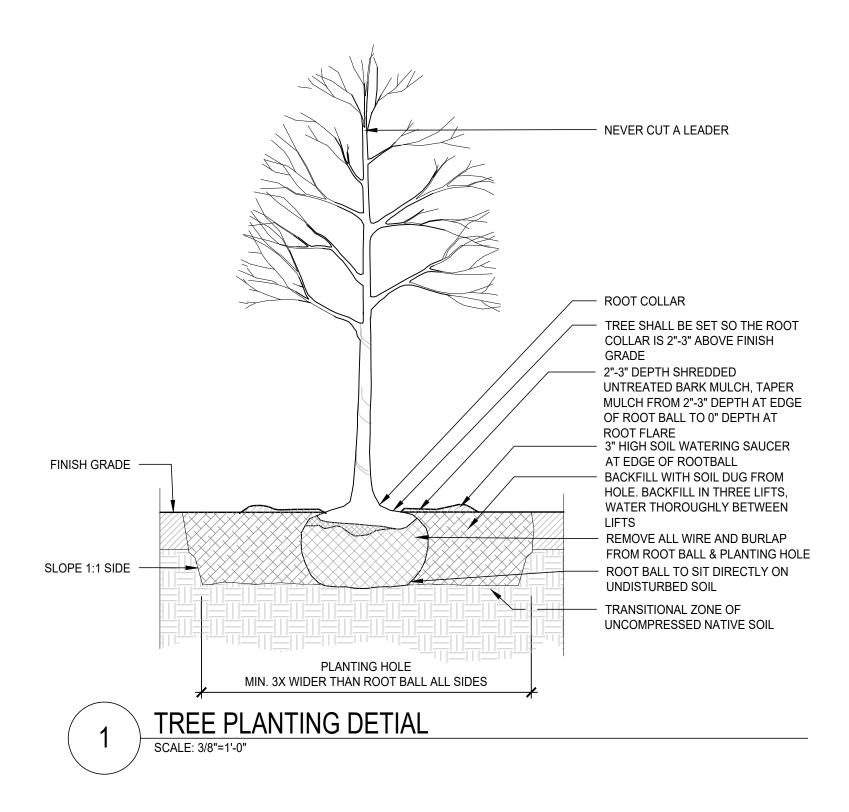
SAND BASED STRUCTURAL SOIL PLANTING MEDIUM NOTES

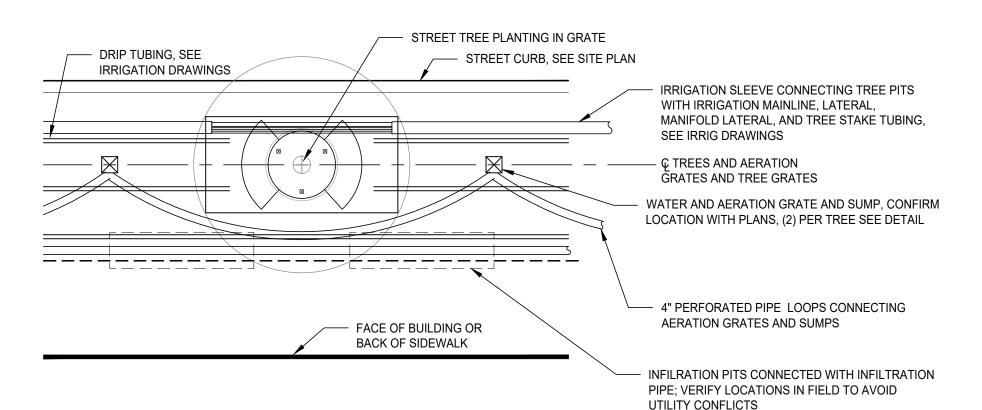
- THE SAND-BASED STRUCTURAL SOIL PLANTING MEDIUM SHALL CONSIST OF A BLEND OF ONE PART COARSE SAND, ONE PART LOAM AND ONE PART ORGANIC AMENDMENT. BLENDING OF THE COMPONENTS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT WITH EARTH MOVING EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO PLACEMENT. THE COMPONENTS SHALL BE BLENDED TO CREATE A UNIFORM MIXTURE.
- 2. PROVIDE A SHOP DRAWING OF SAND BASED STRUCTURAL SOIL PLANTING MEDIUM (SIEVE, PH, ORGANIC CONTENT, SAND/LOAM/ORGANIC AMENDMENT PERCENTAGES) TO A&M FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO PURCHASE & INSTALLATION.
- THE FINAL BLENDED SAND-BASED STRUCTURAL SOIL PLANTING MEDIUM SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION FOR MATERIAL PASSING THE #10 SIEVE

FOR MATERIAL PA	ASSING THE #TU SIEVE.
SIEVE NO. U.S.	%PASSING BY WEIGHT

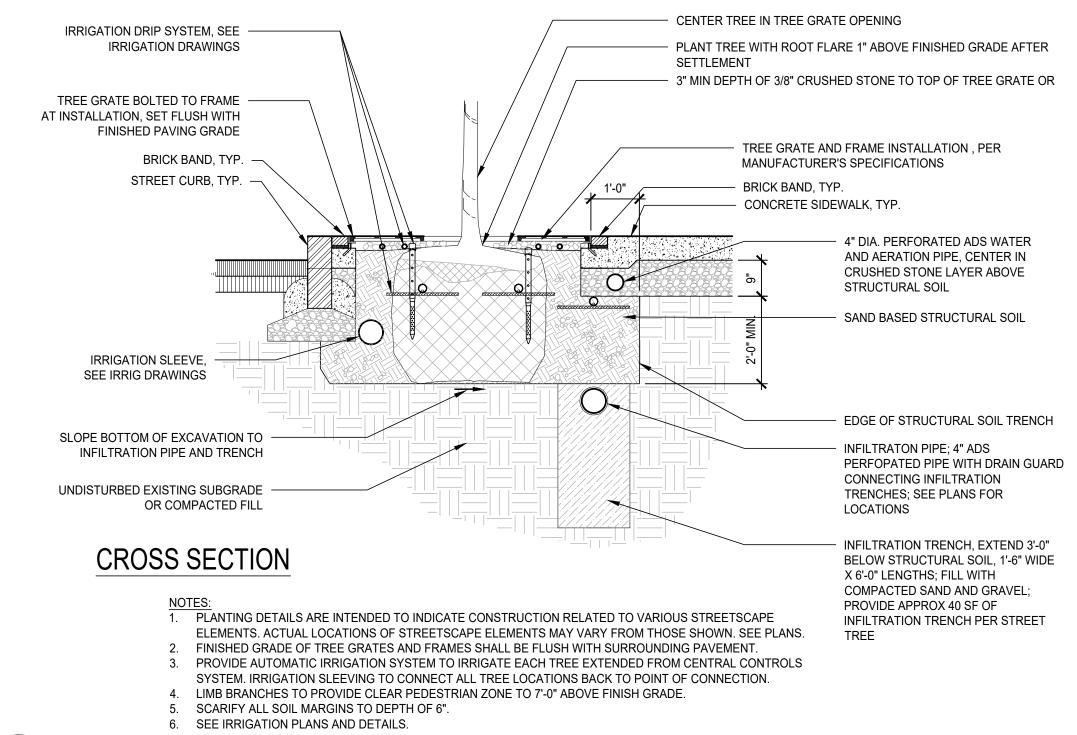
OIL V L 110. 0.0.	701 7 (OO11	VODI VV
	MIN.	MAX
10	100	
18	68	90
35	38	63
60	18	39
140	10	18
270	6	9
0.002MM	1	2

- 4. MAXIMUM SIZE SHALL BE ONE INCH LARGEST DIMENSION. THE MAXIMUM RETAINED ON THE #10 SIEVE SHALL BE 15% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLE.
- 5. THE RATIO OF THE PARTICLE SIZE FOR 70% PASSING (D70) TO THE PARTICLE SIZE FOR 20% PASSING (D20) SHALL BE 3.5 OR LESS (D70/D20 < 3.5). TESTS SHALL BE BY COMBINED HYDROMETER AND WET SIEVING IN COMPLIANCE WITH ASTM D422 AFTER DESTRUCTION OF ORGANIC MATTER BY IRRIGATION.
- 6. ORGANIC CONTENT SHALL BE BETWEEN 2.0 AND 3.0 PERCENT. PH SHALL BE 6.0 TO 7.0.

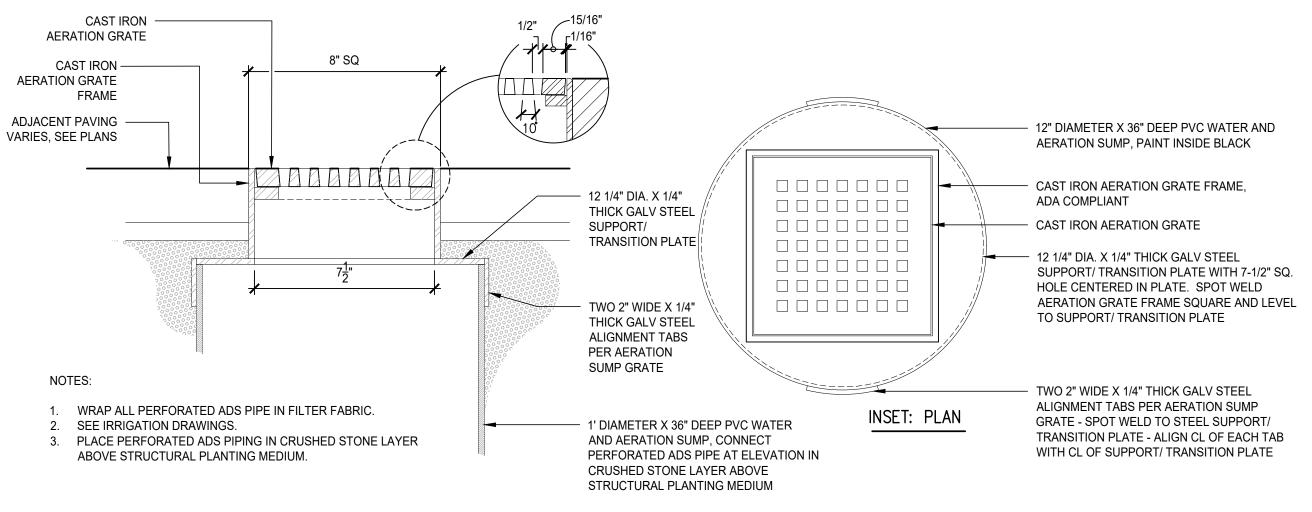




PLAN: WATER AND AERATION SYSTEM IN STREETSCAPE LAYOUT



TREE PLANTING IN TREE GRATE OVER SAND-BASED STRUCTURAL SOIL



WATER AND AERATION SUMP WITH GRATE AND FRAME

Proposed Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

)	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
2	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
3	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmission
4	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
RK	DATE	DESCRIPTION

PROJECT NO: P-0595-00 December 22, 202 P-0595-007-L-DSGN.DW DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: RU/PMC PPROVED BY:

LANDSCAPE DETAILS

FILE:

AS SHOWN SCALE:

L-102

PROJECT APPLICANT: NORTH MILL POND HOLDINGS, LLC 1359 HOOKSETT ROAD

HOOKSETT, NH 03106 PROPOSED MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT MAP / LOT: MAP 123 / LOTS 10, 12, 13 & 14

PROJECT ADDRESS: 1 RAYNES AVENUE PROJECT LATITUDE: 42°-04'-48" N PROJECT LONGITUDE: 70°-45'-50" W PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

THE PROPOSED PROJECT INCLUDES TWO BUILDINGS, A 5 STORY MIXED USE BUILDING AND A 5 STORY 128 ROOM HOTEL. THE PROJECT WILL ALSO CONSIST OF ASSOCIATED SITE IMPROVEMENTS SUCH AS PAVING, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT, UTILITIES AND LIGHTING.

THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY 2.40 ACRES.

BASED ON THE USCS SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY CONDUCTED BY LEONARD LORD, PhD, CSS, CWS OF TIGHE & BOND, INC. THE SOIL SURVEY, IDENTIFIES MOSTLY HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP C SOILS AND SOME PORTIONS OF HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP A SOILS. MUCH OF THE SITE IS COMPRISED OF UDORTHENTS WITH TWO DRAINAGE CLASSIFICATIONS, MODERATELY POORLY DRAINED SOILS AND PORTIONS OF WELL DRAINED SOILS.

THE STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE DISCHARGED VIA A CLOSED DRAINAGE SYSTEM ULTIMATELY FLOWS TO NORTH MILL POND THEN TO THE PISCATAQUA RIVER.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES:

- CUT AND CLEAR TREES. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT, EROSION AND DETENTION CONTROL FACILITIES. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND DETENTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS THAT WILL INFLUENCE STORMWATER RUNOFF SUCH AS:
- NEW CONSTRUCTION CONTROL OF DUST
- NEARNESS OF CONSTRUCTION SITE TO RECEIVING WATERS
- CONSTRUCTION DURING LATE WINTER AND EARLY SPRING
- ALL PERMANENT DITCHES, SWALES, DETENTION, RETENTION AND SEDIMENTATION BASINS TO BE STABILIZED USING THE VEGETATIVE AND NON-STRUCTURAL BMPS PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF
- CLEAR AND DISPOSE OF DEBRIS.
- CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CULVERTS AND DIVERSION CHANNELS AS REQUIRED.
- GRADE AND GRAVEL ROADWAYS AND PARKING AREAS ALL ROADS AND PARKING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE.
- BEGIN PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE
- DAILY, OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, PERIMETER EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC., MULCH AND SEED AS REQUIRED.
- SEDIMENT TRAPS AND/OR BASINS SHALL BE USED AS NECESSARY TO CONTAIN RUNOFF UNTIL SOILS ARE STABILIZED.
- .0. FINISH PAVING ALL ROADWAYS AND PARKING LOTS.
- INSPECT AND MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.
- COMPLETE PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING.
- 13. REMOVE TRAPPED SEDIMENTS FROM COLLECTOR DEVICES AS APPROPRIATE AND THEN REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST LIMIT THE DURATION AND AREA OF DISTURBANCE.

- THE PROJECT IS TO BE MANAGED IN A MANNER THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF RSA 430:53 AND CHAPTER AGR 3800 RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

- ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PRACTICES SHALL CONFORM TO THE "NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANUAL VOLUME 3: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION" PREPARED BY THE NHDES
- PRIOR TO ANY WORK OR SOIL DISTURBANCE, CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS REQUIRED IN THE PROJECT MANUAL CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS, INCLUDING HAY BALES,
- SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, SILT SACKS AND SILT SOCKS AS SHOWN IN THESE DRAWINGS AS THE FIRST ORDER OF WORK. SILT SACK INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED CATCH
- BASIN INLETS WITHIN THE WORK LIMITS AND BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SILT FENCES, MULCH BERM, SILT SOCK, AND/OR HAY BALE
- BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT UNTIL NON-PAVED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE BEING TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED AND
- INSPECT ALL INLET PROTECTION AND PERIMETER CONTROLS WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN STORM OF 0.25 INCH OR GREATER. REPAIR/MODIFY PROTECTION AS NECESSARY TO MAXIMIZE EFFICIENCY OF FILTER. REPLACE ALL FILTERS WHEN SEDIMENT IS 1/3 THE FILTER HEIGHT.
- CONSTRUCT EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1.

- AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE WHEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:
- A. BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED; B. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;
- C. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIPRAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED;
- D. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.;
- E. IN AREAS TO BE PAVED, "STABLE" MEANS THAT BASE COURSE GRAVELS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF NHDOT STANDARD FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, 2016, ITEM
- 304.2 HAVE BEEN INSTALLED. WINTER STABILIZATION PRACTICES:
- A. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS THAT DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS;
- ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS;
- AFTER OCTOBER 15, INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3, OR IF CONSTRUCTION IS TO CONTINUE THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON BE CLEARED OF ANY ACCUMULATED SNOW AFTER EACH STORM EVENT;
- STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES, AND DISTURBED AREAS, WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS BY THE FOURTEENTH (14TH) DAY AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED IN THAT AREA. STABILIZATION MEASURES TO BE USED INCLUDE: A. TEMPORARY SEEDING;
- B. MULCHING. ALL AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE.
- WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASES WITHIN 100 FEET OF NEARBY SURFACE WATERS OR DELINEATED WETLANDS, THE AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OR PRIOR TO A RAIN EVENT. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN THESE AREAS, SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, HAY BALE BARRIERS AND ANY EARTH/DIKES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED
- DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE

FILTERED THROUGH SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, HAY BALE BARRIERS, OR SILT SOCKS. ALL STORM DRAIN BASIN INLETS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH FLARED END SECTIONS AND TRASH RACKS. THE SITE SHALL BE STABILIZED FOR THE WINTER BY OCTOBER 15.

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTROL DUST THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.
- 2. DUST CONTROL METHODS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT BE NOT LIMITED TO SPRINKLING WATER ON EXPOSED AREAS, COVERING LOADED DUMP TRUCKS LEAVING THE SITE, AND TEMPORARY
- 3. DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE UTILIZED SO AS TO PREVENT THE MIGRATION OF DUST FROM THE SITE TO ABUTTING AREAS.

- LOCATE STOCKPILES A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY FROM CATCH BASINS, SWALES, AND CULVERTS.
- 2. ALL STOCKPILES SHOULD BE SURROUNDED WITH TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF PRECIPITATION.

ACCOMMODATE THE DELIVERY AND REMOVAL OF MATERIALS FROM THE STOCKPILE. THE

INTEGRITY OF THE BARRIER SHOULD BE INSPECTED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. PROTECT ALL STOCKPILES FROM STORMWATER RUN-OFF USING TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SUCH AS BERMS, SILT SOCK, OR OTHER APPROVED PRACTICE TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF MATERIAL BEYOND THE IMMEDIATE CONFINES OF THE STOCKPILES.

PERIMETER BARRIERS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES, AND ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S) PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES.

- . TEMPORARY GRASS COVER: A. SEEDBED PREPARATION
 - a. SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR SEEDBED PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS;
- a. SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR SEEDING REQUIREMENTS; C. MAINTENANCE:
- a. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE PERIODICALLY INSPECTED. AT A MINIMUM, 95% OF THE SOIL SURFACE SHOULD BE COVERED BY VEGETATION. IF ANY EVIDENCE OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION IS APPARENT, REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE AND OTHER TEMPORARY MEASURES USED IN THE INTERIM (MULCH, FILTER BARRIERS, CHECK DAMS, ETC.).
- 2. VEGETATIVE PRACTICE: A. SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR PERMANENT MEASURES AND PLANTINGS:
 - a. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAINTAIN THE SEEDED AREAS UNTIL ACCEPTED; b. IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCEED ONE (1) PERCENT BY WEIGHT. ALL SEED SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEED LAWS. SEEDING SHALL BE DONE NO
- LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 15. IN NO CASE SHALL SEEDING TAKE PLACE OVER SNOW. 3. DORMANT SEEDING (SEPTEMBER 15 TO FIRST SNOWFALL):
- A. FOLLOW PERMANENT MEASURES REQUIREMENTS. APPLY SEED MIXTURE AT TWICE THE INDICATED RATE. APPLY MULCH AS INDICATED FOR PERMANENT MEASURES.

- 1. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ONLY NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES ALLOWED. ALL OTHER
- NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES ARE PROHIBITED ON SITE: A. THE CONCRETE DELIVERY TRUCKS SHALL, WHENEVER POSSIBLE, USE WASHOUT FACILITIES
- AT THEIR OWN PLANT OR DISPATCH FACILITY; B. IF IT IS NECESSARY, SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGNATE SPECIFIC WASHOUT AREAS AND
- DESIGN FACILITIES TO HANDLE ANTICIPATED WASHOUT WATER; C. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE WASHOUT AREAS AT LEAST 150 FEET AWAY FROM STORM
- DRAINS, SWALES AND SURFACE WATERS OR DELINEATED WETLANDS; D. INSPECT WASHOUT FACILITIES DAILY TO DETECT LEAKS OR TEARS AND TO IDENTIFY WHEN MATERIALS NEED TO BE REMOVED.

ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES:

- FIRE-FIGHTING ACTIVITIES;
- FIRE HYDRANT FLUSHING;
- WATERS USED TO WASH VEHICLES WHERE DETERGENTS ARE NOT USED; 4. WATER USED TO CONTROL DUST;
- POTABLE WATER INCLUDING UNCONTAMINATED WATER LINE FLUSHING
- ROUTINE EXTERNAL BUILDING WASH DOWN WHERE DETERGENTS ARE NOT USED; PAVEMENT WASH WATERS WHERE DETERGENTS ARE NOT USED;
- UNCONTAMINATED AIR CONDITIONING/COMPRESSOR CONDENSATION; 9. UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER OR SPRING WATER;
- 10. FOUNDATION OR FOOTING DRAINS WHICH ARE UNCONTAMINATED 11. UNCONTAMINATED EXCAVATION DEWATERING;

DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS:

12. LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION.

WASTE DISPOSAL 1. WASTE MATERIAL:

- A. ALL WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN SECURELY LIDDED RECEPTACLES. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE SHALL BE DEPOSITED
- NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE BURIED ON SITE;
- C. ALL PERSONNEL SHALL BE INSTRUCTED REGARDING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE DISPOSAL BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- 2. HAZARDOUS WASTE: A. ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUFACTURER;
- B. SITE PERSONNEL SHALL BE INSTRUCTED IN THESE PRACTICES BY THE SUPERINTENDENT. 3. SANITARY WASTE:
- A. ALL SANITARY WASTE SHALL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER WEEK BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

SPILL PREVENTION:

- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH SPILL PREVENTION MEASURES REQUIRED BY LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES. AT A MINIMUM, CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE BEST MANAGEMENT SPILL PREVENTION PRACTICES OUTLINED BELOW.
- 2. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT SHALL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES DURING CONSTRUCTION TO STORMWATER RUNOFF: A. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING - THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICE SHALL BE
- FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION:
- a. ONLY SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS TO DO THE JOB SHALL BE STORED ON SITE; b. ALL REGULATED MATERIALS STORED ON SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR PROPER (ORIGINAL IF POSSIBLE) CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE, ON AN IMPERVIOUS SURFACE;
- c. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL SHALL BE FOLLOWED; d. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT SHALL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND
- e. SUBSTANCES SHALL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER; f. WHENEVER POSSIBLE ALL OF A PRODUCT SHALL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE
- CONTAINER. g. THE TRAINING OF ON-SITE EMPLOYEES AND THE ON-SITE POSTING OF RELEASE RESPONSE INFORMATION DESCRIBING WHAT TO DO IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL OF
- REGULATED SUBSTANCES. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS - THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES SHALL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS:
- RESEALABLE; b. ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHALL BE RETAINED FOR IMPORTANT PRODUCT INFORMATION;

c. SURPLUS PRODUCT THAT MUST BE DISPOSED OF SHALL BE DISCARDED ACCORDING TO

a. PRODUCTS SHALL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT

THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS OF DISPOSAL. C. PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES - THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES SHALL BE **FOLLOWED ON SITE:**

a. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS:

THE SPECIFICATIONS;

- ALL ON SITE VEHICLES SHALL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR
- PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE; i. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SHALL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT BASED SUBSTANCES USED ON SITE SHALL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS
- SECURE FUEL STORAGE AREAS AGAINST UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY;
- iv. INSPECT FUEL STORAGE AREAS WEEKLY; v. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, KEEP REGULATED CONTAINERS THAT ARE STORED OUTSIDE MORE
- THAN 50 FEET FROM SURFACE WATER AND STORM DRAINS, 75 FEET FROM PRIVATE WELLS, AND 400 FEET FROM PUBLIC WELLS;
- vi. COVER REGULATED CONTAINERS IN OUTSIDE STORAGE AREAS;
- vii. SECONDARY CONTAINMENT IS REQUIRED FOR CONTAINERS CONTAINING REGULATED SUBSTANCES STORED OUTSIDE, EXCEPT FOR ON PREMISE USE HEATING FUEL TANKS, OR ABOVEGROUND OR UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS OTHERWISE REGULATED.
- viii. THE FUEL HANDLING REQUIREMENTS SHALL INCLUDE: (1) EXCEPT WHEN IN USE, KEEP CONTAINERS CONTAINING REGULATED SUBSTANCES
 - CLOSED AND SEALED;
 - (2) PLACE DRIP PANS UNDER SPIGOTS, VALVES, AND PUMPS; (3) HAVE SPILL CONTROL AND CONTAINMENT EQUIPMENT READILY AVAILABLE IN
 - (4) USE FUNNELS AND DRIP PANS WHEN TRANSFERRING REGULATED SUBSTANCES; (5) PERFORM TRANSFERS OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES OVER AN IMPERVIOUS
- ix. FUELING AND MAINTENANCE OF EXCAVATION, EARTHMOVING AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION RELATED EQUIPMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES THESE REQUIREMENTS ARE SUMMARIZED IN WD-DWGB-22-6 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR FUELING AND MAINTENANCE OF EXCAVATION AND EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT, OR ITS SUCCESSOR
- HTTPS://WWW.DES.NH.GOV/ORGANIZATION/COMMISSIONER/PIP/FACTSHEETS/DWGB/ DOCUMENTS/DWGB-22-6.PDF
- b. FERTILIZERS FERTILIZERS USED SHALL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS DIRECTED BY
- ii. ONCE APPLIED FERTILIZER SHALL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER:
- iii. STORAGE SHALL BE IN A COVERED SHED OR ENCLOSED TRAILERS. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS. c. PAINTS:
- i. ALL CONTAINERS SHALL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR
- EXCESS PAINT SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM; iii. EXCESS PAINT SHALL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S
- INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS D. SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES - IN ADDITION TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING
- PRACTICES SHALL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP: a. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP SHALL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE
- LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND CLEANUP SUPPLIES; b. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP SHALL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ON SITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUSTPANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST AND PLASTIC OR METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR
- c. ALL SPILLS SHALL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY; d. THE SPILL AREA SHALL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL SHALL WEAR
- HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE; e. SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL, STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCIES AS REQUIRED;

APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A

- THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS SHALL BE THE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR. E. VEHICLE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICE:
- a. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE AN EFFORT TO PERFORM EQUIPMENT/VEHICLE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AT AN OFF-SITE FACILITY; b. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ON-SITE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA THAT IS
- CLEAN AND DRY; . IF POSSIBLE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP AREA COVERED;
- d. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A SPILL KIT AT THE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA;
- e. CONTRACTOR SHALL REGULARLY INSPECT VEHICLES FOR LEAKS AND DAMAGE; CONTRACTOR SHALL USE DRIP PANS, DRIP CLOTHS, OR ABSORBENT PADS WHEN REPLACING SPENT FLUID.

EROSION CONTROL OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES

AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES:

- THIS PROJECT EXCEEDS ONE (1) ACRE OF DISTURBANCE AND THUS REQUIRES A SWPPP. THE SWPPP SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH
- THE SWPPP AND KEEP AN UPDATED COPY OF THE SWPPP ONSITE AT ALL TIMES. 2. THE FOLLOWING REPRESENTS THE GENERAL OBSERVATION AND REPORTING PRACTICES THAT SHALL BE FOLLOWED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT:
- A. OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE SWPPP SHALL BE MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK OR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A STORM 0.25 INCHES OR
- B. AN OBSERVATION REPORT SHALL BE MADE AFTER EACH OBSERVATION AND DISTRIBUTED TO THE ENGINEER, THE OWNER, AND THE CONTRACTOR; C. A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SITE CONTRACTOR, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE

D. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT SHALL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.

~PERFORATED RISER **PLAN VIEW** IF USING PIPE NECESSARY, WEIR OR OUTLET TO DIVERT EMBANKMENT IF FLOW INTO USING STONE **OUTLET OR PIPE** -EXCAVATION FOR REQUIRED STORAGE OUTLET 3:1 MAX. SLOPE SIDE SLOPES TO

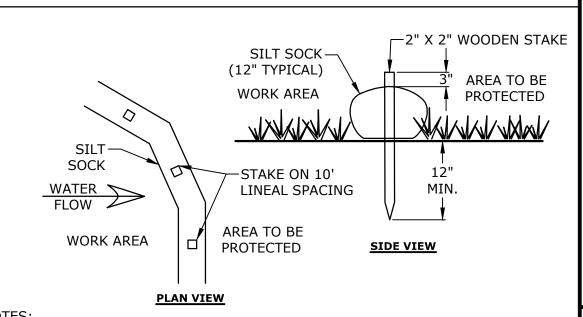
BE STABILIZED

THE TRAP SHALL BE INSTALLED AS CLOSE TO THE DISTURBED AREA AS POSSIBLE THE MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTING AREA TO A SINGLE TRAP SHALL BE LESS THAN 5

SECTION VIEW

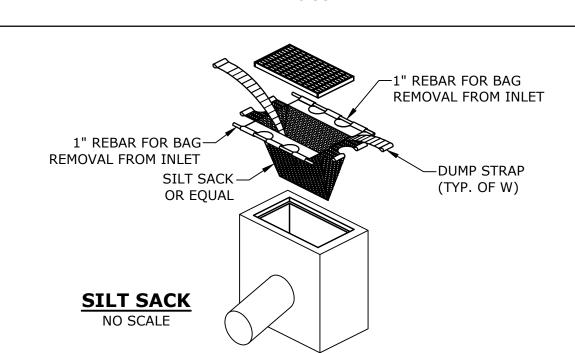
- THE MINIMUM VOLUME OF THE TRAP SHALL BE 3,600 CUBIC FEET OF STORAGE FOR EACH ACRE OF DRAINAGE AREA.
- TRAP OUTLET SHALL BE MINIMUM OF ONE FOOT BELOW THE CREST OF THE TRAP TRAP SHALL DISCHARGE TO A STABILIZED AREA.
- TRAP SHALL BE CLEANED WHEN 50 PERCENT OF THE ORIGINAL VOLUME IS
- MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE TRAP SHALL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF AND SEDIMENT TRAPS MUST BE USED AS NEEDED TO CONTAIN RUNOFF UNTIL SOILS ARE STABILIZED.

SEDIMENT TRAP NO SCALE



. SILT SOCK SHALL BE SILT SOXX BY FILTREXX OR APPROVED EQUAL INSTALL SILT SOCK IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS

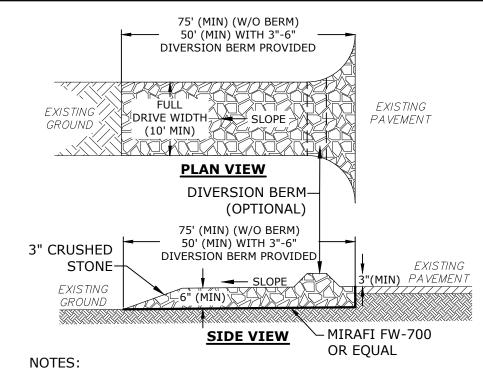
SILT SOCK



Proposea Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire



1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE SO RUNOFF DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE. ALL SEDIMENT SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING STORM DRAINS, DITCHES, OR WATERWAYS

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT

NO SCALE

AS SHOWN

MEZQUITA No. 08830 PATRICK CRIMMINS

BRADLEE

Tighe&Bond

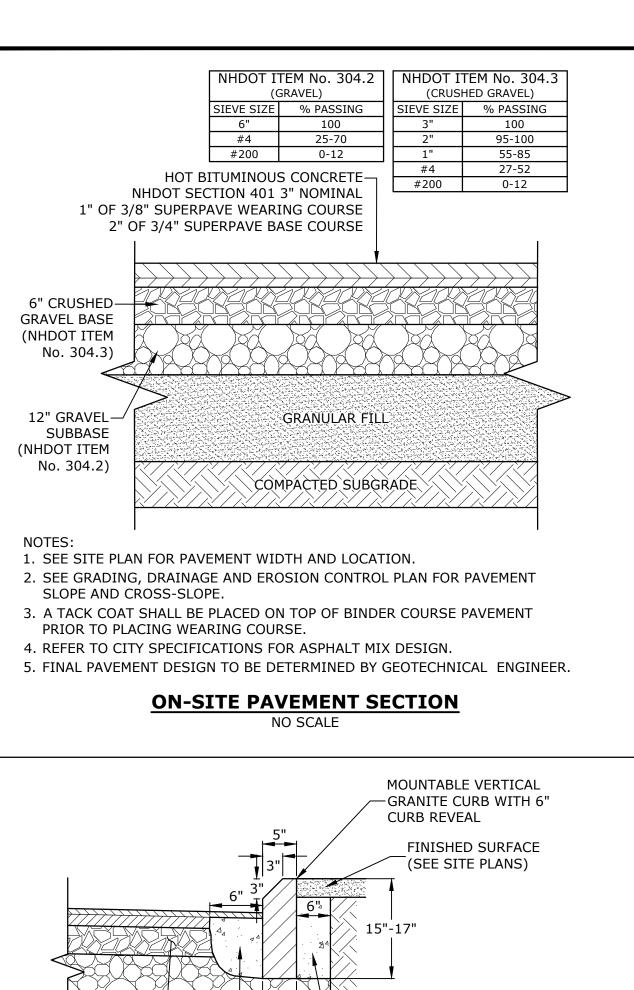
D 4/21/2021 TAC Resubmission C 3/22/2021 TAC Submission B 3/10/2021 Design Review Resubmiss A 12/1/2020 TAC Work Session MARK DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO: P-0595-00 December 22, 2020 DATE: P-0595-007-DTLS.DW0 DRAWN BY CHECKED BY NAH/PMC

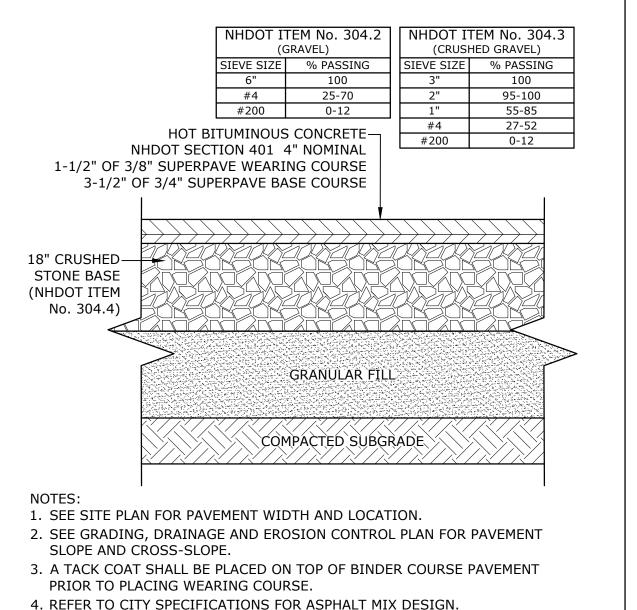
EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS SHEET

C-501

APPROVED BY:

SCALE:





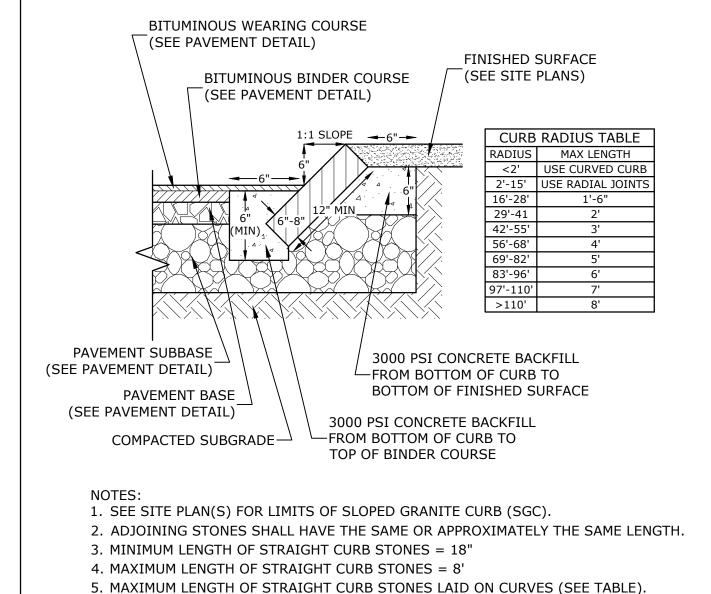
CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY PAVEMENT SECTION

VERTICAL GRANITE CURB FINISHED SURFACE WITH 6" CURB REVEAL (SEE SITE PLANS) BITUMINOUS WEARING COURSE (SEE PAVEMENT DETAIL) **CURB RADIUS TABLE** BITUMINOUS BINDER COURSE RADIUS MAX. LENGTH (SEE PAVEMENT DETAIL) <20' USE CURVED CURB 21' 22'-28' 4' 5' 29'-35' 36'-42' 6' 43'-49' 7' 50'-56' 8' 57'-60' 9' 3-1/2" (MIN) >60' 10' PAVEMENT SUBBASE (SEE PAVEMENT DETAIL) 3000 PSI CONCRETE BACKFILL FROM BOTTOM OF CURB TO PAVEMENT BASE BOTTOM OF FINISHED SURFACE (SEE PAVEMENT DETAIL) COMPACTED SUBGRADE— 3000 PSI CONCRETE BACKFILL FROM BOTTOM OF CURB TO TOP OF BINDER COURSE 1. SEE SITE PLAN(S) FOR LIMITS OF VERTICAL GRANITE CURB (VGC). 2. ADJOINING STONES SHALL HAVE THE SAME OR APPROXIMATELY THE SAME LENGTH.

- 3. MINIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES = 3'
- 4. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES = 10'
- 5. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES LAID ON CURVES (SEE TABLE)
- 6. ALL RADII 20 FEET AND SMALLER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED USING CURVED SECTIONS. 7. JOINTS BETWEEN STONES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 1/2" AND SHALL BE

NO SCALE

MORTARED. **VERTICAL GRANITE CURB**



6. JOINTS BETWEEN STONES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 1/2" AND SHALL BE

→ 6' TIP DOWN → 5'-0" MIN. → 6' TIP DOWN

SECTION B-B

SLOPED GRANITE CURB

Tighe&Bond

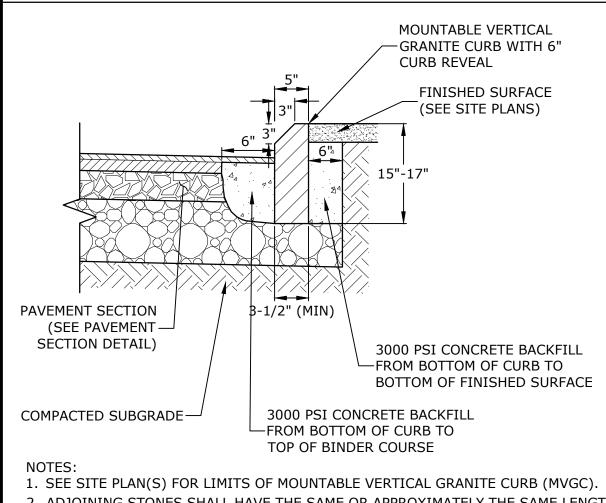


<u> ĆURB R</u>EVEAL

-CURB TIP-DOWN

-0" REVEAL

SIDEWALK FLUSH



- 2. ADJOINING STONES SHALL HAVE THE SAME OR APPROXIMATELY THE SAME LENGTH.
- 3. MINIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES = 3'
- 4. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES = 10'
- 5. MAXIMUM LENGTH OF STRAIGHT CURB STONES LAID ON CURVES (SEE TABLE). 6. ALL RADII 20 FEET AND SMALLER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED USING CURVED SECTIONS.
- 7. JOINTS BETWEEN STONES SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 1/2" AND SHALL BE MORTARED.

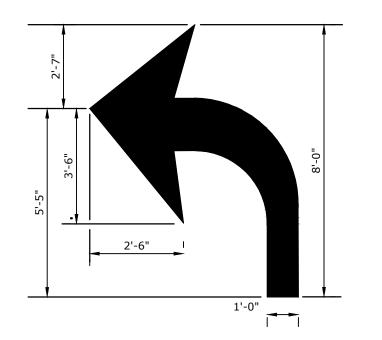
MOUNTABLE VERTICAL GRANITE CURB

NO SCALE

TOP VIEW END SECTION ELEVATION **END SECTION** TRANSITION SECTION MOUNTABLE VERTICAL GRANITE CURB TO VERTICAL GRANITE CURB

1. THE INTENT OF THIS ITEM IS TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION BETWEEN VERTICAL GRANITE CURB AND MOUNTABLE VERTICAL GRANITE CURB WITHOUT REQUIRING FIELD CHIPPING DURING INSTALLATION. THE MOUNTABLE VERTICAL GRANITE CURB MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENTS TO MEET THE TRANSITION PIECE HEIGHT. TRANSITION SLOPE CURB TO STANDARD REVEAL AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE TO PROVIDE FOR THIS SMOOTH TRANSITION.

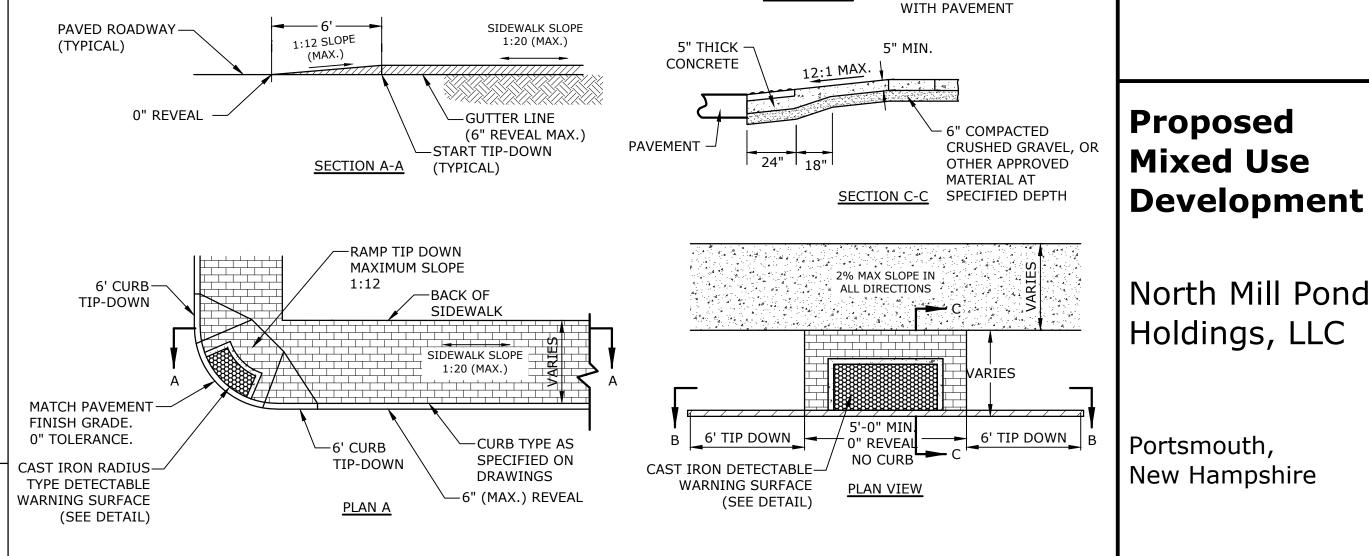
> CURB TRANSITION **NO SCALE**



TURN ARROW (RIGHT TURN OPPOSITE IN KIND)

- SYMBOLS SHALL BE RETROREFLECTIVE WHITE AND SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST VERSION OF THE MUTCD.
- 2. PREFORMED WORDS AND SYMBOLS SHALL BE PRE-CUT BY THE MANUFACTURER.
- B. ALL STOP BARS, WORDS, SYMBOLS AND ARROW SHALL BE THERMOPLASTIC.

TURN ARROW NO SCALE



CURB TIP-DOWN-

MORTARED.

NHDOT ITEM No. 304.3 (CRUSHED GRAVEL)

IEVE SIZE % PASSING

#200

95-100 55-85 27-52

0-12

1. RAMPS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT AND LOCAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS.

- 2. A 6" COMPACTED CRUSHED GRAVEL BASE (NHDOT ITEM No. 304.3) SHALL BE PROVIDED BENEATH RAMPS.
- 3. DETECTABLE WARNING PANEL SHALL BE CAST IRON SET IN CONCRETE (SEE DETAIL.)
- 4. PROVIDE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACES ANYTIME THAT A CURB RAMP, BLENDED TRANSITION, OR LANDING CONNECTS TO A STREET.
- 5. LOCATE THE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACES AT THE BACK OF THE CURB ALONG THE EDGE OF THE LANDING.
- 6. THE MAXIMUM RUNNING SLOPE OF ANY SIDEWALK CURB RAMP IS 12:1, THE MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE IS 2%. THE SLOPE OF THE LANDING SHALL NOT EXCEED 2% IN ANY DIRECTION.
- 7. TRANSITIONS SHALL BE FLUSH AND FREE OF ABRUPT CHANGES. ROADWAY SHOULDER SLOPES ADJOINING SIDEWALK CURB RAMPS SHALL BE A MAXIMUM OF 5% (FULL WIDTH) FOR A DISTANCE OF 2 FT. FROM THE ROADWAY CURBLINE. 8. THE BOTTOM OF THE SIDEWALK CURB RAMP OR LANDING, EXCLUSIVE OF THE FLARED SIDES, SHALL BE WHOLLY CONTAINED
- WITHIN THE CROSSWALK MARKINGS. 9. DETECTABLE WARNING PANELS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET IN DEPTH. THE ROWS OF TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE ALIGNED
- PERPENDICULAR TO THE GRADE BREAK BETWEEN THE RAMP, BLENDED TRANSITION, OR LANDING AND THE STREET. 10. THE TEXTURE OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING FEATURE MUST CONTRAST VISUALLY WITH THE SURROUNDING SURFACES (EITHER LIGHT-ON-DARK OR DARK-ON-LIGHT).

CONCRETE WHEELCHAIR ACCESSIBLE RAMP

NO SCALE

D 4/21/2021 TAC Resubmission 3/22/2021 TAC Submission B 3/10/2021 Design Review Resubmiss A 12/1/2020 TAC Work Session MARK DATE DESCRIPTION ROJECT NO: P-0595-00 December 22, 2020 DATE:

DETAILS SHEET

P-0595-007-DTLS.DW0

NAH/PMC

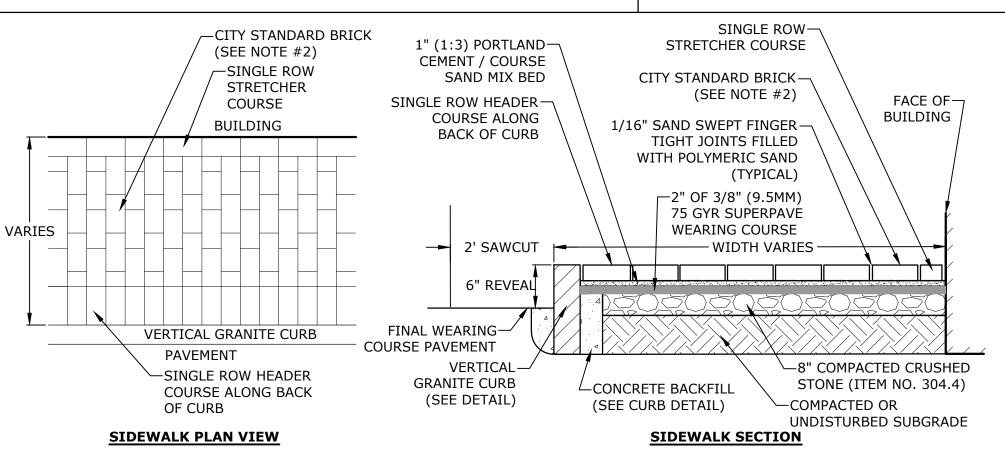
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DRAWN BY:

CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

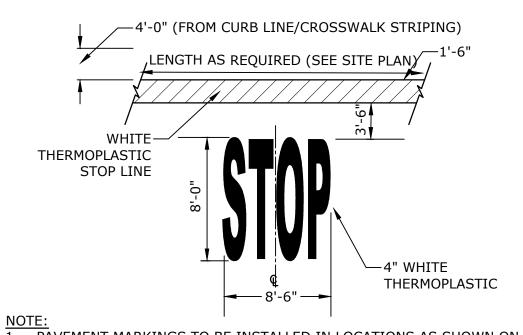
C-502



NOTES:

- 1. BRICK SIDEWALK SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DETAILED AND PER CITY OF PORTSMOUTH REQUIREMENTS/SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL INCLUDE A CONTINUOUS APPROVED PAVER EDGE RESTRAINT SYSTEM AT ALL LOCATIONS NOT ADJACENT TO CURB OR BUILDINGS. CITY STANDARD BRICK SHALL BE TRADITIONAL EDGE, PATHWAY, FULL RANGE 2.25"X4"X8" PAVER, BY PINE HALL BRICK, INC. BRICK
- MATERIAL SAMPLES SHALL BE PROVIDED TO DPW PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL. BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL BE A PORTLAND CEMENT / COURSE SAND MIX THAT IS 1 PART PORTLAND CEMENT AND 3 PARTS COURSE SAND. SAND SHALL CONFORM WITH ASTM C-33 AND CEMENT SHALL BE PORTLAND CEMENT TYPE I/TYPE II.

BRICK SIDEWALK NO SCALE

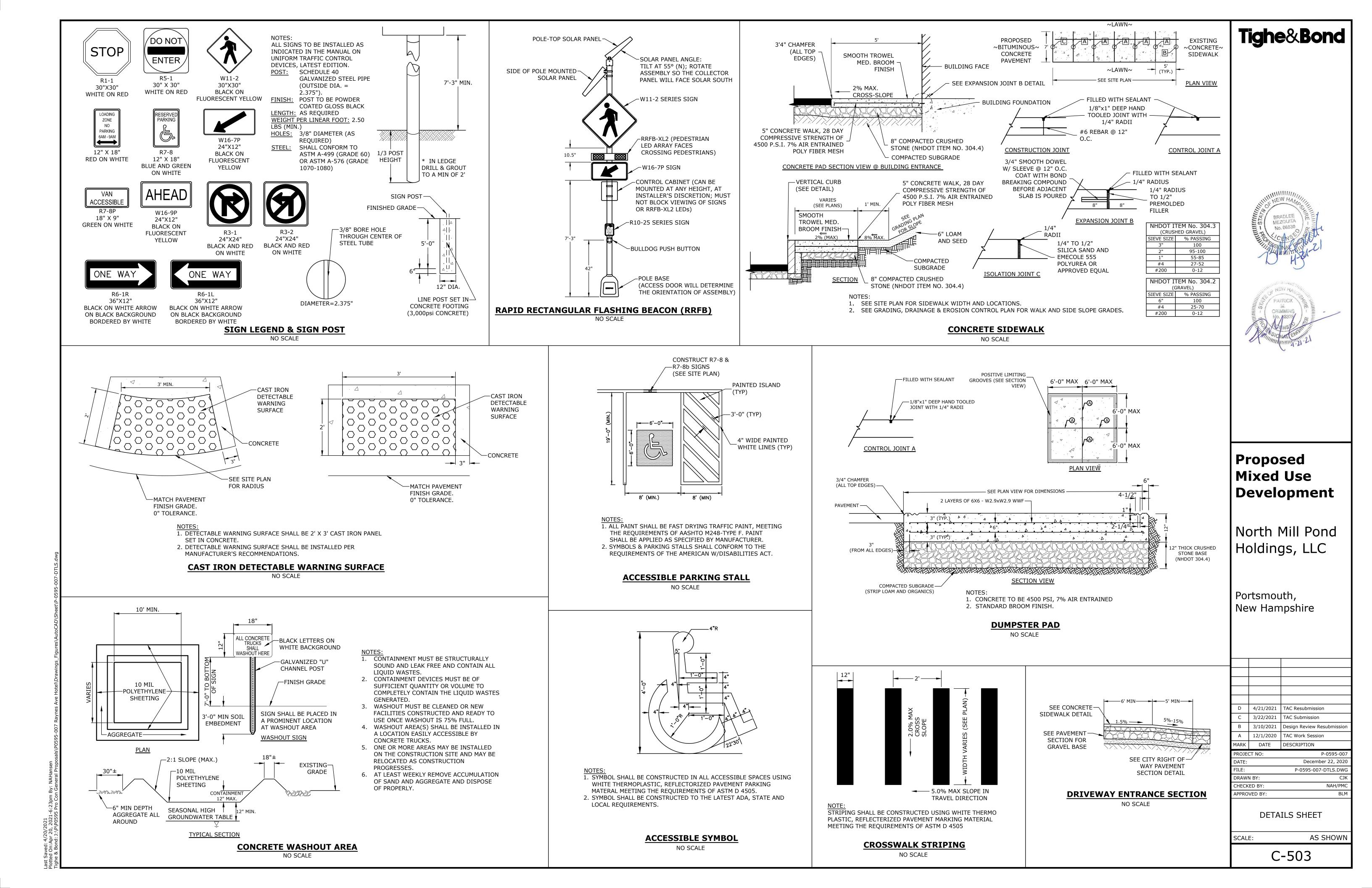


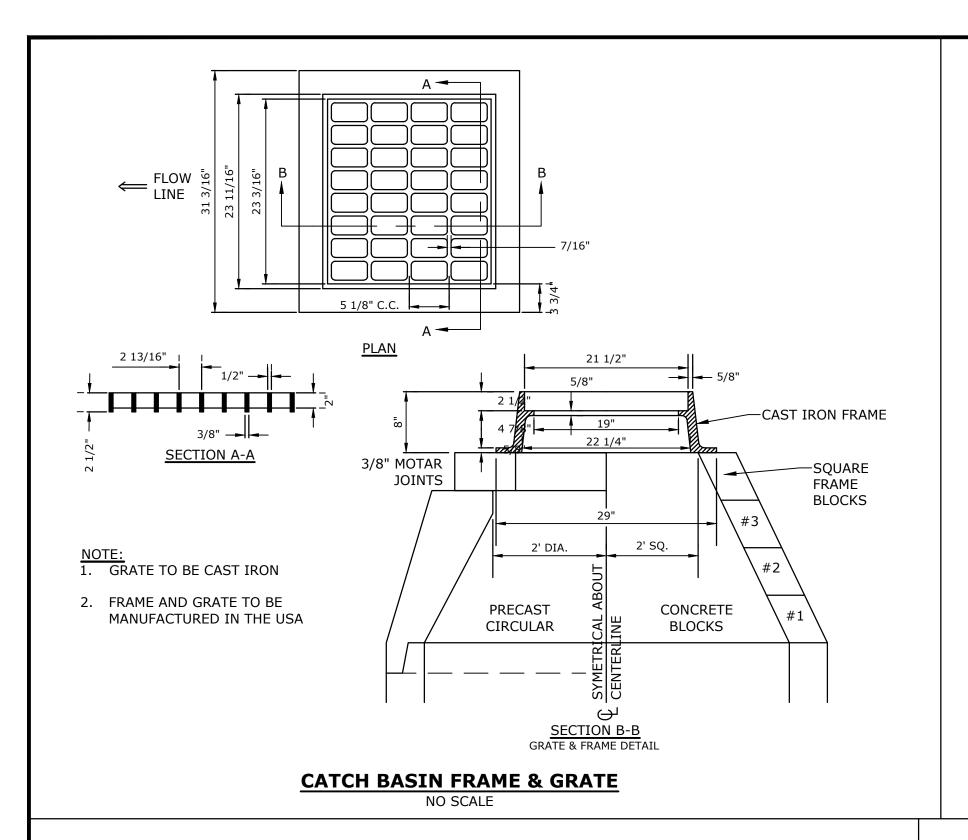
PAVEMENT MARKINGS TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON SITE

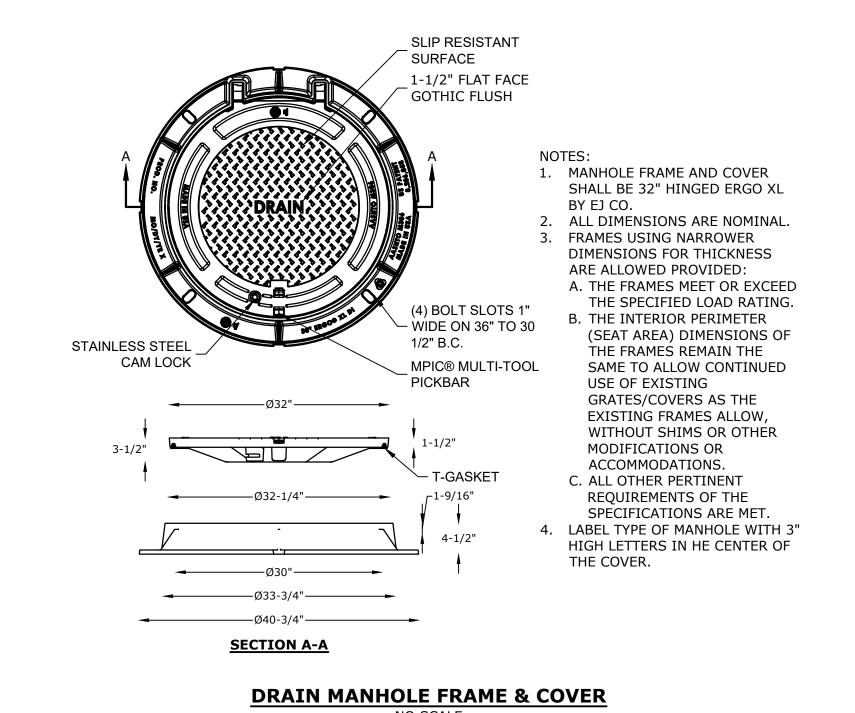
2. STRIPING SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED USING WHITE THERMO PLASTIC, REFLECTERIZED PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS **OF ASTM D 4505**

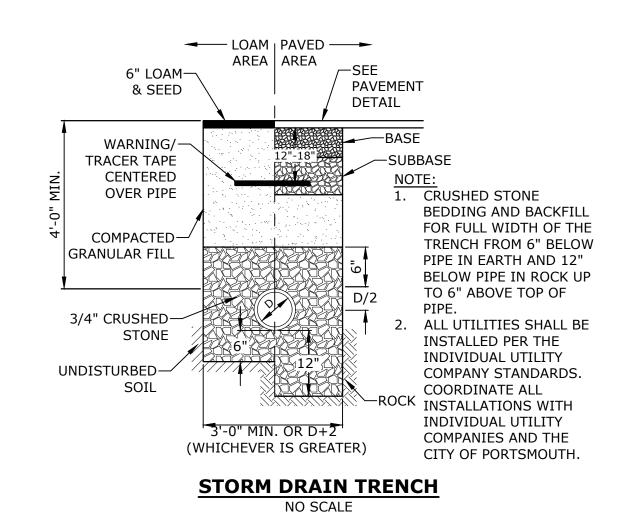
STOP BAR AND LEGEND

NO SCALE





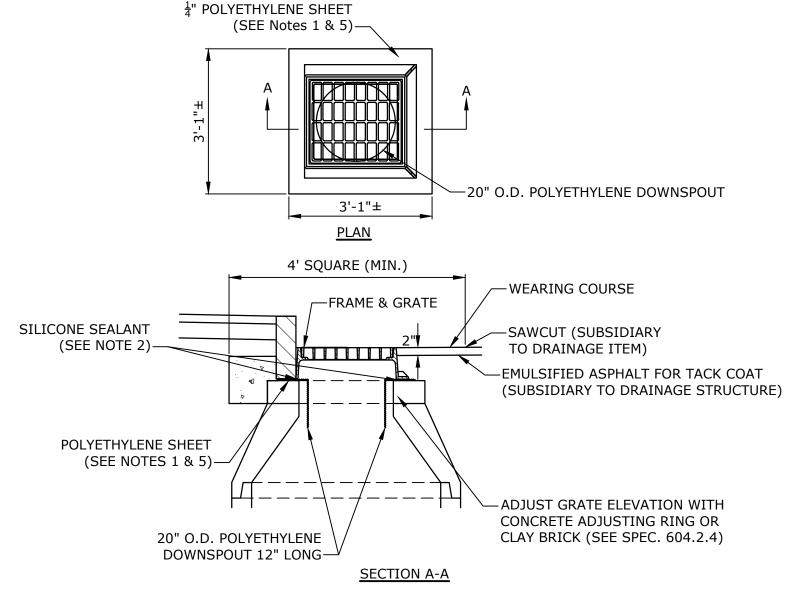






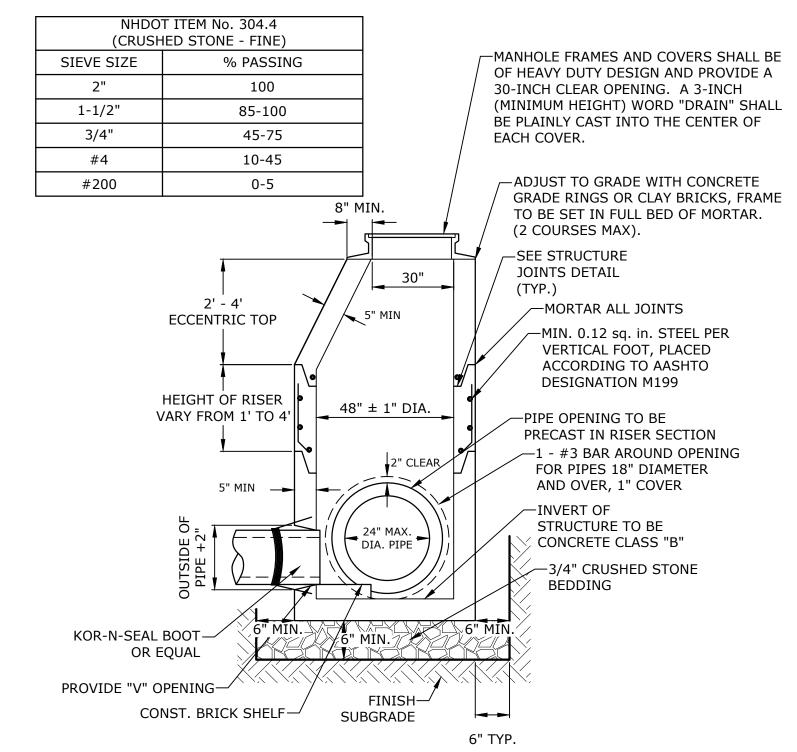






- 1. POLYETHYLENE LINER (ITEM 604.0007) SHALL BE FABRICATED AT THE SHOP. DOWNSPOUT SHALL BE EXTRUSION
- FILLET WELDED TO THE POLYETHYLENE SHEET 2. PLACE A CONTINUOUS BEAD OF AN APPROVED SILICONE SEALANT (SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 604.0007) BETWEEN
- FRAME AND POLYETHYLENE SHEET. 3. PLACE CLASS AA CONCRETE TO 2" BELOW THE TOP OF THE GRATE ELEVATION (SUBSIDIARY TO DRAINAGE
- STRUCTURE). 4. USE ON DRAINAGE STRUCTURES 4' MIN. DIAMETER ONLY.
- 5. TRIM POLYETHYLENE SHEET A MAXIMUM OF 4" OUTSIDE THE FLANGE ON THE FRAME FOR THE CATCH BASIN BEFORE PLACING CONCRETE (EXCEPT AS SHOWN WHEN USED WITH 3-FLANGE FRAME AND CURB).
- 6. THE CENTER OF THE GRATE & FRAME MAY BE SHIFTED A MAXIMUM OF 6" FROM THE CENTER OF THE DOWNSPOUT
- IN ANY DIRECTION.
- 7. PLACED ONLY IN DRAINAGE STRUCTURES IN PAVEMENT. 8. SEE NHDOT DR-04, "DI-DB, UNDERDRAIN FLUSHING BASIN AND POLYETHYLENE LINER DETAILS", FOR
- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. 9. CATCHBASINS WITHIN CITY RIGHT OF WAY SHALL HAVE A POLYETHYLENE LINER

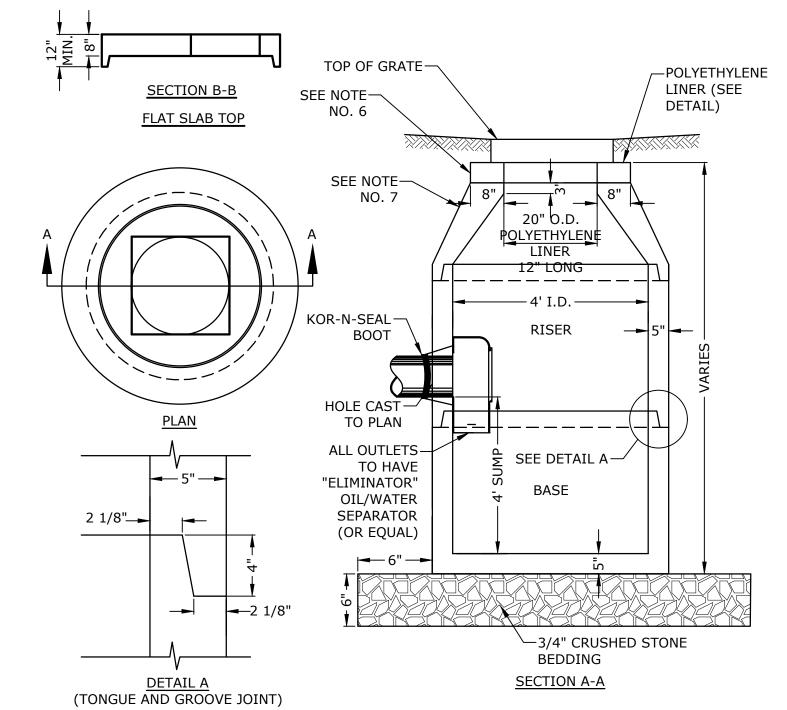
POLYETHYLENE LINER



- 1. ALL SECTIONS SHALL BE 4,000 PSI CONCRETE.
- CIRCUMFERENTIAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE 0.12 SQUARE INCHES PER LINEAR FOOT IN ALL SECTIONS
- AND SHALL BE PLACED IN THE CENTER THIRD OF THE WALL.
- 3. THE TONGUE AND THE GROOVE OF THE JOINT SHALL CONTAIN ONE LINE OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL
- REINFORCEMENT EQUAL TO 0.12 SQUARE INCHES PER LINEAR FOOT. 4. THE STRUCTURES SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR H20 LOADING.
- CONSTRUCT CRUSHED STONE BEDDING AND BACKFILL UNDER (6" MINIMUM THICKNESS)
- 6. THE TONGUE AND GROOVE JOINT SHALL BE SEALED WITH ONE STRIP OF BUTYL RUBBER SEALANT.
- PIPE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON PLANS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED PRIOR TO PRECASTING.
- 8. OUTSIDE EDGES OF PIPES SHALL PROJECT NO MORE THAN 3" BEYOND INSIDE WALL OF STRUCTURE. PRECAST SECTIONS SHALL HAVE A TONGUE AND GROOVE JOINT 4" HIGH AT AN 11° ANGLE CENTERED IN
- THE WIDTH OF THE WALL AND SHALL BE ASSEMBLED USING AN APPROVED FLEXIBLE SEALANT IN JOINTS.
- 10. ALL STRUCTURES WITH MULTIPLE PIPES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 12" OF INSIDE SURFACE BETWEEN HOLES, NO MORE THAN 75% OF A HORIZNTAL CROSS SECTION SHALL BE HOLES, AND THERE SHALL BE NO HOLES CLOSER THAN 3" TO JOINTS.

4' DIAMETER DRAIN MANHOLE

NO SCALE



NOTES:

- ALL SECTIONS SHALL BE CONCRETE CLASS AA(4000 psi).
- CIRCUMFERENTIAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE 0.12 SQ.IN. PER LINEAR FT. IN ALL SECTIONS AND SHALL
- BE PLACED IN THE CENTER THIRD OF THE WALL.
- THE TONGUE AND GROOVE OF THE JOINT SHALL CONTAIN ONE LINE OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL
- REINFORCEMENT EQUAL TO 0.12 SQ. IN. PER LINEAR FT.
- RISERS OF 1', 2', 3' & 4' CAN BE USED TO REACH DESIRED DEPTH. THE STRUCTURES SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR H20 LOADING.
- FITTING FRAME TO GRADE MAY BE DONE WITH PREFABRICATED ADJUSTMENT RINGS OR CLAY BRICKS (2 COURSES MAX.).
- CONE SECTIONS MAY BE EITHER CONCENTRIC OR ECCENTRIC, OR FLAT SLAB TOPS MAY BE USED WHERE PIPE WOULD OTHERWISE ENTER INTO THE CONE SECTION OF THE STRUCTURE AND WHERE PERMITTED.
- PIPE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON PLANS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED PRIOR TO PRECASTING OUTSIDE EDGES OF PIPES SHALL PROJECT NO MORE THAN 3" BEYOND INSIDE WALL OF STRUCTURE.
- PRECAST SECTIONS SHALL HAVE A TONGUE AND GROOVE JOINT 4" HIGH AT AN 11° ANGLE CENTERED IN
- THE WIDTH OF THE WALL AND SHALL BE ASSEMBLED USING AN APPROVED FLEXIBLE SEALANT IN JOINTS. 11. THE TONGUE AND GROOVE JOINT SHALL BE SEALED WITH ONE STRIP OF BUTYL RUBBER SEALANT. 12. "ELIMINATOR" OIL/WATER SEPARATOR SHALL BE INSTALLED TIGHT TO INSIDE OF CATCHBASIN.

4' DIAMETER CATCHBASIN

NO SCALE

Proposed Mixed Use **Development**

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
С	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
В	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmission
Α	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
PROJECT NO: P-0595		P-0595-00
DATE:		December 22, 202

DETAILS SHEET

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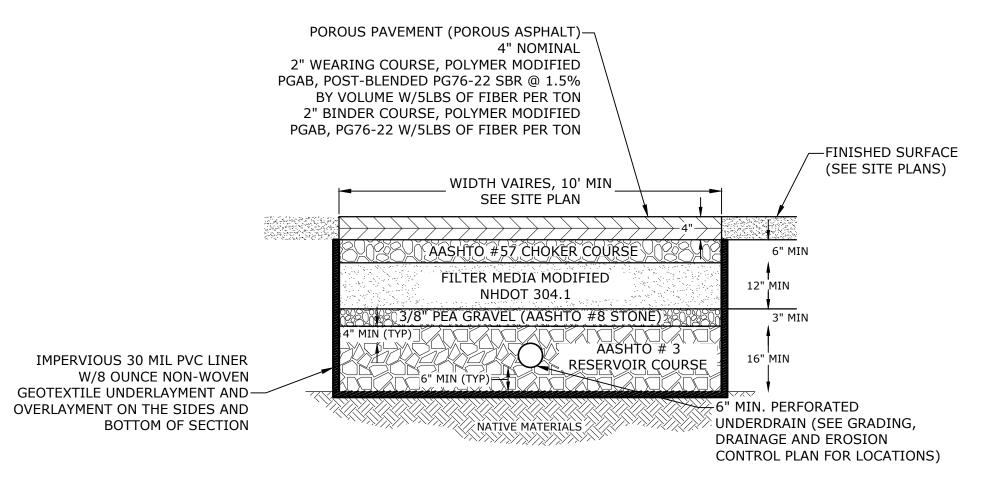
CHECKED BY:

PPROVED BY:

P-0595-007-DTLS.DWG

NAH/PMC

AS SHOWN SCALE:



AASHTO #57 STONE			
(CHOKER COURSE)			
% PASSING			
1- 1 "	100		
1"	95-100		
<u>1</u> "	25-60		
#4	0-10		
#8	0-5		

MODIFIED NHDOT 304.1			
	% PASSING		
6"	100		
#4	70-100		
#200	0-6*		
*PREFERABLY <4%			

AASHTC	AASHTO #8 STONE		
(PEA	(PEA GRAVEL)		
	% PASSING		
<u>1</u> "	100		
<u>3</u> "	85-100		
#4	10-30		
#8	0-10		

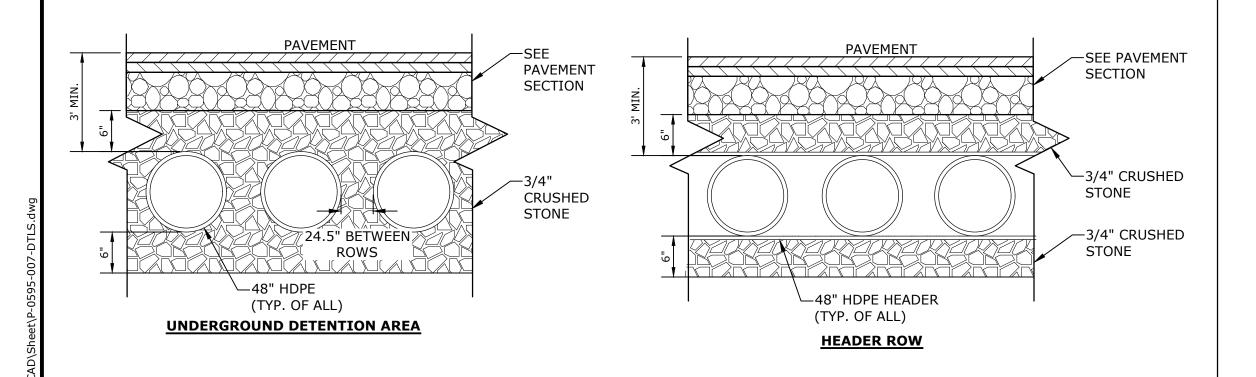
#16 0-5

AASHTO #3 STONE		
(RESERVOIR COURSE)		
	% PASSING	
2-½ "	100	
2"	90-100	
1- 1 "	35-70	
1"	0-15	
<u>1</u> " 2	0-5	

- SEE GRADING, DRAINAGE, UTILITIES AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR PAVEMENT SLOPE AND CROSS-SLOPE.
- POROUS ASPHALT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST SPECIFICATIONS FROM THE UNH STORMWATER CENTER FOR
- POROUS ASPHALT MIX SPECIFIED IS RECOMMENDED BY THE UNH STORMWATER CENTER FOR SITES ANTICIPATING H-20 LOADING.
- FILTER COURSE TO BE INCREASED AS NECESSARY TO MEET PROPOSED GRADES.
- INSTALL FILTER COURSE AGGREGATE IN 8-INCH MAXIMUM LIFTS TO A MAXIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR COMPACTION (ASTM D698 / AASHTO T99). INSTALL AGGREGATE TO GRADES INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- INSTALL CHOKER, GRAVEL, AND STONE BASE COURSE AGGREGATE TO A MAXIMUM OF 95% COMPACTION STANDARD PROCTOR (ASTM D698 / AASHTO T99). CHOKER SHOULD BE PLACED EVENLY OVER SURFACE OF FILTER COURSE BED, SUFFICIENT TO ALLOW PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT, AND NOTIFY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. CHOKER BASE COURSE THICKNESS SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO ALLOW FOR EVEN PLACEMENT OF THE POROUS ASPHALT BUT NO LESS THAN 6-INCHES IN DEPTH.
- THE DENSITY OF SUBBASE COURSES SHALL BE DETERMINED BY AASHTO T 191 (SAND-CONE METHOD), AASHTO T 204 (DRIVE CYLINDER METHOD), OR AASHTO T 238 (NUCLEAR METHODS), OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS AT THE DISCRETION OF THE SUPERVISING ENGINEER.

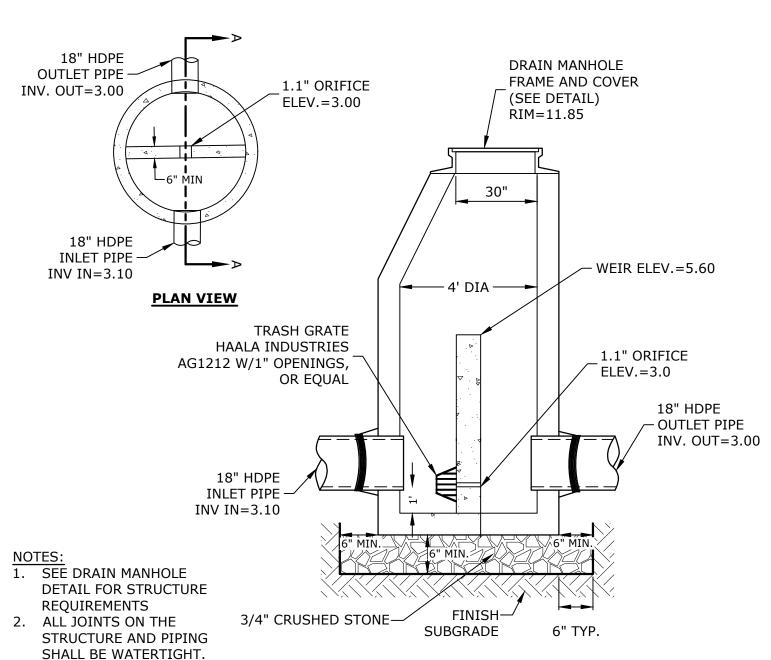
POROUS ASPHALT SECTION

NO SCALE



FIELD ELEVATIONS				
	TOP OF STONE	TOP OF PIPE	BOTTOM OF	BOTTOM OF
	ELEV	ELEV	PIPE ELEV	STONE ELEV
UDB 1	8.25'	7.25'	3.50'	2.75'
UDB 2	8.25'	7.25'	3.50'	2.75'

- 1. UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEM TO BE 48" HDPE PIPE DESIGNED FOR H-20 LOADING. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT
- PIPE SPECIFICATIONS AND FINAL MANUFACTURES DESIGN TO ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL.
- 2. MANUFACTURER TO SUBMIT PLANS STAMPED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NEW
- 3. THE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE SUFFICIENT INSPECTION TO CERTIFY THAT THE SYSTEM HAS BEEN INSTALLED PER THE APPROVED DESIGN PLAN.
- 4. REFER TO STANDARD DUTY PAVEMENT SECTION DETAIL FOR PAVEMENT SECTION.





INLET

FLOATABLES

CONTRACTOR TO GROUT

CONTECH TO PROVIDE

GRADE RING/RISER

TO FINISHED GRADE

INLET PIPE —

BYPASS WEIR

OUTLET PIPE

BOTTOM OF

FLOATABLES

BAFFLE

TOP OF

BAFFLE

BYPASS WEIR

BAY

INLET

OUTLET

OPENING

PLAN VIEW

(TOP SLAB NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY)

TRANSFER

(LOCATION MAY VARY)

WEIR

DRAINDOWN

CARTRIDGE

FRAME AND COVER SHOWN

(TRENCH COVER OPTION IS

TRANSFER

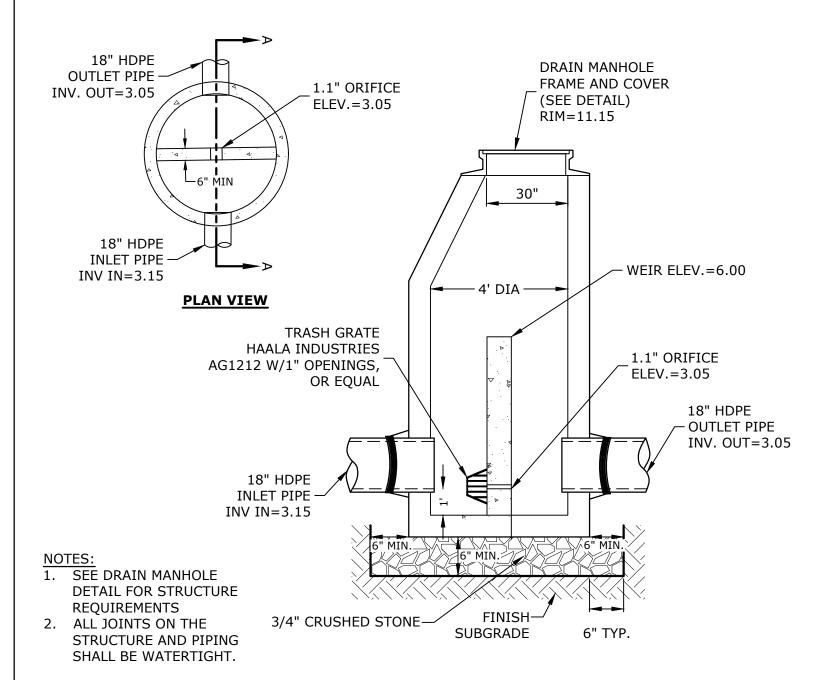
CARTRIDGE

- CARTRIDGE

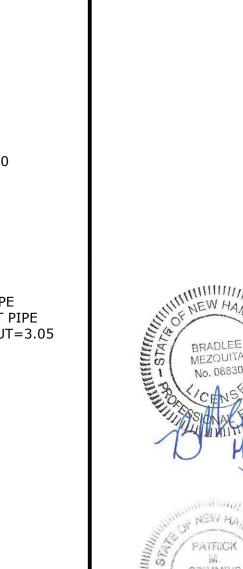
DECK

OPENING

FLUSH WITH TOP OF STRUCTURE)



PDMH6 NO SCALE



Proposed

Mixed Use

Development

North Mill Pond

Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth,

New Hampshire

D 4/21/2021 TAC Resubmission

A 12/1/2020 TAC Work Session

MARK DATE DESCRIPTION

PROJECT NO:

DRAWN BY:

SCALE:

CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

DATE:

3/22/2021 TAC Submission

B 3/10/2021 Design Review Resubmissi

P-0595-00

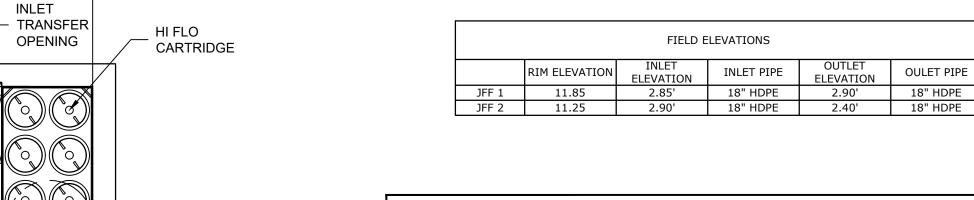
NAH/PMC

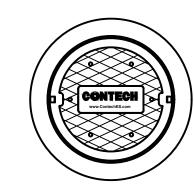
December 22, 2020

AS SHOWN

P-0595-007-DTLS.DW0

Tighe&Bond





JELLYFISH JFPD0806 - DESIGN NOTES					
JELLYFISH TREATMENT CAPACITY IS A FUNCTION OF THE CARTRIDGE LENGTH AND THE NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES. THE STANDARD PEAK DIVERSION STYLE WITH PRECAST TOP SLAB IS SHOWN. ALTERNATE OFFLINE VAULT AND/OR SHALLOW ORIENTATIONS ARE AVAILABLE. PEAK CONVEYANCE CAPACITY TO BE DETERMINED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD CARTRIDGE SELECTION					
CARTRIDGE LENGTH	54"	40"	27"	15"	
OUTLET INVERT TO STRUCTURE INVERT (A)	6'-6"	5'-4"	4'-3"	3'-3"	
FLOW RATE HI-FLO / DRAINDOWN (CFS) (PER CART)	0.178 / 0.089	0.133 / 0.067	0.089 / 0.045	0.049 / 0.025	
MAX. TREATMENT (CFS)	1.96	1.47	0.98	0.54	
DECK TO INSIDE TOP (MIN) (B)	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	

	<u>SITE SPECII</u> DATA REQUIRE	
CONTECH	STRUCTURE ID	JI
www.ContechES.com	MODEL SIZE	JFPI
	WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (cfs)	2
	PEAK FLOW RATE (cfs)	26
	RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (yrs)	
	# OF CARTRIDGES REQUIRED (HF / DD)	1

- <u>GENERAL NOTES:</u>

 1. CONTECH TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 2. FOR SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS WITH DETAILED STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CONTECH ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS
- REPRESENTATIVE. www.ContechES.com 3. JELLYFISH WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL DESIGN DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING. CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM STRUCTURE MEETS REQUIREMENTS OF PROJECT.
- 4. STRUCTURE SHALL MEET AASHTO HS-20 OR PER APPROVING JURISDICTION REQUIREMENTS, WHICHEVER IS MORE STRINGENT, ASSUMING EARTH COVER OF 0' - 3', AND GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AT, OR BELOW, THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. ENGINEER OF RECORD TO CONFIRM ACTUAL
- GROUNDWATER ELEVATION. CASTINGS SHALL MEET AASHTO M306 LOAD RATING AND BE CAST WITH THE CONTECH LOGO 5. STRUCTURE SHALL BE PRECAST CONCRETE CONFORMING TO ASTM C-478 AND AASHTO LOAD FACTOR DESIGN METHOD.
- 6. OUTLET PIPE INVERT IS EQUAL TO THE CARTRIDGE DECK ELEVATION. 7. THE OUTLET PIPE DIAMETER FOR NEW INSTALLATIONS IS TO BE ONE PIPE SIZE LARGER THAN THE INLET PIPE AT EQUAL OR GREATER SLOPE.

RECORD.

INSTALLATION NOTES

A. ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY

8. NO PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE ACCEPTED UNLESS SUBMITTED 10 DAYS PRIOR TO PROJECT BID DATE, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OF

- B. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND REACH CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE STRUCTURE (LIFTING CLUTCHES
- C. CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL AND LEVEL THE STRUCTURE, SEALING THE JOINTS, LINE ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS (NON-SHRINK GROUT WITH APPROVED
- WATERSTOP OR FLEXIBLE BOOT) D. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO PROTECT CARTRIDGES FROM CONSTRUCTION-RELATED EROSION RUNOFF. E. CARTRIDGE INSTALLATION, BY CONTECH, SHALL OCCUR ONLY AFTER SITE HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND THE JELLYFISH UNIT IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS. CONTACT CONTECH TO COORDINATE CARTRIDGE INSTALLATION WITH SITE STABILIZATION AT (866) 740-3318.

Jellyfish Filter THIS PRODUCT MAY BE PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENT NO. 8,287,726, 8,221,618 & US 8,123,935; OTHER INTERNATIONAL PATENTS PENDING

9025 Centre Pointe Dr., Suite 400, West Chester, OH 4506

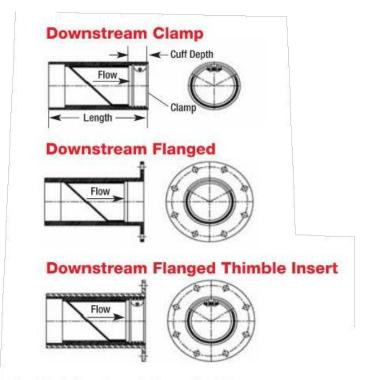
DETAILS SHEET

C-505

UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSYTEM DETAIL

- TRANSFER OPENING **ELEVATION VIEW** JELLYFISH JFPD0806

CONTECH JELLYFISH STORMWATER FILTER



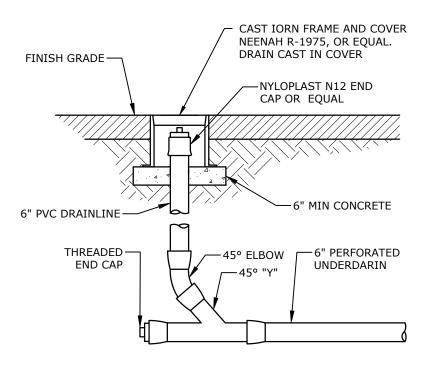
CheckMates® can be made for any pipe I.D. Built to fit in sizes from 3" to 78".

					CHECKMA	TE® VALV	ΙE				
		MINAL SIZE I.D.	O.	VERALL ENGTH*	NUMBER	ď	CUFF DEPTH	BACK P	RESSURE TING**	WE	GHT
	Inches	Millimeters	Inches	Millimeters	OF CLAMPS	Inches	Millimeters	Feet	Meters	lbs	Kg
	12	300	19.8	503	11	2.0	51	68	20.1	37	17
	14	350	25.8	655	1 1	4.0	102	64	20.0	110	50
ard	16	400	28.6	726	1 1	4.0	102	60	18.3	133	52
Standard Pressure	18	450	31.0	787	1 1	4.0	102	56	17.1	143	65
TO E	20	500	42.1	1069	2	8.0	203	53	16.2	223	102
	24	600	47.5	1207	2	8.0	203	45	13.7	304	137

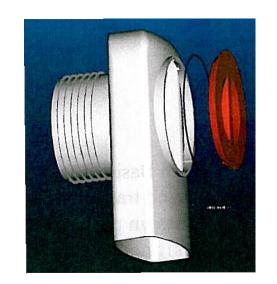
NOTES:

- 1. PIPES WHERE NOTED TO HAVE TIDEFLEX, CHECKMATE INLINE CHECK VALVES
- MANUFACTURED BY REDVALVE, OR EQUAL
- 2. CHECK VALVES SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE MANUFACTURERS INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS

ON-SITE BACK FLOW PREVENTER NO SCALE

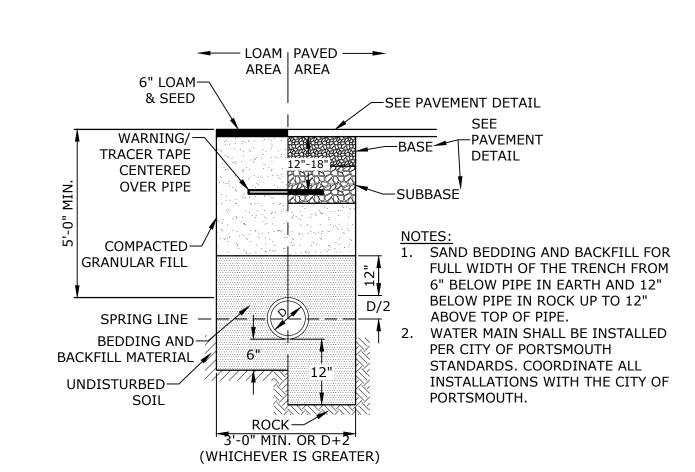


DRAIN CLEAN-OUT NO SCALE



- 1. ALL CATCH BASIN OUTLETS TO HAVE "ELIMINATOR" OIL AND FLOATING DEBRIS TRAP MANUFACTURED BY KLEANSTREAM (NO EQUAL)
- 2. INSTALL DEBRIS TRAP TIGHT TO INSIDE OF STRUCTURE.
- 3. 1/4" HOLE SHALL BE DRILLED IN TOP OF DEBRIS TRAP

"ELIMINATOR" OIL



WATER TRENCH



Tighe&Bond



FLOATING DEBRIS TRAP

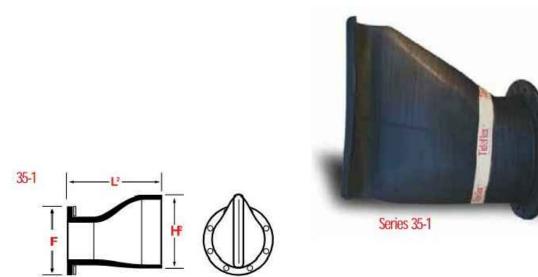
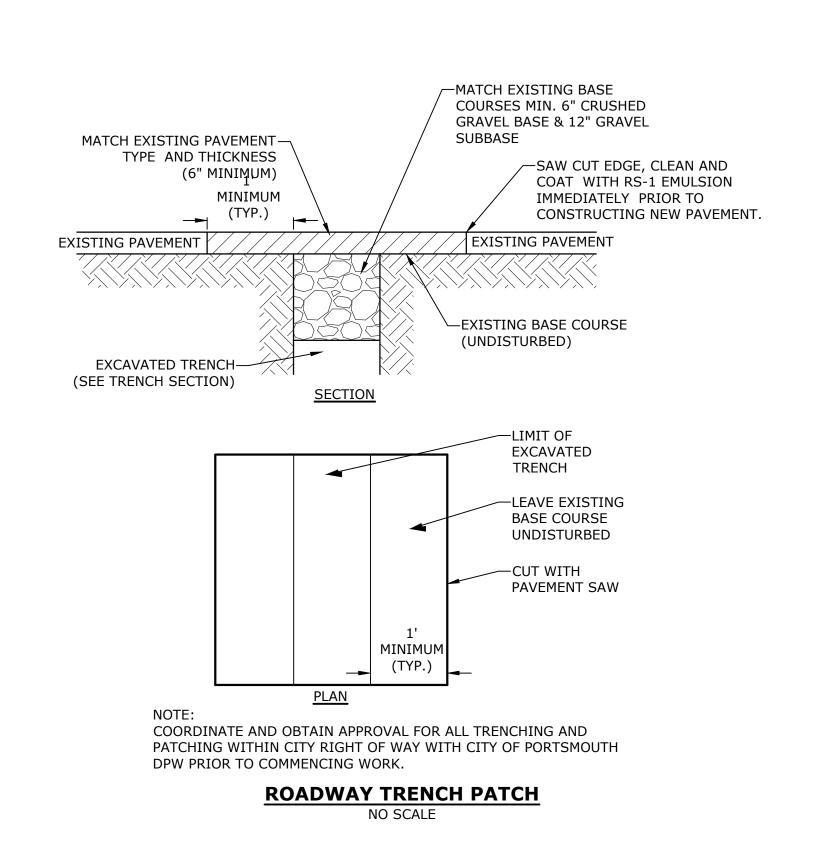
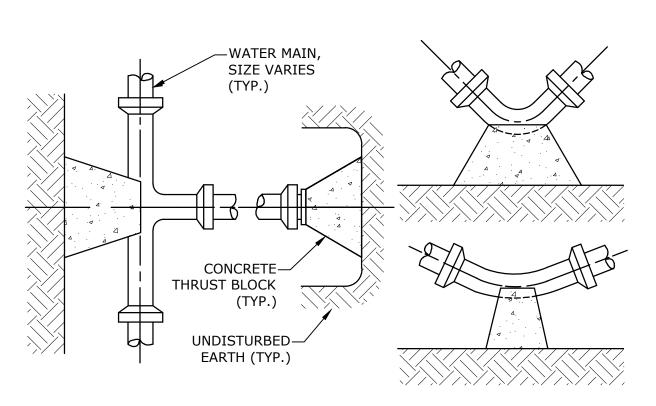


Table 1		SERIES	35-1
Flange Size (ANSI)	Flange Q.D.	Length	Bill Height
18	25	40	34
20	27 1/2	48	37
24	32	52	44
30	38 3/4	62	55

- 1. CONCRETE HEADWALL TO HAVE TIDEFLEX CHECK VALVE MANUFACTURED BY REDVALVE AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DPW.
- 2. CHECK VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED USING A FLANGED BOLT ON CONNECTION PER
- THE MANUFACTURERS INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS.
- 3. END OF PIPE SHALL BE FLUSH WITH CONCRETE HEADWALL AND BE GROUTED PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF THE CHECK VALVE.

CITY OUTLET BACK FLOW PREVENTER NO SCALE





200psi	SQUARE FEET OF CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKING BEARING ON UNDISTURBED MATERIAL								
	REACTION	PIPE SIZE							
	TYPE	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"			
PRESSURE	A 90°	0.89	2.19	3.82	11.14	17.24			
RES	B 180°	0.65	1.55	2.78	8.38	12.00			
. I	C 45°	0.48	1.19	2.12	6.02	9.32			
TEST	D 22-1/2°	0.25	0.60	1.06	3.08	4.74			
-	E 11-1/4°	0.13	0.30	0.54	1.54	2.38			

- 1. POUR THRUST BLOCKS AGAINST UNDISTURBED MATERIAL, WHERE TRENCH WALL HAS BEEN DISTURBED, EXCAVATE LOOSE MATERIAL AND EXTEND THRUST BLOCK TO UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. NO JOINTS SHALL BE COVERED WITH CONCRETE.
- 2. ON BENDS AND TEES, EXTEND THRUST BLOCKS FULL LENGTH OF
- 3. PLACE BOARD IN FRONT OF ALL PLUGS BEFORE POURING THRUST
- 4. WHERE M.J. PIPE IS USED, M.J. PLUG WITH RETAINER GLAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR END BLOCKINGS.
- 5. INSTALLATION AND STANDARD DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE WITH CITY OF PORTSMOUTH WATER DEPARTMENT STANDARDS.

THRUST BLOCKING DETAIL

NO SCALE

Proposed
Mixed Use
Developmen

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
С	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
В	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmiss
Α	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
PROJE	CT NO:	P-0595-0
DATE:	•	December 22, 20

DETAILS SHEET

P-0595-007-DTLS.DWG

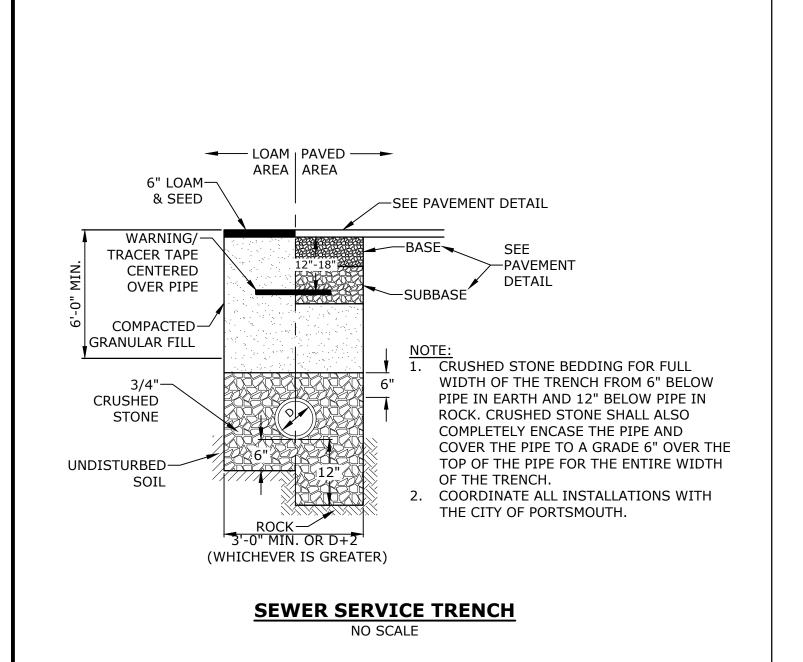
NAH/PMC

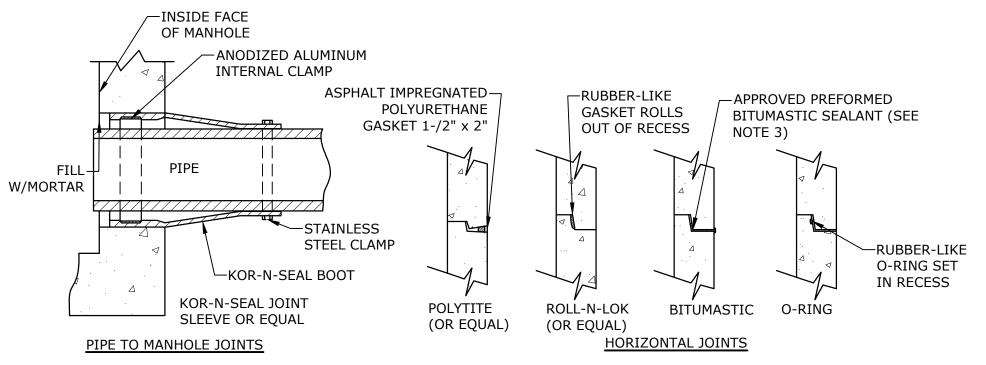
AS SHOWN SCALE:

DRAWN BY:

CHECKED BY:

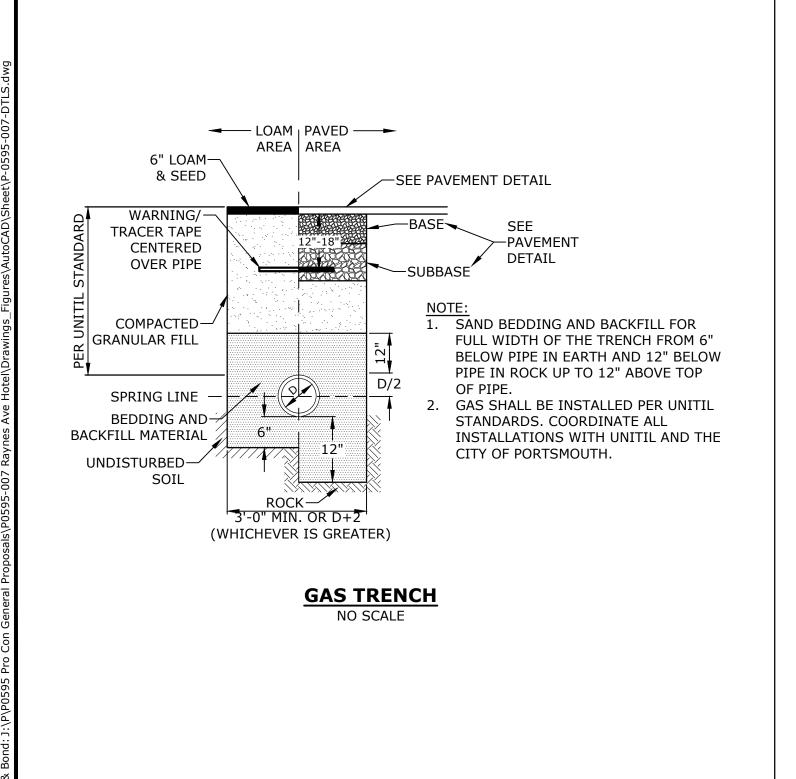
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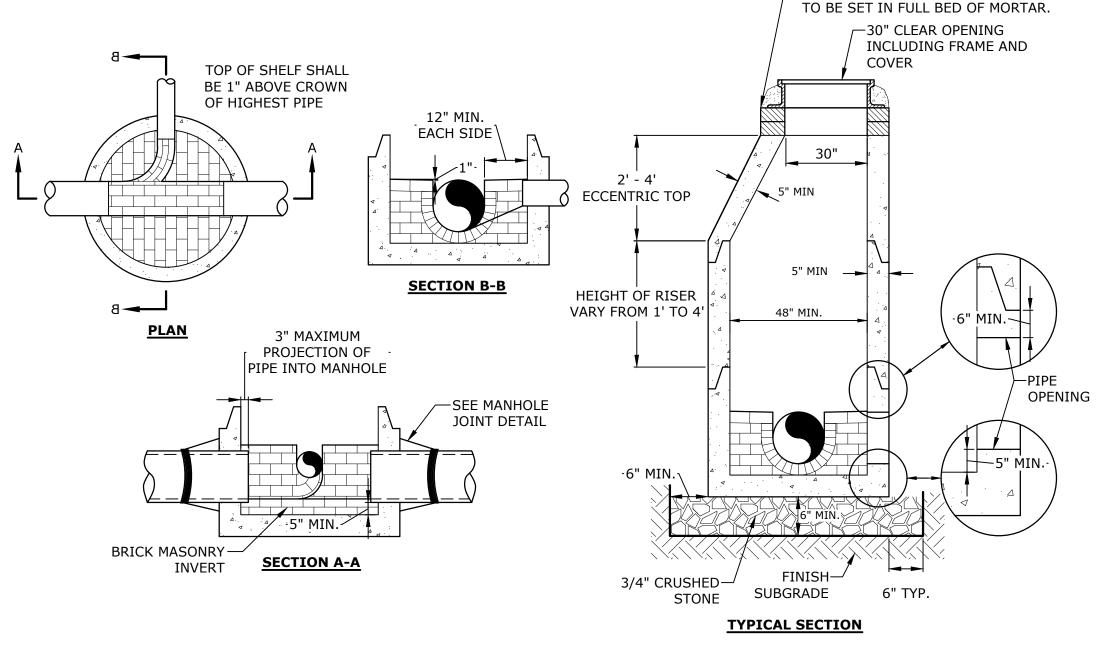




- 1. HORIZONTAL JOINTS BETWEEN THE SECTIONS OF PRECAST CONCRETE BARRELS SHALL BE PER CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DPW STANDARD AND SHALL BE SEALED FOR WATERTIGHTNESS USING A DOUBLE ROW ELASTOMERIC OR MASTIC-LIKE GASKET.
- PIPE TO MANHOLE JOINTS SHALL BE PER CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARD. FOR BITUMASTIC TYPE JOINTS THE AMOUNT OF SEALANT SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO FILL AT LEAST 75% OF THE JOINT CAVITY.
- 4. ALL GASKETS, SEALANTS, MORTAR, ETC. SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS' WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS.

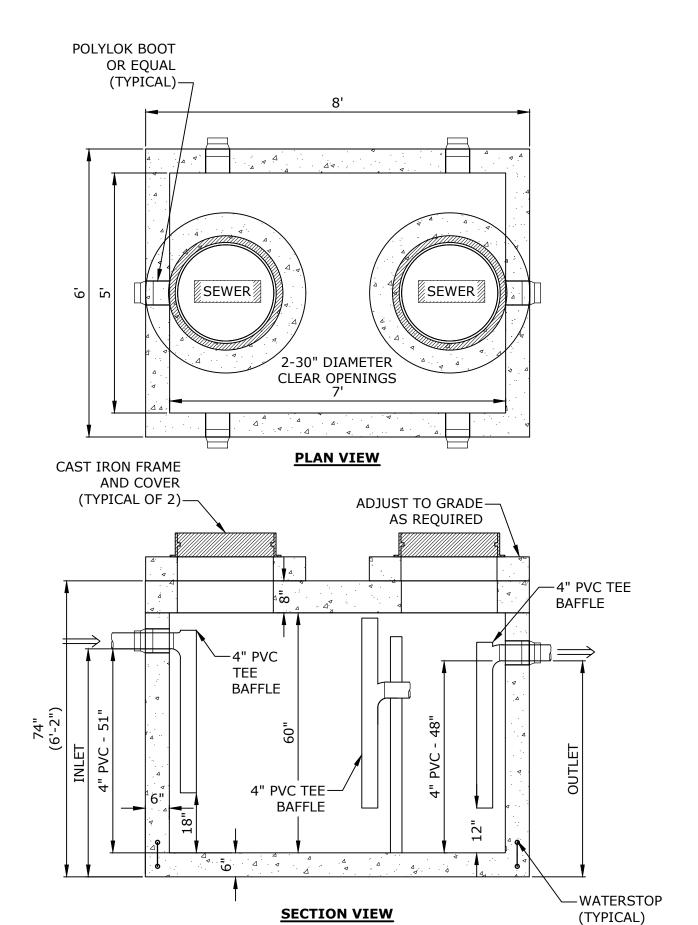
MANHOLE JOINTS





- 1. INVERT AND SHELF TO BE PLACED AFTER EACH LEAKAGE TEST.
- 2. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO INSURE THAT THE BRICK INVERT IS A SMOOTH CONTINUATION OF THE SEWER INVERT.
- 3. INVERT BRICKS SHALL BE LAID ON EDGE.
- 4. TWO (2) COATS OF BITUMINOUS WATERPROOF COATING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ENTIRE EXTERIOR OF MANHOLE.
- 5. FRAMES AND COVERS: MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS WITHIN CITY RIGHT OF WAY SHALL BE CITY STANDARD HINGE COVERS MANUFACTURED BY EJ. FRAMES AND COVERS WILL BE PURCHASED FROM THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. ALL OTHER MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL BE OF HEAVY DUTY DESIGN AND PROVIDE A 30-INCH CLEAR OPENING. A 3-INCH (MINIMUM
- HEIGHT) WORD "SEWER" SHALL BE PLAINLY CAST INTO THE CENTER OF EACH COVER. 6. HORIZONTAL JOINTS SHALL BE SEALED FOR WATER TIGHTNESS USING A DOUBLE ROW OF ELASTOMERIC OR MASTIC-LIKE SEALANT.
- 7. BARREL AND CONE SECTIONS SHALL BE PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE DESIGNED FOR H20 LOADING, AND CONFORMING TO ASTM C478-06.

SEWER MANHOLE

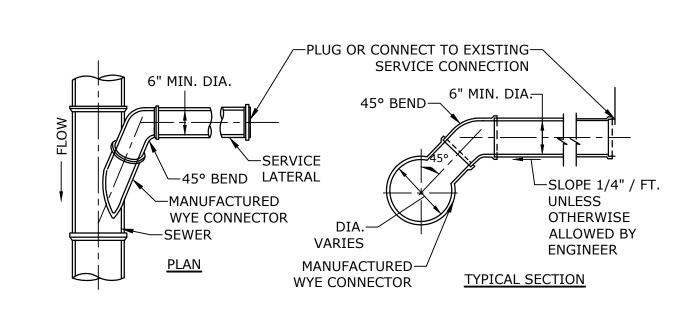


-ADJUST TO GRADE WITH NOT MORE

THAN 12" OF BRICK MASONRY, FRAME

- 1. STEEL REINFORCEMENT SHALL CONFORM TO LATEST ASTM SPECIFICATIONS: ASTM-A615 GRADE 60 REBAR.
- CONCRETE SHALL BE F_C =5,000 PSI @ 28 DAYS MINIMUM.
- FLEXIBLE SLEEVES SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL PIPE CONNECTIONS. 4. JOINT SHALL BE SEALED WITH ONE STRIP OF BUTYL RUBBER SEALANT.
- INLET SHALL PENETRATE AT LEAST 9" BELOW THE LIQUID LEVEL, BUT NOT DEEPER THAN THE OUTLET BAFFLE.
- OUTLET SHALL EXTEND BELOW THE SURFACE OF THE LIQUID EQUAL TO 40% OF THE LIQUID DEPTH (19"). DESIGN LOADING SHALL BE: AASHTO-HS20-44, ASTM C-890-06.
- 8. DESIGN SPECIFIED AS: ASTM C-1227-08, ASTM C-913-08.
- 9. FRAMES AND COVERS: MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS WITHIN CITY RIGHT OF WAY SHALL BE CITY STANDARD HINGE COVERS MANUFACTURED BY EJ. FRAMES AND COVERS WILL BE PURCHASED FROM THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. ALL OTHER MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL BE OF HEAVY DUTY DESIGN AND PROVIDE A 30-INCH CLEAR OPENING. A 3-INCH (MINIMUM HEIGHT) WORD "SEWER" SHALL BE PLAINLY CAST INTO THE CENTER OF EACH COVER.
- 10. GREASE TRAP SHALL BE PHOENIX PRECAST CONCRETE P/N: C-6420 OR EQUAL.
- 11. TANK SHALL BE PUMPED AS NEEDED.

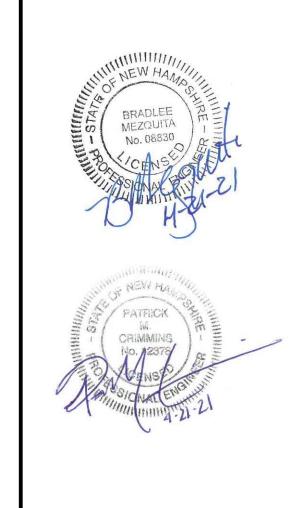
1,000 GALLON GREASE TRAP NO SCALE



STANDARD SERVICE LATERAL CONNECTION

NO SCALE

Tighe&Bond



Proposed Mixed Use **Development**

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
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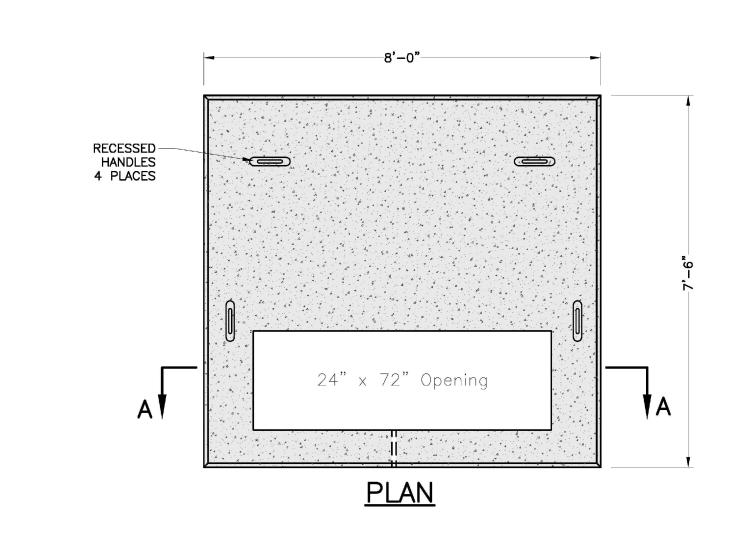
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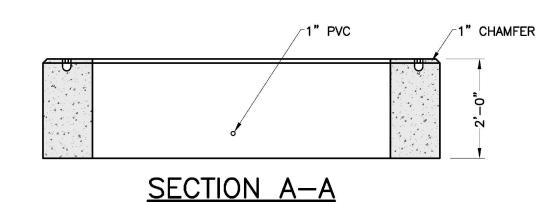
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DETAILS SHEET

NAH/PMC

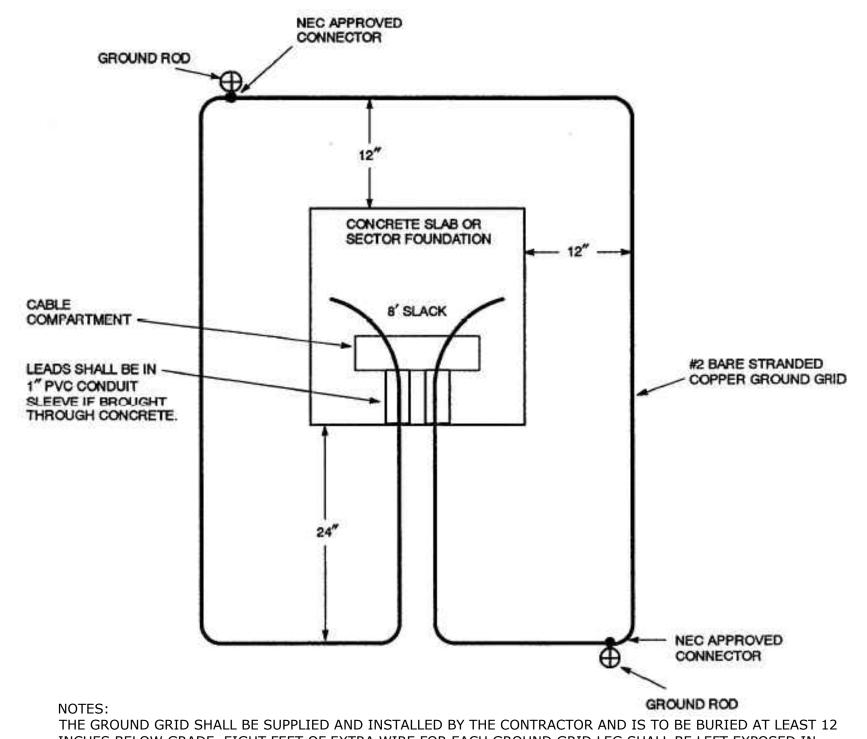
AS SHOWN SCALE:





- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONS SHOWN REPRESENT TYPICAL REQUIREMENTS. MANHOLE LOCATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH EVERSOURCE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION
- 2. CONCRETE MINIMUM STRENGTH 4,000 PSI @ 28 DAYS
- 3. STEEL REINFORCEMENT ASTM A615,
- 4. PAD MEETS OR EXCEEDS EVERSOURCE
- SPECIFICATIONS

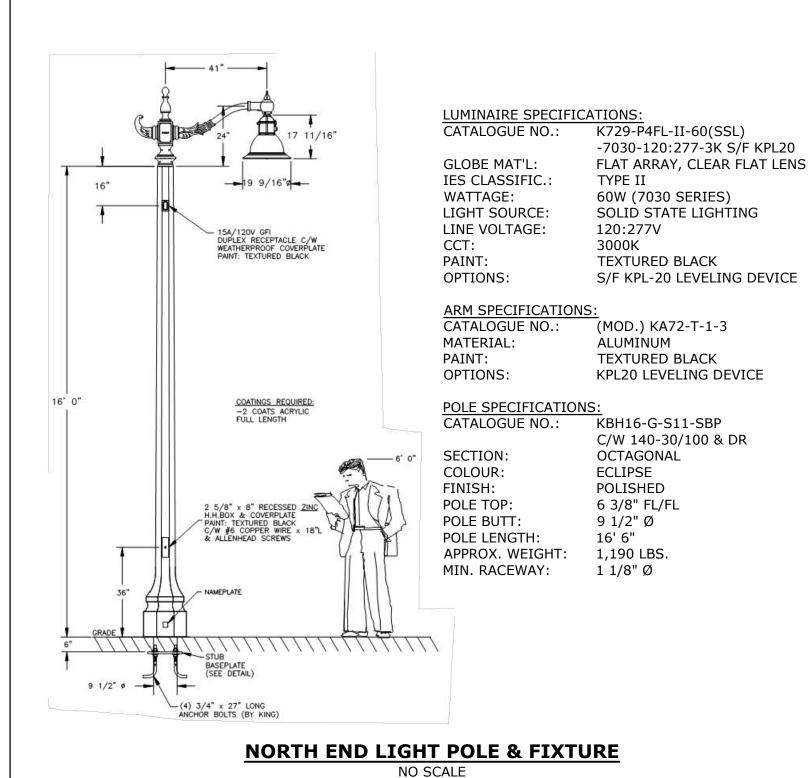
3-PHASE TRANSFORMER PAD NO SCALE



INCHES BELOW GRADE. EIGHT FEET OF EXTRA WIRE FOR EACH GROUND GRID LEG SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED IN THE CABLE COMPARTMENT TO ALLOW FOR THE CONNECTION TO THE TRANSFORMER. THE TWO 8-FOOT GROUND RODS MAY BE EITHER GALVANIZED STEEL OR COPPERWELD AND THEY SHALL BE CONNECTED TO THE GRID WITH NEC APPROVED CONNECTORS.

PAD-MOUNTED EQUIPMENT GROUNDING GRID DETAIL

NO SCALE



Tighe&Bond

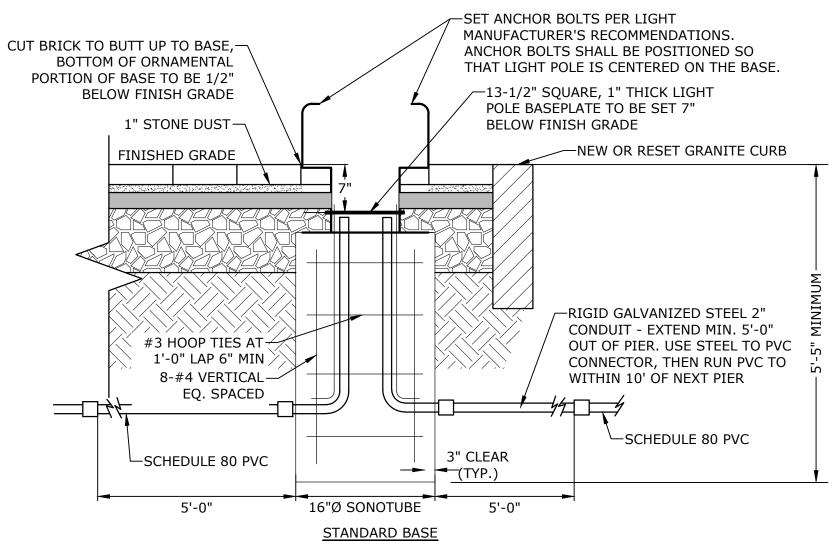




LOAM PAVED AREA | AREA -SEE TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONS (SHEET R-4) 6" COMPACTED-LOAM AND SEED SEE TYPICAL >PAVEMENT CROSS −SUBBASE ∕ COMPACTED-SECTIONS GRANULAR FILL 3" (MIN.) —2 - 1-1/2" STREET LIGHTING CONDUIT ∠2 - 3" CABLE CONDUITS BURIED CABLE SAFETY RIBBON £000 0 @ 9 - 5" ELECTRICAL 000 00 CONDUITS UNDISTURBED SOIL--2 - 3" TELEPHONE CONDUITS 2" MIN. 8" MIN\ 3" MIN. -SAND BEDDING (SEE NOTE 8)

- NUMBER, MATERIAL, AND SIZE OF UTILITY CONDUITS TO BE DETERMINED BY LOCAL UTILITY OR AS SHOWN ON ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ONE SPARE CONDUIT FOR EACH UTILITY TO BUILDING.
- DIMENSIONS SHOWN REPRESENT OWNERS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY BE GREATER BASED ON UTILITY COMPANY STANDARDS, BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN THOSE SHOWN. NO CONDUIT RUN SHALL EXCEED 360 DEGREES IN TOTAL BENDS.
- A SUITABLE PULLING STRING, CAPABLE OF 200 POUNDS OF PULL, MUST BE INSTALLED IN THE CONDUIT BEFORE UTILITY COMPANY IS NOTIFIED TO INSTALL CABLE. THE STRING SHOULD BE BLOWN INTO THE CONDUIT AFTER THE RUN IS ASSEMBLED TO AVOID BONDING THE STRING TO THE CONDUIT.
- UTILITY COMPANY MUST BE GIVEN THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE CONDUIT PRIOR TO BACKFILL. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL REPAIRS SHOULD THE UTILITY COMPANY BE UNABLE TO
- INSTALL ITS CABLE IN A SUITABLE MANNER. ALL CONDUIT INSTALLATIONS MUST CONFORM TO THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC SAFETY CODE, STATE AND LOCAL CODES AND ORDINANCES, AND, WHERE APPLICABLE, THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE.
- 7. ALL 90° SWEEPS WILL BE MADE USING RIGID GALVANIZED STEEL. SWEEPS WITH A 36 TO 48 INCH RADIUS.
- SAND BEDDING TO BE REPLACED WITH CONCRETE ENCASEMENT WHERE COVER IS LESS THAN 3 FEET, WHEN LOCATED BELOW PAVEMENT, OR WHERE SHOWN ON THE UTILITIES PLAN.

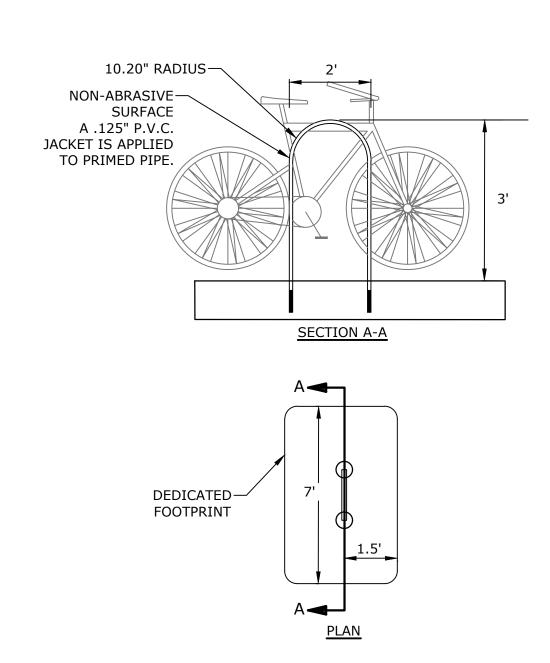
ELECTRICAL AND COMMUNICATION CONDUIT NO SCALE



- 1. REFER TO ELECTRICAL PLANS FOR WIRING DETAILS.
- CONCRETE: 4000 PSI, AIR ENTRAINED STEEL: 60 KSI
- 3. LIGHT POLE FOUNDATIONS SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF BRICK PAVERS. 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR APPROVAL, TO INCLUDE PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS,
- CALCULATIONS AND NH LICENSED STRUCTURAL ENGINEER'S STAMP FOR LIGHT POLE FOUNDATION. STANDARD BASE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED UNLESS THERE IS CONFLICT WITH THE EXISTING DUCT BANK.
- SPREAD FOOTING BASE SHALL BE USED IN LIEU OF STANDARD BASE IN LOCATIONS WHERE TOP OF DUCT BANK ELEVATION WILL CONFLICT WITH STANDARD POLE BASE DEPTH. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATIONS WHERE SPREAD FOOTINGS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. SEE NOTE#4 FOR SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS.

NORTH END LIGHT FIXTURE BASE

NO SCALE



BIKE RACK

NO SCALE

Portsmouth,

New Hampshire

Proposed

Mixed Use

Development

North Mill Pond

Holdings, LLC

D 4/21/2021 TAC Resubmission C 3/22/2021 TAC Submission B 3/10/2021 Design Review Resubmiss A 12/1/2020 TAC Work Session MARK DATE DESCRIPTION

PROJECT NO: P-0595-00 December 22, 202 DATE: P-0595-007-DTLS.DW0 DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: NAH/PMC APPROVED BY:

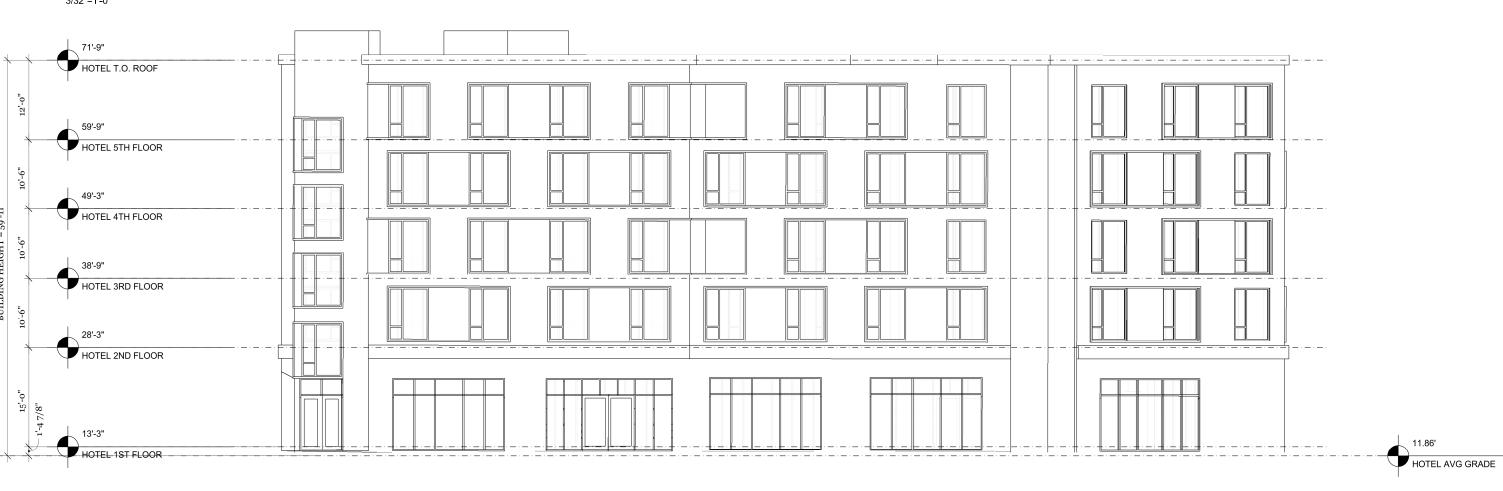
DETAILS SHEET

AS SHOWN SCALE:

OVERALL ELEVATIONS 1/16"=1'-0"



MIXED USE ELEVATION 3/32"=1'-0"



HOTEL ELEVATION
3/32"=1'-0"



ROPOSED MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT intermouth, NH

	Rayı Port
e	Issue Description
	PROFESSIONA

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

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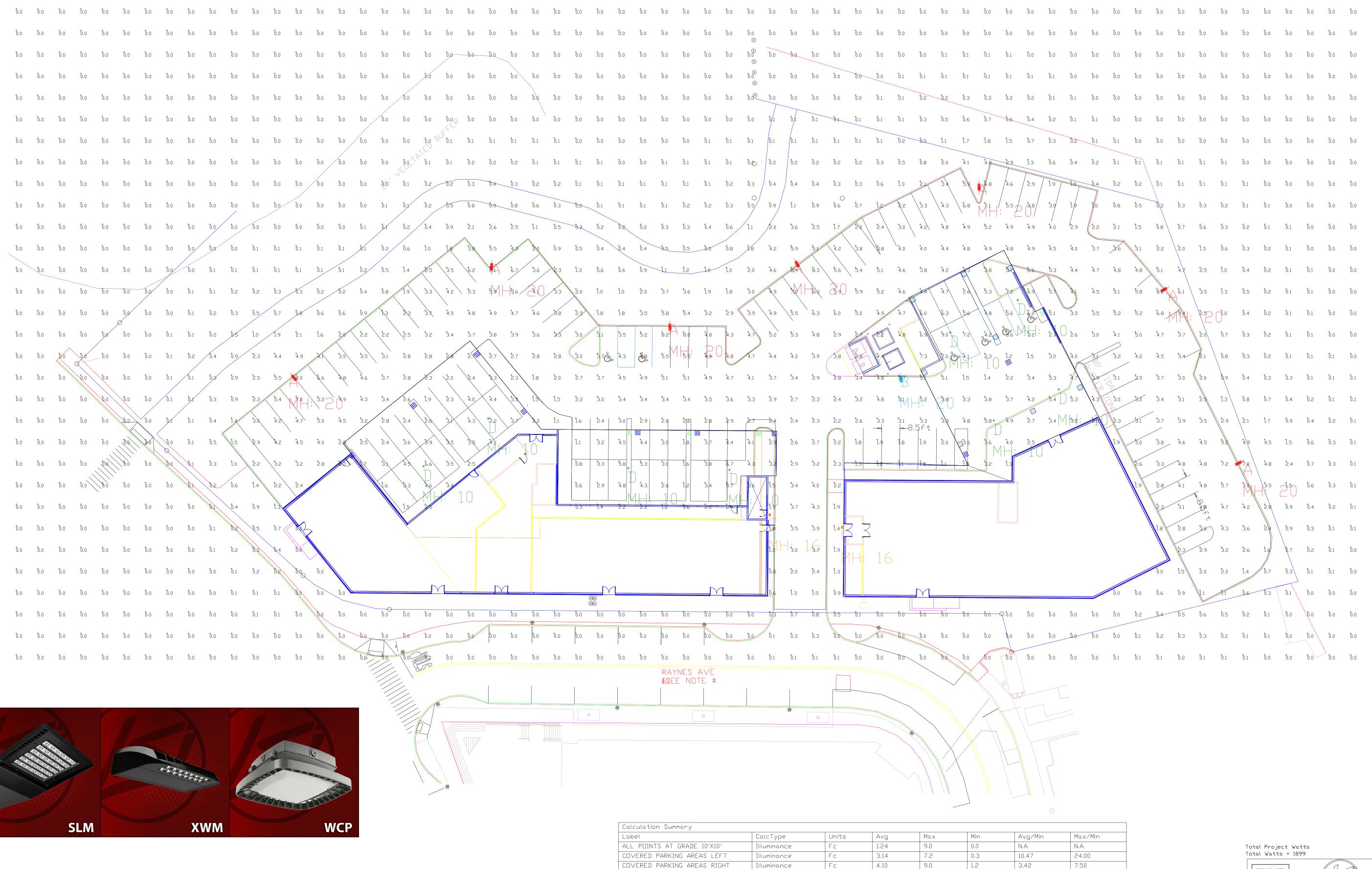
Architect: JAL

Drawn By: Author

Project No.: XXX

Drawing Sheet
A3.00

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Based on the information provided, all dimensions and luminaire locations shown represent recommended positions. The engineer and/or architect must determine the applicability of the layout to existing or future field conditions.

This lighting plan represents illumination levels calculated from laboratory data taken under controlled conditions in accordance with The Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) approved methods. Actual performance of any manufacturer's luminaires may vary due to changes in electrical voltage, tolerance in lamps/LED's and other variable field conditions. Calculations do not include obstructions such as buildings, curbs, landscaping, or any other architectural elements unless noted. Fixture nomenclature noted does not include mounting hardware or poles. This drawing is for photometric evaluation purposes only and should not be used as a construction document or as a final document for ordering product.

Luminaire Sc	thedule								
Symbol	Qty	Label	Arrangement	Description	LLD	UDF	LLF	Arr. Lum. Lumens	Arr. Watts
	7	А	SINGLE	SLM-LED-24L-SIL-FT-40-70CRI-SINGLE-20'MH	1.000	1.000	0.940	25010	188.8
	1	В	SINGLE	SLM-LED-24L-SIL-5W-40-70CRI-SINGLE-20'MH	1.000	1.000	0.940	23667	188.8
	2	С	SINGLE	XWM-3-LED-04L-40-16'MH	1.000	1.000	0.980	4124	29.5
→	8	D	SINGLE	CPG-LED-5L-CA-W-40-10'MH	1.000	1.000	0.900	5527	41.2

Illuminance

3,81

Fc

8.3

3,81

8.30

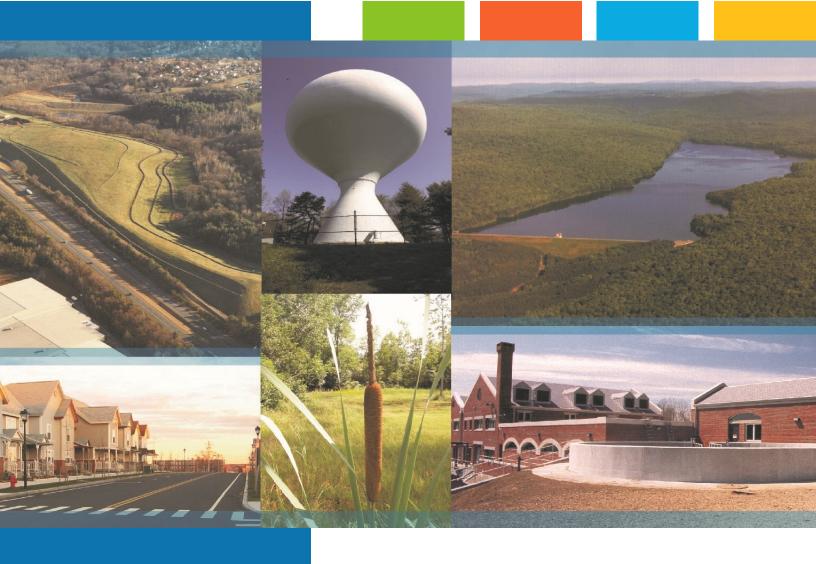
OPEN PARKING SUMMARY





LIGHTING PROPOSAL	LD-153488
XSS HOTELS PORTSMOUTH, NH	

BY:GEF	DATE:3/24/21	REV:	SHEET 1
BTIGET	DATE:3724721	RE V:	□F 1
SCALE: 1"=	=20′	0	20
JOHNEL I			



Proposed Mixed Use Development Raynes Avenue Portsmouth, NH

Drainage Analysis

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

March 22, 2021 Last Revised: April 21, 2021

Tighe&Bond



Section	on 1 Pi	roject Description
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Section	on 3 Po	ost-Development Conditions
		Post-Development Calculations
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i	в Е	extreme Precipitation Tables

Section 1 Project Description

The proposed project is located at 1 Raynes Avenue, 31 Raynes Avenue & 203 Maplewood Avenue and is comprised of four (4) parcels that are bounded by Raynes Avenue to the south, Maplewood Avenue to the west, North Mill Pond to the north, and municipal land to the east, which is the future site of the North Mill Pond community park. The existing parcels are listed below.

Tax Map/Lot No.	Area (ac)
123 / 10	0.170
123 / 12	0.140
123 / 13	1.323
123 / 14	0.906

The proposed project will include the construction of two (2) 5-story buildings. The first is a mixed-use residential building that has a first-floor residential lobby and two (2) commercial spaces, and 60 upper floor residential units. The second is a hotel building with 128 rooms at the corner of Raynes Ave and Vaughan Street. The project will include associated site improvements such as paving, utilities, lighting, landscaping and community space. The community space will be located on the land between North Mill Pond's mean high water (MHW) line to the 50ft buffer and will be deeded to the City of Portsmouth as community space designated for the City's North Mill Pond Trail project.

1.1 On-Site Soil Description

The site is a highly disturbed site along the North Mill Pond. The property shows evidence of what appears to be very old filling and grading associated with the existing development. The site consists of terrain that is generally flat and slopes from the south and west to the north to North Mill Pond. The existing property has an approximate high point of elevation of 14 near the corner of the property at the intersection of Raynes Ave and Maplewood Ave

A site specific soils survey was conducted by Leonard Lord, PhD, CSS, CWS of Tighe & Bond, Inc and can be found in Appendix A of this Report. Based on the soil survey, the runoff analyzed within these studies has been modeled using mostly Hydrologic Soil Group C soils and some portions of Hydrologic Soil Group A soils, as much of the site is comprised of Udorthents with two drainage classifications, moderately poorly drained soils and portions of well drained soils.

1.2 Pre- and Post-Development Comparison

The pre-development and post-development watershed areas have been analyzed at one point of analysis. While the point of analysis has remained unchanged, the contributing sub-catchment areas varied between pre-development and post-development conditions. These adjustments were made to reflect the differences in drainage patterns between the existing and proposed conditions. The overall area analyzed as part of this drainage analysis was held constant. PA-1 assesses flows that discharge directly to North Mill Pond via overland flow or various outlets.

Since North Mill Pond is a tidal water, NHDES does not require peak runoff control requirements to be met (Env-Wq 1507.06(d)). However, detention systems are included on the development site for the purpose of mitigating temperature differences between the stormwater runoff and the North Mill Pond, therefore peak runoff requirements have been met and can be found in section 4 of this report.

1.3 Calculation Methods

The design storms analyzed in this study are the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year 24-hour duration storm events. The stormwater modeling system, HydroCAD 10.0 was utilized to predict the peak runoff rates from these storm events. The peak discharge rates were determined by analyzing Type III 24-hour storm events. The rainfall data for these storm events was obtained from the data published by the Northeast Regional Climate Center at Cornell University, with an additional 15% added factor of safety as required by Env-Wq 1503.08(I).

The time of concentration was computed using the TR-55 Method, which provides a means of determining the time for an entire watershed to contribute runoff to a specific location via sheet flows, shallow concentrated flow and channel flow. Runoff curve numbers were calculated by estimating the coverage areas and then summing the curve number for the coverage area as a percent of the entire watershed.

References:

- 1. HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System, by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC, Chocorua, New Hampshire.
- 2. New Hampshire Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008.
- 3. "Extreme Precipitation in New York & New England." Extreme Precipitation in New York & New England by Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC), 26 June 2012.

Section 2 Pre-Development Conditions

To analyze the pre-development condition, the site has been divided into one (1) distinct points of analysis (PA-1). This point of analysis and watershed is depicted on the plan entitled "Pre-Development Watershed Plan", Sheet C-801.

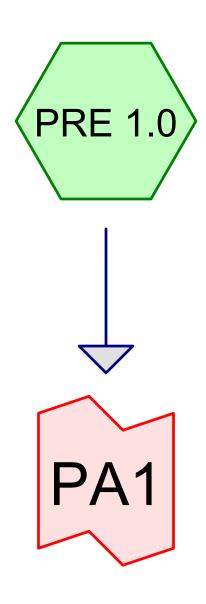
The point of analysis and its contributing watershed areas are described below:

Point of Analysis (PA-1)

Pre-development Watershed 1.0 (PRE 1.0) is comprised of mostly impervious surfaces from paved parking and structures, as well as some disturbed forested areas to the northeast, and a run down pier. Banks along the shoreline of North Mill Pond consist of lawn, various species associated with disturbed sites, and rip rap slope. Runoff from this watershed area travels via overland flow or underground drainage system to discharge into North Mill Pond. The runoff is currently untreated before discharge.

2.1 Pre-Development Calculations

2.2 Pre-Development Watershed Plans



POINT OF ANALYSIS 1









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Α	rea C	N	Description
(acr	es)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.0	007 3	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (PRE 1.0)
0.6	S28 7	' 4	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (PRE 1.0)
1.1	117 9	98	Paved parking, HSG C (PRE 1.0)
0.0)68 9	98	Rock embankment, HSG C (PRE 1.0)
0.4	156 9	98	Roofs, HSG C (PRE 1.0)
0.0)56 9	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG A (PRE 1.0)
0.2	204 7	7 0	Woods, Good, HSG C (PRE 1.0)
2.	537 9	90	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.063	HSG A	PRE 1.0
0.000	HSG B	
2.474	HSG C	PRE 1.0
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
2.537		TOTAL AREA

P-0595-007 PRE

Type III 24-hr 2 Year Storm Rainfall=3.68"

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPRE 1.0:

Runoff Area=110,529 sf 66.92% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.62" Flow Length=189' Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=7.82 cfs 0.553 af

Link PA1: POINT OF ANALYSIS1

Inflow=7.82 cfs 0.553 af Primary=7.82 cfs 0.553 af

Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 0.553 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.62" 33.08% Pervious = 0.839 ac 66.92% Impervious = 1.698 ac

P-0595-007 PRE

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPRE 1.0:

Runoff Area=110,529 sf 66.92% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.45" Flow Length=189' Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=12.94 cfs 0.940 af

Link PA1: POINT OF ANALYSIS1

Inflow=12.94 cfs 0.940 af Primary=12.94 cfs 0.940 af

Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 0.940 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.45" 33.08% Pervious = 0.839 ac 66.92% Impervious = 1.698 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment PRE 1.0:

Runoff = 12.94 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.940 af, Depth= 4.45"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	Description								
		2,435	98 L	08 Unconnected pavement, HSG A								
		317	39 >	9 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A								
		19,880	98 F	Roofs, HSG	G C							
		27,362	74 >	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C								
		8,883	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C							
*		2,980	98 F	Rock emba	nkment, H	SG C						
_		48,672	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C							
	1	10,529	90 V	Veighted A	verage							
		36,562	3	3.08% Pei	vious Area	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e						
		73,967			ervious Ar	ea						
		2,435	3	3.29% Unco	onnected							
	_		01			B						
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description						
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)							
	0.4	33	0.0280	1.35		Sheet Flow,						
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.68"						
	0.9	121	0.0250	2.37		Shallow Concentrated Flow,						
	0.4		0.4400	5 0.4		Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps						
	0.1	35	0.1400	5.61		Shallow Concentrated Flow,						
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps						
	1 1	190	rotal l	naraaad t	a minimum	. To = 5 0 min						

^{1.4 189} Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min

Summary for Link PA1: POINT OF ANALYSIS 1

Inflow Area = 2.537 ac, 66.92% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.45" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 12.94 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.940 af

Primary = 12.94 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.940 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

P-0595-007 PRE

Type III 24-hr 25 Year Storm Rainfall=7.08"

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPRE 1.0:

Runoff Area=110,529 sf 66.92% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.90" Flow Length=189' Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=16.90 cfs 1.248 af

Link PA1: POINT OF ANALYSIS1

Inflow=16.90 cfs 1.248 af Primary=16.90 cfs 1.248 af

Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 1.248 af Average Runoff Depth = 5.90" 33.08% Pervious = 0.839 ac 66.92% Impervious = 1.698 ac

P-0595-007 PRE

Type III 24-hr 50 Year Storm Rainfall=8.48"

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

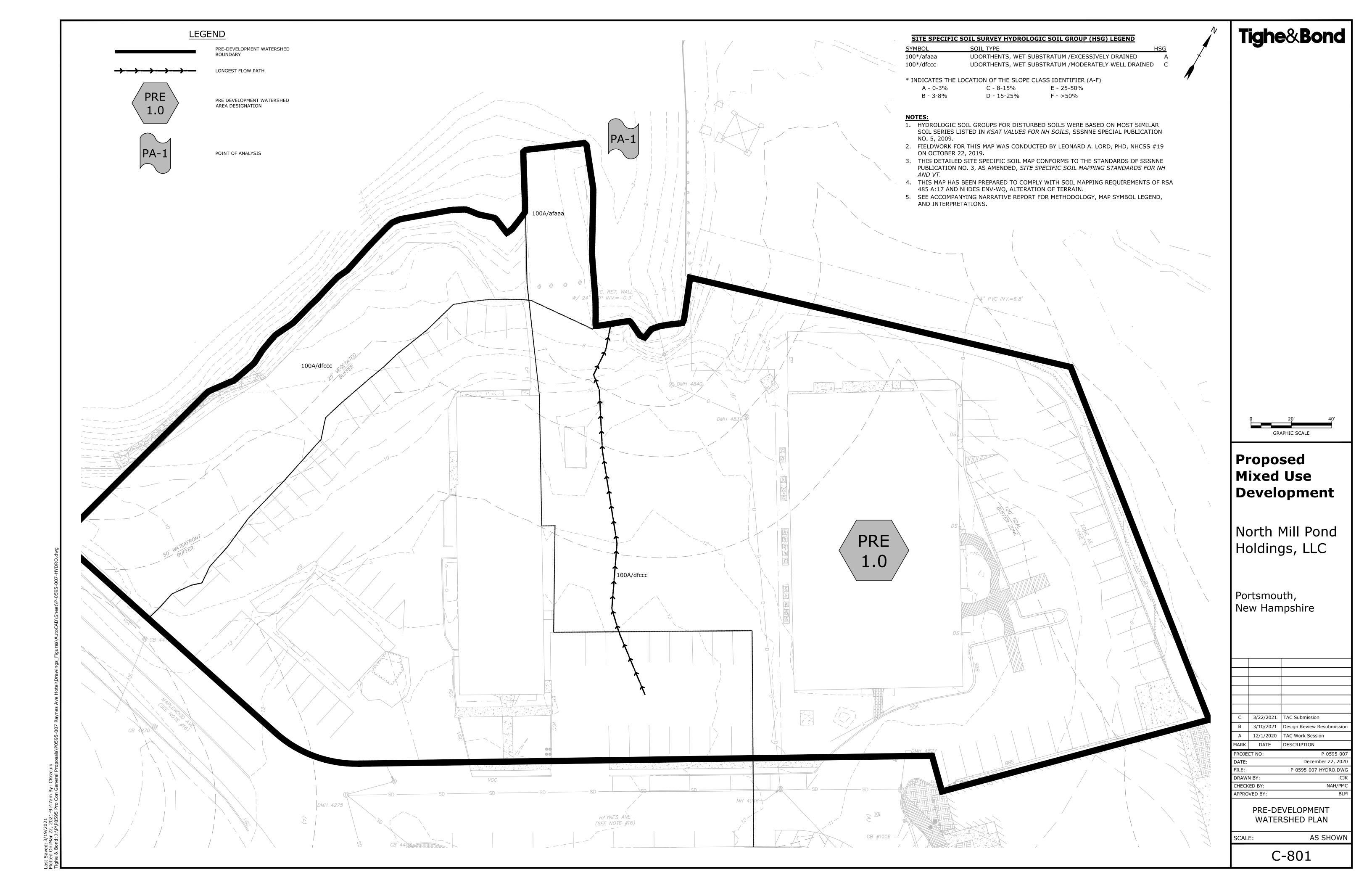
SubcatchmentPRE 1.0:

Runoff Area=110,529 sf 66.92% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.28" Flow Length=189' Tc=5.0 min CN=90 Runoff=20.59 cfs 1.539 af

Link PA1: POINT OF ANALYSIS1

Inflow=20.59 cfs 1.539 af Primary=20.59 cfs 1.539 af

Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 1.539 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.28" 33.08% Pervious = 0.839 ac 66.92% Impervious = 1.698 ac



Section 3 Post-Development Conditions

The post-development condition was analyzed by dividing the watersheds into seven (7) watershed areas. Stormwater runoff from these sub-catchment areas flow via subsurface drainage systems prior to discharging to North Mill Pond. Like the pre-development condition, flows from these sub-catchment areas are modeled at one point of analysis at North Mill Pond (PA-1). As per Env-Wq 1507.06(d), since North Mill Pond is tidal water the peak runoff control requirements do not apply. However, the peak runoff requirements have been met due to the onsite underground detention basin and these comparisons can be found in Section 4 of this report.

Two underground detention system are included on the development site for the purpose of mitigating temperature differences between the stormwater runoff and the North Mill Pond. The detention systems and outlet structures have been sized to detain the WQV with a drain down time of 24 hours, prior to discharging to the treatment units. This detention basin is used to mitigate increased temperature of the initial surface runoff. Flows greater than the 2-year storm event are designed to bypass the treatment unit.

The point of analysis (PA-1) and its sub-catchment areas are depicted on the plan entitled "Post-Development Watershed Plan," Sheet C-802. The point of analysis and it's contributing watershed areas are described below:

Point of Analysis (PA-1)

Post-development Watershed 1.1 (POST 1.1) is comprised of mostly the southern building and associated impervious areas on the south end of the site. Runoff from this watershed area travels via overland flow or roof leader to deep sump catch basins and an underground detention system. The detention system and outlet structure have been sized to detain the WQV with a drain down time greater than 24 hours, prior to discharging to the treatment unit, a Contech Jellyfish Stormwater Filter (JFF-1). Flows exiting the Jellyfish Filter discharge to North Mill Pond (PA-1). The pipe network is protected by a backflow preventer within the outlet invert of a manhole structure at the most downstream location.

Post-development Watershed 1.2 (POST 1.2) like POST 1.1, is comprised of mostly the northern building and associated impervious areas on the north side of the site. Runoff from this watershed area travels via overland flow or roof leader to deep sump catch basins and an underground detention system. The detention system and outlet structure have been sized to detain the WQV with a drain down time greater than 24 hours, prior to discharging to the treatment unit, a Contech Jellyfish Stormwater Filter (JFF-2). Flows exiting the Jellyfish Filter discharge to North Mill Pond (PA-1). As previously stated, the pipe network is protected by a backflow preventer within the outlet invert of a manhole structure at the most downstream location.

Post-development Watershed 1.3 (POST 1.3) is comprised mostly of porous pavement multi use path located between the proposed development and the North Mill Pond as well as some grassed landscape areas. Runoff from the watershed infiltrates through the filter media section under the porous pavement and discharges to an underdrain. Due to the poor onsite soils and high groundwater elevation the porous pavement section has been lined with an impermeable liner and an underdrain has been provided. The underdrain connects to the closed drainage system on site, ultimately discharging to the North Mill Pond.

Post-development Watershed 1.4 (POST 1.4) is nearly identical to POST 1.3 and is comprised mostly of porous pavement multi use path located between the proposed development and the North Mill Pond as well as some grassed landscape areas. Runoff from the watershed infiltrates through the filter media section under the porous pavement and discharges to an underdrain. Due to the poor onsite soils and high groundwater elevation the porous pavement section has been lined with an impermeable liner and an underdrain has been provided. The underdrain also connects to the closed drainage system on site, ultimately discharging to the North Mill Pond.

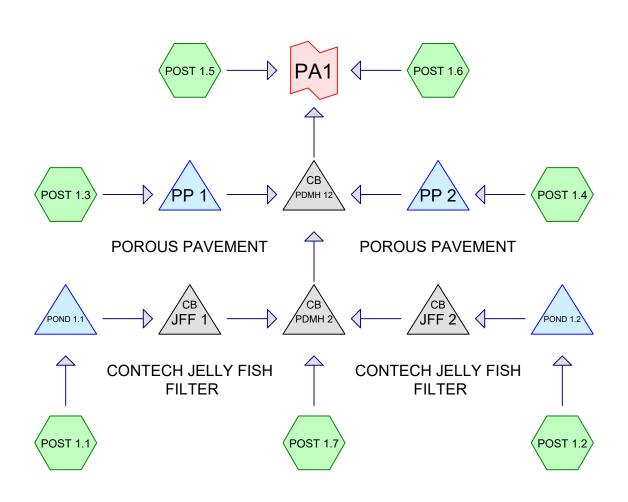
Post-development Watershed 1.5 (POST 1.5) is comprised mostly of grassy areas and a proposed boat/kayak launch and reconstructed timber pier. Runoff from this watershed simply sheets toward and discharges into North Mill Pond, as in the existing condition. There are no proposed impervious surfaces that are within this watershed area that would require treatment.

Post-development Watershed 1.6 (POST 1.6) is also comprised mostly of grassy area along the northern side of the property. Runoff from this watershed simply sheets north and discharges into North Mill Pond, as in the existing condition. There are no proposed impervious surfaces that are within this watershed area that would require treatment.

Post-development Watershed 1.7 (POST 1.7) is comprised of a small strip of sidewalk and landscaping in between the proposed buildings and the city right of way along Raynes Ave. The runoff from this Subcatchment sheets directly onto the street to the existing closed drainage system, ultimately discharging to North Mill Pond via the previously mentioned drainage system.

3.1 Post-Development Calculations

3.2 Post-Development Watershed Plans











Routing Diagram for P-0595-007 POST
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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
 (acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.007	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (POST 1.3, POST 1.5)
0.649	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (POST 1.1, POST 1.2, POST 1.3, POST 1.4,
		POST 1.5, POST 1.6, POST 1.7)
0.056	98	Paved parking, HSG A (POST 1.3, POST 1.5)
1.022	98	Paved parking, HSG C (POST 1.1, POST 1.2, POST 1.3, POST 1.4, POST 1.5,
		POST 1.7)
0.068	98	Rock embankment, HSG C (POST 1.5)
0.735	98	Roofs, HSG C (POST 1.1, POST 1.2)
2.537	92	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

	Area	Soil	Subcatchment
	(acres)	Group	Numbers
`	0.063	HSG A	POST 1.3, POST 1.5
	0.000	HSG B	
	2.474	HSG C	POST 1.1, POST 1.2, POST 1.3, POST 1.4, POST 1.5, POST 1.6, POST 1.7
	0.000	HSG D	
	0.000	Other	
	2.537		TOTAL AREA

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPOST 1.1: Runoff Area=29,978 sf 99.19% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.45"

Flow Length=114' Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.52 cfs 0.198 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.2: Runoff Area=38,901 sf 97.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.33"

Flow Length=85' Tc=5.0 min CN=97 Runoff=3.23 cfs 0.248 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.3: Runoff Area=13,558 sf 33.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.93"

Flow Length=59' Slope=0.0430 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=0.72 cfs 0.050 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.4: Runoff Area=3,521 sf 22.47% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.71"

Flow Length=33' Slope=0.0270 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.16 cfs 0.011 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.5: Runoff Area=16,946 sf 35.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.93"

Flow Length=60' Slope=0.0520 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=0.90 cfs 0.063 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.6: Runoff Area=3,725 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.37"

Flow Length=37' Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.14 cfs 0.010 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.7: Runoff Area=3,900 sf 77.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.91"

Flow Length=92' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.30 cfs 0.022 af

Pond JFF 1: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=3.23' Inflow=2.18 cfs 0.198 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=7.0' S=0.0214 '/' Outflow=2.18 cfs 0.198 af

Pond JFF 2: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=3.32' Inflow=2.91 cfs 0.248 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=5.0' S=0.0200 '/' Outflow=2.91 cfs 0.248 af

Pond PDMH 12: Peak Elev=2.60' Inflow=5.34 cfs 0.508 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=27.0' S=0.0704 '/' Outflow=5.34 cfs 0.508 af

Pond PDMH 2: Peak Elev=3.05' Inflow=5.34 cfs 0.467 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=34.0' S=0.0029'/ Outflow=5.34 cfs 0.467 af

Pond POND 1.1: Peak Elev=5.90' Storage=2,862 cf Inflow=2.52 cfs 0.198 af

Outflow=2.18 cfs 0.198 af

Pond POND 1.2: Peak Elev=6.46' Storage=3,633 cf Inflow=3.23 cfs 0.248 af

Outflow=2.91 cfs 0.248 af

Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=5.08' Storage=1,087 cf Inflow=0.72 cfs 0.050 af

Outflow=0.12 cfs 0.032 af

Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=4.62' Storage=195 cf Inflow=0.16 cfs 0.011 af

Outflow=0.06 cfs 0.008 af

Link PA1: Inflow=6.28 cfs 0.580 af

Primary=6.28 cfs 0.580 af

Type III 24-hr 2 Year Storm Rainfall=3.68" Printed 3/22/2021

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Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 0.601 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.84" 25.86% Pervious = 0.656 ac 74.14% Impervious = 1.881 ac

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment POST 1.1: Runoff Area=29,978 sf 99.19% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35"

Flow Length=114' Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.85 cfs 0.307 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.2: Runoff Area=38,901 sf 97.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.24"

Flow Length=85' Tc=5.0 min CN=97 Runoff=4.96 cfs 0.390 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.3: Runoff Area=13,558 sf 33.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.61"

Flow Length=59' Slope=0.0430 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=1.34 cfs 0.094 af

Subcatchment POST 1.4: Runoff Area=3,521 sf 22.47% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.32"

Flow Length=33' Slope=0.0270 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.32 cfs 0.022 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.5: Runoff Area=16,946 sf 35.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.61"

Flow Length=60' Slope=0.0520 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=1.68 cfs 0.117 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.6: Runoff Area=3,725 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.84"

Flow Length=37' Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.29 cfs 0.020 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.7: Runoff Area=3,900 sf 77.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.78"

Flow Length=92' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.48 cfs 0.036 af

Pond JFF 1: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=3.66' Inflow=3.57 cfs 0.307 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=7.0' S=0.0214 '/' Outflow=3.57 cfs 0.307 af

Pond JFF 2: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=3.77' Inflow=4.72 cfs 0.390 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=5.0' S=0.0200'/' Outflow=4.72 cfs 0.390 af

Pond PDMH 12: Peak Elev=2.99' Inflow=9.30 cfs 0.827 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=27.0' S=0.0704 '/' Outflow=9.30 cfs 0.827 af

Pond PDMH 2: Peak Elev=3.47' Inflow=8.76 cfs 0.732 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=34.0' S=0.0029 '/' Outflow=8.76 cfs 0.732 af

Pond POND 1.1: Peak Elev=6.02' Storage=3,031 cf Inflow=3.85 cfs 0.307 af

Outflow=3.57 cfs 0.307 af

Pond POND 1.2: Peak Elev=6.60' Storage=3,810 cf Inflow=4.96 cfs 0.390 af

Outflow=4.72 cfs 0.390 af

Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=5.43' Storage=1,618 cf Inflow=1.34 cfs 0.094 af

Outflow=0.52 cfs 0.076 af

Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=4.89' Storage=275 cf Inflow=0.32 cfs 0.022 af

Outflow=0.17 cfs 0.019 af

Link PA1: Inflow=11.20 cfs 0.964 af

Primary=11.20 cfs 0.964 af

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59" Printed 3/22/2021

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Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 0.986 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.66" 25.86% Pervious = 0.656 ac 74.14% Impervious = 1.881 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.1:

Runoff 3.85 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af, Depth= 5.35"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
		17,365	98 F	98 Roofs, HSG C						
		242	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
		12,371	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
29,978 98 Weighted Average										
		242	C	.81% Perv	ious Area					
		29,736	g	9.19% lmp	ervious Ar	ea				
	_									
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
((min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	0.5	50	0.0400	1.69		Sheet Flow,				
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.68"				
	0.3	64	0.0360	3.85		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
	8.0	114	Total, I	ncreased t	o minimum	Tc = 5.0 min				

114 Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min

Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.2:

4.96 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= Runoff 0.390 af, Depth= 5.24"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
	14,635	98 F	98 Roofs, HSG C							
	942	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C					
	23,324	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
	38,901 97 Weighted Average									
	942	2	.42% Perv	ious Area						
	37,959	9	7.58% Imp	ervious Ar	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
0.6	50	0.0300	1.51		Sheet Flow,					
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.68"					
0.2	35	0.0270	3.34		Shallow Concentrated Flow,					
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps					
0.8	85	Total, I	ncreased t	o minimum	Tc = 5.0 min					

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Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.3:

Runoff = 1.34 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af, Depth= 3.61"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN [Description					
	200	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1			
	6	39 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	9,067	74 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	4,285	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;			
	13,558	82 \	Neighted A	verage				
	9,073	6	66.92% Per	vious Area				
	4,485	3	33.08% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
4.4	59	0.0430	0.22		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short	n= 0.150	P2= 3.68"	
4.4	59	Total,	Increased t	o minimum	Tc = 5.0 min			

Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.4:

Runoff = 0.32 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af, Depth= 3.32"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	CN Description							
		2,730	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C					
_		791	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
		3,521	79	Weighted A	verage						
		2,730		77.53% Per	rvious Area	1					
		791		22.47% Imp	pervious Ar	ea					
	Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	3.3	33	0.0270	0.16		Sheet Flow,					
_						Grass: Short	n= 0.150	P2= 3.68"			
_	2.2	22	Takal	l		T					

3.3 Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min

Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.5:

Runoff = 1.68 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.117 af, Depth= 3.61"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

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	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
		2,235	98	Paved parking, HSG A					
311 39 >75% Grass cove					s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
*		2,980	98	Rock embankment, HSG C					
		10,699	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
721 98 Paved parking, HSG C					ing, HSG C				
		16,946	82 \	Weighted Average					
		11,010	(64.97% Pervious Area					
		5,936	;	35.03% Imp	ervious Ar	ea			
	_				_				
	Тс	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	4.1	60	0.0520	0.24		Sheet Flow,			
						Grass: Short	n= 0.150	P2= 3.68"	
	4.1	60	Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min						

Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.6:

Runoff = 0.29 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.020 af, Depth= 2.84"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

	Area (sf)	CN Description							
	3,725	74 >	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
	0	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;				
	3,725	74 V	74 Weighted Average						
	3,725	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а				
Tc	J	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
2.6	37	0.0610	0.23		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short	n= 0.150	P2= 3.68"		
2.6	37	Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min							

Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.7:

Runoff = 0.48 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.036 af, Depth= 4.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.59"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description		
864	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C		
 3,036	98	Paved parking, HSG C		
3,900	93	Weighted Average		
864		22.15% Pervious Area		
3,036		77.85% Impervious Area		

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
	0.5	50	0.0350	1.61		Sheet Flow,	
						Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.68"	
	0.2	42	0.0350	3.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
_						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps	
	0.7	92	Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 5.0 min				

Summary for Pond JFF 1: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER

Inflow Area = 0.688 ac, 99.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.35" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 3.57 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af

Outflow = 3.57 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 3.57 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

Peak Elev= 3.66' @ 12.13 hrs

Flood Elev= 11.50

Primary OutFlow Max=2.79 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=3.60' TW=3.46' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 2.79 cfs @ 2.40 fps)

Summary for Pond JFF 2: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER

Inflow Area = 0.893 ac, 97.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.24" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 4.72 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af

Outflow = 4.72 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary = 4.72 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

Peak Elev= 3.77' @ 12.12 hrs

Flood Elev= 11.25

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	2.40'	18.0" Round Culvert L= 5.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 2.40' / 2.30' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=3.86 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=3.70' TW=3.45' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 3.86 cfs @ 3.17 fps)

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Summary for Pond PDMH 12:

Inflow Area = 2.063 ac, 84.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.81" for 10 Year Storm event

0.827 af Inflow 9.30 cfs @ 12.10 hrs. Volume=

9.30 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= Outflow = 0.827 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary 9.30 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.827 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

Peak Elev= 2.99' @ 12.10 hrs

Flood Elev= 9.25'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1.60'	24.0" Round Culvert L= 27.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1.60' / -0.30' S= 0.0704 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=9.08 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=2.96' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 9.08 cfs @ 3.98 fps)

Summary for Pond PDMH 2:

Inflow Area = 1.671 ac, 97.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.26" for 10 Year Storm event

8.76 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= Inflow 0.732 af

0.732 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow = 8.76 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=

Primary = 8.76 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.732 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

Peak Elev= 3.47' @ 12.10 hrs

Flood Elev= 10.30'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	1.80'	24.0" Round Culvert L= 34.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 1.80' / 1.70' S= 0.0029 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=8.43 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=3.45' TW=2.96' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 8.43 cfs @ 4.12 fps)

Summary for Pond POND 1.1:

0.688 ac, 99.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.35" for 10 Year Storm event Inflow Area =

Inflow 3.85 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af

3.57 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= Outflow = 0.307 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 1.8 min

3.57 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.307 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Peak Elev= 6.02' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 2,496 sf Storage= 3,031 cf Flood Elev= 7.25' Surf.Area= 2,496 sf Storage= 4,456 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 238.1 min (983.4 - 745.3)

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	2.75'	0 cf	27.13'W x 92.00'L x 5.50'H Field A
			13,726 cf Overall - 5,470 cf Embedded = 8,255 cf x 0.0% Voids
#2A	3.25'	4,566 cf	ADS N-12 48" x 16 Inside #1
			Inside= 47.7"W x 47.7"H => 12.40 sf x 20.00'L = 248.0 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 54.0"H => 14.86 sf x 20.00'L = 297.1 cf
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers
			24.13' Header x 12.40 sf x 2 = 598.3 cf Inside
		4 FCC -f	Tatal Available Otanana

4,566 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	3.00'	18.0" Round Culvert L= 7.0' Ke= 0.500
	•		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 3.00' / 2.85' S= 0.0214 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	3.00'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	5.60'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28)
			Head (feet) 0.00 1.00
			Width (feet) 4.00 4.00

Primary OutFlow Max=3.50 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=6.01' TW=3.60' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 3.50 cfs of 12.79 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.05 cfs @ 7.48 fps)

-3=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 3.45 cfs @ 2.10 fps)

Summary for Pond POND 1.2:

Inflow Area = 0.893 ac, 97.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.24" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 4.96 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af

Outflow = 4.72 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 1.4 min

Primary = 4.72 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.390 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Peak Elev= 6.60' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 2,496 sf Storage= 3,810 cf

Flood Elev= 7.25' Surf.Area= 2,496 sf Storage= 4,456 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 267.0 min (1,019.6 - 752.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	2.75'	0 cf	27.13'W x 92.00'L x 5.50'H Field A
			13,726 cf Overall - 5,470 cf Embedded = 8,255 cf x 0.0% Voids
#2A	3.25'	4,566 cf	ADS N-12 48" x 16 Inside #1
			Inside= 47.7"W x 47.7"H => 12.40 sf x 20.00'L = 248.0 cf
			Outside= 54.0"W x 54.0"H => 14.86 sf x 20.00'L = 297.1 cf
			4 Rows of 4 Chambers
			24.13' Header x 12.40 sf x 2 = 598.3 cf Inside
·		4	=

4,566 cf Total Available Storage

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Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	3.05'	18.0" Round Culvert L= 6.0' Ke= 0.500
	•		Inlet / Outlet Invert= 3.05' / 2.90' S= 0.0250 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
#2	Device 1	3.05'	1.1" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600
#3	Device 1	6.10'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28)
			Head (feet) 0.00 1.00
			Width (feet) 4.00 4.00

Primary OutFlow Max=4.61 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=6.59' TW=3.70' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 4.61 cfs of 14.22 cfs potential flow)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.05 cfs @ 8.19 fps)

—3=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 4.55 cfs @ 2.30 fps)

Summary for Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT

Inflow Area = 0.311 ac, 33.08% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.61" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 1.34 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af

Outflow = 0.52 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af, Atten= 61%, Lag= 14.1 min

Primary = 0.52 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs Peak Elev= 5.43' @ 12.31 hrs Surf.Area= 3,857 sf Storage= 1,618 cf

Flood Elev= 8.80' Surf.Area= 3,857 sf Storage= 3,386 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 164.6 min calculated for 0.076 af (81% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 90.1 min (900.9 - 810.8)

Volume	Inv	ert Ava	il.Storage	Storage Description	on	
#1	4.	38'	3,386 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Prismatio	c)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	on	Surf.Area	Voids	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(%)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
4.3	38	3,857	0.0	0	0	
5.9	95	3,857	40.0	2,422	2,422	
6.9	95	3,857	10.0	386	2,808	
7.4	1 5	3,857	30.0	579	3,386	
7.80		3,857	0.0	0	3,386	
Device	Routing	Ir	vert Ou	tlet Devices		
#1	Primary		1.88' 6.0	" Vert. Underdrain	C= 0.600	

			Cuttot Borrocc
#1	Primary	4.88'	6.0" Vert. Underdrain C= 0.600
#2	Device 1	4.38'	10.000 in/hr Filter Media Infiltration over Surface area

Primary OutFlow Max=0.52 cfs @ 12.31 hrs HW=5.43' TW=2.49' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Underdrain (Orifice Controls 0.52 cfs @ 2.63 fps)

2=Filter Media Infiltration (Passes 0.52 cfs of 0.89 cfs potential flow)

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Summary for Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT

Inflow Area = 0.081 ac, 22.47% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.32" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 0.32 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af

Outflow = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.019 af, Atten= 46%, Lag= 0.2 min

Primary = 0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.019 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

Peak Elev= 4.89' @ 12.20 hrs Surf.Area= 755 sf Storage= 275 cf

Flood Elev= 8.40' Surf.Area= 755 sf Storage= 640 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 115.6 min calculated for 0.019 af (84% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 49.3 min (868.0 - 818.7)

Volume	Inv	ert Ava	il.Storaç	ge Storage Descri	ption	
#1	3.	98'	640	cf Custom Stage	Data (Prismatic)Li	sted below (Recalc)
Elevation	on	Surf.Area	Voids	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(%)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
3.9	98	755	0.0	0	0	
5.45		755	40.0	444	444	
6.5	55	755	10.0	83	527	
7.0)5	755	30.0	113	640	
7.4	40	755	0.0	0	640	
Davida	D	l		Nullet Davileas		
Device	Routing	ır	vert C	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary		1.48' 6	5.0" Vert. Underdra	in C= 0.600	
#2 Device 1 3.98' 10.0			0.000 in/hr Filter N	00 in/hr Filter Media Infiltration over Surface area		

Primary OutFlow Max=0.17 cfs @ 12.08 hrs HW=4.79' TW=2.97' (Dynamic Tailwater)

Summary for Link PA1:

Inflow Area = 2.537 ac, 74.14% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.56" for 10 Year Storm event

Inflow = 11.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.964 af

Primary = 11.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.964 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.04 hrs

¹⁼Underdrain (Passes 0.17 cfs of 0.24 cfs potential flow)

²⁼Filter Media Infiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.17 cfs)

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPOST 1.1: Runoff Area=29,978 sf 99.19% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.84"

Flow Length=114' Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.88 cfs 0.392 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.2: Runoff Area=38,901 sf 97.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.72"

Flow Length=85' Tc=5.0 min CN=97 Runoff=6.31 cfs 0.500 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.3: Runoff Area=13,558 sf 33.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.99"

Flow Length=59' Slope=0.0430 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=1.83 cfs 0.129 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.4: Runoff Area=3,521 sf 22.47% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.66"

Flow Length=33' Slope=0.0270 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.45 cfs 0.031 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.5: Runoff Area=16,946 sf 35.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.99"

Flow Length=60' Slope=0.0520 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=2.29 cfs 0.162 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.6: Runoff Area=3,725 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.11"

Flow Length=37' Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.42 cfs 0.029 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.7: Runoff Area=3,900 sf 77.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.25"

Flow Length=92' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.62 cfs 0.047 af

Pond JFF 1: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=4.03' Inflow=4.59 cfs 0.392 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=7.0' S=0.0214 '/' Outflow=4.59 cfs 0.392 af

Pond JFF 2: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=4.20' Inflow=6.06 cfs 0.500 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=5.0' S=0.0200'/' Outflow=6.06 cfs 0.500 af

Pond PDMH 12: Peak Elev=3.24' Inflow=12.03 cfs 1.079 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=27.0' S=0.0704 '/' Outflow=12.03 cfs 1.079 af

Pond PDMH 2: Peak Elev=3.77' Inflow=11.24 cfs 0.939 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=34.0' S=0.0029 '/' Outflow=11.24 cfs 0.939 af

Pond POND 1.1: Peak Elev=6.09' Storage=3,139 cf Inflow=4.88 cfs 0.392 af

Outflow=4.59 cfs 0.392 af

Pond POND 1.2: Peak Elev=6.70' Storage=3,920 cf Inflow=6.31 cfs 0.500 af

Outflow=6.06 cfs 0.500 af

Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=5.73' Storage=2,084 cf Inflow=1.83 cfs 0.129 af

Outflow=0.73 cfs 0.112 af

Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=5.23' Storage=379 cf Inflow=0.45 cfs 0.031 af

Outflow=0.17 cfs 0.028 af

Link PA1: Inflow=14.68 cfs 1.270 af

Primary=14.68 cfs 1.270 af

P-0595-007 POST	Type III 24-hr 25 Year Storm Rainfall=7.08"
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Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 1.291 af Average Runoff Depth = 6.11" 25.86% Pervious = 0.656 ac 74.14% Impervious = 1.881 ac

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Time span=0.00-48.00 hrs, dt=0.04 hrs, 1201 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentPOST 1.1: Runoff Area=29,978 sf 99.19% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.24"

Flow Length=114' Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=5.85 cfs 0.473 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.2: Runoff Area=38,901 sf 97.58% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.12"

Flow Length=85' Tc=5.0 min CN=97 Runoff=7.57 cfs 0.604 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.3: Runoff Area=13,558 sf 33.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.32"

Flow Length=59' Slope=0.0430 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=2.29 cfs 0.164 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.4: Runoff Area=3,521 sf 22.47% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.96"

Flow Length=33' Slope=0.0270 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.57 cfs 0.040 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.5: Runoff Area=16,946 sf 35.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.32"

Flow Length=60' Slope=0.0520 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=82 Runoff=2.87 cfs 0.205 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.6: Runoff Area=3,725 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.36"

Flow Length=37' Slope=0.0610 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=74 Runoff=0.55 cfs 0.038 af

SubcatchmentPOST 1.7: Runoff Area=3,900 sf 77.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.64"

Flow Length=92' Slope=0.0350 '/' Tc=5.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.74 cfs 0.057 af

Pond JFF 1: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=4.52' Inflow=5.54 cfs 0.473 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=7.0' S=0.0214 '/' Outflow=5.54 cfs 0.473 af

Pond JFF 2: CONTECH JELLY FISH FILTER Peak Elev=4.70' Inflow=7.33 cfs 0.604 af

18.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=5.0' S=0.0200'/' Outflow=7.33 cfs 0.604 af

Pond PDMH 12: Peak Elev=3.50' Inflow=14.51 cfs 1.316 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=27.0' S=0.0704 '/' Outflow=14.51 cfs 1.316 af

Pond PDMH 2: Peak Elev=4.22' Inflow=13.58 cfs 1.134 af

24.0" Round Culvert n=0.013 L=34.0' S=0.0029 '/' Outflow=13.58 cfs 1.134 af

Pond POND 1.1: Peak Elev=6.16' Storage=3,231 cf Inflow=5.85 cfs 0.473 af

Outflow=5.54 cfs 0.473 af

Pond POND 1.2: Peak Elev=6.78' Storage=4,012 cf Inflow=7.57 cfs 0.604 af

Outflow=7.33 cfs 0.604 af

Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=6.14' Storage=2,496 cf Inflow=2.29 cfs 0.164 af

Outflow=0.89 cfs 0.146 af

Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT Peak Elev=6.18' Storage=499 cf Inflow=0.57 cfs 0.040 af

Outflow=0.17 cfs 0.037 af

Link PA1: Inflow=17.85 cfs 1.559 af

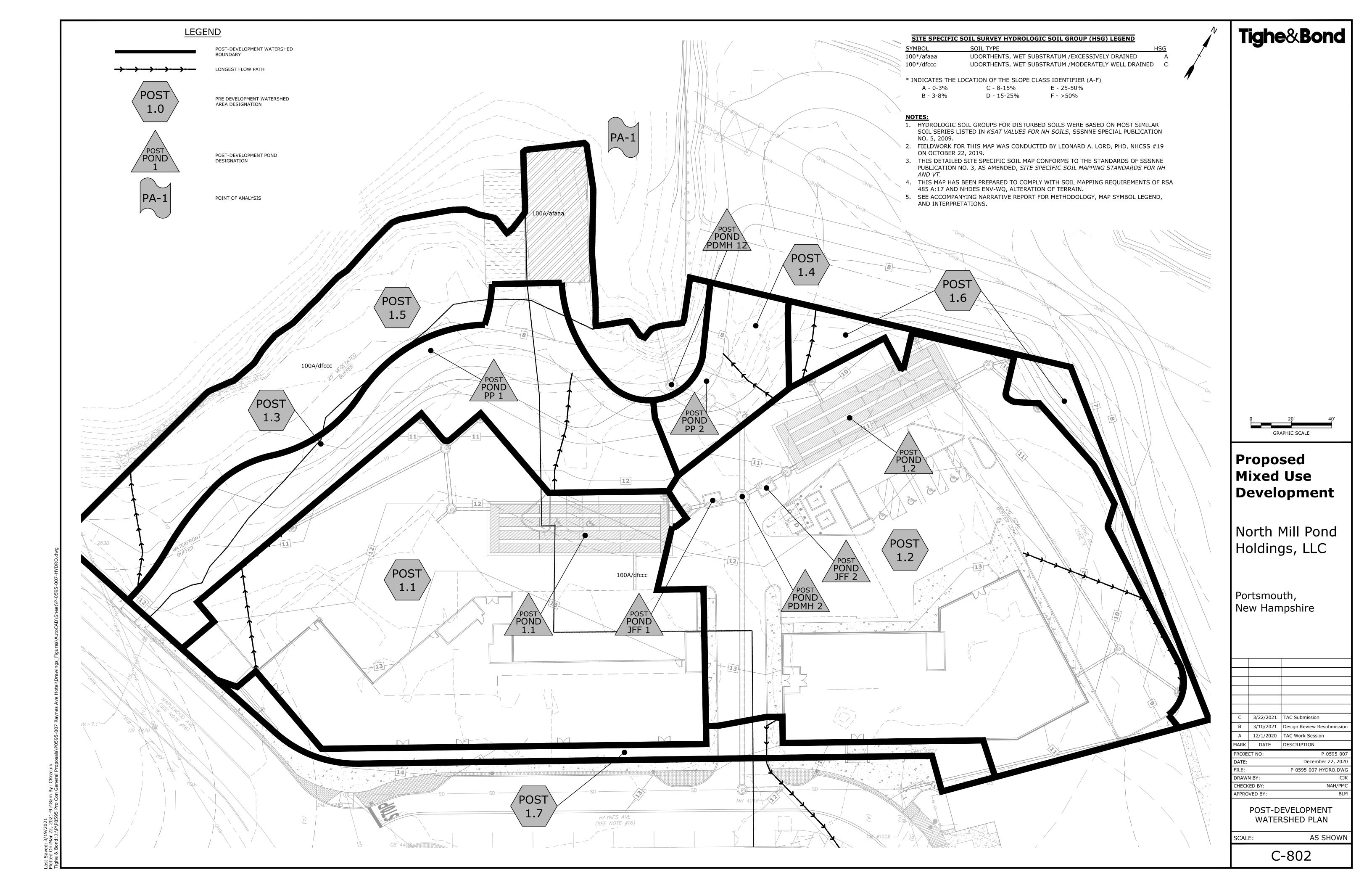
Primary=17.85 cfs 1.559 af

P-0595-007 POST	Type III 24-hr 50 Year Storm Rainfall=8.48"
Prepared by Tighe & Bond	Printed 3/22/2021

HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Total Runoff Area = 2.537 ac Runoff Volume = 1.581 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.48" 25.86% Pervious = 0.656 ac 74.14% Impervious = 1.881 ac

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Section 4 Peak Rate Comparison

The following table summarizes and compares the pre- and post-development peak runoff rates from the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year storm events at the point of analysis.

Table 4.1
Comparison of Pre- and Post-Development Flows (CFS)

	2-Year Storm	10-Year Storm	25-Year Storm	50-Year Storm
Pre-Development Watershed				_
PA-1	7.82	12.94	16.90	20.59
Post-Development Watershed				
PA-1	6.28	11.20	14.68	17.85

Section 5 Mitigation Description

The stormwater management system has been designed to provide stormwater treatment as required by the City of Portsmouth Site Review Regulations and NHDES AoT Regulations (Env-Wq 1500).

5.1 Pre-Treatment Methods for Protecting Water Quality

Pre-treatment for the stormwater filtration systems consist of deep sump catch basins.

5.2 Treatment Methods for Protecting Water Quality.

The runoff from proposed impervious areas will be treated by various Contech Jellyfish stormwater filtration systems. These Jellyfish systems are sized to treat the Water Quality Flows of their respective subcatchment areas. Each system is outfitted with an internal bypass that diverts peak flows away from treatment. The BMP worksheet for these treatment practices have been included in Section 5 of this report.

The multiuse path along the North Mill Pond will be constructed as lined porous pavement with and underdrain. The underdrain will discharge to the closed drainage system prior to discharging to the Pond.

Table 5.1 - Pollutant Removal Efficiencies			
ВМР	Total Suspended Solids	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
Jellyfish Filter w/Pretreatment ¹	91%	53%	61%
Porous Pavement w/Underdrain ²	90%	10%	45%

- 1. Pollutant removal calculations for Jellyfish Filter with deep sump catchbasin pretreatment shown in Table 4.2.
- 2. Pollutant removal efficiencies from NH Stormwater Manual Volume 2, Appendix B.

Table 5.2 - Pollutant Removal Calculations				
Contech Jellyfish Filt	er			
ВМР	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load	TSS Removed	Remaining TSS Load
Deep Sump Catchbasin w/Hood ¹	0.15	1.00	0.15	0.85
Jellyfish Filter ²	0.89	0.85	0.76	0.09
	Total Su	uspended Soli	ds Removed:	91%
	TN Removal Rate	Starting TN Load	TN Removed	Remaining TN Load
Deep Sump Catchbasin w/Hood ¹	0.05	1.00	0.05	0.95
Jellyfish Filter ²	0.51	0.95	0.48	0.47
		Total Nitrog	en Removed:	53%
	TP Removal Rate	Starting TP Load	TP Removed	Remaining TP Load
Deep Sump Catchbasin w/Hood ¹	0.05	1.00	0.05	0.95
Jellyfish Filter ²	0.59	0.95	0.56	0.39
	To	otal Phosphor	us Removed:	61%

^{1.} Pollutant removal efficiencies from NH Stormwater Manual Volume 2, Appendix E.

^{2.} Pollutant removal efficiencies from Contech Engineered Solutions, Jellyfish Filter Stormwater Treatment performance testing results.

Section 6 BMP Worksheets and Sizing Memos



GENERAL CALCULATIONS - WQV and WQF (optional worksheet)

This worksheet may be useful when designing a BMP that does not fit into one of the specific worksheets already provided (i.e. for a technology which is not a stormwater wetland, infiltration practice, etc.)

Water Quality Volume (WQV)

0.68 ac	A = Area draining to the practice
0.68 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice
1.00 decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form
0.95 unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)
0.65 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A
2,345 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")

Water Quality Flow (WQF)

1	inches	P = Amount of rainfall. For WQF in NH, P = 1".
0.95	inches	Q = Water quality depth. Q = WQV/A
100	unitless	CN = Unit peak discharge curve number. CN = $1000/(10+5P+10Q-10*[Q^2+1.25*Q*P]^{0.5})$
0.0	inches	S = Potential maximum retention. S = (1000/CN) - 10
0.009	inches	Ia = Initial abstraction. Ia = 0.2S
5.0	minutes	T _c = Time of Concentration
640.0	cfs/mi²/in	$q_{\scriptscriptstyle u}$ is the unit peak discharge. Obtain this value from TR-55 exhibits 4-II and 4-III.
0.646	cfs	WQF = $q_u \times WQV$. Conversion: to convert "cfs/mi ² /in * ac-in" to "cfs" multiply by 1mi ² /640ac.

•	POST 1.1
JFF-1	
Peak Flow = 5.54 cfs	



CONTECH Stormwater Solutions Inc. Engineer: DRA
Date Prepared: 3/16/2021

Site Information

Project Name Proposed Mixed Use Dev - JFF1

Project State NH

Project City Portsmouth

Total Drainage Area, Ad

Post Development Impervious Area, Ai

Pervious Area, Ap

% Impervious

Runoff Coefficient, Rc

0.87 ac

0.68 ac

0.19 ac

78%

0.75

Mass Loading Calculations

Mean Annual Rainfall, P 50 in
Agency Required % Removal 80%
Percent Runoff Capture 90%
Mean Annual Runoff, Vt 107076 ft³
Event Mean Concentration of Pollutant, EMC 75 mg/l
Annual Mass Load, M total 501.04 lbs

Filter System

Filtration Brand

Cartridge Length

54 in

Jelly Fish Sizing

Mass to be Captured by System 400.83 lbs Water Quality Flow 0.66 cfs

Method to Use FLOW BASED

		Summary
Flow	Treatment Flow Rate	0.80 cfs
FIOW	Required Size	JFPD0806-4-1



GENERAL CALCULATIONS - WQV and WQF (optional worksheet)

This worksheet may be useful when designing a BMP that does not fit into one of the specific worksheets already provided (i.e. for a technology which is not a stormwater wetland, infiltration practice, etc.)

Water Quality Volume (WQV)

0.89 ac	A = Area draining to the practice
0.87 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice
0.98 decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form
0.93 unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)
0.83 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A
3,004 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")

Water Quality Flow (WQF)

1	inches	P = Amount of rainfall. For WQF in NH, P = 1".
0.93	inches	Q = Water quality depth. Q = WQV/A
99	unitless	CN = Unit peak discharge curve number. CN = $1000/(10+5P+10Q-10*[Q^2+1.25*Q*P]^{0.5})$
0.1	inches	S = Potential maximum retention. S = (1000/CN) - 10
0.012	inches	Ia = Initial abstraction. Ia = 0.2S
5.0	minutes	T _c = Time of Concentration
640.0	cfs/mi²/in	$\boldsymbol{q}_{\boldsymbol{u}}$ is the unit peak discharge. Obtain this value from TR-55 exhibits 4-II and 4-III.
0.828	cfs	WQF = $q_u \times WQV$. Conversion: to convert "cfs/mi ² /in * ac-in" to "cfs" multiply by 1mi ² /640ac.

Designer's Notes: JFF 2	POST 1.2
Peak Flow = 7.33 cfs	



CONTECH Stormwater Solutions Inc. Engineer: DRA
Date Prepared: 3/16/2021

Site Information

Project Name Proposed Mixed Use Dev- JFF2

Project State NH

Project City Portsmouth

Total Drainage Area, Ad	0.86 ac
Post Development Impervious Area, Ai	0.83 ac
Pervious Area, Ap	0.03 ac
% Impervious	97%
Runoff Coefficient, Rc	0.92

Mass Loading Calculations

Mean Annual Rainfall, P	50 in
Agency Required % Removal	80%
Percent Runoff Capture	90%
Mean Annual Runoff, Vt	129047 ft ³
Event Mean Concentration of Pollutant, EMC	75 mg/l
Annual Mass Load, M total	603.85 lbs

Filter System

Filtration Brand	Jelly Fish
Cartridge Length	54 in

Jelly Fish Sizing

Mass to be Captured by System	483.08 lbs
Water Quality Flow	0.79 cfs

Method to Use FLOW BASED

		Summary
Flow	Treatment Flow Rate	0.80 cfs
FIOW	Required Size	JFPD0806-4-1



FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

Type/Node Name: PP-1

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

		Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.31	- ac	A = Area draining to the practice	` ,
0.10	- ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.33	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.11	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
390	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
97	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
292	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
		_Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>></u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drair	n if system IS NOT underdrained:	
3,857	sf	A _{SA} = Surface area of the practice	
	- iph	Ksat _{DESIGN} = Design infiltration rate ¹	
	- '	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
YES	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	< 72-hrs
Calculate ti	me to drair	n if system IS underdrained:	
5.05		E _{WQV} = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
0.08	- cfs	Q_{WQV} = Discharge at the E_{WQV} (attach stage-discharge table)	
2.71	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	≤ 72-hrs
5.45	feet	E _{FC} = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material ²	
4.48	- feet	E _{UD} = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
	- feet	E _{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
	- feet	E _{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
0.97	feet	$D_{FC to UD}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
5.45	feet	$D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
5.45	feet	D _{FC to SHWT} = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
6.14		Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
7.80	-	Elevation of the top of the practice	
YES		50 peak elevation ≤ Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
If a surface	sand filter	or underground sand filter is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area check.	< 10 ac
	_cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> 75%WQV
	inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet		Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	
	Yes/No	Access grate provided?	← yes
-			

If a bioret	ention area	is proposed:	
YES	ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes
	cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> WQV
	inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Shee	t	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification	
	:1	Pond side slopes	<u>> 3</u> :1
Shee	t	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover	
If porous p	pavement is	proposed:	
As	phalt	Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)	
0.1	acres	A _{SA} = Surface area of the pervious pavement	
3.5	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1
12.0	inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA mod. 304.1 (see
Shee	t C-505	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	spec)

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat $_{design}$ includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

•		

NHDES Alteration of Terrain

Designer's Notes:

Last Revised: January 2019

Prepared by Tighe & Bond HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Stage-Area-Storage for Pond PP 1: POROUS PAVEMENT

Elevation	Surface	Storogo	Elevation	Surface	Storago
(feet)	(sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	(feet)	(sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
4.38	3,857	0	6.98	3,857	2,843
4.43	3,857 3,857	77	7.03	3,857	2,900
4.48	3,857	154	7.08	3,857	2,958
4.53	3,857	231	7.13	3,857	3,016
4.58	3,857	309	7.18	3,857	3,074
4.63	3,857	386	7.23	3,857	3,132
4.68	3,857	463	7.28	3,857	3,190
4.73	3,857	540	7.33	3,857	3,248
4.78	3,857	617	7.38	3,857	3,305
4.83	3,857	694	7.43	3,857	3,363
4.88	3,857	771	7.48	3,857	3,386
4.93	3,857	849	7.53	3,857	3,386
4.98	3,857	926	7.58	3,857	3,386
5.03	3,857	1,003	7.63	3,857	3,386
5.08	3,857	1,080	7.68	3,857	3,386
5.13	3,857	1,157	7.73	3,857	3,386
5.18	3,857	1,234	7.78	3,857	3,386
5.23	3,857	1,311	7.83	3,857	3,386
5.28	3,857	1,389	7.88	3,857	3,386
5.33	3,857	1,466	7.93	3,857	3,386
5.38	3,857	1,543	7.98 8.03	3,857	3,386
5.43 5.48	3,857 3,857	1,620 1,697	8.08	3,857 3,857	3,386 3,386
5.53	3,857 3,857	1,774	8.13	3,857 3,857	3,386
5.58	3,857	1,851	8.18	3,857	3,386
5.63	3,857	1,929	8.23	3,857	3,386
5.68	3,857	2,006	8.28	3,857	3,386
5.73	3,857	2,083	8.33	3,857	3,386
5.78	3,857	2,160	8.38	3,857	3,386
5.83	3,857	2,237	8.43	3,857	3,386
5.88	3,857	2,314	8.48	3,857	3,386
5.93	3,857	2,391	8.53	3,857	3,386
5.98	3,857	2,434	8.58	3,857	3,386
6.03	3,857	2,453	8.63	3,857	3,386
6.08	3,857	2,472	8.68	3,857	3,386
6.13	3,857	2,492	8.73	3,857	3,386
6.18	3,857	2,511	8.78	3,857	3,386
6.23	3,857	2,530			
6.28	3,857	2,549			
6.33 6.38	3,857 3,857	2,569			
6.43	3,857 3,857	2,588 2,607			
6.48	3,857	2,627			
6.53	3,857	2,646			
6.58	3,857	2,665			
6.63	3,857	2,684			
6.68	3,857	2,704			
6.73	3,857	2,723			
6.78	3,857	2,742			
6.83	3,857	2,762			
6.88	3,857	2,781			
6.93	3,857	2,800			



FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

Type/Node Name:

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

		Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	7(a).
0.08	- ac	A = Area draining to the practice	,
0.02	- ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
0.23	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x I)	
0.02	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
73	cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
18	cf	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
55	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
		Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>></u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS NOT underdrained:	
755	sf	A _{SA} = Surface area of the practice	
	- iph	Ksat _{DESIGN} = Design infiltration rate ¹	
	- *	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
YES	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
-	hours	T _{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A _{SA} * I _{DESIGN})	≤ 72-hrs
Calculate t	me to drain	if system IS underdrained:	
4.75		E _{WQV} = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
0.17	cfs	Q_{WQV} = Discharge at the E_{WQV} (attach stage-discharge table)	
0.24	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	<u><</u> 72-hrs
5.95	feet	E _{FC} = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material ²	
4.88	feet	E_{UD} = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
	_	E EL CONTECTO CONTENTO	
1	feet	E_{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
	feet feet	E_{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	
1.07	-		
	feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	pit)
5.95	feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1'
5.95	feet feet feet feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
5.95 5.95	feet feet feet feet ft	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
5.95 5.95 6.18	feet feet feet feet ft	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
5.95 5.95 6.18 7.40 YES	feet feet feet fet ft ft	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed:	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
5.95 5.95 6.18 7.40 YES	feet feet feet fet ft ft	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check.	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1'
5.95 5.95 6.18 7.40 YES If a surface	feet feet feet ft ft sand filter	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed:	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1' -> 1'
5.95 5.95 6.18 7.40 YES If a surface	feet feet feet ft ft sand filter	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check.	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ← yes < 10 ac
5.95 5.95 6.18 7.40 YES If a surface	feet feet feet ft ft sand filter ac cf inches	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test $D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course $D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis) Elevation of the top of the practice 50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check. $V = Volume \text{ of storage}^3$ (attach a stage-storage table)	pit) ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ≥ 1' ← yes < 10 ac ≥ 75%WQV 18", or 24" if

If a biorete	ention area	is proposed:		
YES	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?			
	cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> WQV	
	inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA	
Sheet	<u> </u>	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification		
	:1	Pond side slopes	<u>> 3</u> :1	
Sheet	t	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover		
If porous p	avement is	proposed:		
		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.)		
0.0	acres	A _{SA} = Surface area of the pervious pavement		
4.7	:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1	
12.0	inches –	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA mod. 304.1 (see	
Sheet	t C-505	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	spec)	

- 1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat_{design} includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.
- 2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.
- 3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes:					

Last Revised: January 2019

Prepared by Tighe & Bond HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Stage-Area-Storage for Pond PP 2: POROUS PAVEMENT

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
3.98	755	0	6.58	755	534
4.03	755	15	6.63	755	545
4.08	755	30	6.68	755	556
4.13	755	45	6.73	755	568
4.18	755	60	6.78	755	579
4.23	755	76	6.83	755	590
4.28	755	91	6.88	755	602
4.33	755 755	106	6.93	755 755	613
4.38	755	121	6.98	755	624
4.43 4.48	755 755	136 151	7.03 7.08	755 755	636 640
4.53	755 755	166	7.08	755 755	640
4.58	755	181	7.18	755	640
4.63	755	196	7.23	755	640
4.68	755	211	7.28	755	640
4.73	755	227	7.33	755	640
4.78	755	242	7.38	755	640
4.83	755	257	7.43	755	640
4.88	755	272	7.48	755	640
4.93	755	287	7.53	755	640
4.98	755	302	7.58	755	640
5.03	755 755	317	7.63	755 755	640
5.08	755 755	332	7.68	755 755	640
5.13 5.18	755 755	347 362	7.73 7.78	755 755	640 640
5.23	755	378	7.78	755 755	640
5.28	755	393	7.88	755	640
5.33	755	408	7.93	755	640
5.38	755	423	7.98	755	640
5.43	755	438	8.03	755	640
5.48	755	446	8.08	755	640
5.53	755	450	8.13	755	640
5.58	755	454	8.18	755	640
5.63	755	458	8.23	755	640
5.68	755 755	461	8.28	755 755	640
5.73	755 755	465	8.33	755 755	640
5.78 5.83	755 755	469 473	8.38	755	640
5.88	755	473 476			
5.93	755	480			
5.98	755	484			
6.03	755	488			
6.08	755	492			
6.13	755	495			
6.18	755	499			
6.23	755	503			
6.28	755	507			
6.33	755 755	510			
6.38	755	514 518			
6.43 6.48	755 755	518 522			
6.53	755 755	522 525			
0.55	755	525			
			ı		

Section 7 Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan

It is the intent of this Operation and Maintenance Plan to identify the areas of this site that need special attention and consideration, as well as implementing a plan to assure routine maintenance. By identifying the areas of concern as well as implementing a frequent and routine maintenance schedule the site will maintain a high-quality stormwater runoff.

7.1 Contact/Responsible Party

Maintenance Area	Contact/Responsible Party
Development Site	North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC 1359 Hooksett Road Hooksett NH, 03106
North Mill Pond Trail (City Easement)	City of Portsmouth DPW 680 Peverly Hill Road Portsmouth, NH 03801

(Note: The contact information for the Contact/Responsible Party shall be kept current. If ownership changes, the Operation and Maintenance Plan must be transferred to the new party.)

7.2 Maintenance Items

Maintenance of the following items shall be recorded:

- Litter/Debris Removal
- Landscaping
- Catchbasin Cleaning
- Pavement Sweeping
- Contech Jellyfish Filtration System
- Porous Pavement

The following maintenance items and schedule represent the minimum action required. Periodic site inspections shall be conducted, and all measures must be maintained in effective operating condition. The following items shall be observed during site inspection and maintenance:

- Inspect vegetated areas, particularly slopes and embankments for areas of erosion. Replant and restore as necessary
- Inspect catch basins for sediment buildup
- Inspect site for trash and debris

7.3 Overall Site Operation & Maintenance Schedule

Maintenance Item	Frequency of Maintenance	Responsible Party
Litter/Debris Removal	Weekly	North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC
Pavement Sweeping	Bi-Annually	North Mill Pond
- Sweep impervious areas to remove sand and litter.		Holdings, LLC
Landscaping	Maintained as required and	North Mill Pond
- Landscaped islands to be maintained and mulched.	mulched each Spring	Holdings, LLC
Catch Basin (CB) Cleaning	Annually	North Mill Pond
- CB to be cleaned of solids and oils.		Holdings, LLC
Jelly Fish Units	In accordance with	North Mill Pond
	Manufacturer's Recommendations	Holdings, LLC
Underground Detention Basin	Annually	North Mill Pond
- Visual observation of sediment		Holdings, LLC
levels within system		
Porous Pavement	Bi-Annually	City of Portsmouth
- Clean using a vacuum sweeper		DPW

Contech Jellyfish Filter System Inspection/Maintenance Requirements						
Inspection/	Frequency	Action				
Maintenance						
Inspect vault for sediment build up, static water, plugged media and bypass condition	One (1) time annually and after any rainfall event exceeding 2.5" in a 24-hr period	Maintenance required for any of the following: - >4" of sediment on the vault floor - >1/4" of sediment on top of the cartridge4" of static water above the cartridge bottom more than 24 hours after a rain event - If pore space between media is absent If vault is in bypass condition during an average rainfall event.				
Replace Cartridges	As required by inspection, 1–5 years.	 Remove filter cartridges per manufacturer methods. Vacuum sediment from vault. Install new cartridges per manufacturer methods 				

Porous Asphalt Inspection/Maintenance Requirements					
Inspection/ Maintenance	Frequency	Action			
Monitor for sediment build up, particularly in the winter.	Two (2) – Four (4) Times Annually.	- Clean with vacuum sweeper, bi- annually - Loose debris such as leaves or can be removed using a power/leaf blower or gutter broom. Fall and spring cleanup should be accompanied by pavement vacuuming.			
Inspect Adjacent Vegetation	Two (2) – Four (4) Times Annually.	- Repair or replace any eroded areas.			
Inspect for standing water -Within 30 minutes following a rain event.	One (1) – Two (2) Times Annually	 Use of a power washer or compressed air blower at an angle of 30 degrees or less can be effective, vacuum or vacuum sweeper if necessary. 			
Damage to pavement	As needed	- Repairs should be made as identified.			

Additional Porous Asphalt Operation and Maintenance Requirements:

- No winter sanding or salting of porous pavements is permitted
- Never reseal or repave with impermeable materials.
- Inspect annually for pavement deterioration or spalling.
- Monitor periodically to ensure the pavement surface drains effectively after storms.

7.3.1 Disposal Requirements

Disposal of debris, trash, sediment and other waste material should be done at suitable disposal/recycling sites and in compliance with all applicable local, state and federal waste regulations.

7.3.2 Snow & Ice Management for Standard Asphalt and Walkways

Snow storage areas shall be located such that no direct untreated discharges are possible to receiving waters from the storage site (snow storage areas have been shown on the Site Plan). The property manager will be responsible for timely snow removal from all private sidewalks, driveways, and parking areas. Snow removal will be hauled off-site and legally disposed of when snowbanks exceed 6 feet in height. Salt storage areas shall be covered or located such that no direct untreated discharges are possible to receiving waters from the storage site. Salt and sand shall be used to the minimum extent practical (refer to the attached for de-icing application rate guideline from the New Hampshire Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2,).

7.4 Chloride Management Plan Winter Operational Guidelines

The following Chloride Management Plan is for the Raynes Avenue, Mixed Use Development in Portsmouth, New Hampshire. The Plan includes operational guidelines including winter operator certification requirements, weather monitoring, equipment calibration requirements, mechanical removal, and salt usage evaluation and monitoring. Due to the evolving nature of chloride management efforts, the Chlorides Management Plan will be reviewed annually, in advance of the winter season, to reflect the current management standards.

7.4.1 Background Information

The Raynes Avenue, Mixed Use Development is located along the North Mill Pond in Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

7.4.2 Operational Guidelines – Chloride Management

All private contractors engaged at the development site for the purposes of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance, are responsible for assisting in meeting compliance for the following protocols. Private contractors are expected to minimize the effects of the use of de-icing, anti-icing and pretreatment materials by adhering to the strict guidelines outlined below.

The winter operational de-icing, anti-icing and pretreatment materials will adhere to the following protocols:

7.4.2.1 Winter Operator Certification Requirements

All private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance must be current UNHT2 Green SnowPro Certified operators or equivalent and will use only pre-approved

methods for spreading abrasives on private roadways and parking lots. All private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance shall provide to the property management two copies of the annual UNHT2 Green SnowPro certificate or equivalent for each operator utilized on the premises. The annual UNHT2 Green SnowPro certificate or equivalent for each operator will be available on file in the Facilities Management office and be present in the vehicle/carrier at all times.

7.4.2.2 Improved Weather Monitoring

The property manager will coordinate weather information for use by winter maintenance contractors. This information in conjunction with site specific air/ground surface temperature monitoring will ensure that private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance will make more informed decisions as to when and to what extent de-icing, anti-icing and pretreatment materials are applied to private roadways, sidewalks, and parking lots.

7.4.2.3 Equipment Calibration Requirements

All equipment utilized on the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance will conform to the following calibration requirements.

7.4.2.3.1 Annual Calibration Requirements

All private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance shall provide two copies of the annual calibration report for each piece of equipment utilized on the premises. Each calibration report shall include the vehicle/carrier VIN number and the serial numbers for each component including, but not limited to, spreader control units, salt aggregate spreader equipment, brining/prewetting equipment, ground speed orientation unit, and air/ground surface temperature monitor. Annual calibration reports will be available on file in the Facilities Management office and be present in the vehicle/carrier at all times.

Prior to each use, each vehicle/carrier operator will perform a systems check to verify that unit settings remain within the guidelines established by the Management Team in order to accurately dispense material. All private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance will be subject to spot inspections by members of the Property Management Team to ensure that each vehicle/carrier is operating in a manner consistent with the guidelines set herein or State and Municipal regulations. All units will be recalibrated, and the updated calibration reports will be provided each time repairs or maintenance procedures affect the hydraulic system of the vehicle/carrier.

7.4.2.4 Increased Mechanical Removal Capabilities

All private contractors engaged at the premises will endeavor to use mechanical removal means on a more frequent basis for roadways, parking lots and sidewalks. Dedicating more manpower and equipment to increase snow removal frequencies prevents the buildup of snow and the corresponding need for deicing, anti-icing and pretreatment materials. Shortened maintenance routes, with shorter service intervals, will be used to stay ahead of snowfall. Minimized snow and ice packing will reduce the need for abrasives, salt aggregates, and/or brining solution to restore surfaces back to bare surface states after winter precipitation events.

After storm events the management team will be responsible for having the streets swept to recapture un-melted de-icing materials, when practical.

7.4.3 Salt Usage Evaluation and Monitoring

All private contractors engaged at the premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance shall provide two copies of a storm report, which includes detailed information regarding treatment areas and the use of de-icing, anticing and pretreatment materials applied for the removal of snow and surface maintenance on the premises. The property manager will maintain copies of Summary Documents, including copies of the Storm Reports, operator certifications, equipment used for roadway and sidewalk winter maintenance, calibration reports and amount of de-icing materials used.

7.4.4 Summary

The above-described methodologies are incorporated into the Operational Manual and are to be used to qualify and retain all private contractors engaged at the Raynes Avenue premises for the purpose of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance. This section of the Manual is intended to be an adaptive management document that is modified as required based on experience gained from past practices and technological advancements that reflect chloride BMP standards. All employees directly involved with winter operational activities are required to review this document and the current standard Best Management Practices published by the UNH Technology Transfer (T2) program annually. All employees directly involved with winter operational activities, and all private contractors engaged at the premises for the purposes of winter operational snow removal and surface maintenance, must be current UNHT2 Green SnowPro Certified operators or equivalent and undergo the necessary requirements to maintain this certification annually.

Deicing Application Rate Guidelines

24' of pavement (typcial two-lane road)

These rates are not fixed values, but rather the middle of a range to be selected and adjusted by an agency according to its local conditions and experience.

			Pounds per two-lane mile			
Pavement Temp. (°F) and Trend (↑↓)	Weather Condition	Maintenance Actions	Salt Prewetted / Pretreated with Salt Brine	Salt Prewetted / Pretreated with Other Blends	Dry Salt*	Winter Sand (abrasives)
>30° ↑	Snow	Plow, treat intersections only	80	70	100*	Not recommended
730 1	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	80 - 160	70 - 140	100 - 200*	Not recommended
30° ↓	Snow	Plow and apply chemical	80 - 160	70 - 140	100 - 200*	Not recommended
30 V	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	150 - 200	130 - 180	180 - 240*	Not recommended
25°-30° ↑	Snow	Plow and apply chemical	120 - 160	100 - 140	150 - 200*	Not recommended
25 - 50	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	150 - 200	130 - 180	180 - 240*	Not recommended
25°-30° ↓	Snow	Plow and apply chemical	120 - 160	100 - 140	150 - 200*	Not recommended
25 - 50 🗘	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	160 - 240	140 - 210	200 - 300*	400
20° - 25° ↑	Snow or Freezing Rain	Plow and apply chemical	160 - 240	140 - 210	200 - 300*	400
20° - 25° ↓	Snow	Plow and apply chemical	200 - 280	175 - 250	250 - 350*	Not recommended
20 - 25 🕠	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	240 - 320	210 - 280	300 - 400*	400
15°-20° ↑	Snow	Plow and apply chemical	200 - 280	175 - 250	250 - 350*	Not recommended
	Freezing Rain	Apply Chemical	240 - 320	210 - 280	300 - 400*	400
15°-20° ↓	Snow or Freezing Rain	Plow and apply chemical	240 - 320	210 - 280	300 - 400*	500 for freezing rain
0°-15° ↑↓	Snow	Plow, treat with blends, sand hazardous areas	Not recommended	300 - 400	Not recommended	500 - 750 spot treatment as needed
< 0*	Snow	Plow, treat with blends, sand hazardous areas	Not recommended	400 - 600**	Not recommended	500 - 750 spot treatment as needed

^{*} Dry salt is not recommended. It is likely to blow off the road before it melts ice.

^{**} A blend of 6 - 8 gal/ton MgCl₂ or CaCl₂ added to NaCl can melt ice as low as -10°.

	A	nti-icing Route Dat	a Form		
Truck Station:					
Date:					
Air Temperature	Pavement Temperature	Relative Humidity	Dew Point	Sky	
Reason for applying	<u> </u>		1		
Route:					
Chemical:					
Application Time:					
Application Amount	:				
Observation (first da	y):				
Observation (after e	vent):				
Observation (before	next application):				
Name:					

7.5 Invasive Species

With respect to a particular ecosystem, any species, including its seeds, eggs, spores, or other biological material capable of propagating that species, that is not native to that ecosystem is classified as an invasive species. Refer to the following fact sheet prepared by the University of New Hampshire Cooperative Extension entitled Methods for Disposing Non-Native Invasive Plants for recommended methods to dispose of invasive plant species.

UNIVERSITY of NEW HAMPSHIRE Methods for Disposing OOPERATIVE EXTENSION

Non-Native Invasive Plants

Prepared by the Invasives Species Outreach Group, volunteers interested in helping people control invasive plants. Assistance provided by the Piscataquog Land Conservancy and the NH Invasives Species Committee. Edited by Karen Bennett, Extension Forestry Professor and Specialist.



Tatarian honeysuckle

Lonicera tatarica USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An illustrated flora of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions. Vol. 3: 282.

Non-native invasive plants crowd out natives in natural and managed landscapes. They cost taxpayers billions of dollars each year from lost agricultural and forest crops, decreased biodiversity, impacts to natural resources and the environment, and the cost to control and eradicate them.

Invasive plants grow well even in less than desirable conditions such as sandy soils along roadsides, shaded wooded areas, and in wetlands. In ideal conditions, they grow and spread even faster. There are many ways to remove these nonnative invasives, but once removed, care is needed to dispose the removed plant material so the plants don't grow where disposed.

Knowing how a particular plant reproduces indicates its method of spread and helps determine

the appropriate disposal method. Most are spread by seed and are dispersed by wind, water, animals, or people. Some reproduce by vegetative means from pieces of stems or roots forming new plants. Others spread through both seed and vegetative means.

Because movement and disposal of viable plant parts is restricted (see NH Regulations), viable invasive parts can't be brought to most transfer stations in the state. Check with your transfer station to see if there is an approved, designated area for invasives disposal. This fact sheet gives recommendations for rendering plant parts nonviable.

Control of invasives is beyond the scope of this fact sheet. For information about control visit www.nhinvasives.org or contact your UNH Cooperative Extension office.

New Hampshire Regulations

Prohibited invasive species shall only be disposed of in a manner that renders them nonliving and nonviable. (Agr. 3802.04)

No person shall collect, transport, import, export, move, buy, sell, distribute, propagate or transplant any living and viable portion of any plant species, which includes all of their cultivars and varieties, listed in Table 3800.1 of the New Hampshire prohibited invasive species list. (Agr 3802.01)

How and When to Dispose of Invasives?

To prevent seed from spreading remove invasive plants before seeds are set (produced). Some plants continue to grow, flower and set seed even after pulling or cutting. Seeds can remain viable in the ground for many years. If the plant has flowers or seeds, place the flowers and seeds in a heavy plastic bag "head first" at the weeding site and transport to the disposal site. The following are general descriptions of disposal methods. See the chart for recommendations by species.

Burning: Large woody branches and trunks can be used as firewood or burned in piles. For outside burning, a written fire permit from the local forest fire warden is required unless the ground is covered in snow. Brush larger than 5 inches in diameter can't be burned. Invasive plants with easily airborne seeds like black swallow-wort with mature seed pods (indicated by their brown color) shouldn't be burned as the seeds may disperse by the hot air created by the fire.

Bagging (solarization): Use this technique with softertissue plants. Use heavy black or clear plastic bags (contractor grade), making sure that no parts of the plants poke through. Allow the bags to sit in the sun for several weeks and on dark pavement for the best effect.



Japanese knotweed
Polygonum cuspidatum
USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database /
Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. An
illustrated flora of the northern United
States, Canada and the British
Passessions, Vol. 1: 676

Tarping and Drying: Pile material on a sheet of plastic and cover with a tarp, fastening the tarp to the ground and monitoring it for escapes. Let the material dry for several weeks, or until it is clearly nonviable.

Chipping: Use this method for woody plants that don't reproduce vegetatively.

Burying: This is risky, but can be done with watchful diligence. Lay thick plastic in a deep pit before placing the cut up plant material in the hole. Place the material away from the edge of the plastic before covering it with more heavy plastic. Eliminate as much air as possible and toss in soil to weight down the material in the pit. Note that the top of the buried material should be at least three feet underground. Japanese knotweed should be at least 5 feet underground!

Drowning: Fill a large barrel with water and place soft-tissue plants in the water. Check after a few weeks and look for rotted plant material (roots, stems, leaves, flowers). Well-rotted plant material may be composted. A word of caution- seeds may still be viable after using this method. Do this before seeds are set. This method isn't used often. Be prepared for an awful stink!

Composting: Invasive plants can take root in compost. Don't compost any invasives unless you know there is no viable (living) plant material left. Use one of the above techniques (bagging, tarping, drying, chipping, or drowning) to render the plants nonviable before composting. Closely examine the plant before composting and avoid composting seeds.

Suggested Disposal Methods for Non-Native Invasive Plants

This table provides information concerning the disposal of removed invasive plant material. If the infestation is treated with herbicide and left in place, these guidelines don't apply. Don't bring invasives to a local transfer station, unless there is a designated area for their disposal, or they have been rendered non-viable. This listing includes wetland and upland plants from the New Hampshire Prohibited Invasive Species List. The disposal of aquatic plants isn't addressed.

Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
Norway maple (Acer platanoides) European barberry (Berberis vulgaris) Japanese barberry (Berberis thunbergii) autumn olive (Elaeagnus umbellata) burning bush (Euonymus alatus) Morrow's honeysuckle (Lonicera morrowii) Tatarian honeysuckle (Lonicera tatarica) showy bush honeysuckle (Lonicera x bella) common buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica) glossy buckthorn (Frangula alnus)	Fruit and Seeds	Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed. Larger plants Use as firewood. Make a brush pile. Chip. Burn. After fruit/seed is ripe Don't remove from site. Burn. Make a covered brush pile. Chip once all fruit has dropped from branches. Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.
oriental bittersweet (Celastrus orbiculatus) multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments	Prior to fruit/seed ripening Seedlings and small plants Pull or cut and leave on site with roots exposed. No special care needed. Larger plants Make a brush pile. Burn. After fruit/seed is ripe Don't remove from site. Burn. Make a covered brush pile. Chip – only after material has fully dried (1 year) and all fruit has dropped from branches. Leave resulting chips on site and monitor.

Non-Woody Plants	Method of Reproducing	Methods of Disposal
garlic mustard (Alliaria petiolata) spotted knapweed (Centaurea maculosa) Sap of related knapweed can cause skin irritation and tumors. Wear gloves when handling. black swallow-wort (Cynanchum nigrum) May cause skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. pale swallow-wort (Cynanchum rossicum) giant hogweed (Heracleum mantegazzianum) Can cause major skin rash. Wear gloves and long sleeves when handling. dame's rocket (Hesperis matronalis) perennial pepperweed (Lepidium latifolium) purple loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria) Japanese stilt grass (Microstegium vimineum) mile-a-minute weed (Polygonum perfoliatum)	Fruits and Seeds	Prior to flowering Depends on scale of infestation Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed. Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile. (You can pile onto or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material. During and following flowering Do nothing until the following year or remove flowering heads and bag and let rot. Small infestation Pull or cut plant and leave on site with roots exposed. Large infestation Pull or cut plant and pile remaining material. (You can pile onto plastic or cover with plastic sheeting). Monitor. Remove any re-sprouting material.
common reed (Phragmites australis) Japanese knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum) Bohemian knotweed (Polygonum x bohemicum)	Fruits, Seeds, Plant Fragments Primary means of spread in these species is by plant parts. Although all care should be given to preventing the dispersal of seed during control activities, the presence of seed doesn't materially influence disposal activities.	 Small infestation Bag all plant material and let rot. Never pile and use resulting material as compost. Burn. Large infestation Remove material to unsuitable habitat (dry, hot and sunny or dry and shaded location) and scatter or pile. Monitor and remove any sprouting material. Pile, let dry, and burn.

Managing Invasive Plants Methods of Control by Christopher Mattrick

They're out there. The problem of invasive plants is as close as your own backyard.

Maybe a favorite dogwood tree is struggling in the clutches of an Oriental bittersweet vine. Clawlike canes of multiflora rose are scratching at the side of your house. That handsome burning bush you planted few years ago has become a whole clump in practically no time ... but what happened to the azalea that used to grow right next to it?

If you think controlling or managing invasive plants on your property is a daunting task, you're not alone. Though this topic is getting lots of attention from federal, state, and local government agencies, as well as the media, the basic question for most homeowners is simply, "How do I get rid of the invasive plants in my own landscape?" Fortunately, the best place to begin to tackle this complex issue is in our own backyards and on local conservation lands. We hope the information provided here will help you take back your yard. We won't kid you—there's some work involved, but the payoff in beauty, wildlife habitat, and peace of mind makes it all worthwhile.

PLAN OF ATTACK

Three broad categories cover most invasive plant control: mechanical, chemical, and biological. Mechanical control means physically removing plants from the environment



Spraying chemicals to control invasive plants.

through cutting or pulling. Chemical control uses herbicides to kill plants and inhibit regrowth. Techniques and chemicals used will vary depending on the species. Biological controls use plant diseases or insect predators, typically from the targeted species' home range. Several techniques may be effective in controlling a single species, but there is usually one preferred method—the one that is most resource efficient with minimal impact on non-target species and the environment.

MECHANICAL CONTROL METHODS

Mechanical treatments are usually the first ones to look at when evaluating an invasive plant removal project. These procedures do not require special licensing or introduce chemicals into the environment. They do require permits in some situations, such as wetland zones. [See sidebar on page 23.] Mechanical removal is highly labor intensive and creates a significant amount of site disturbance, which can lead to rapid reinvasion if not handled properly.

Pulling and digging

Many herbaceous plants and some woody species (up to about one inch in diameter), if present in limited quantities, can be pulled out or dug up. It's important to remove as much of the root system as possible; even a small portion can restart the infestation. Pull plants by hand or use a digging fork, as shovels can shear off portions of the root

system, allowing for regrowth. To remove larger woody stems (up to about three inches in diameter), use a Weed WrenchTM, Root Jack, or Root Talon. These tools, available from several manufacturers, are designed to remove the aboveground portion of the plant as well as the entire root system. It's easiest to undertake this type of control in the spring or early summer when soils are moist and plants come out more easily.



Using tools to remove woody stems.





Volunteers hand pulling invasive plants.

Suffocation

Try suffocating small seedlings and herbaceous plants. Place double or triple layers of thick UV-stabilized plastic sheeting, either clear or black (personally I like clear), over the infestation and secure the plastic with stakes or weights. Make sure the plastic extends at least five feet past the edge of infestation on all sides. Leave the plastic in place for at least two years. This technique will kill everything beneath the plastic—invasive and non-invasive plants alike. Once the plastic is removed, sow a cover crop such as annual rye to prevent new invasions.

Cutting or mowing

This technique is best suited for locations you can visit and treat often. To be effective, you will need to mow or cut infested areas three or four times a year for up to five years. The goal is to interrupt the plant's ability to photosynthesize by removing as much leafy material as possible. Cut the plants at ground level and remove all resulting debris from the site. With this treatment, the infestation may actually appear to get worse at first, so you will need to be as persistent as the invasive plants themselves. Each time you cut the plants back, the root system gets slightly larger, but must also rely on its energy reserves to push up new growth. Eventually, you will exhaust these reserves and the plants will die. This may take many years, so you have to remain committed to this process once you start; otherwise the treatment can backfire, making the problem worse.

CHEMICAL CONTROL METHODS

Herbicides are among the most effective and resource-efficient tools to treat invasive species. Most of the commonly known invasive plants can be treated using only two herbicides—glyphosate (the active ingredient in Roundup™ and Rodeo™) and triclopyr (the active ingredient in Brush-B-Gone™ and Garlon™). Glyphosate is non-selective, meaning it kills everything it contacts. Triclopyr is selective and does not injure monocots (grasses, orchids, lilies, etc.). Please read labels and follow directions precisely for both environmental and personal safety. These are relatively benign herbicides, but improperly used they can still cause both short- and long-term health and environmental problems. Special aquatic formulations are required when working in wetland zones. You are required to have a stateissued pesticide applicator license when applying these chemicals on land you do not own. To learn more about the pesticide regulations in your state, visit or call your state's pesticide control division, usually part of the state's Department of Agriculture. In wetland areas, additional permits are usually required by the Wetlands Protection Act. [See sidebar on page 23.]

Foliar applications

When problems are on a small scale, this type of treatment is usually applied with a backpack sprayer or even a small handheld spray bottle. It is an excellent way to treat large monocultures of herbaceous plants, or to spot-treat individual plants that are difficult to remove mechanically, such as goutweed, swallowwort, or purple loosestrife. It is also an effective treatment for some woody species, such as Japanese barberry, multiflora rose, Japanese honeysuckle, and Oriental bittersweet that grow in dense masses or large numbers over many acres. The herbicide mixture should contain no more than five percent of the active ingredient, but it is important to follow the instructions on the product label. This treatment is most effective when the plants are actively growing, ideally when they are flowering or beginning to form fruit. It has been shown that plants are often more susceptible to this type of treatment if the existing stems are cut off and the regrowth is treated. This is especially true for Japanese knotweed. The target plants should be thoroughly wetted with the herbicide on a day when there is no rain in the forecast for the next 24 to 48 hours.

Cut stem treatments

There are several different types of cut stem treatments, but here we will review only the one most commonly used. All treatments of this type require a higher concentration of the active ingredient than is used in foliar applications. A 25 to 35 percent solution of the active ingredient should be used for cut stem treatments, but read and follow all label instructions. In most cases, the appropriate herbicide is glyphosate, except for Oriental bittersweet, on which triclopyr should be used. This treatment can be used on all woody stems, as well as phragmites and Japanese knotweed.

For woody stems, treatments are most effective when applied in the late summer and autumn—between late August and November. Stems should be cut close to the ground, but not so close that you will lose track of them. Apply herbicide directly to the cut surface as soon as possible after cutting. Delaying the application will reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. The herbicide can be applied with a sponge, paintbrush, or spray bottle.



Cut stem treatment tools.

For phragmites and Japanese knotweed, treatment is the same, but the timing and equipment are different. Plants should be treated anytime from mid-July through September, but the hottest, most humid days of the summer are best

for this method. Cut the stems halfway between two leaf nodes at a comfortable height. Inject (or squirt) herbicide into the exposed hollow stem. All stems in an infestation should be treated. A wash bottle is the most effective application tool, but you can also use an eyedropper, spray bottle, or one of the recently developed high-tech injection systems.

It is helpful to mix a dye in with the herbicide solution. The dye will stain the treated surface and mark the areas that have been treated, preventing unnecessary reapplication. You can buy a specially formulated herbicide dye, or use food coloring or laundry dye.

There is not enough space in this article to describe all the possible ways to control invasive plants. You can find other treatments, along with more details on the above-described methods, and species-specific recommendations on The Nature Conservancy Web site (tncweeds.ucdavis.edu). An upcoming posting on the Invasive Plant Atlas of New England (www.ipane.org) and the New England Wild Flower Society (www.newfs.org) Web sites will also provide further details.



Hollow stem injection tools.

Biological controls—still on the horizon

Biological controls are moving into the forefront of control methodology, but currently the only widely available and applied biocontrol relates to purple loosestrife. More information on purple loosestrife and other biological control projects can be found at www.invasiveplants.net.

DISPOSAL OF INVASIVE PLANTS

Proper disposal of removed invasive plant material is critical to the control process. Leftover plant material can cause new infestations or reinfest the existing project area. There are many appropriate ways to dispose of invasive plant debris. I've listed them here in order of preference.

- **1. Burn it**—Make a brush pile and burn the material following local safety regulations and restrictions, or haul it to your town's landfill and place it in their burn pile.
- **2. Pile it**—Make a pile of the woody debris. This technique will provide shelter for wildlife as well.
- **3.** Compost it—Place all your herbaceous invasive plant debris in a pile and process as compost. Watch the pile closely for resprouts and remove as necessary. Do not use the resulting compost in your garden. The pile is for invasive plants only.



Injecting herbicide into the hollow stem of phragmites.

4. Dry it/cook it—Place woody debris out on your driveway or any asphalt surface and let it dry out for a month. Place herbaceous material in a doubled-up black trash bag and let it cook in the sun for one month. At the end of the month, the material should be non-viable and you can dump it or dispose of it with the trash. The method assumes there is no viable seed mixed in with the removed material.

Care should be taken in the disposal of all invasive plants, but several species need extra attention. These are the ones that have the ability to sprout vigorously from plant fragments and should ideally be burned or dried prior to disposal: Oriental bittersweet, multiflora rose, Japanese honeysuckle, phragmites, and Japanese knotweed.

Christopher Mattrick is the former Senior Conservation Programs Manager for New England Wild Flower Society, where he managed conservation volunteer and invasive and rare plant management programs. Today, Chris and his family work and play in the White Mountains of New Hampshire, where he is the Forest Botanist and Invasive Species Coordinator for the White Mountain National Forest.



Controlling Invasive Plants in Wetlands

Special concerns; special precautions

Control of invasive plants in or around wetlands or bodies of water requires a unique set of considerations. Removal projects in wetland zones can be legal and effective if handled appropriately. In many cases, herbicides may be the least disruptive tools with which to remove invasive plants. You will need a state-issued pesticide license to apply herbicide on someone else's property, but all projects in wetland or aquatic systems fall under the jurisdiction of the Wetlands Protection Act and therefore require a permit. Yes, even hand-pulling that colony of glossy buckthorn plants from your own swampland requires a permit. Getting a permit for legal removal is fairly painless if you plan your project carefully.

- 1. Investigate and understand the required permits and learn how to obtain them. The entity charged with the enforcement of the Wetlands Protection Act varies from state to state. For more information in your state, contact:
 - ME: Department of Environmental Protection www.state.me.us/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm
 - **NH:** Department of Environmental Services www.des.state.nh.us/wetlands/
 - VT: Department of Environmental Conservation www.anr.state.vt.us/dec/waterq/permits/htm/pm_cud.htm
 - MA: Consult your local town conservation commission
 - **RI:** Department of Environmental Management www.dem.ri.gov/programs/benviron/water/permits/fresh/index.htm
 - CT: Consult your local town Inland Wetland and Conservation Commission

- 2. Consult an individual or organization with experience in this area. Firsthand experience in conducting projects in wetland zones and navigating the permitting process is priceless. Most states have wetland scientist societies whose members are experienced in working in wetlands and navigating the regulations affecting them. A simple Web search will reveal the contact point for these societies. Additionally, most environmental consulting firms and some nonprofit organizations have skills in this area.
- 3. Develop a well-written and thorough project plan. You are more likely to be successful in obtaining a permit for your project if you submit a project plan along with your permit application. The plan should include the reasons for the project, your objectives in completing the project, how you plan to reach those objectives, and how you will monitor the outcome.
- 4. Ensure that the herbicides you plan to use are approved for aquatic use. Experts consider most herbicides harmful to water quality or aquatic organisms, but rate some formulations as safe for aquatic use. Do the research and select an approved herbicide, and then closely follow the instructions on the label.
- 5. If you are unsure—research, study, and most of all, ask for help. Follow the rules. The damage caused to aquatic systems by the use of an inappropriate herbicide or the misapplication of an appropriate herbicide not only damages the environment, but also may reduce public support for safe, well-planned projects.

7.6 Annual Updates and Log Requirements

The Owner and/or Contact/Responsible Party shall review this Operation and Maintenance Plan once per year for its effectiveness and adjust the plan and deed as necessary.

A log of all preventative and corrective measures for the stormwater system shall be kept on-site and be made available upon request by any public entity with administrative, health environmental or safety authority over the site including NHDES.

Copies of the Stormwater Maintenance report shall be submitted to the City of Portsmouth on an annual basis.

	Stormwater Management Report													
Mixed Use Develo	opment	Raynes Av	Raynes Avenue - Map 123 Lots 10, 12, 13 & 14											
BMP Description	Date of Inspection	Inspector	BMP Installed and Operating Properly?	Cleaning / Corrective Action Needed	Date of Cleaning / Repair	Performed By								
Deep Sump CB's			□Yes □No											
Underground Detention			□Yes □No											
Jellyfish Filter 1			□Yes □No											
Jellyfish Filter 2			□Yes □No											
Porous Pavement			□Yes □No											

	Stormwater Management Report												
City of Portsmo	outh	North Mill	North Mill Pond Trail										
BMP Description	Date of Inspection	Inspector	BMP Installed and Operating Properly?	Cleaning / Corrective Action Needed	Date of Cleaning / Repair	Performed By							
Porous Pavement			□Yes □No										



ProCon, LLC 31 Raynes Avenue Project Portsmouth, NH

SITE SPECIFIC SOIL MAP

June 2020





1.0 Introduction

This report is provided in conjunction with a 1.35 +/- acre Site Specific Soil Map (SSSM) prepared by Tighe & Bond for a parcel at 31 Raynes Avenue in Portsmouth, NH. The purpose of the mapping was to assist in the evaluation of drainage and other soil-related uses associated with site improvements, and may be used as part of an Alteration of Terrain (AoT) permit application.

2.0 Methods

Fieldwork for the soil mapping was completed October 22, 2019 based on *Site-Specific Soil Mapping Standards for New Hampshire and Vermont, Version 5.0,* (Society of Soil Scientists of Northern New England [SSSNNE] Special Publication No. 3, December 2017). The poorly and very poorly drained soil types under this system are based on the most recent version of *Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England, Version 4* (New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission, 2018).

The soil legend for this map is based on the soil series currently mapped in the State of New Hampshire as published in the New Hampshire State-Wide Numerical Soils Legend (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, Issue #10, 2011). Since this soil map includes disturbed soils and may be used for an AoT application, the map symbols are composed of two major parts separated by a forward slash (/). The first part of the soil symbol includes a numerical identifier from the state-wide soil legend, followed by a letter indicating the slope class (e.g., 299A). Slope class identifiers are as follows:

Α	0-3%	D	15-25%
В	3-8%	Е	25-50%
С	8-15%	F	>50%

The second part of the symbol is based on the SSSNNE Disturbed Soil Supplemental Symbols, which are included within the Site Specific Soil Map (SSSM) standards. This portion of the symbol translates as follows:

Character 1: Drainage Class

a-Excessively Drained

b-Somewhat Excessively Drained

c-Well Drained

d-Moderately Well Drained

e-Somewhat Poorly Drained

f-Poorly Drained

g-Very Poorly Drained

h-Not Determined

Character 2: Parent Material (of naturally formed soil only, if present)

- a-No natural soil within 60 inches
- b-Glaciofluvial deposits (outwash/terraces of sand or sand and gravel)
- c-Glacial till material (active ice)
- d-Glaciolacustrine very fine sand and silt deposits (glacial lakes)
- e-Loamy/sandy over silt/clay deposits
- f-Marine silt and clay deposits (ocean waters)
- g-Alluvial deposits (floodplains)
- h-Organic materials-fresh water wetlands
- i-Organic materials-tidal wetlands

Character 3: Restrictive Properties

- a-None
- b-Bouldery surface with more than 15% of the surface covered with boulders
- c-Mineral restrictive layer(s) are present in the soil profile less than 40 inches below the soil surface such as hard pan, platy structure or clayey texture with consistence of at least firm (i.e. more than 20 newtons).
- d-Bedrock in the soil profile; 0-20 inches
- e-Bedrock in the soil profile; 20-60 inches
- f-Areas where depth to bedrock is so variable that a single soil type cannot be applied, will be mapped as a complex of soil types
- g-Subject to flooding
- h-Manufactured impervious surface including pavement, concrete, or built-up surfaces (e.g. buildings) with no morphological restrictive layer within control section

Character 4: Estimated Ksat (most limiting layer excluding symbol 3h above)

- a-High
- b-Moderate
- c-Low
- d-Not determined *See "Guidelines for Ksat Class Placement" in Chapter 3 of the Soil Survey Manual, USDA

Character 5: Hydrologic Soil Group

a-Group A

b-Group B

c-Group C

d-Group D

e-Not determined

SSSM report standards require estimates of the maximum size of *limiting* inclusions for the entire soil map and an estimate of the percentage of *dissimilar* inclusions within each map unit. *Limiting* inclusions are soils "...that differ appreciably in one or more soil properties from the named soil in a map unit. The difference in soil properties is more restrictive and may affect use and management." *Dissimilar* inclusions are "...soils that either do not share limits of some important diagnostic properties of the named taxon, or, in the professional judgment of the soil scientist, have different use or management requirements." The maximum size of any limiting inclusions in this soil map is estimated to be less than 2,000 square feet. Any dissimilar inclusions noted during the mapping are listed below within the map unit descriptions.

3.0 Site Features

The parcel is a highly disturbed site along the North Mill Pond. The property shows evidence of what appears to be very old filling and grading associated with the existing development.

4.0 Soil Map Unit Descriptions

Below are descriptions for each of the map units found on the accompanying SSSM. The "*" after the numerical map unit symbol represents a placeholder for the slope class indicators described above.

100*/afaaa—Udorthents, wet substratum

<u>Landscape Setting:</u> Soils that have been filled and leveled over what was originally hydric soils. On this site this map unit represents fill that was used to construct a pier.

Drainage Class: Excessively drained

Parent Material of Natural Soil: Fill over marine silts and clays at <60 inches (presumed).

<u>Typical Textures:</u> Very gravelly sand (mixed sand and crushed stone)

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

<u>Dissimilar Inclusions:</u> None noted Limiting Inclusions: None noted

<u>Additional Notes:</u> Soils in these areas have properties that are similar to the Hinckley soil series for Hydologic Soil Group determination

Site Specific Soil Map

100*/dfccc-Udorthents, wet substratum

<u>Landscape Setting:</u> Soils that have been filled and leveled over what was originally hydric soils

Drainage Class: Moderately well drained.

<u>Parent Material:</u> Fill over marine silts and clays at <60 inches (presumed). <u>Typical Textures:</u> Very gravelly sandy loam and gravelly silty clay loam fill

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

<u>Dissimilar Inclusions:</u> None noted

<u>Limiting Inclusions:</u> Slopes along the shore are steeper than the mapped unit and are affected by tidal inundation. These areas comprise less than 10% of the unit

<u>Additional Notes:</u> Soils in these areas have properties that are similar to the Elmridge soil series for Hydrologic Soil Group determination

Site Specific Soil Map Legend

31 Raynes Avenue, Portsmouth, NH

Slope Class Identifiers

	Siope Class	<u> Taciitii</u>	<u>1015</u>
Α	0-3%	D	15-25%
В	3-8%	Е	25-50%
С	8-15%	F	>50%

Map Unit Symbols

Map Number* / Disturbed Soil Numerator**	Soil Map Unit Name	Hydrologic Soil Group
100*/afaaa	Udorthents, wet substratum / excessively drained, over marine silts and clays, no restrictive layer within 40 inches, high Ksat, Hydrologic Soil Group A	Α
100*/dfccc	Udorthents, wet substratum / moderately well drained, over marine silts and clays, with a restrictive layer within 40 inches, low Ksat, Hydrologic Soil Group C	С

^{*}Indicates the location of the slope class identifier (A-F)

Soil Mapping Notes:

- 1. Hydrologic soil groups for disturbed soils were based on most similar soil series listed in *Ksat Values for NH Soils*, SSSNNE Special Publication No. 5, 2009.
- 2. Fieldwork for this map was conducted by Leonard A. Lord, PhD, NHCSS #19 on October 22, 2019
- 3. This detailed Site Specific Soil Map conforms to the standards of SSSNNE Publication No. 3, as amended, Site Specific Soil Mapping Standards for NH and VT.
- 4. This map has been prepared to comply with soil mapping requirements of RSA 485 A:17 and NHDES Env-Wq, Alteration of Terrain.
- 5. See accompanying narrative report for methodology, map symbol legend, and interpretations.

^{**}Supplemental symbols are used to further characterize disturbed soils for Alteration of Terrain permits

www.tighebond.com

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing Yes

State New Hampshire

Location

Longitude 70.764 degrees West **Latitude** 43.080 degrees North

Elevation 0 feet

Date/Time Fri, 24 Jul 2020 12:23:19 -0400

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.81	1.04	1yr	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.56	2.03	2.65	2.92	1yr	2.35	2.81	3.22	3.94	4.54	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.50	0.62	0.81	1.02	1.30	2yr	0.88	1.18	1.52	1.94	2.48	3.20	3.57	2yr	2.84	3.43	3.93	4.67	5.32	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.73	0.97	1.25	1.61	5yr	1.08	1.47	1.89	2.43	3.14	4.06	4.57	5yr	3.59	4.40	5.03	5.93	6.69	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.65	0.82	1.11	1.45	1.89	10yr	1.25	1.72	2.23	2.89	3.74	4.86	5.52	10yr	4.30	5.31	6.07	7.09	7.96	10yr
25yr	0.48	0.76	0.97	1.33	1.77	2.33	25yr	1.53	2.14	2.77	3.62	4.73	6.16	7.09	25yr	5.45	6.81	7.78	9.00	10.03	25yr
50yr	0.53	0.86	1.10	1.53	2.07	2.75	50yr	1.78	2.52	3.28	4.31	5.65	7.37	8.57	50yr	6.53	8.24	9.40	10.79	11.95	50yr
100yr	0.59	0.96	1.24	1.76	2.41	3.25	100yr	2.08	2.97	3.90	5.15	6.75	8.83	10.36	100yr	7.82	9.96	11.35	12.93	14.24	100yr
200yr	0.67	1.10	1.42	2.04	2.82	3.82	200yr	2.43	3.51	4.60	6.11	8.06	10.58	12.52	200yr	9.37	12.04	13.71	15.50	16.98	200yr
500yr	0.80	1.31	1.71	2.48	3.47	4.75	500yr	2.99	4.37	5.75	7.68	10.19	13.45	16.11	500yr	11.90	15.49	17.61	19.72	21.44	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1yr	0.63	0.86	0.92	1.33	1.68	2.23	2.48	1yr	1.97	2.39	2.86	3.18	3.88	1yr
2yr	0.31	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.19	2yr	0.86	1.16	1.37	1.82	2.34	3.05	3.45	2yr	2.70	3.31	3.82	4.54	5.07	2yr
5yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.40	5yr	1.01	1.37	1.61	2.12	2.73	3.78	4.18	5yr	3.34	4.02	4.71	5.52	6.23	5yr
10yr	0.38	0.59	0.73	1.02	1.32	1.60	10yr	1.14	1.56	1.80	2.39	3.06	4.36	4.85	10yr	3.86	4.66	5.42	6.39	7.17	10yr
25yr	0.44	0.67	0.83	1.18	1.56	1.90	25yr	1.34	1.86	2.10	2.76	3.54	4.70	5.87	25yr	4.16	5.64	6.62	7.76	8.65	25yr
50yr	0.48	0.73	0.91	1.31	1.76	2.17	50yr	1.52	2.12	2.34	3.07	3.93	5.31	6.77	50yr	4.70	6.51	7.68	9.00	9.98	50yr
100yr	0.53	0.81	1.01	1.46	2.00	2.47	100yr	1.73	2.41	2.62	3.42	4.35	5.96	7.81	100yr	5.28	7.51	8.92	10.45	11.52	100yr
200yr	0.59	0.89	1.12	1.63	2.27	2.81	200yr	1.96	2.75	2.93	3.79	4.79	6.68	9.01	200yr	5.91	8.66	10.34	12.15	13.31	200yr
500yr	0.68	1.02	1.31	1.90	2.70	3.36	500yr	2.33	3.28	3.41	4.32	5.46	7.76	10.87	500yr	6.87	10.45	12.58	14.86	16.11	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

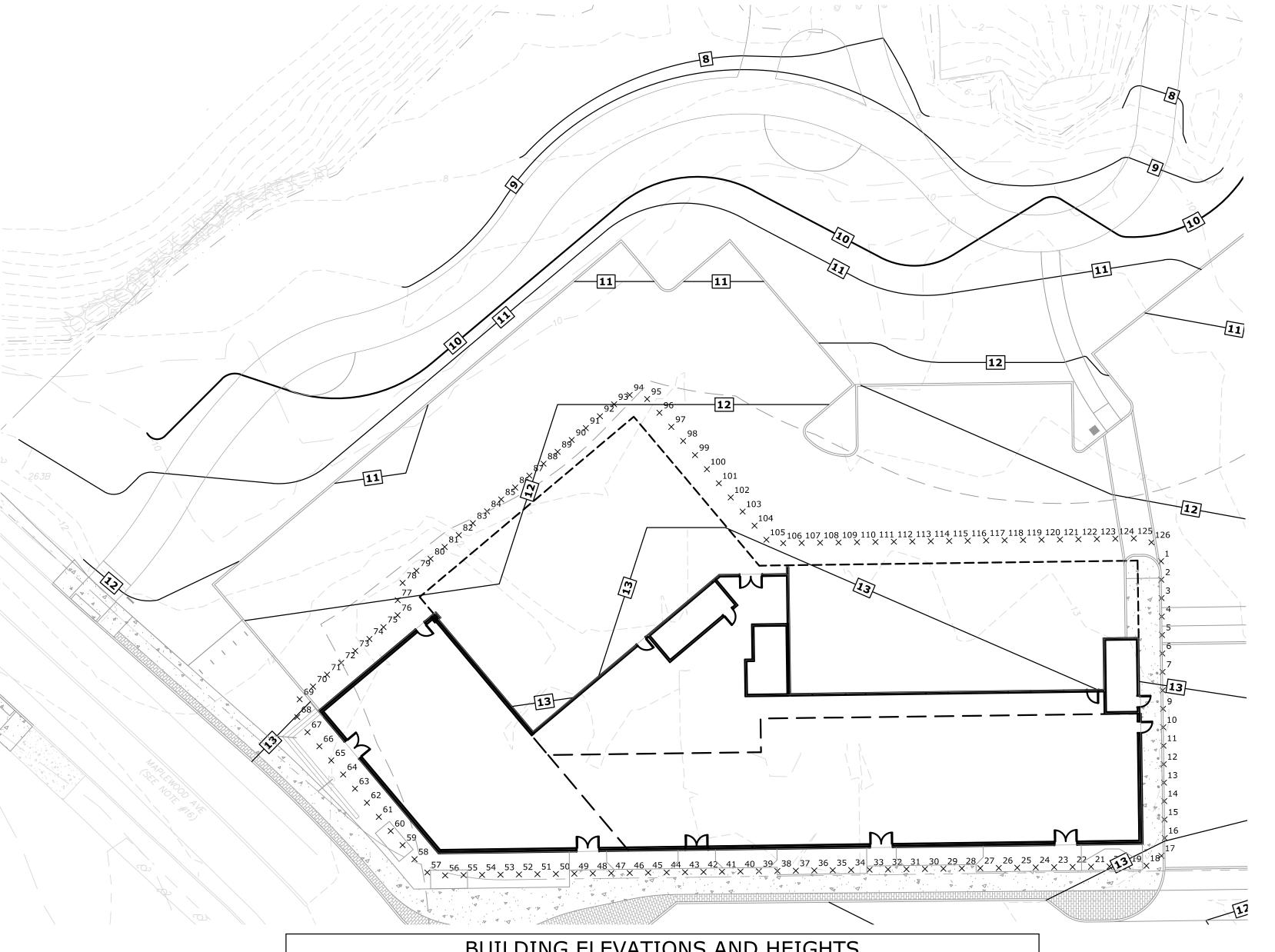
	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.28	0.44	0.54	0.72	0.89	1.08	1yr	0.77	1.06	1.26	1.74	2.21	2.98	3.16	1yr	2.64	3.04	3.58	4.37	5.04	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.52	0.64	0.86	1.07	1.27	2yr	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.96	2.52	3.42	3.70	2yr	3.03	3.56	4.08	4.83	5.62	2yr
5yr	0.40	0.62	0.76	1.05	1.34	1.62	5yr	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.53	3.25	4.33	4.96	5yr	3.84	4.77	5.37	6.37	7.15	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.24	1.61	1.97	10yr	1.39	1.93	2.28	3.11	3.95	5.33	6.20	10yr	4.72	5.96	6.82	7.83	8.74	10yr
25yr	0.57	0.87	1.09	1.55	2.04	2.57	25yr	1.76	2.51	2.95	4.07	5.15	7.77	8.34	25yr	6.88	8.02	9.15	10.33	11.40	25yr
50yr	0.67	1.02	1.27	1.82	2.46	3.12	50yr	2.12	3.05	3.59	5.00	6.32	9.73	10.46	50yr	8.62	10.06	11.45	12.71	13.95	50yr
100yr	0.79	1.19	1.49	2.15	2.95	3.80	100yr	2.55	3.72	4.37	6.15	7.76	12.18	13.11	100yr	10.78	12.61	14.32	15.68	17.08	100yr
200yr	0.92	1.39	1.76	2.54	3.55	4.64	200yr	3.06	4.54	5.33	7.58	9.53	15.29	16.45	200yr	13.53	15.82	17.94	19.34	20.91	200yr
500yr	1.14	1.70	2.19	3.18	4.52	6.02	500yr	3.90	5.89	6.92	10.01	12.54	20.67	22.22	500yr	18.29	21.37	24.18	25.50	27.33	500yr



Coastal and Great Bay Region Precipitation Increase								
	24-hr Storm Event (in.) 24-hr Storm Event + 15% (in							
1 Year	2.65	3.05						
2 Year	3.20	3.68						
10 Year	4.86	5.59						
25 Year	6.16	7.08						
50 Year	7.37	8.48						
100 Year	8.83	10.15						

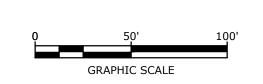
www.tighebond.com

	MIXED USE BUILDING GRADE PLANE ELEVATIONS																						
POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT
1	12.15	72.67	59.77	25	13.23	60.25	47.35	49	13.82	28.75	15.85	73	12.25	28.75	15.85	96	12.05	72.67	59.77	120	12.35	72.67	59.77
2	12.20	72.67	59.77	26	13.27	60.25	47.35	50	13.82	28.75	15.85	74	12.20	28.75	15.85	97	12.15	72.67	59.77	121	12.35	72.67	59.77
3	12.25	72.67	59.77	27	13.30	60.25	47.35	51	13.82	28.75	15.85	75	12.15	28.75	15.85	98	12.25	72.67	59.77	122	12.30	72.67	59.77
4	12.55	72.67	59.77	28	13.33	60.25	47.35	52	13.82	28.75	15.85	76	12.10	28.75	15.85	99	12.35	72.67	59.77	123	12.25	72.67	59.77
5	12.85	72.67	59.77	29	13.36	60.25	47.35	53	13.82	28.75	15.85	77	12.00	72.67	59.77	100	12.45	72.67	59.77	124	12.20	72.67	59.77
6	12.90	72.67	59.77	30	13.40	60.25	47.35	54	13.82	28.75	15.85	78	11.90	72.67	59.77	101	12.55	72.67	59.77	125	12.15	72.67	59.77
7	12.95	72.67	59.77	31	13.45	60.25	47.35	55	13.82	28.75	15.85	79	11.85	72.67	59.77	102	12.65	72.67	59.77	126	12.15	72.67	59.77
8	13.00	72.67	59.77	32	13.50	60.25	47.35	56	13.82	28.75	15.85	80	11.75	72.67	59.77	103	12.75	72.67	59.77	AVERAGE GRADE PLANE ELEVATION		12,90	
9	13.05	72.67	59.77	33	13.53	60.25	47.35	57	13.82	28.75	15.85	81	11.70	72.67	59.77	104	12.90	72.67	59.77			12.90	
10	13.10	60.25	47.35	34	13.56	60.25	47.35	58	13.82	28.75	15.85	82	11.65	72.67	59.77	105	12.95	72.67	59.77				
11	13.15	60.25	47.35	35	13.59	60.25	47.35	59	13.82	28.75	15.85	83	11.70	72.67	59.77	106	12.95	72.67	59.77				
12	13.20	60.25	47.35	36	13.62	60.25	47.35	60	13.82	28.75	15.85	84	11.75	72.67	59.77	107	12.90	72.67	59.77				
13	13.25	60.25	47.35	37	13.65	60.25	47.35	61	13.82	28.75	15.85	85	11.80	72.67	59.77	108	12.85	72.67	59.77				
14	13.30	60.25	47.35	38	13.68	60.25	47.35	62	13.82	28.75	15.85	86	11.90	72.67	59.77	109	12.85	72.67	59.77				
15	13.20	60.25	47.35	39	13.72	60.25	47.35	63	13.82	28.75	15.85	87	12.00	72.67	59.77	110	12.80	72.67	59.77				
16	13.05	60.25	47.35	40	13.74	60.25	47.35	64	13.82	28.75	15.85	88	12.00	72.67	59.77	111	12.75	72.67	59.77				
17	12.90	60.25	47.35	41	13.77	60.25	47.35	65	13.82	28.75	15.85	89	12.10	72.67	59.77	112	12.70	72.67	59.77				
18	12.85	60.25	47.35	42	13.80	60.25	47.35	66	13.82	28.75	15.85	90	12.20	72.67	59.77	113	12.65	72.67	59.77				
19	12.95	60.25	47.35	43	13.82	60.25	47.35	67	13.82	28.75	15.85	91	12.20	72.67	59.77	114	12.60	72.67	59.77				
20	13.00	60.25	47.35	44	13.82	60.25	47.35	68	13.00	28.75	15.85	92	12.10	72.67	59.77	115	12.60	72.67	59.77				
21	13.05	60.25	47.35	45	13.82	60.25	47.35	69	12.95	28.75	15.85	93	12.00	72.67	59.77	116	12.55	72.67	59.77				
22	13.10	60.25	47.35	46	13.82	28.75	15.85	70	12.45	28.75	15.85	94	11.95	72.67	59.77	117	12.50	72.67	59.77				
23	13.15	60.25	47.35	47	13.82	28.75	15.85	71	12.35	28.75	15.85	95	11.95	72.67	59.77	118	12.45	72.67	59.77				
24	13.20	60.25	47.35	48	13.82	28.75	15.85	72	12.30	28.75	15.85	96	12.05	72.67	59.77	119	12.40	72.67	59.77				1



BUILDING ELEVATIONS AND HEIGHTS BUILDING HEIGHT BUILDING ELEVATION GRADE PLANE **ELEVATION** ALLOWED PROPOSED ALLOWED PROPOSED MIXED USE 12.90' 72.90' 72.67' 60.00' 59.77' 11.85' 71.75' 59.90' HOTEL 71.85' 60.00'





Proposed Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
С	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
В	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmi
Α	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
A D I	DATE	DECCRIPTION

MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
PROJE	CT NO:	P-0595-007						
DATE:		December 22, 2020						
FILE:		P-0595-007-EXHIBITS.DWG						
DRAWI	N BY:	CJK						

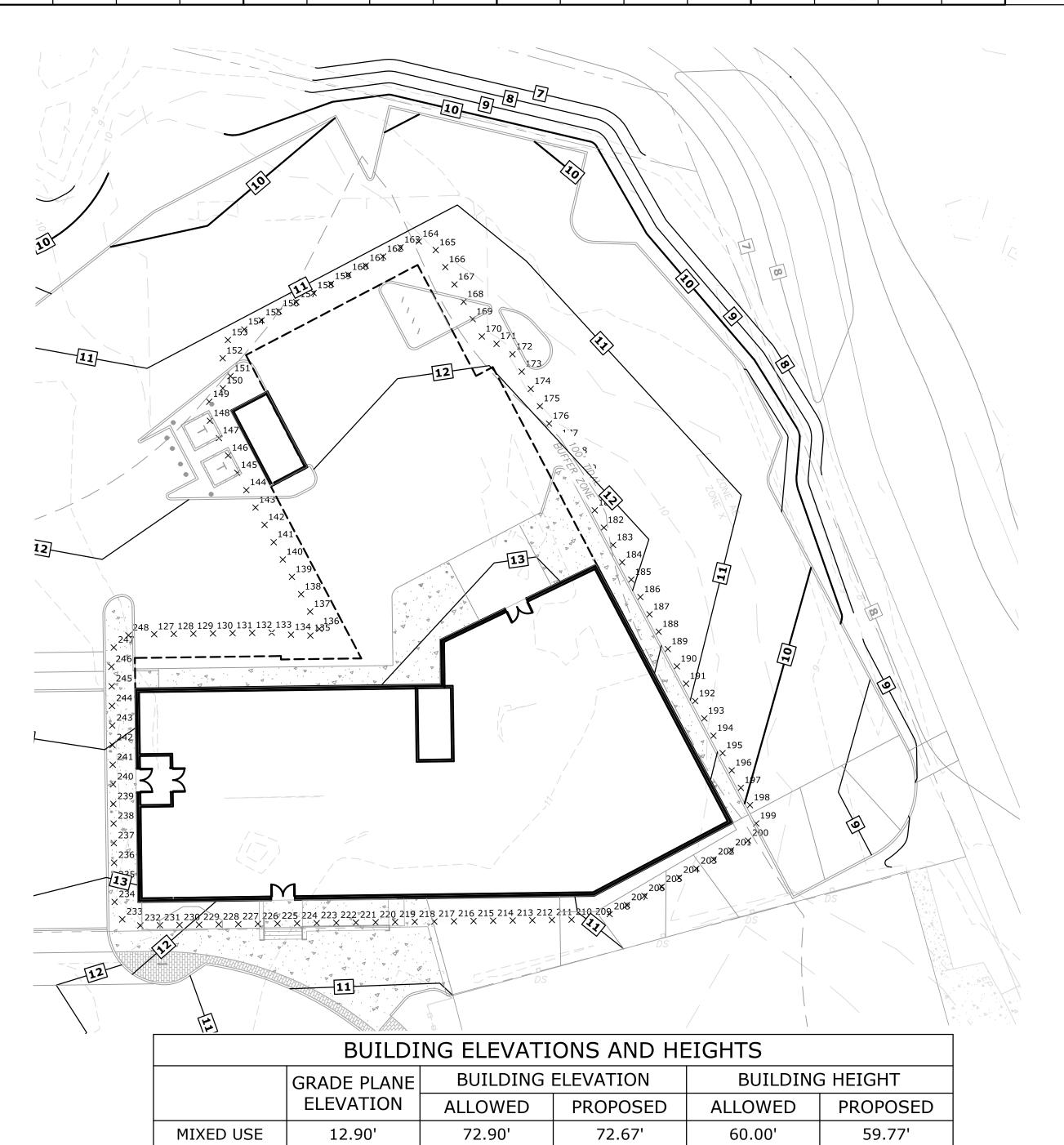
MIXED USE GRADE PLANE
EXHIBIT

CHECKED BY:

SCALE: AS SHOWN

1 OF 2

	HOTEL BUILDING GRADE PLANE ELEVATIONS																						
POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT	POINT #	SURFACE ELEV	ROOF ELEV	BUILDING HEIGHT
127	12.45	71.75	59.90	151	11.85	71.75	59.90	175	11.96	71.75	59.90	199	10.40	71.75	59.90	222	12.30	71.75	59.90	246	12.75	71.75	59.90
128	12.50	71.75	59.90	152	11.20	71.75	59.90	176	11.98	71.75	59.90	200	10.45	71.75	59.90	223	12.70	71.75	59.90	247	12.90	71.75	59.90
129	12.60	71.75	59.90	153	11.10	71.75	59.90	177	12.00	71.75	59.90	201	10.50	71.75	59.90	224	13.10	71.75	59.90	248	12.70	71.75	59.90
130	12.65	71.75	59.90	154	11.10	71.75	59.90	178	12.05	71.75	59.90	202	10.55	71.75	59.90	225	13.15	71.75	59.90	AVERAGE GRADE PLANE ELEVATION		ELEVATION.	11.05
131	12.70	71.75	59.90	155	11.10	71.75	59.90	179	12.10	71.75	59.90	203	10.65	71.75	59.90	226	11.85	71.75	59.90			ELEVATION	11.85
132	12.75	71.75	59.90	156	11.10	71.75	59.90	180	12.15	71.75	59.90	204	10.70	71.75	59.90	227	11.85	71.75	59.90				'
133	12.80	71.75	59.90	157	11.10	71.75	59.90	181	12,25	71.75	59.90	205	10.75	71.75	59.90	228	11.90	71.75	59.90				'
134	12.85	71.75	59.90	158	11.10	71.75	59.90	182	12,30	71.75	59.90	206	10,80	71.75	59.90	229	11.95	71.75	59.90				'
135	12.90	71.75	59.90	159	11.10	71.75	59.90	183	12.35	71.75	59.90	207	10.85	71.75	59.90	230	13.05	71.75	59.90				
136	12.90	71.75	59.90	160	11.10	71.75	59.90	184	12.35	71.75	59.90	208	10.90	71.75	59.90	231	12.30	71.75	59.90				
137	12.80	71.75	59.90	161	11.10	71.75	59.90	185	12.05	71.75	59.90	209	11.00	71.75	59.90	232	12.50	71.75	59.90				
138	12.75	71.75	59.90	162	11.10	71.75	59.90	186	11.90	71.75	59.90	210	11.02	71.75	59.90	233	12.50	71.75	59.90				
139	12.65	71.75	59.90	163	11.10	71.75	59.90	187	11.70	71.75	59.90	211	11.05	71.75	59.90	234	12.85	71.75	59.90				
140	12.55	71.75	59.90	164	11.10	71.75	59.90	188	11.50	71.75	59.90	212	11.10	71.75	59.90	235	13.00	71.75	59.90				
141	12.45	71.75	59.90	165	11.15	71.75	59.90	189	11.35	71.75	59.90	213	11.15	71.75	59.90	236	13.25	71.75	59.90				
142	12.35	71.75	59.90	166	11.25	71.75	59.90	190	11.20	71.75	59.90	214	11.20	71.75	59.90	237	13.30	71.75	59.90				
143	12.25	71.75	59.90	167	11.35	71.75	59.90	191	11.05	71.75	59.90	215	11.25	71.75	59.90	238	13.25	71.75	59.90				
144	12.65	71.75	59.90	168	11.90	71.75	59.90	192	10.80	71.75	59.90	216	11.30	71.75	59.90	239	13.15	71.75	59.90				
145	12.50	71.75	59.90	169	11.80	71.75	59.90	193	10.65	71.75	59.90	217	11.20	71.75	59.90	240	13.10	71.75	59.90				
146	12.40	71.75	59.90	170	11.90	71.75	59.90	194	10.50	71.75	59.90	218	11,15	71.75	59.90	241	13.00	71.75	59.90				
147	12.25	71.75	59.90	171	11.90	71.75	59.90	195	10.30	71.75	59.90	219	11.30	71.75	59.90	242	12.95	71.75	59.90				
148	12.10	71.75	59.90	172	11.90	71.75	59.90	196	10.20	71.75	59.90	220	11.50	71.75	59.90	243	12.90	71.75	59.90				
149	11.95	71.75	59.90	173	11.92	71.75	59.90	197	10.05	71.75	59.90	221	11.90	71.75	59.90	244	12.85	71.75	59.90				
150	11.90	71.75	59.90	174	11.94	71.75	59.90	198	9.95	71.75	59.90	222	12.30	71.75	59.90	245	12.80	71.75	59.90				



72.67'

71.75'

11.85'

71.85'

HOTEL

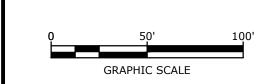
60.00'

60.00'

59.77'

59.90'





Proposed Mixed Use Development

North Mill Pond Holdings, LLC

Portsmouth, New Hampshire

D	4/21/2021	TAC Resubmission
С	3/22/2021	TAC Submission
В	3/10/2021	Design Review Resubmis
Α	12/1/2020	TAC Work Session
MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
PROJE	CT NO:	P-0595-
DATE:		December 22, 2

APPROVED BY: HOTEL GRADE PLANE **EXHIBIT**

DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: P-0595-007-EXHIBITS.DWG

NAH/PMC

AS SHOWN

2 OF 2

PROCON CONNECT · CREATE · CONSTRUCT PO BOX 4430 MANCHESTER NH 03108 603.623.8811 PROCONINC.COM Issue Description

PROFESSIONAL SEAL

Drawn By: Author Project No.: XXX Copyright: 2018 Pro Con, Inc.

Drawing Sheet

HEIGHT EXHIBIT

A3.01



Tighe&Bond

COMMUNITY OPEN SPACE:

REQUIRED
PROVIDED

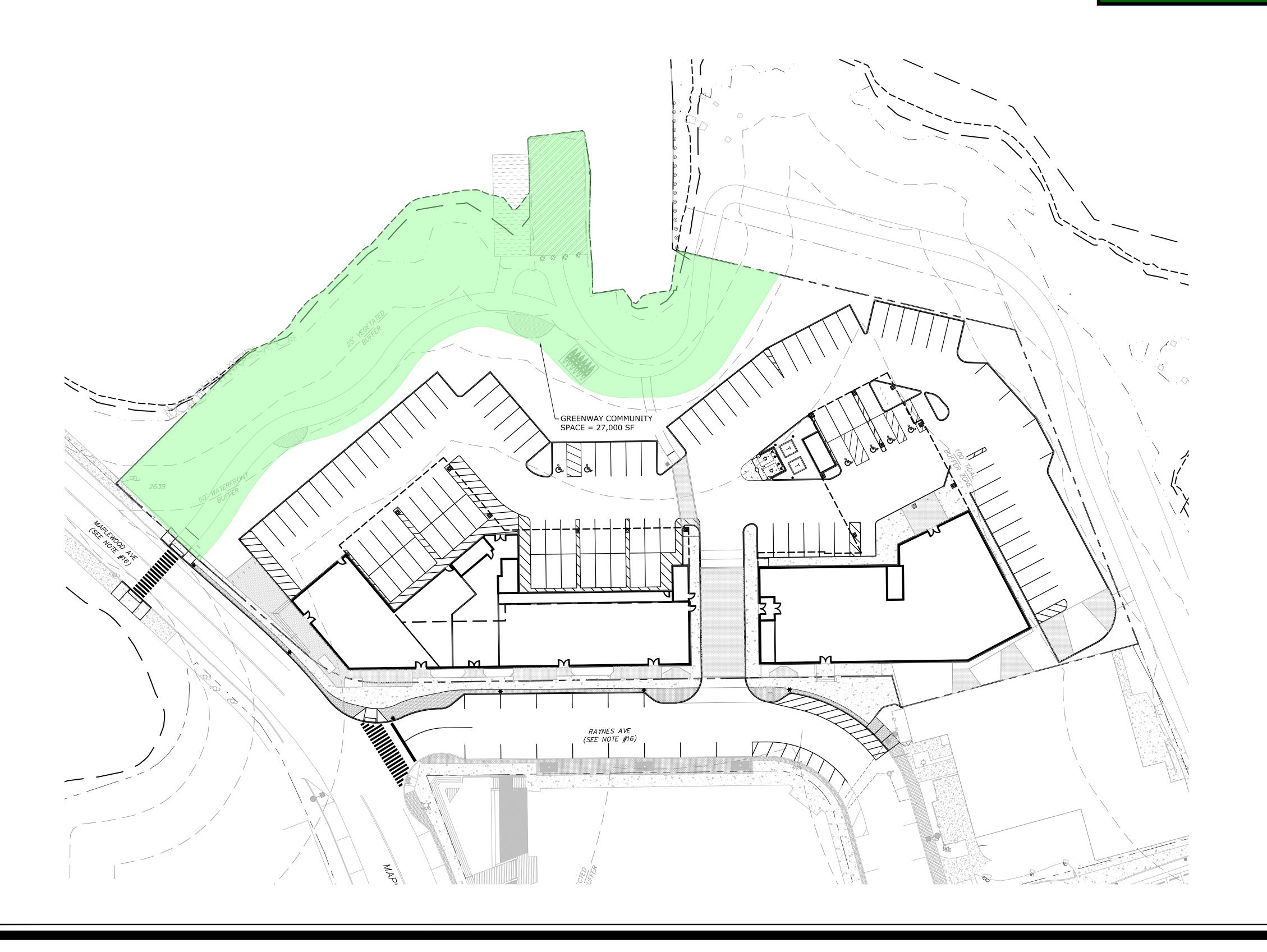
GREENWAY
COMMUNITY SPACE

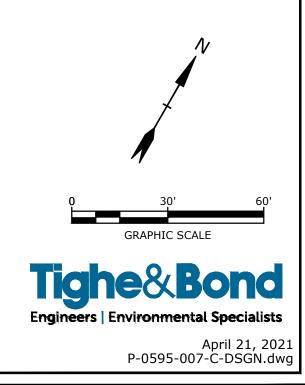
TOTAL LOT AREA: 110,415 SF
COMMUNITY OPEN SPACE (20% OF TOTAL)

21,274 SF
20%
27,000 SF
24,5%

PROPOSED MIXED USE
DEVELOPMENT
PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

COMMUNITY SPACE EXHIBIT





ate: Wednesday, April 21, 2021 Plotted By: Neil A. Hansen ile Location: J.\P\P0595 Pro Con General Proposals\P0595-007 Raynes Ave Hote\\Drawir